Supporting information

Driver genetic mutations in spinal cord gliomas direct the degree of functional impairment in tumor-associated spinal cord injury

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Supplementary Figure S1. Pathological images of WHO grade I pilocytic astrocytoma (Case #2): Pathological images showed alternating compact and loose growth patterns which called biphasic pattern (A: Hematoxylin and eosin stain, X100). Thick, elongated, eosinophilic, corkscrew-shaped rosenthal fiber was found in the compact regions (B: Hematoxylin and eosin stain, X400). GFAP (Glial fibrillary acidic protein) is positive in tumor cells (C: GFAP, X100, D: GFAP, X400).