

Steam Electrolysis vs Co-electrolysis: Mechanistic Studies of Long-Term Solid Oxide Electrolysis Cells

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Supplementary Information

Table S1. Reduction of NiO in the cermet fuel electrode at 900 °C.

Reduction step	H ₂ / %	N ₂ / %
1	0	100.0
2	7.7	92.3
3	14.3	85.7
4	25.0	75.0
5	33.3	66.7
6	44.4	55.6
7	55.6	44.4
8	66.7	33.3
9	77.8	22.2
10	88.9	11.1

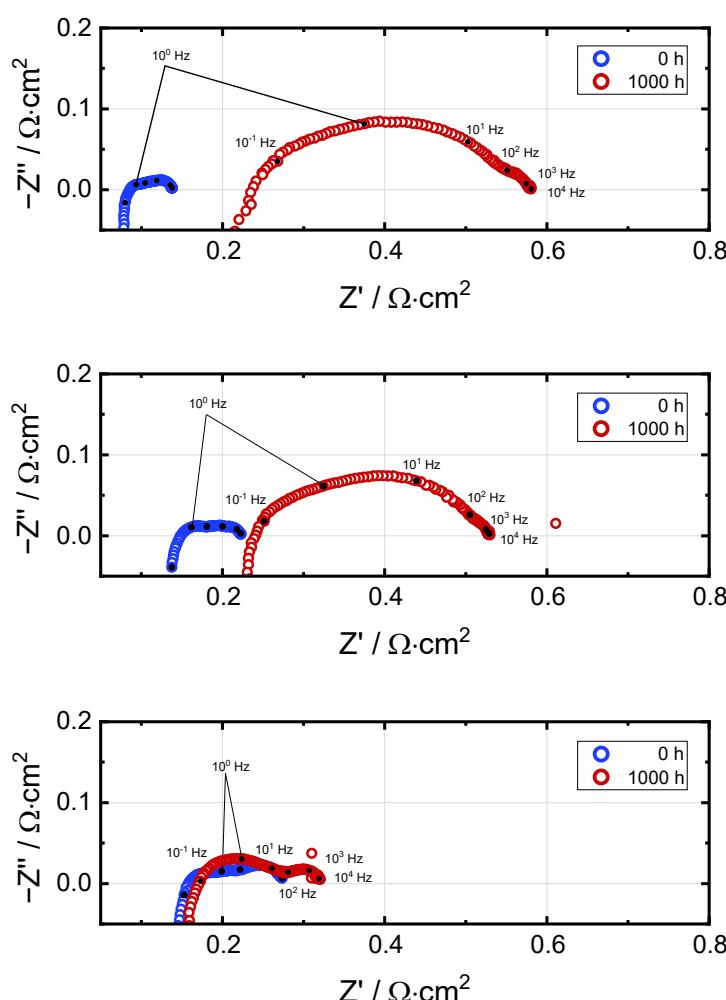


Figure S1. EIS measurements with the single cells at OCV at 0 h and 1000 h with 9 l·h⁻¹ fuel consisting of (a) 50% H₂ + 50% H₂O at 800 °C and (b) 50% H₂ + 50% H₂O at 750 °C and (c) 40% H₂O + 40% CO₂ + 20% H₂ at 800 °C.

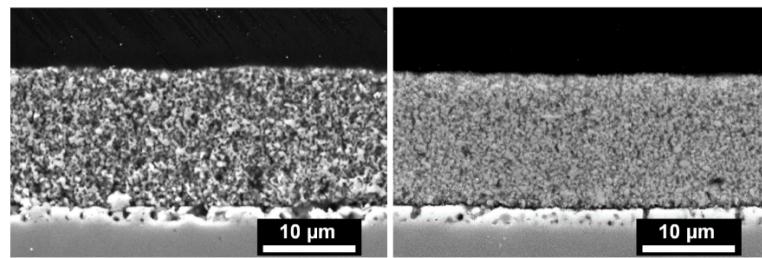


Figure S2. SEM-images at 20 keV of the oxygen electrode of the cell (a) after the durability test at 750 °C and 50% H₂ + 50% H₂O for 1000 h and (b) the durability test at 800 °C with 40% H₂O + 40% CO₂ + 20% H₂ at for 1000 h.

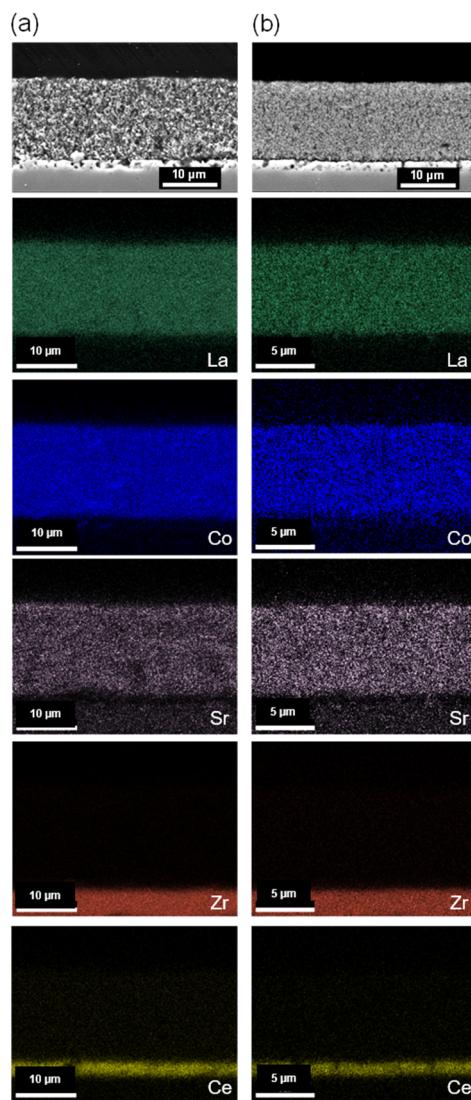


Figure S3. SEM-EDX mapping of single cells towards oxygen electrode side for La (L α , 4.65 keV), Co (K α , 6.92 keV), Sr (L α , 1.81 keV), Ce (L α , 4.84 keV) and Zr (L α , 2.04 keV) (a) after the durability test at 750 °C and 50% H₂ + 50% H₂O for 1000 h and (b) the durability test at 800 °C with 40% H₂O + 40% CO₂ + 20% H₂ at for 1000 h.

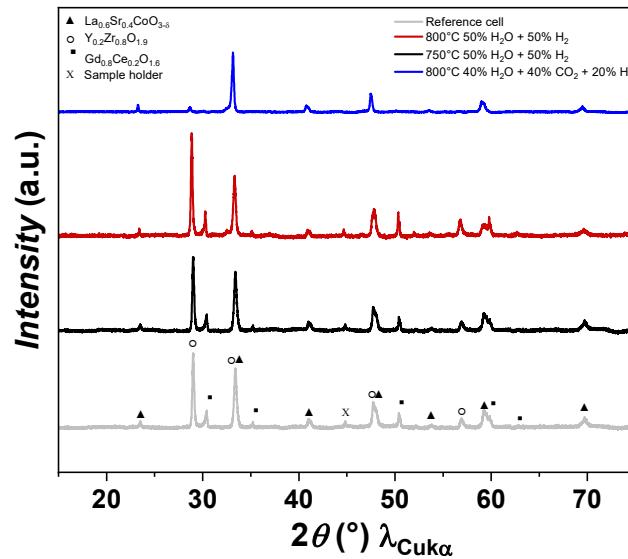


Figure S4. XRD-image of the oxygen electrode of the cell before and after the durability tests for 1000 h.

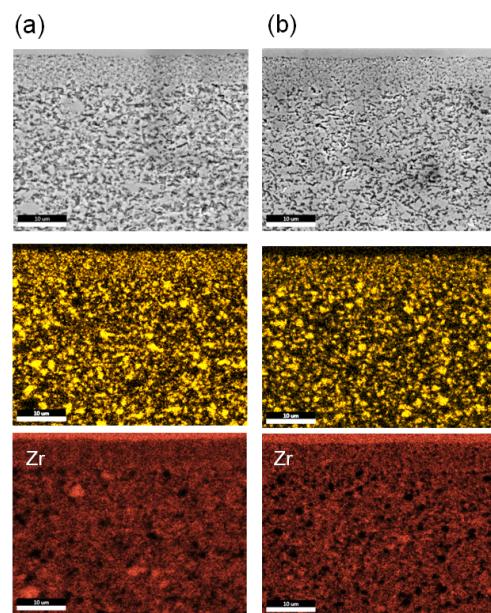


Figure S5. SEM-EDX mapping of single cells towards fuel electrode side for Ni (K α , 7.47 keV), Zr (L α , 1.81 keV) line (a) after the durability test at 750 °C and 50% H₂ + 50% H₂O for 1000 h and (b) the durability test at 800 °C with 40% H₂O + 40% CO₂ + 20% H₂ at for 1000 h.