

Supplemental data

Article

Death-Associated Protein Kinase 1 Inhibits Progression of Thyroid Cancer by Regulating Stem Cell Markers

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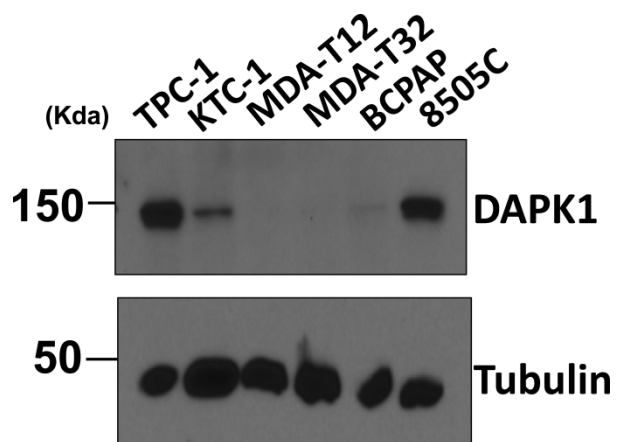
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Supplemental Figure S1. The protein level of *DAPK1* in thyroid cell lines. Tubulins were used as a loading control.

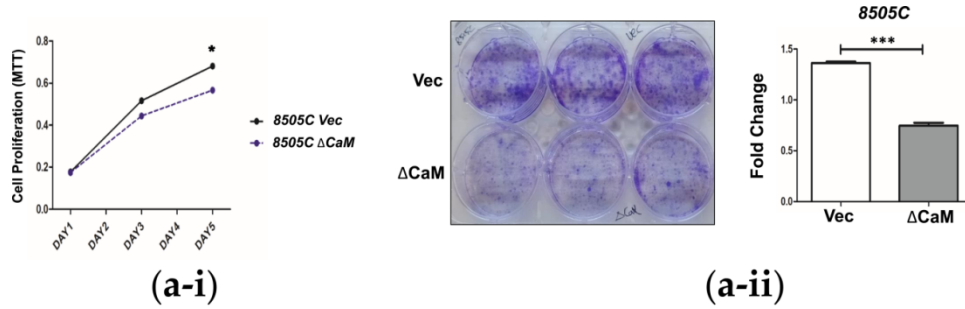


Supplemental Figure S2. The effect of *DAPK1* on the proliferation of thyroid cancer cells.

(a-i) Proliferation analysis of 8505C cells after transient transfection of Δ CaM.

(a-ii) Colony formation of 8505C cells on day 7 after transient transfection of Δ CaM.

Asterisks ($p < 0.05$ [*], $p < 0.01$ [**], $p < 0.001$ [**]) indicate significant differences in the statistical analyses. Each data point represents the mean \pm standard error of three independent experiments.



Supplemental Figure S3. The effect of *DAPK1* on the migration and invasion ability of TPC-1 and MDA T32 cell lines

(a-i) Transwell assays were performed in the TPC-1 cells after transient knock-down of *DAPK1*. A representative image was obtained from an image dyed 36 h after the initial seeding (pore size 0.8 μm). The image was acquired at a magnification of 100x; scale bar represents 50 μm .

(a-ii) Graph of the quantified results of (a-i). The si*DAPK1*-TPC-1 cells significantly migrated more than the siVector –TPC-1 cells.

(b-i) Transwell assays were performed in the MDA-T32 cells after transient ΔCaM transfection. A representative image was acquired 24 h after the initial seeding (pore size 0.8 μm). The image was acquired at a magnification of 100x; scale bar represents 50 μm .

(b-ii) Graph of the quantified results of (b-i). The ΔCaM transfected MDA-T32 cells also showed significant decrease in invasion compared to the control.

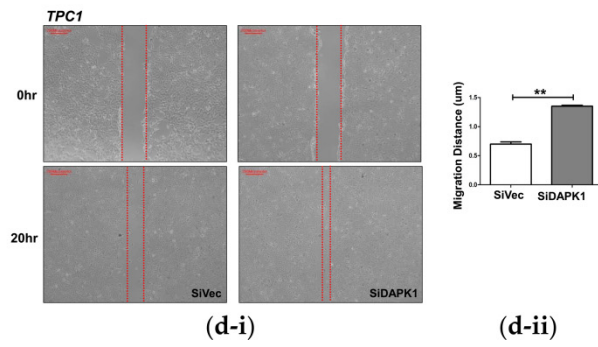
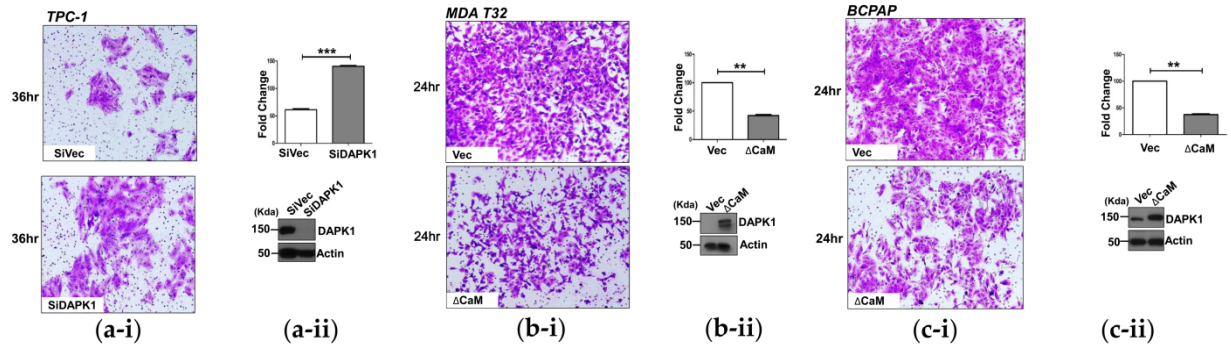
(c-i) Transwell assays were performed in the BCPAP cells after transient ΔCaM transfection. A representative image was acquired 24 h after the initial seeding (pore size 0.8 μm). The image was acquired at a magnification of 100x; scale bar represents 50 μm .

(c-ii) Graph of the quantified results of (c-i). The ΔCaM transfected BCPAP cells also showed significant decrease in invasion compared to the control.

(d-i) Wound-healing assays were performed in the TPC-1 cells transient knock-down of *DAPK1*. The representative image was acquired at the time of initial scratching and 20 h after the initial scratching.

(d-ii) Quantification of the results of (d-i). The migration distance was calculated by comparing the gap distance of three different points at the initial and last time.

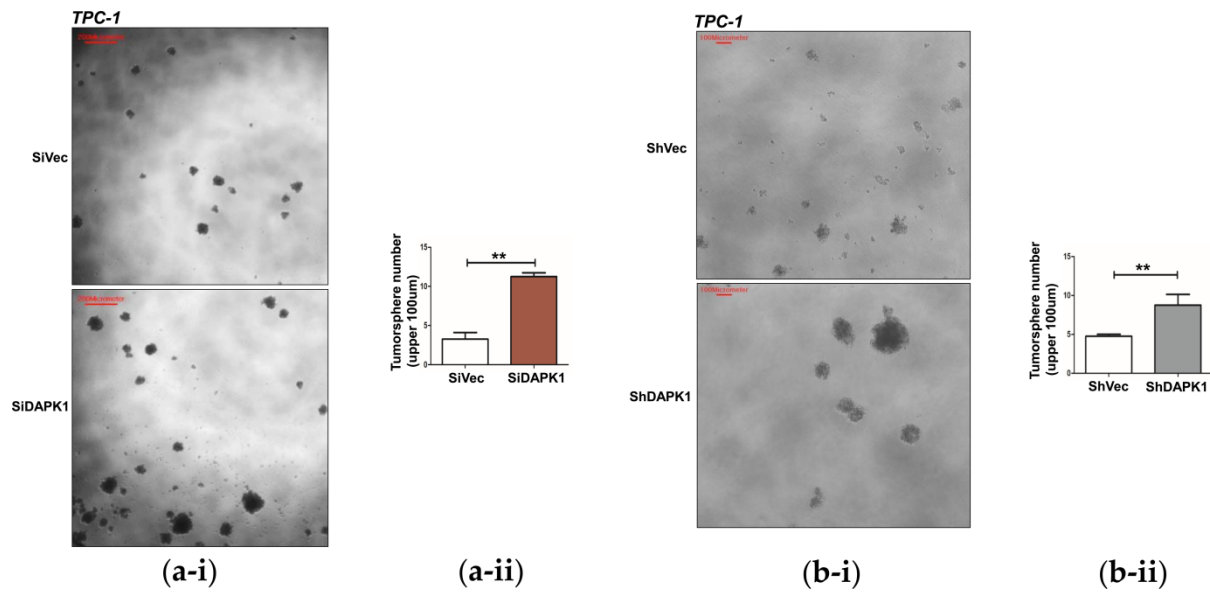
Asterisks ($p < 0.05$ [*], $p < 0.01$ [], $p < 0.001$ [**]) indicate significant differences in the statistical analyses. Each data point represents the mean \pm standard error of three independent experiments.**



Supplemental Figure S4. The effect of *DAPK1* on the tumorsphere formation

(a-b) After 10 days of tumorsphere formation using *DAPK1* knock-down (KD) TPC-1 cells in low-attach 6 well plate, the number of tumorspheres were measured. (a-i) Transient KD of *DAPK1* in TPC1 cells showed a significant increase in tumorsphere formation ability. (a-ii) is the quantification of (a-i). (b-i) Stable KD of *DAPK1* in TPC-1 cells also showed a significant increase in tumorsphere formation ability. (b-ii) is the quantification of (b-i).

Asterisks ($p < 0.05$ [*], $p < 0.01$ [**], $p < 0.001$ [**]) indicate significant differences in the statistical analyses. Each data point represents the mean \pm standard error of three independent experiments.



Supplemental Figure S5. The effect of *DAPK1* on the stemness at mRNA changes

(a) mRNA expression of *Oct4* (a-i), *KLF4* (a-ii), *Sox2* (a-iii), and *Nanog* (a-iv) in MDA-T32 cells after *DAPK1* stable over expression. (b) mRNA expression of *Oct4* (b-i), and *KLF4* (b-ii) in BCPAP cells after *DAPK1* stable over expression. (c) mRNA expression of *Oct4* (c-i), *KLF4* (c-ii), *Sox2* (c-iii), and *Nanog* (c-iv) in TPC-1 cells after stable knock-down of *DAPK1*. 18S was used as an internal control.

Asterisks ($p < 0.05$ [*], $p < 0.01$ [**], $p < 0.001$ [**]*) indicate significant differences in the statistical analyses. Each data point represents the mean \pm standard error of three independent experiments.

