

Table S1: The detailed information of the datasets in reviewed papers.

<b>Task</b>	<b>Data set</b>	<b>Cancer type</b>	<b>Scanner</b>	<b>Patch size</b>	<b>Annotation method</b>	<b>Pre-processing method</b>
<b>Classification</b> <sup>[7]</sup>	227 WSIs	High-grade extrauterine serous carcinoma	Pannoramic SCAN 0.22 $\mu\text{m}/\text{pixel}$	/	Pixel-level annotation	/
<b>Classification</b> <sup>[8]</sup>	3212 WSIs	Gastric	Hamamatsu;Roche; KFBio; 20X	$320 \times 320$	Pixel-level annotation	Data augmentation
<b>Classification</b> <sup>[9]</sup>	896 WSIs	Gastric	Nanozoomer 2.0-HT	$224 \times 224$	Weak annotation(box)	Data augmentation

<b>Classification</b> <sup>[10]</sup>	4712 WSIs	Prostate	Pannoramic Flash II 250 (3DHistech, Hungary) scanner at a pixel resolution of 0.24 $\mu$ m	/	WSI-level	/
<b>Gleason grading</b> <sub>[11]</sub>	641 WSIs	Prostate	NanoZoomer-XR	224x224	Weak annotation	Data augmentation (rotations, flipping and color jittering)
<b>Classification</b> <sup>[19]</sup>	3470 WSIs	Breast	Carl Zeiss slide scanner, 40X resolution (0.249 microns per pixel)	224x224	WSI-level	Data augmentation (rotation, color spectrum augmentation1, color normalization)
<b>Classification</b> <sup>[23]</sup>	44,732 WSIs	Breast	Leica Aperio AT2 scanners at 20X equivalent magnification 0.5 $\mu$ m per pixel	/	Weak annotation	/

<b>Classification</b> <sup>[25]</sup>	13,111 WSIs	Colorectal	KF-PRO-005 scanner 20X	300x300	Fine annotation	data augmentation (image zoom, flip, color change)
<b>Classification</b> <sup>[26]</sup>	7003 WSIs	Lung	Aperio scanner in either 20X (0.50 $\mu\text{m}$ per pixel) or 40X magnification (0.25 $\mu\text{m}$ per pixel)	224x224	WSI-level	Data augmentation (flipping,translation,rota tion, and color augmentations)
<b>Gleason grading</b> <sup>[27]</sup>	1243 WSIs	Prostate	3DHistech Pannoramic Flash II 250 20X(0.24 $\mu\text{m}$ per pixel )	/	WSI-level	/
<b>Classification</b> <sup>[30]</sup>	1584 WSIs	Pan-Renal Cell Carcinoma	/	224x224	WSI-level	data augmentation techniques (random horizontal flip and random Crop)

<b>Classification</b> <sup>[31]</sup>	193 WSIs	Oral squamous cell carcinoma	Omnyx Integrated Digital Pathology system, 40X 0.275 $\mu$ m per pixel	128x128	Weak annotation	data augmentation (random rotation and random flipping)
<b>Classification</b> <sup>[33]</sup>	9366 WSIs	Gastric	Jiangfeng scanner at 40X, 0.2513 $\mu$ m per pixel; Hamamatsu scanner at 40X, 0.2206 $\mu$ m per pixel	768x768	Fine annotation	Data standardization
<b>Classification</b> <sup>[34]</sup>	128 images	Prostate	NanoZoomer digital slide scanner 0.23 $\mu$ m per pixel	1024x1024	Fine annotation	Data augmentation (rotation, flip, normalization)
<b>Segmentation</b> <sup>[45]</sup>	54 WSIs	Lung	/	224x224	Weak annotation	/

<b>Classification</b> <sup>[49]</sup>	2323 WSIs	Lung	/	224x224	Fine annotation	Data augmentation (flipping, rotations, and shifts in brightness, contrast, hue, and saturation)
<b>Classification</b> <sup>[58]</sup>	717 WSIs	Prostate	Philips Ultra Fast Scanner, Panoramic 250 Flash II scanner, Olympus VS120-S5	/	Fine annotation	Data augmentation, Rescanning, style normalization
<b>Classification</b> <sup>[59]</sup>	100WSIs	Liver	20X,15X	/	Weak annotation	/
<b>Classification</b> <sup>[61]</sup>	422 WSIs	Lung	Leica Aperio whole-slide scanner at 20x	224x224	Fine annotation	Color normalization, data augmentation (rotation, flip)

<b>Classification</b> <sup>[66]</sup>	148 WSIs	Translocation renal cell carcinoma	Leica Aperio scanner at $\times 40$	2000x2000	/	Color normalization
<b>Gleason grading</b> <sup>[71]</sup>	/	Lymph node, prostate	Ventana scanner of 0.25 $\mu$ m per pixel; Hamamatsu scanner of 0.23 $\mu$ m per pixel	/	Fine annotation	Stain normalization
<b>Prognostic</b> <sup>[86]</sup>	/	Gliomas	/	1024x1024	/	Data augmentation (GAN)
<b>Classification</b> <sup>[90]</sup>	2647 patches	Cervical	/	256x128	Weak annotation	Data augmentation (GAN)

<b>Detection</b> <sup>[94]</sup>	3000 patches	Colorectal	Aperio ScanScope XT at 40X of 0.061 $\mu$ m per pixel	256x256	Fine annotation	/
<b>Classification</b> <sup>[95]</sup>	284 WSIs	Lung	BX53, Olympus Corporation at 40X	256x256	/	Data augmentation (rotation, flipping, and color correction,)
<b>Segmentation</b> <sup>[96]</sup>	1400 images	Gastric	/	512x512	Weak annotation	data augmented (horizontal flips, rotations, random crops and hue saturation value shifts)
<b>Classification</b> <sup>[98]</sup>	905 WSIs	Stomach	/	256x256	Fine annotation	Eliminate noises

<b>Detection</b> <sup>[99]</sup>	45 WSIs	Breast	Leica Aperio AT2 whole slide scanner at 20X of 0.5 $\mu$ m per pixel.	64x64	Weak annotation	Data augmentation
<b>Classification</b> <sup>[100]</sup>	3554 WSIs	Lung	20X	512x512	Fine annotation	Data augmentation (flip, translation, color shift)
<b>Classification</b> <sup>[106]</sup>	5846 images	Melanoma	/	/	Box annotation	Data augmentation (horizontal flip, random distort, rotations, crop, zoom)
<b>Classification</b> <sup>[108]</sup>	400 WSI and 993 WSIs	Kidney, lung	/	256x256	Fine annotation	/

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<b>Classification</b> <sup>[111]</sup>	508 WSIs	Colorectal	Aperio AT2, Leica Biosystems at 40× resolution (0.25-μm pixel <sup>-1</sup> )	224x224	Fine annotation	Data augmentation (rotation, flip, color jitter on the brightness, contrast, saturation and hue of each image)
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