

# Electronic Supplementary Information

## Density Functional Theory Study of CuAg Bimetal Electrocatalyst for CO<sub>2</sub>RR to Produce CH<sub>3</sub>OH

Sensen Xue <sup>1</sup>, Xingyou Liang <sup>1</sup>, Qing Zhang <sup>1</sup>, Xuefeng Ren <sup>2</sup>, Ligu Gao <sup>1</sup>, Tingli Ma <sup>3,4</sup> and Anmin Liu <sup>1,\*</sup>

<sup>1</sup> State Key Laboratory of Fine Chemicals, School of Chemical Engineering, Dalian University of Technology, Dalian 116081, China; xuess@mail.dlut.edu.cn (S.X.)

<sup>2</sup> School of Ocean Science and Technology, Dalian University of Technology, Panjin 124221, China

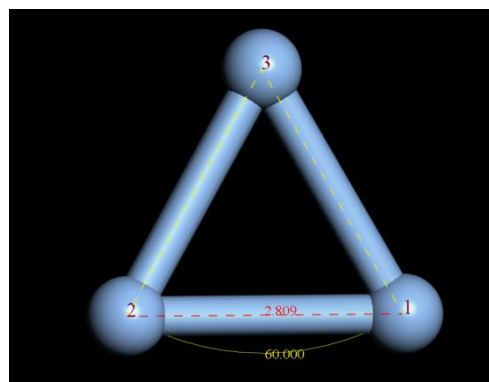
<sup>3</sup> Department of Materials Science and Engineering, China Jiliang University, Hangzhou 310018, China; tinglima@life.kyutech.ac.jp

<sup>4</sup> Graduate School of Life Science and Systems Engineering, Kyushu Institute of Technology, 2-4 Hibikino, Wakamatsu, Kitakyushu 808-0196, Fukuoka, Japan

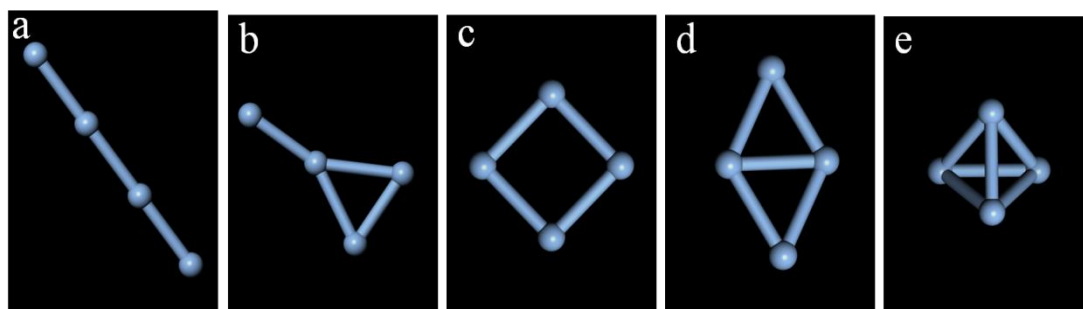
\* Correspondence: liuanmin@dlut.edu.cn

**Table S1.** The energy of Ag<sub>3</sub> clusters.

isomers	$E_{Ag_3}/\text{Ha}$	$E_B/\text{Ha}$
straight	-15598.809	-0.100
triangle	-15598.810	-0.100



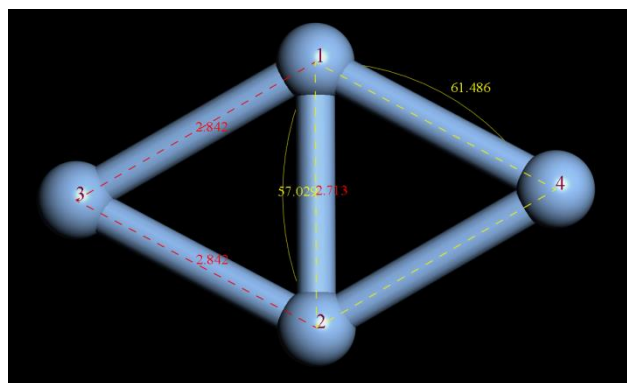
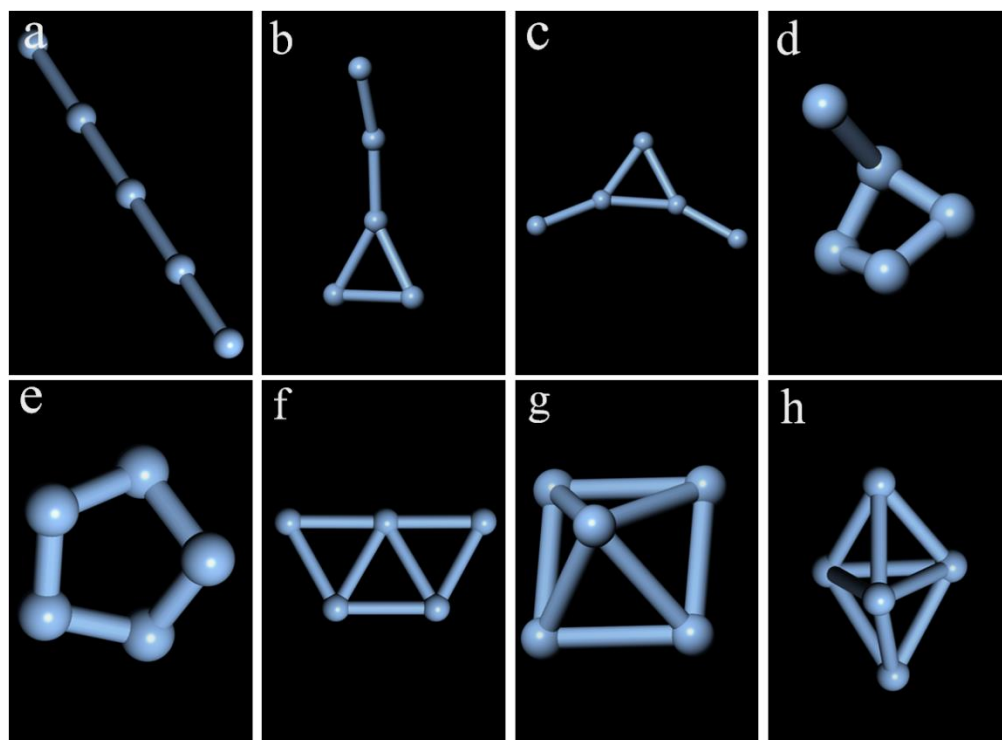
**Figure S1.** The most stable structure of Ag<sub>3</sub> clusters.



**Figure S2.** The isomeric structure of Ag<sub>4</sub> clusters.

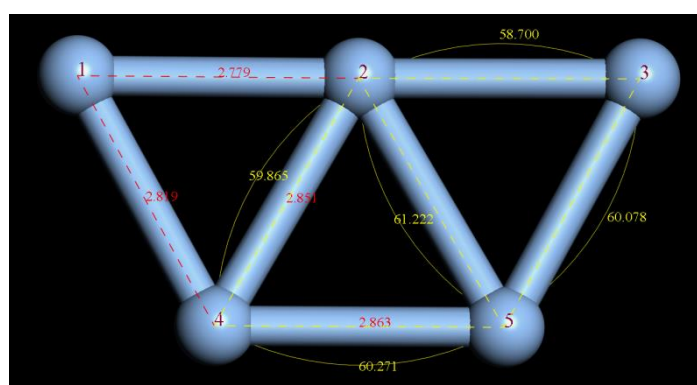
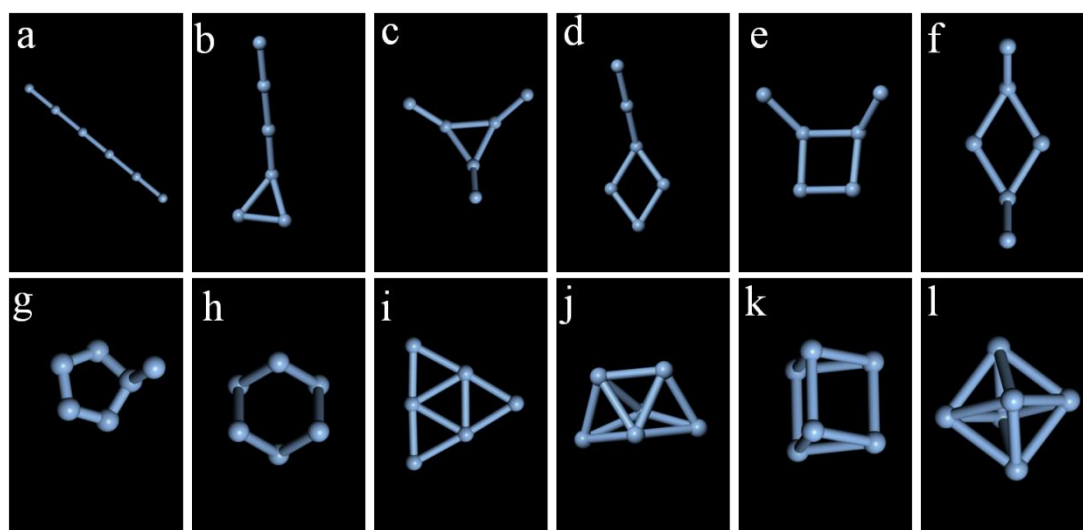
**Table S2.** The energy of Ag<sub>4</sub> clusters.

isomers	$E_{Ag_4}/Ha$	$E_B/Ha$
a	-20798.427	-0.147
b	-20798.444	-0.165
c	-20798.426	-0.146
d	-20798.449	-0.169
e	-20798.417	-0.138

**Figure S3.** The most stable structure of Ag<sub>4</sub> clusters.**Figure S4.** The isomeric structure of Ag<sub>5</sub> clusters.

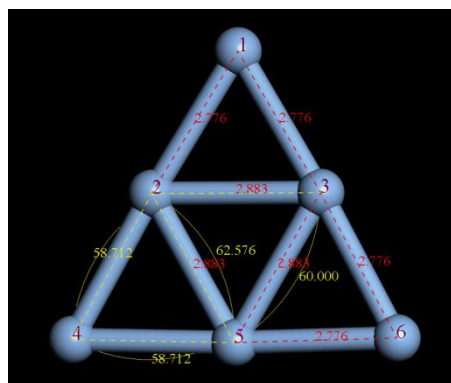
**Table S3.** The energy of Ag<sub>5</sub> clusters.

isomers	$E_{Ag5}/Ha$	$E_B/Ha$
a	-25998.036	-0.187
b	-25998.050	-0.201
c	-25998.053	-0.204
d	-25998.064	-0.215
e	-25998.065	-0.215
f	-25998.080	-0.231
g	-25998.061	-0.211
h	-25998.065	-0.215

**Figure S5.** The most stable structure of Ag<sub>5</sub> clusters.**Figure S6.** The isomeric structure of Ag<sub>6</sub> clusters.

**Table S4.** The energy of Ag<sub>6</sub> clusters.

isomers	$E_{Ag6}/Ha$	$E_B/Ha$
a	-31197.650	-0.232
b	-31197.671	-0.252
c	-31197.679	-0.261
d	-31197.662	-0.243
e	-31197.692	-0.273
f	-31197.673	-0.254
g	-31197.677	-0.258
h	-31197.724	-0.305
i	-31197.698	-0.279
j	-31197.729	-0.310
k	-31197.698	-0.279
l	-31197.688	-0.269

**Figure S7.** The most stable structure of Ag<sub>6</sub> clusters.**Table S5.** The average binding energy of Ag<sub>n</sub> (n=1~6) clusters.

n	$E_B/eV$	$E_b/eV$
1	0	0
2	-1.776	-0.888
3	-2.726	-0.909
4	-4.606	-1.152
5	-6.290	-1.258
6	-8.441	-1.407

**Table S6.** The energy of Cu<sub>1</sub>Ag<sub>5</sub> clusters.

isomers	$E_{CuAg}/Ha$	$E_B/Ha$	$E_B/eV$	$E_b/eV$
a	-27638.468	-0.329	-8.964	-1.494
b	-27638.464	-0.325	-8.850	-1.475

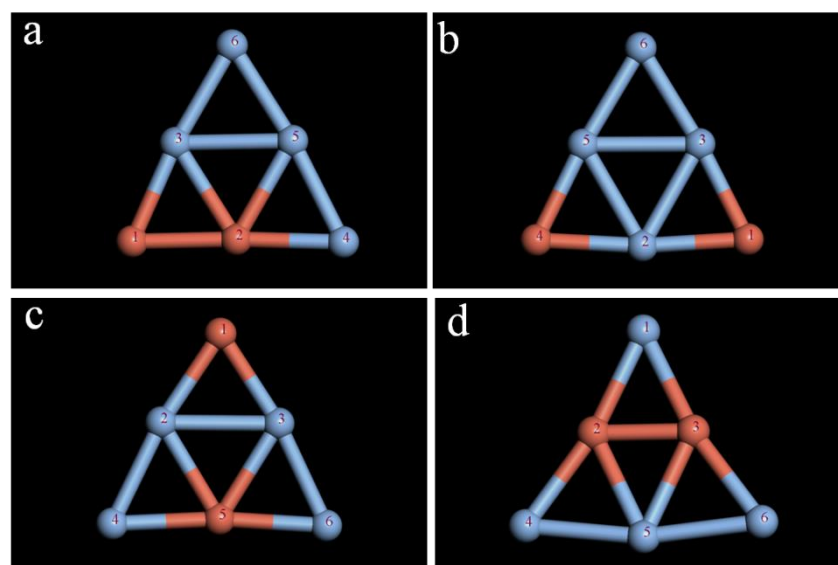


Figure S8. The isomeric structure of  $\text{Cu}_2\text{Ag}_4$  clusters.

Table S7. The energy of  $\text{Cu}_2\text{Ag}_4$  clusters.

isomers	$E_{\text{CuAg}}/\text{Ha}$	$E_B/\text{Ha}$	$E_B/\text{eV}$	$E_b/\text{eV}$
a	-24079.204	-0.346	-9.418	-1.570
b	-24079.198	-0.340	-9.255	-1.542
c	-24079.201	-0.344	-9.365	-1.561
d	-24079.208	-0.351	-9.541	-1.590

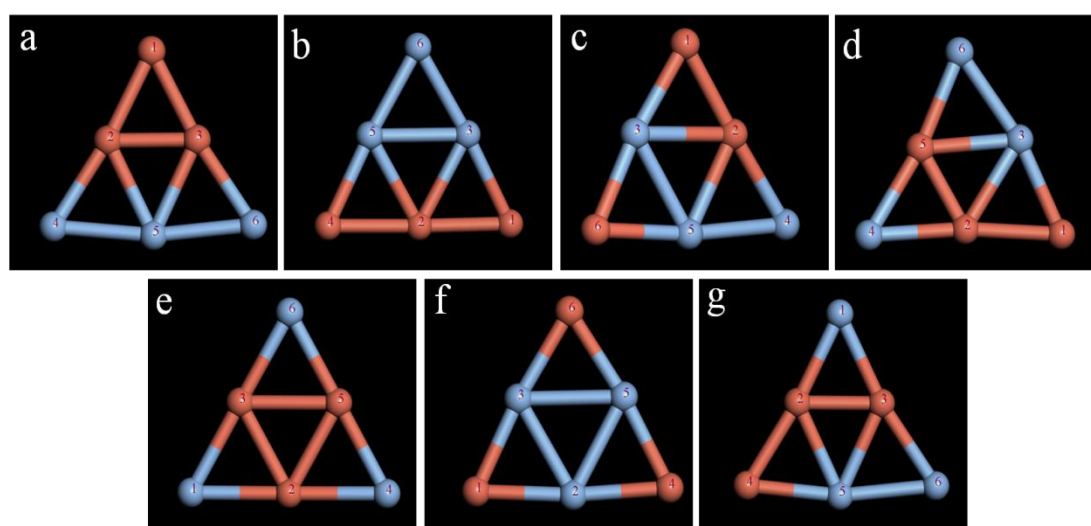
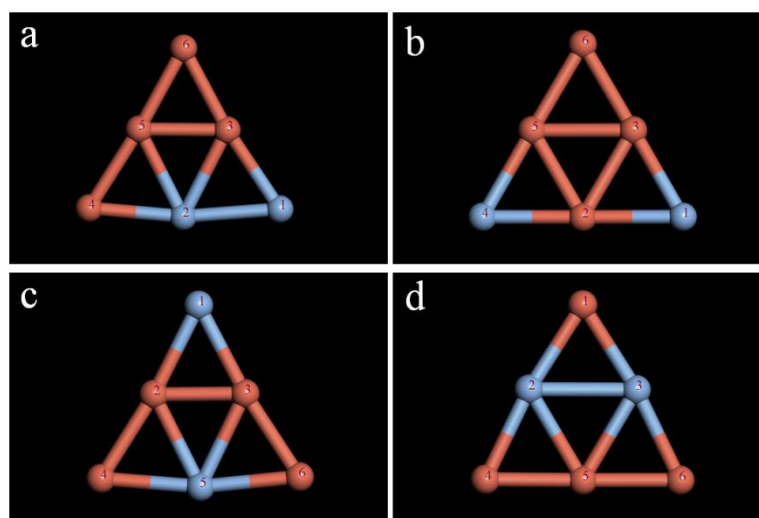


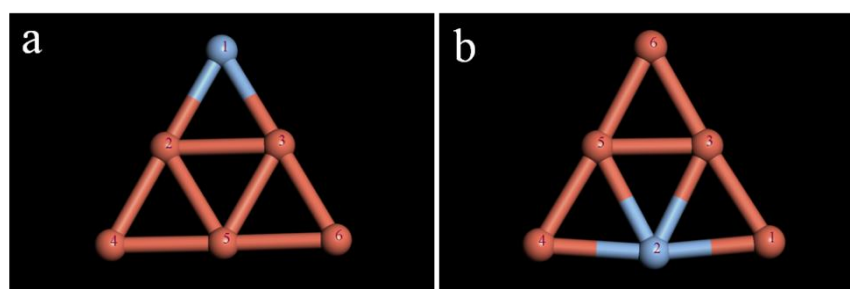
Figure S9. The isomeric structure of  $\text{Cu}_3\text{Ag}_3$  clusters.

**Table S8.** The energy of  $\text{Cu}_3\text{Ag}_3$  clusters.

isomers	$E_{\text{CuAg}}/\text{Ha}$	$E_B/\text{Ha}$	$E_B/\text{eV}$	$E_b/\text{eV}$
a	-20519.939	-0.362	-9.860	-1.643
b	-20519.946	-0.369	-10.033	-1.672
c	-20519.943	-0.367	-9.978	-1.663
d	-20519.937	-0.360	-9.807	-1.635
e	-20519.932	-0.355	-9.656	-1.609
f	-20519.950	-0.373	-10.153	-1.692
g	-20519.943	-0.367	-9.978	-1.663

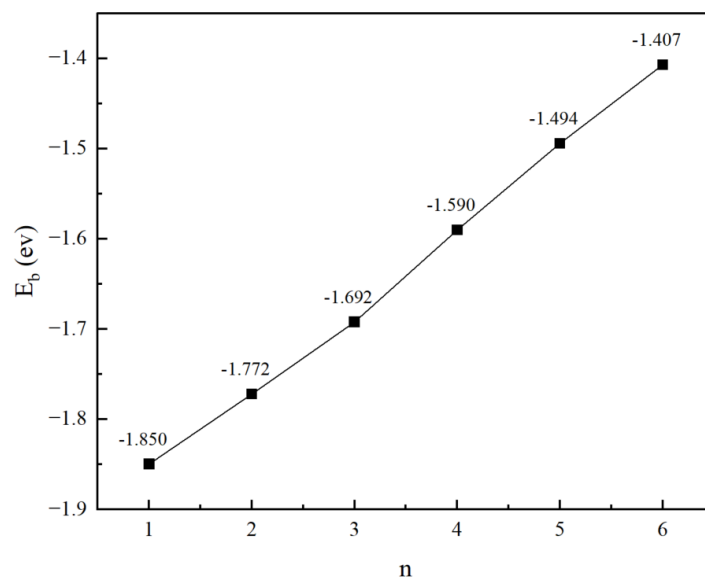
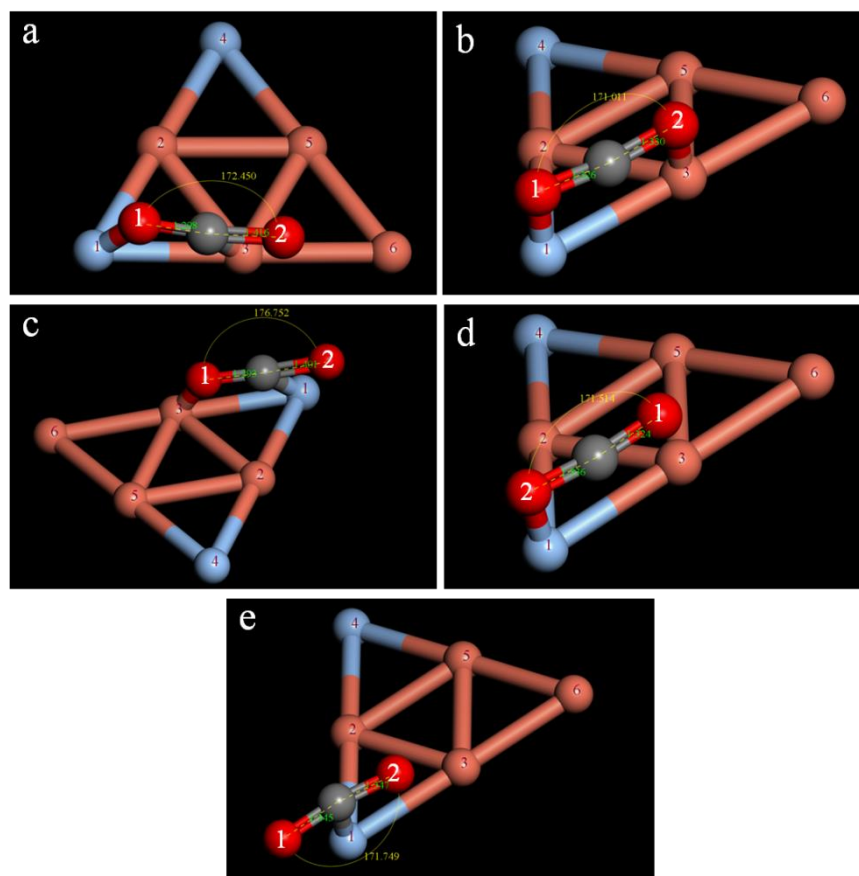
**Figure S10.** The isomeric structure of  $\text{Cu}_4\text{Ag}_2$  clusters.**Table S9.** The energy of  $\text{Cu}_4\text{Ag}_2$  clusters.

isomers	$E_{\text{CuAg}}/\text{Ha}$	$E_B/\text{Ha}$	$E_B/\text{eV}$	$E_b/\text{eV}$
a	-16960.680	-0.384	-10.460	-1.743
b	-16960.687	-0.391	-10.633	-1.772
c	-16960.679	-0.383	-10.408	-1.735
d	-16960.673	-0.377	-10.247	-1.708

**Figure S11.** The isomeric structure of  $\text{Cu}_5\text{Ag}_1$  clusters.

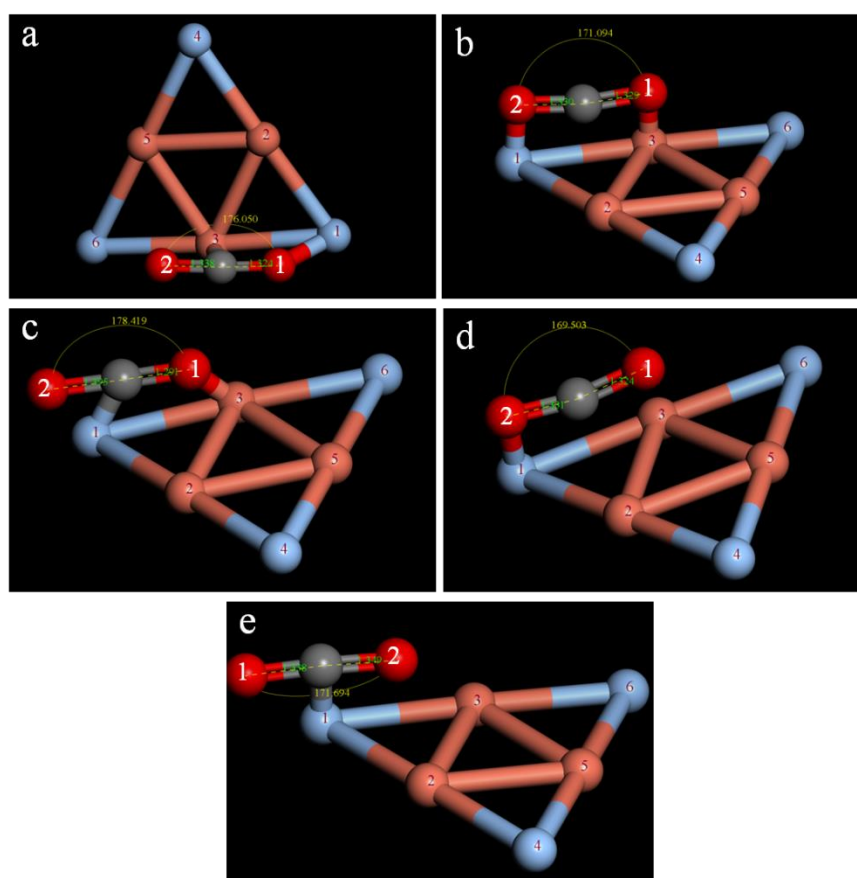
**Table S10.** The energy of Cu<sub>5</sub>Ag<sub>1</sub> clusters.

isomers	$E_{\text{CuAg}}/\text{Ha}$	$E_B/\text{Ha}$	$E_B/\text{eV}$	$E_b/\text{eV}$
a	-13401.423	-0.408	-11.099	-1.850
b	-13401.415	-0.400	-10.882	-1.814

**Figure S12.** The change of average binding energy of Cu<sub>6-n</sub>Ag<sub>n</sub> clusters with n.**Figure S13.** The isomers of the Cu<sub>4</sub>Ag<sub>2</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub> adsorption structure.

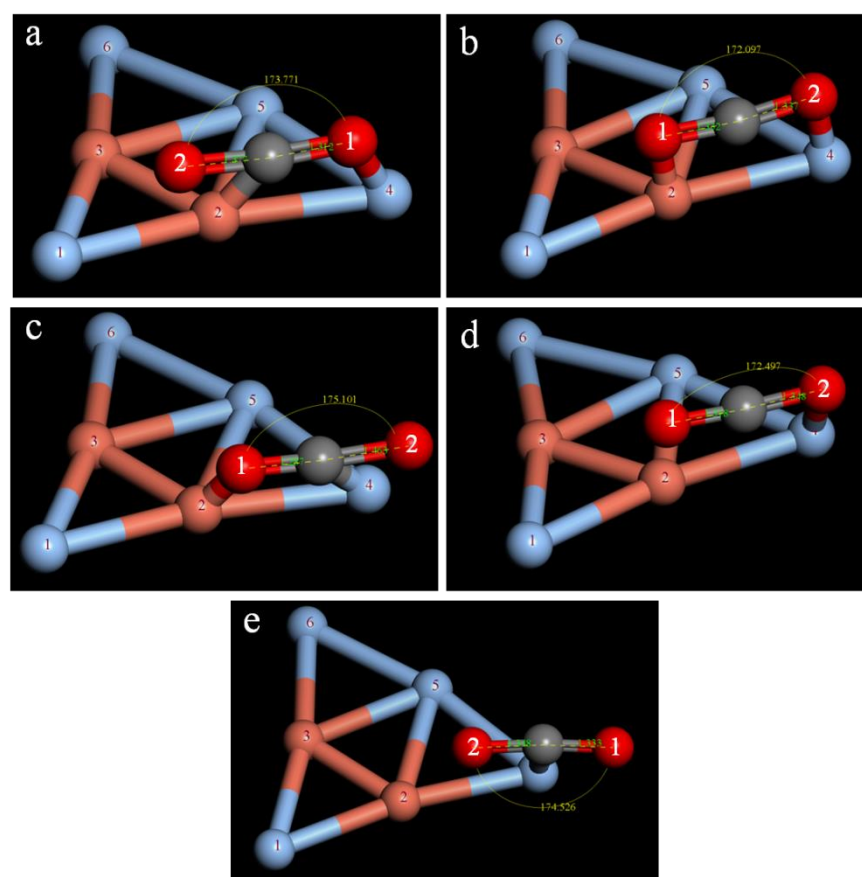
**Table S11.** Bond length, bond angle and energy of Cu<sub>4</sub>Ag<sub>2</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub> structure.

isomers	$\angle \text{O1CO2}/^\circ$	$d_{\text{C-O1}}/\text{\AA}$	$d_{\text{C-O2}}/\text{\AA}$	$E_{\text{CuAg-CO2}}/\text{Ha}$	$E_{\text{obs}}/\text{eV}$
a	172.450°	1.298	1.416	-17149.166	-0.0698
b	171.011°	1.326	1.330	-17149.166	-0.079
c	176.752°	1.293	1.401	-17149.174	-0.288
d	171.514°	1.324	1.336	-17149.167	-0.096
e	171.749°	1.345	1.347	-17149.174	-0.287

**Figure S14.** The isomers of the Cu<sub>3</sub>Ag<sub>3</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub> adsorption structure.**Table S12.** Bond length, bond angle and energy of Cu<sub>3</sub>Ag<sub>3</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub> structure.

isomers	$\angle \text{O1CO2}/^\circ$	$d_{\text{C-O1}}/\text{\AA}$	$d_{\text{C-O2}}/\text{\AA}$	$E_{\text{CuAg-CO2}}/\text{Ha}$	$E_{\text{obs}}/\text{eV}$
a	176.050°	1.324	1.338	-20708.431	-0.140
b	171.094°	1.329	1.330	-20708.429	-0.058
c	178.419°	1.291	1.395	-20708.431	-0.123
d	169.503°	1.324	1.331	-20708.438	-0.324
e	171.694°	1.338	1.345	-20708.438	-0.328

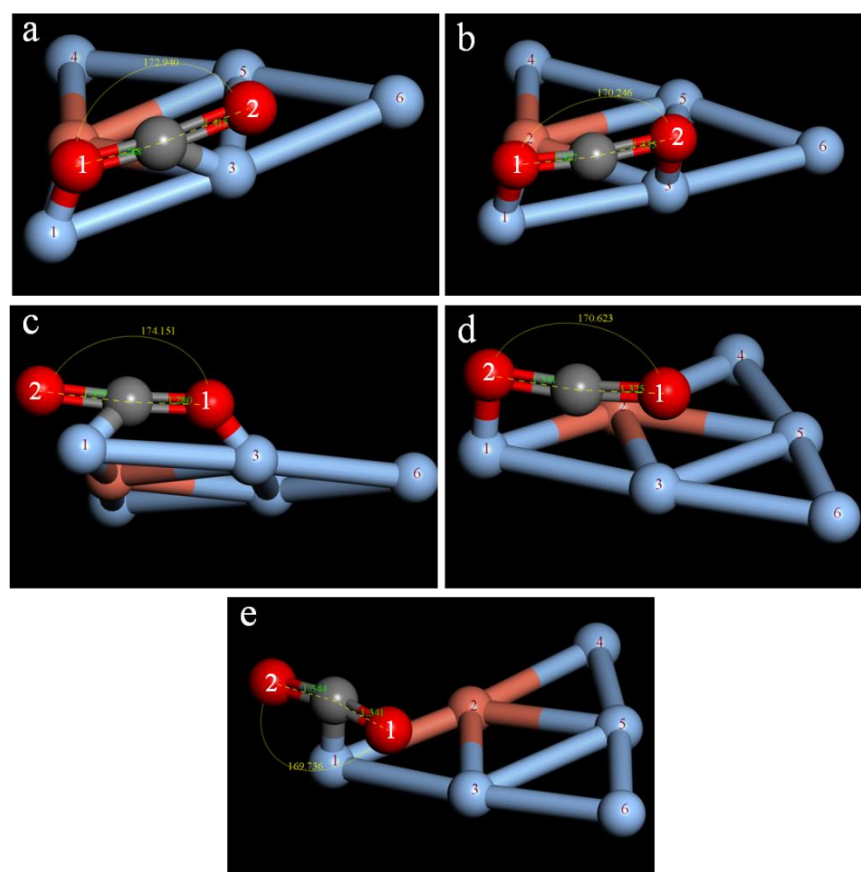




**Figure S15.** The isomers of the  $\text{Cu}_2\text{Ag}_4\text{-CO}_2$  adsorption structure.

**Table S13.** Bond length, bond angle and energy of  $\text{Cu}_2\text{Ag}_4\text{-CO}_2$  structure.

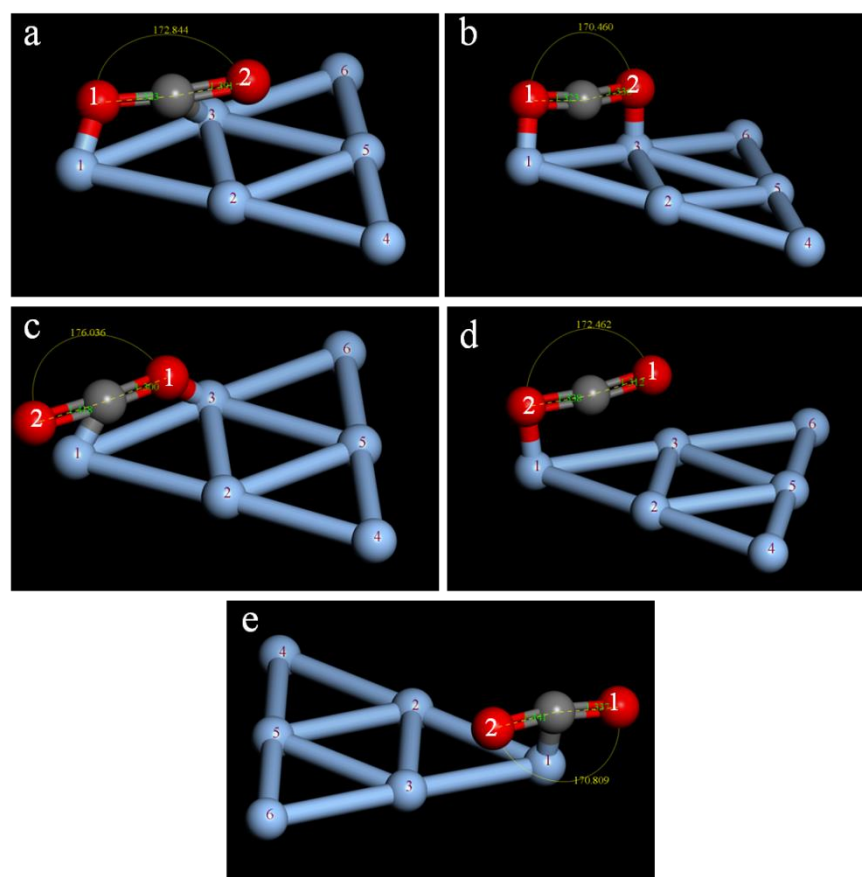
isomers	$\angle \text{O1CO2}/^\circ$	$d_{\text{C-O1}}/\text{\AA}$	$d_{\text{C-O2}}/\text{\AA}$	$E_{\text{CuAg-CO2}}/\text{Ha}$	$E_{\text{obs}}/\text{eV}$
a	173.771°	1.312	1.377	-24267.688	-0.085
b	172.097°	1.332	1.337	-24267.689	-0.122
c	171.101°	1.287	1.463	-24267.677	0.208
d	172.497°	1.318	1.348	-24267.689	-0.113
e	174.526°	1.333	1.348	-24267.690	-0.151



**Figure S16.** The isomers of the Cu<sub>1</sub>Ag<sub>5</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub> adsorption structure.

**Table S14.** Bond length, bond angle and energy of Cu<sub>1</sub>Ag<sub>5</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub> structure.

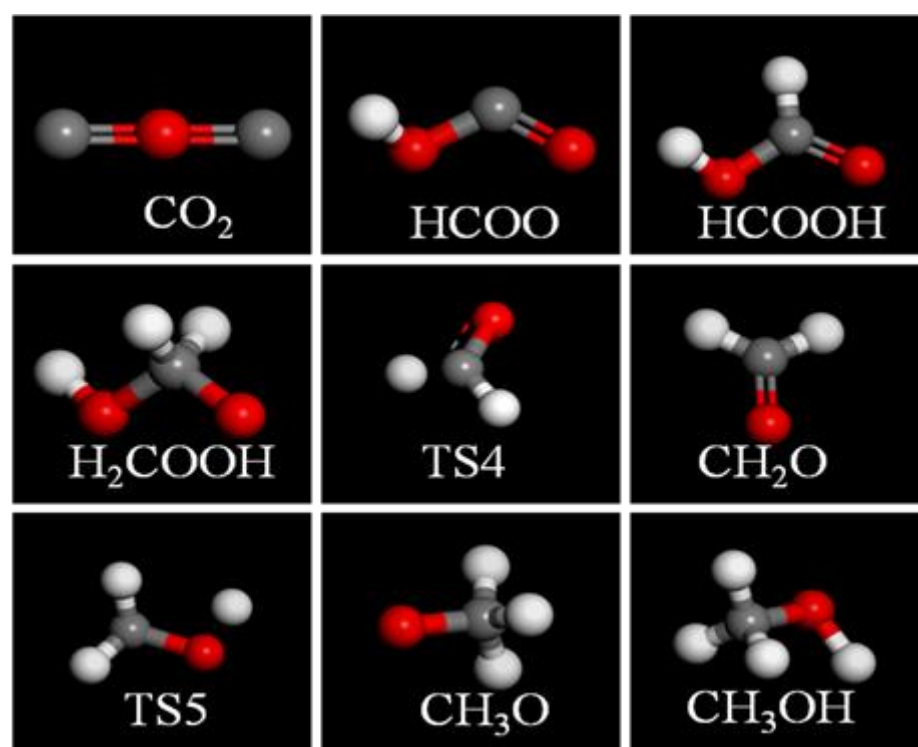
isomers	$\angle \text{O1CO2}/^\circ$	$d_{\text{C-O1}}/\text{\AA}$	$d_{\text{C-O2}}/\text{\AA}$	$E_{\text{CuAg-CO2}}/\text{Ha}$	$E_{\text{obs}}/\text{eV}$
a	172.940°	1.288	1.415	-27826.950	-0.164
b	170.246°	1.327	1.335	-27826.950	-0.159
c	174.151°	1.280	1.409	-27826.948	-0.106
d	170.623°	1.325	1.341	-27826.947	-0.032
e	169.736°	1.341	1.344	-27826.949	-0.127



**Figure S17.** The isomers of the Ag<sub>6</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub> adsorption structure.

**Table S15.** Bond length, bond angle and energy of Ag<sub>6</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub> structure.

isomers	$\angle \text{O1CO2}/^\circ$	$d_{\text{C-O1}}/\text{\AA}$	$d_{\text{C-O2}}/\text{\AA}$	$E_{\text{CuAg-CO2}}/\text{Ha}$	$E_{\text{obs}}/\text{eV}$
a	172.844°	1.323	1.391	-31386.212	-0.174
b	170.460°	1.320	1.333	-31386.211	-0.156
c	176.036°	1.300	1.418	-31386.211	-0.153
d	172.462°	1.312	1.338	-31386.212	-0.161
e	170.809°	1.337	1.341	-31386.211	-0.146



**Figure S18.** The optimized configuration of the monomer structure in the  $\text{CO}_2$  to  $\text{CH}_3\text{OH}$  route.

**Table S16.** Gibbs free energy table of monomers for the hydrogenation of  $\text{CO}_2$  to  $\text{CH}_3\text{OH}$ .

intermediate	$\Delta G/\text{eV}$
$\text{CO}_2^* + 6\text{H}^*$	0
$\text{HCOO}^* + 5\text{H}^*$	177.037
$\text{HCOOH}^* + 4\text{H}^*$	218.916
$\text{H}_2\text{COOH}^* + 3\text{H}^*$	244.005
$\text{TS4} + \text{H}_2\text{O} + 2\text{H}^*$	154.506
$\text{CH}_2\text{O}^* + \text{H}_2\text{O} + 2\text{H}^*$	266.481
$\text{TS5} + \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{H}^*$	275.869
$\text{CH}_3\text{O}^* + \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{H}^*$	353.449
$\text{CH}_3\text{OH} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	389.422

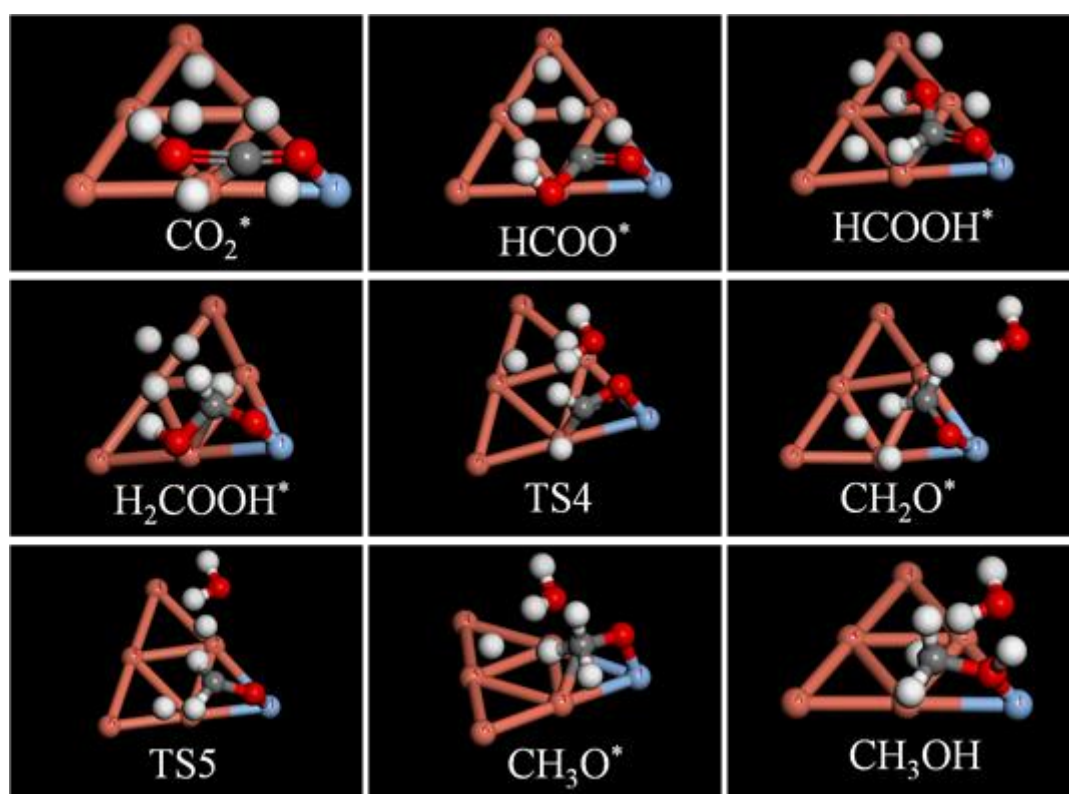
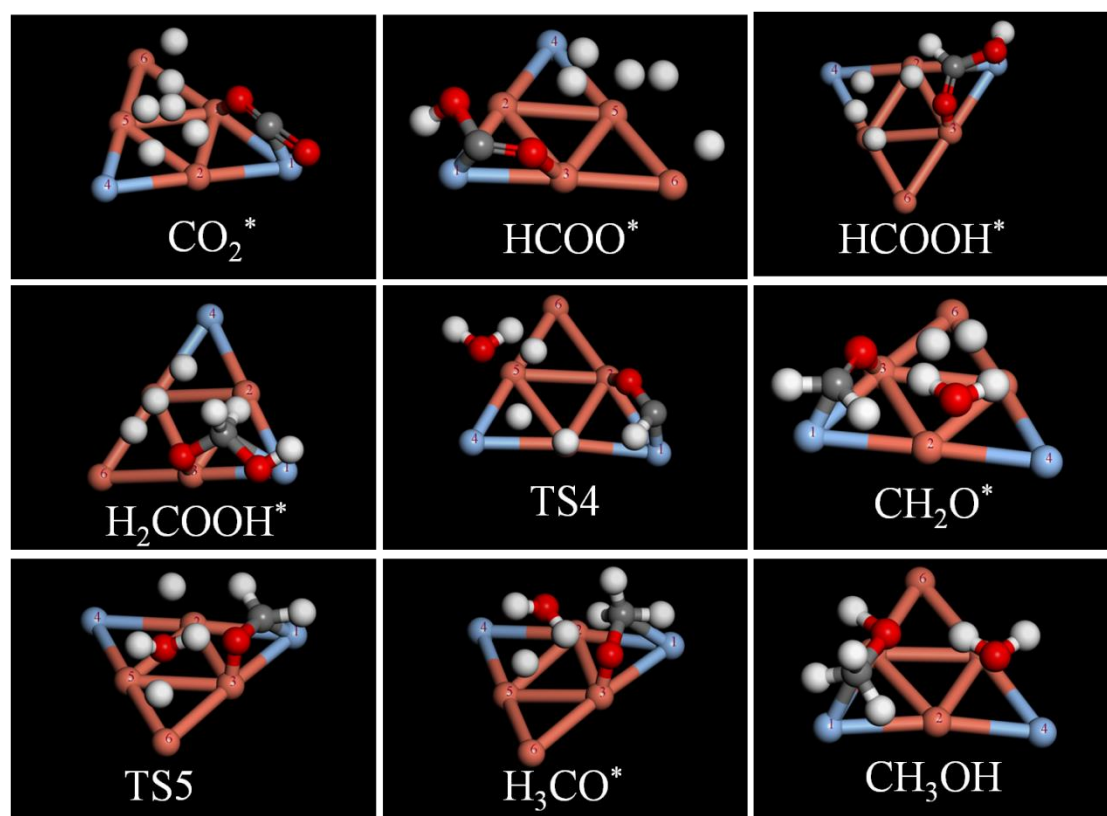


Figure S19. The path monomer adsorbed on Cu<sub>5</sub>Ag<sub>1</sub> cluster.

Table S17. Gibbs free energy table of Cu<sub>5</sub>Ag<sub>1</sub> clusters catalyzed by CO<sub>2</sub> hydrogenation to CH<sub>3</sub>OH monomer.

intermediate	$\Delta G/\text{eV}$
CO <sub>2</sub> *+6H*	0
HCOO*+5H*	-115.567
HCOOH*+4H*	-23.783
H <sub>2</sub> COOH*+3H*	168.928
TS4+H <sub>2</sub> O+2H*	56.573
CH <sub>2</sub> O*+H <sub>2</sub> O+2H*	-88.546
TS5+H <sub>2</sub> O+H*	-31.103
CH <sub>3</sub> O*+H <sub>2</sub> O+H*	73.580
CH <sub>3</sub> OH+H <sub>2</sub> O	84.709



**Figure S20.** The path monomer adsorbed on Cu<sub>4</sub>Ag<sub>2</sub> cluster.

**Table S18.** Gibbs free energy table of Cu<sub>4</sub>Ag<sub>2</sub> clusters catalyzed by CO<sub>2</sub> hydrogenation to CH<sub>3</sub>OH monomer.

intermediate	$\Delta G/\text{eV}$
CO <sub>2</sub> *+6H*	0
HCOO*+5H*	-236.277
HCOOH*+4H*	209.065
H <sub>2</sub> COOH*+3H*	152.493
TS4+H <sub>2</sub> O+2H*	-169.364
CH <sub>2</sub> O*+H <sub>2</sub> O+2H*	205.854
TS5+H <sub>2</sub> O+H*	194.099
CH <sub>3</sub> O*+H <sub>2</sub> O+H*	324.822
CH <sub>3</sub> OH+H <sub>2</sub> O	129.553

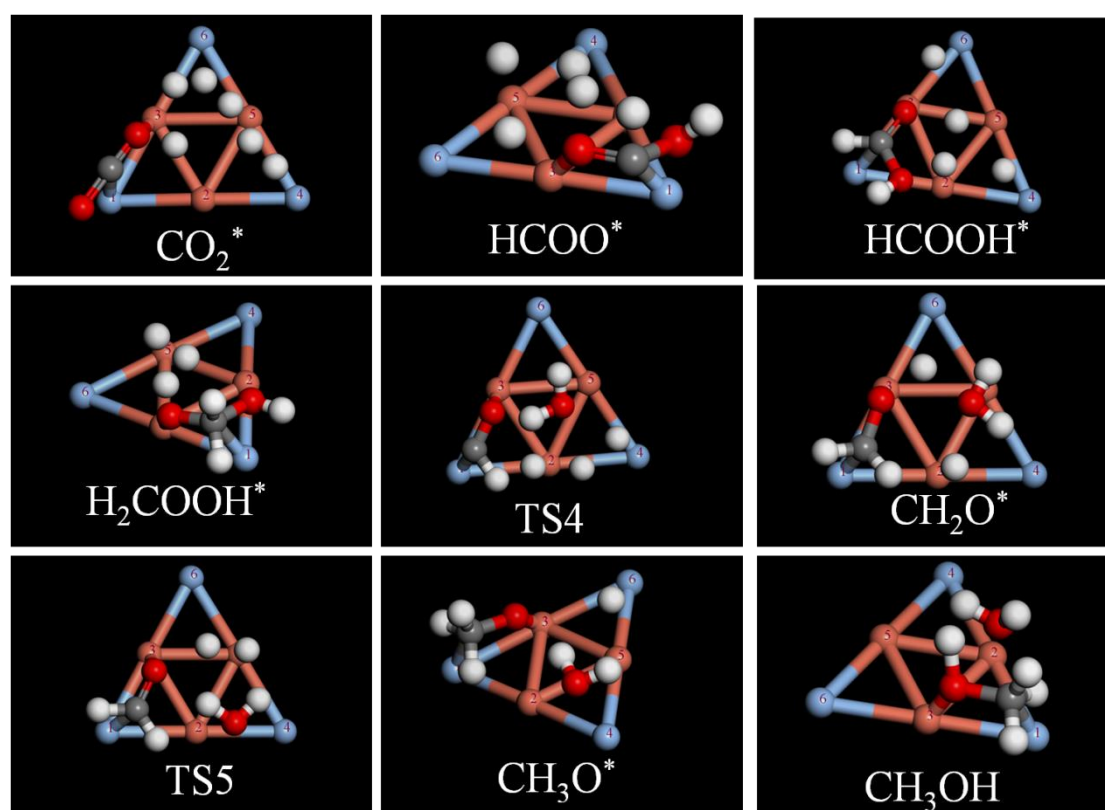
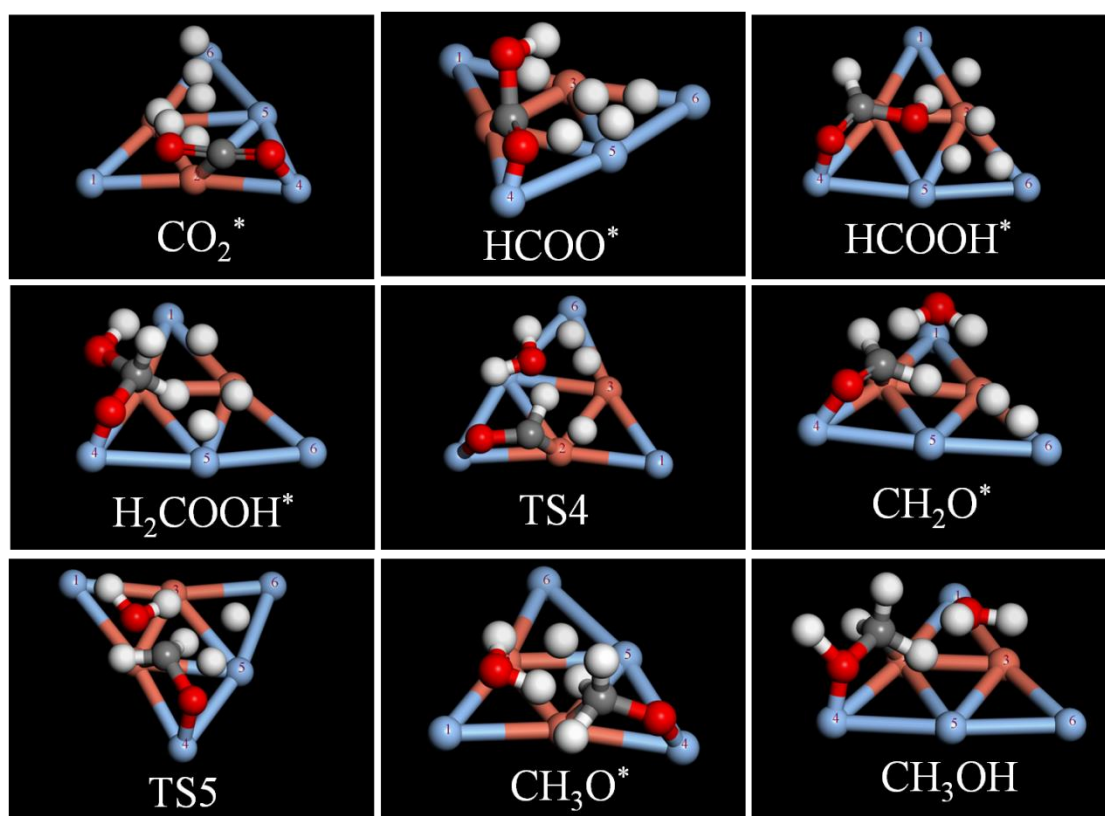


Figure S21. The path monomer adsorbed on Cu<sub>3</sub>Ag<sub>3</sub> cluster.

Table S19. Gibbs free energy table of Cu<sub>3</sub>Ag<sub>3</sub> clusters catalyzed by CO<sub>2</sub> hydrogenation to CH<sub>3</sub>OH monomer.

intermediate	$\Delta G/\text{eV}$
CO <sub>2</sub> <sup>*</sup> +6H <sup>*</sup>	0
HCOO <sup>*</sup> +5H <sup>*</sup>	45.280
HCOOH <sup>*</sup> +4H <sup>*</sup>	198.834
H <sub>2</sub> COOH <sup>*</sup> +3H <sup>*</sup>	97.607
TS4+H <sub>2</sub> O+2H <sup>*</sup>	177.282
CH <sub>2</sub> O <sup>*</sup> +H <sub>2</sub> O+2H <sup>*</sup>	183.813
TS5+H <sub>2</sub> O+H <sup>*</sup>	208.657
CH <sub>3</sub> O <sup>*</sup> +H <sub>2</sub> O+H <sup>*</sup>	122.342
CH <sub>3</sub> OH+H <sub>2</sub> O	236.630



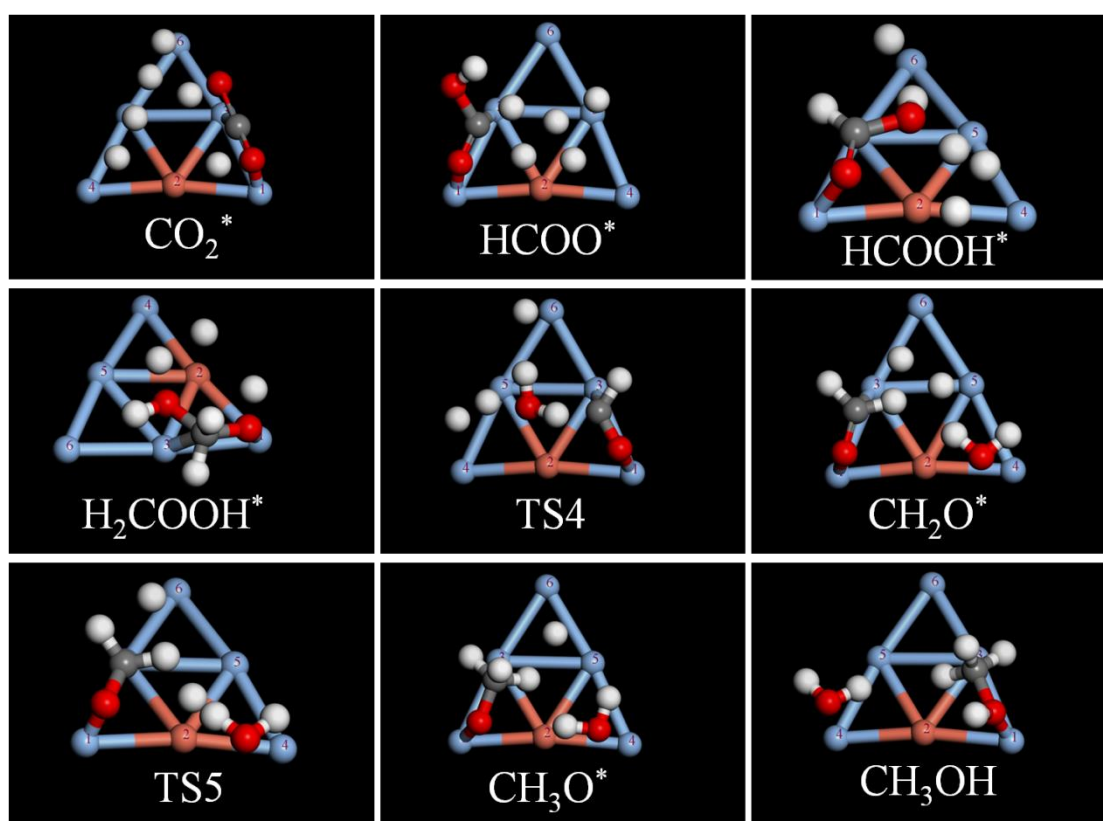


**Figure S22.** The path monomer adsorbed on Cu<sub>2</sub>Ag<sub>4</sub> cluster.

**Table S20.** Gibbs free energy table of Cu<sub>2</sub>Ag<sub>4</sub> clusters catalyzed by CO<sub>2</sub> hydrogenation to CH<sub>3</sub>OH monomer.

intermediate	$\Delta G/\text{eV}$
CO <sub>2</sub> <sup>*</sup> +6H <sup>*</sup>	0
HCOO <sup>*</sup> +5H <sup>*</sup>	-433.097
HCOOH <sup>*</sup> +4H <sup>*</sup>	-549.779
H <sub>2</sub> COOH <sup>*</sup> +3H <sup>*</sup>	-618.951
TS4+H <sub>2</sub> O+2H <sup>*</sup>	-603.358
CH <sub>2</sub> O <sup>*</sup> +H <sub>2</sub> O+2H <sup>*</sup>	-525.262
TS5+H <sub>2</sub> O+H <sup>*</sup>	-629.318
CH <sub>3</sub> O <sup>*</sup> +H <sub>2</sub> O+H <sup>*</sup>	-457.777
CH <sub>3</sub> OH+H <sub>2</sub> O	-501.452

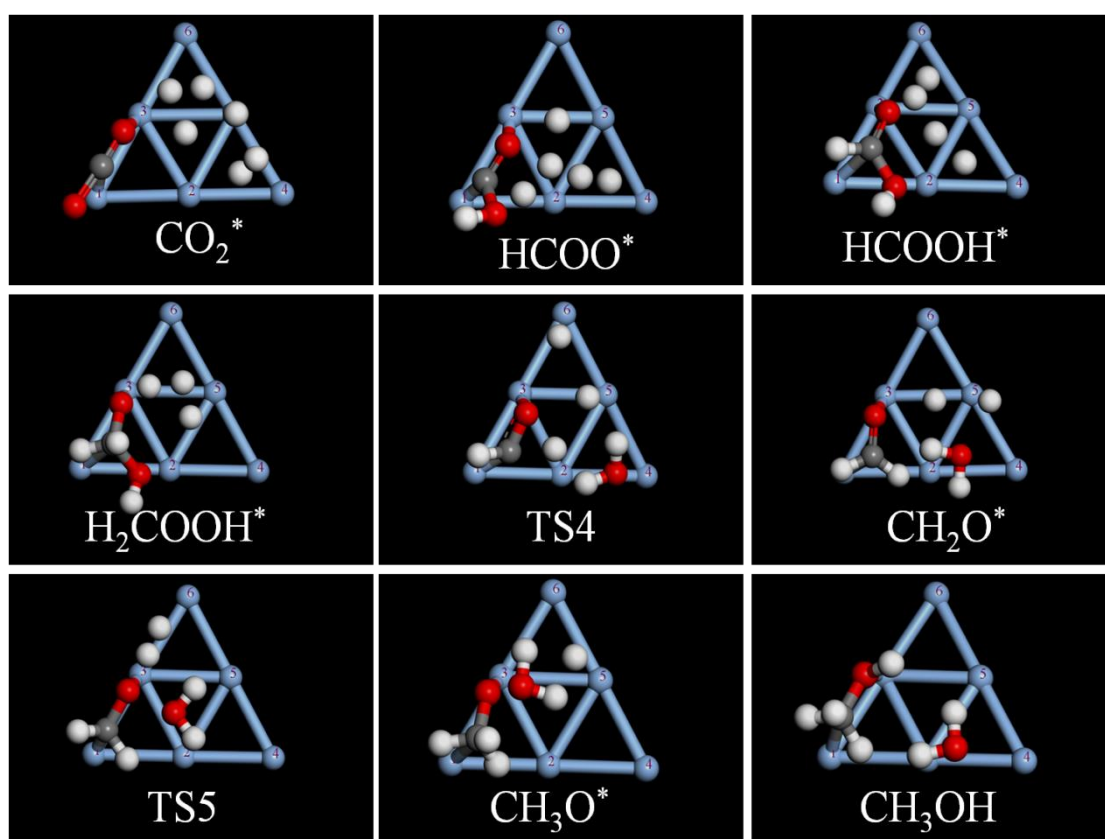




**Figure S23.** The path monomer adsorbed on Cu<sub>1</sub>Ag<sub>5</sub> cluster.

**Table S21.** Gibbs free energy table of Cu<sub>1</sub>Ag<sub>5</sub> clusters catalyzed by CO<sub>2</sub> hydrogenation to CH<sub>3</sub>OH monomer.

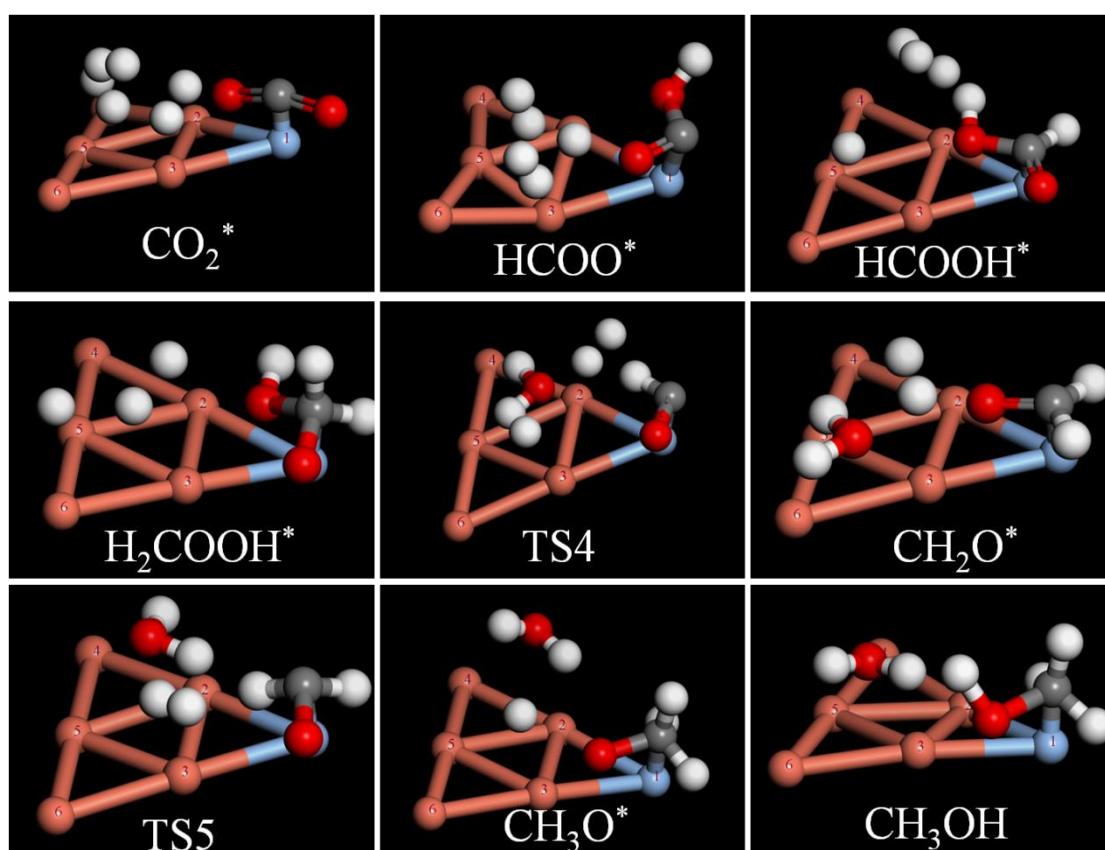
intermediate	$\Delta G/\text{eV}$
CO <sub>2</sub> *+6H*	0
HCOO*+5H*	-173.690
HCOOH*+4H*	-332.034
H <sub>2</sub> COOH*+3H*	-144.901
TS4+H <sub>2</sub> O+2H*	-73.743
CH <sub>2</sub> O*+H <sub>2</sub> O+2H*	-106.369
TS5+H <sub>2</sub> O+H*	116.247
CH <sub>3</sub> O*+H <sub>2</sub> O+H*	-11.783
CH <sub>3</sub> OH+H <sub>2</sub> O	23.456



**Figure S24.** The path monomer adsorbed on Ag<sub>6</sub> cluster.

**Table S22.** Gibbs free energy table of Ag<sub>6</sub> clusters catalyzed by CO<sub>2</sub> hydrogenation to CH<sub>3</sub>OH monomer.

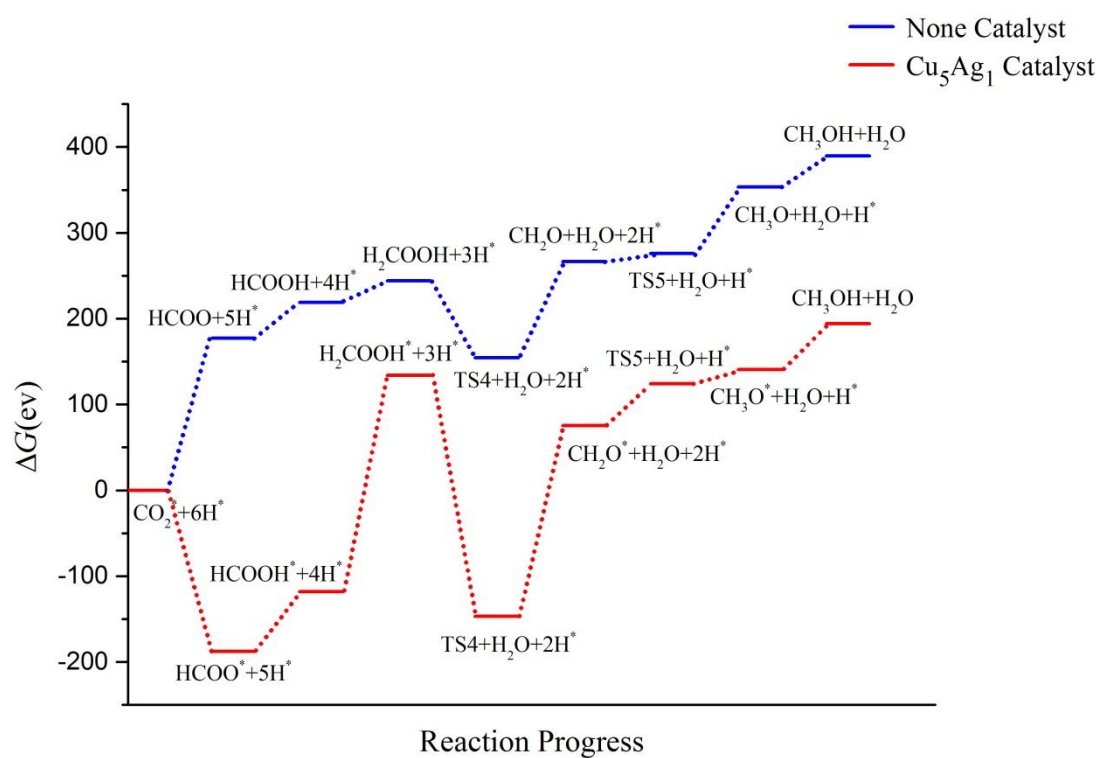
intermediate	$\Delta G/\text{eV}$
CO <sub>2</sub> *+6H*	0
HCOO*+5H*	390.348
HCOOH*+4H*	326.754
H <sub>2</sub> COOH*+3H*	483.873
TS4+H <sub>2</sub> O+2H*	537.017
CH <sub>2</sub> O*+H <sub>2</sub> O+2H*	591.712
TS5+H <sub>2</sub> O+H*	528.962
CH <sub>3</sub> O*+H <sub>2</sub> O+H*	510.132
CH <sub>3</sub> OH+H <sub>2</sub> O	482.893



**Figure S25.** The path monomer adsorbed on Cu<sub>5</sub>Ag<sub>1</sub> cluster.

**Table S23.** Gibbs free energy table of Cu<sub>5</sub>Ag<sub>1</sub> clusters catalyzed by CO<sub>2</sub> hydrogenation to CH<sub>3</sub>OH monomer.

intermediate	$\Delta G/\text{eV}$
CO <sub>2</sub> *+6H*	0
HCOO*+5H*	-187.922
HCOOH*+4H*	-118.152
H <sub>2</sub> COOH*+3H*	134.016
TS4+H <sub>2</sub> O+2H*	-146.860
CH <sub>2</sub> O*+H <sub>2</sub> O+2H*	75.240
TS5+H <sub>2</sub> O+H*	123.948
CH <sub>3</sub> O*+H <sub>2</sub> O+H*	140.438
CH <sub>3</sub> OH+H <sub>2</sub> O	194.262



**Figure S26.** The path diagram of  $\text{CO}_2$  hydrogenation reduction to  $\text{CH}_3\text{OH}$  catalyzed by  $\text{Cu}_5\text{Ag}_1$  cluster.

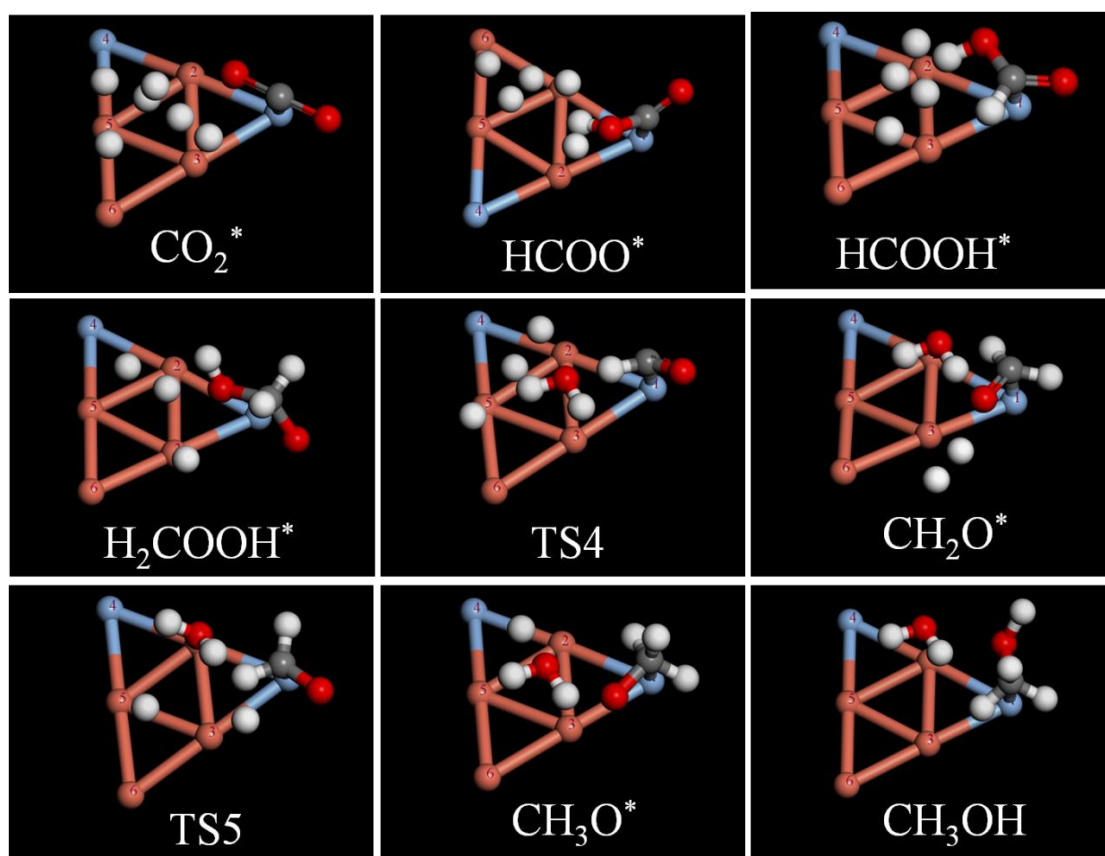
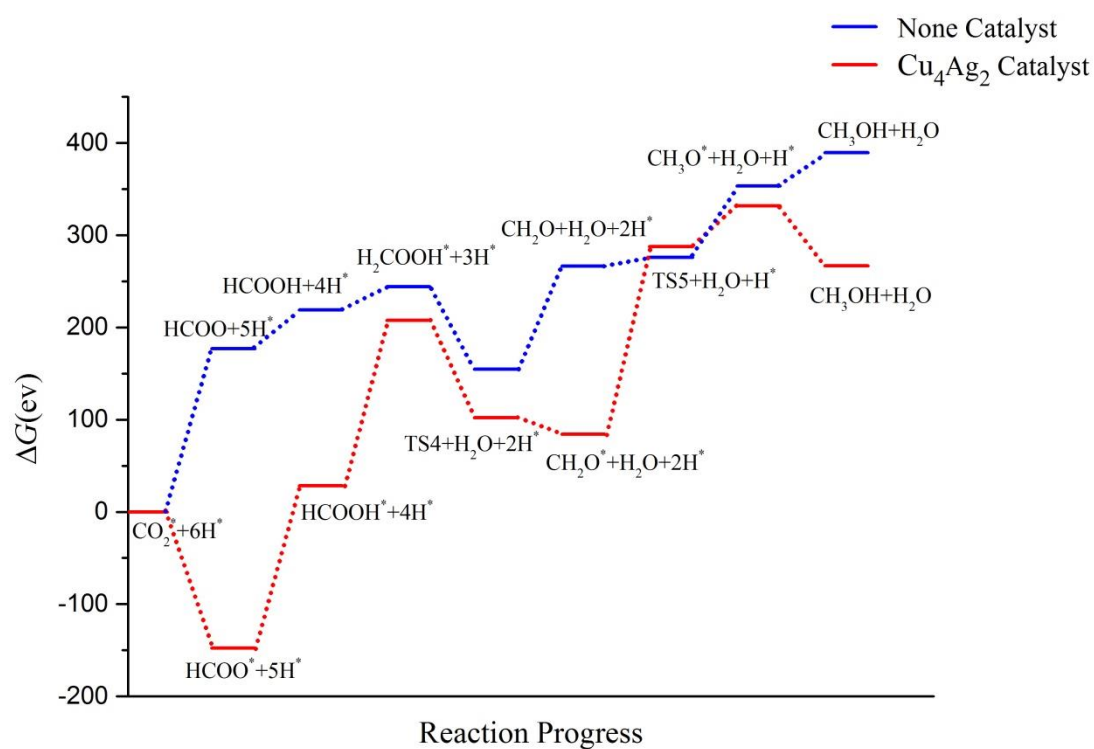


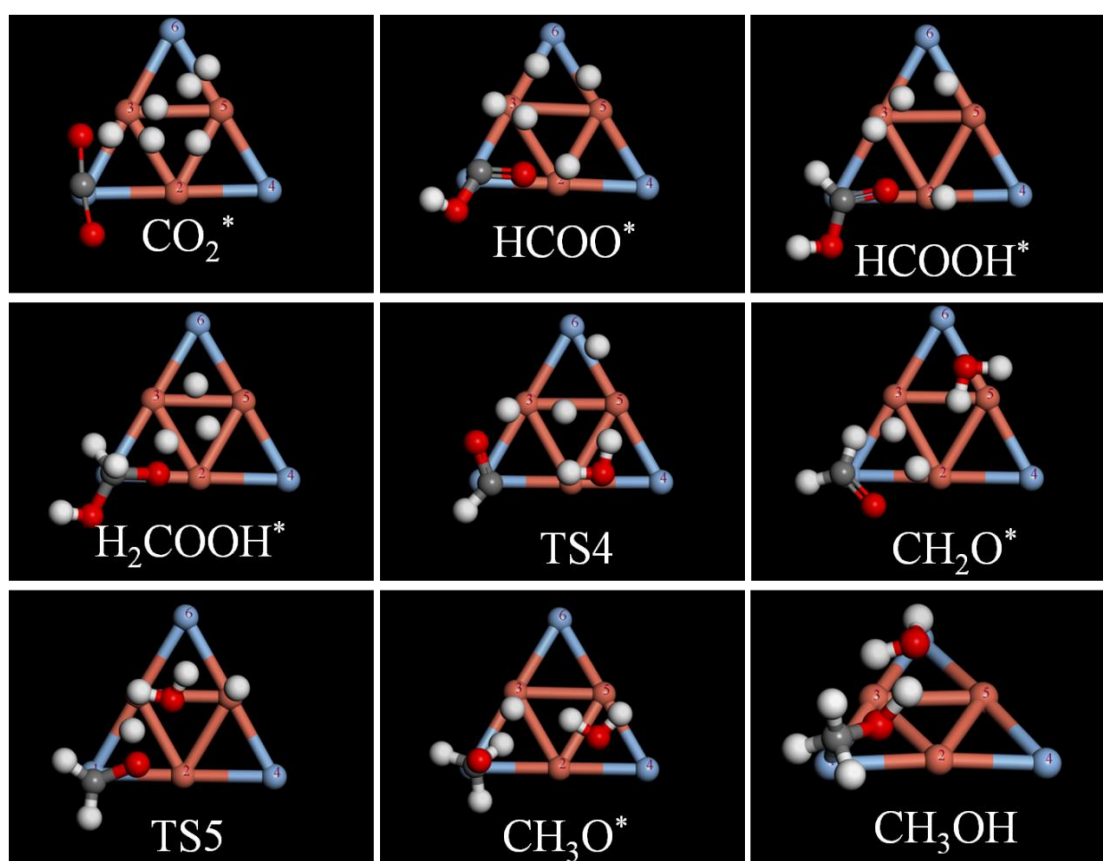
Figure S27. The path monomer adsorbed on Cu<sub>4</sub>Ag<sub>2</sub> cluster.

Table S24. Gibbs free energy table of Cu<sub>4</sub>Ag<sub>2</sub> clusters catalyzed by CO<sub>2</sub> hydrogenation to CH<sub>3</sub>OH monomer.

intermediate	$\Delta G/\text{eV}$
CO <sub>2</sub> *+6H*	0
HCOO*+5H*	-147.703
HCOOH*+4H*	28.164
H <sub>2</sub> COOH*+3H*	207.759
TS4+H <sub>2</sub> O+2H*	102.260
CH <sub>2</sub> O*+H <sub>2</sub> O+2H*	84.355
TS5+H <sub>2</sub> O+H*	287.706
CH <sub>3</sub> O*+H <sub>2</sub> O+H*	331.952
CH <sub>3</sub> OH+H <sub>2</sub> O	266.617



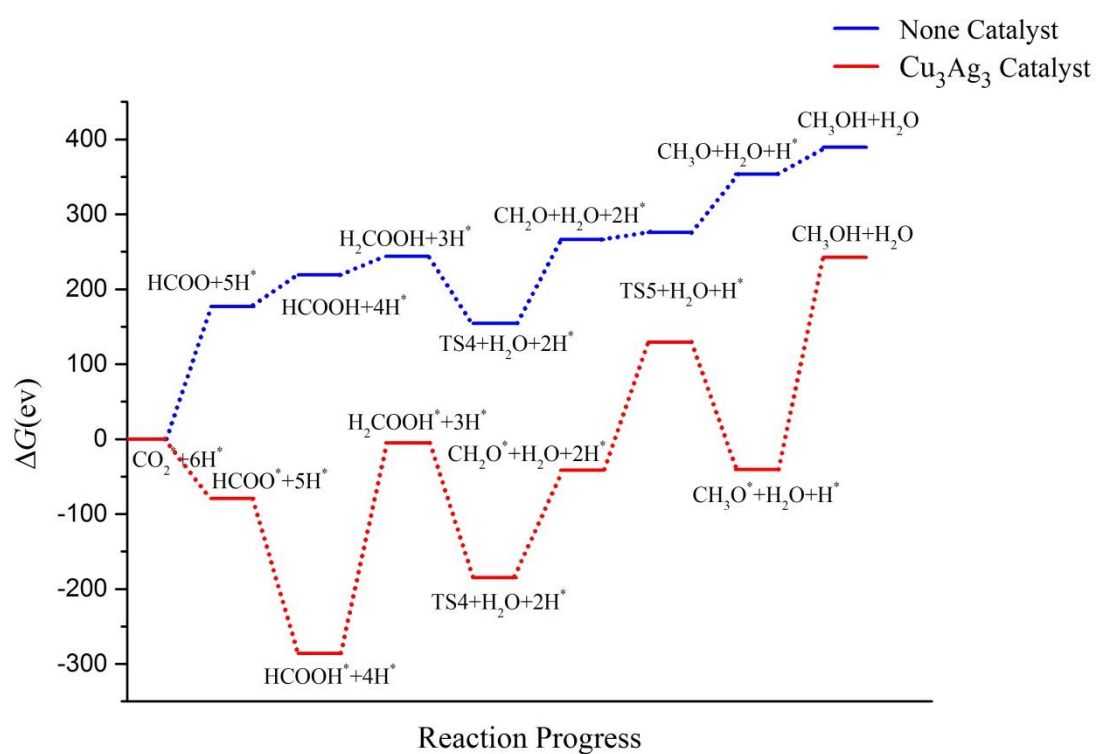
**Figure S28.** The path diagram of  $\text{CO}_2$  hydrogenation reduction to  $\text{CH}_3\text{OH}$  catalyzed by  $\text{Cu}_4\text{Ag}_2$  cluster.



**Figure S29.** The path monomer adsorbed on Cu<sub>3</sub>Ag<sub>3</sub> cluster.

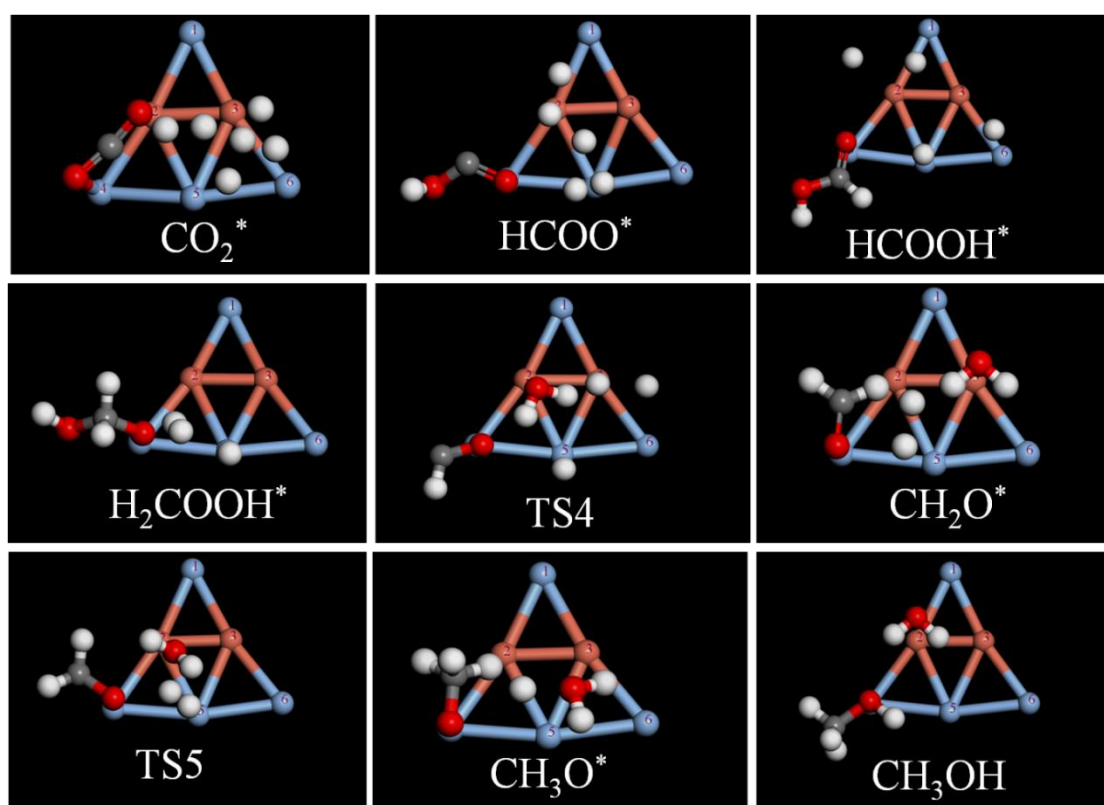
**Table S25.** Gibbs free energy table of Cu<sub>3</sub>Ag<sub>3</sub> clusters catalyzed by CO<sub>2</sub> hydrogenation to CH<sub>3</sub>OH monomer.

intermediate	$\Delta G/\text{eV}$
CO <sub>2</sub> *+6H*	0
HCOO*+5H*	-79.430
HCOOH*+4H*	-286.019
H <sub>2</sub> COOH*+3H*	-5.116
TS4+H <sub>2</sub> O+2H*	-184.983
CH <sub>2</sub> O*+H <sub>2</sub> O+2H*	-41.661
TS5+H <sub>2</sub> O+H*	129.281
CH <sub>3</sub> O*+H <sub>2</sub> O+H*	-40.463
CH <sub>3</sub> OH+H <sub>2</sub> O	242.399



**Figure S30.** The path diagram of  $\text{CO}_2$  hydrogenation reduction to  $\text{CH}_3\text{OH}$  catalyzed by  $\text{Cu}_3\text{Ag}_3$  cluster.

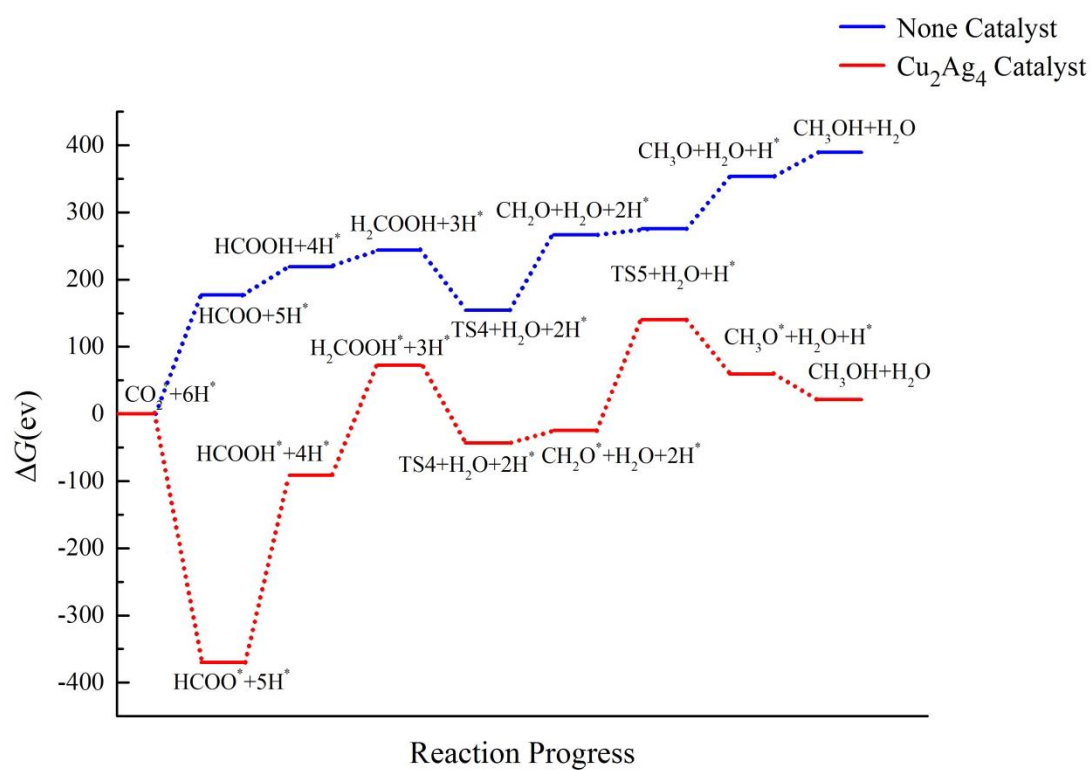




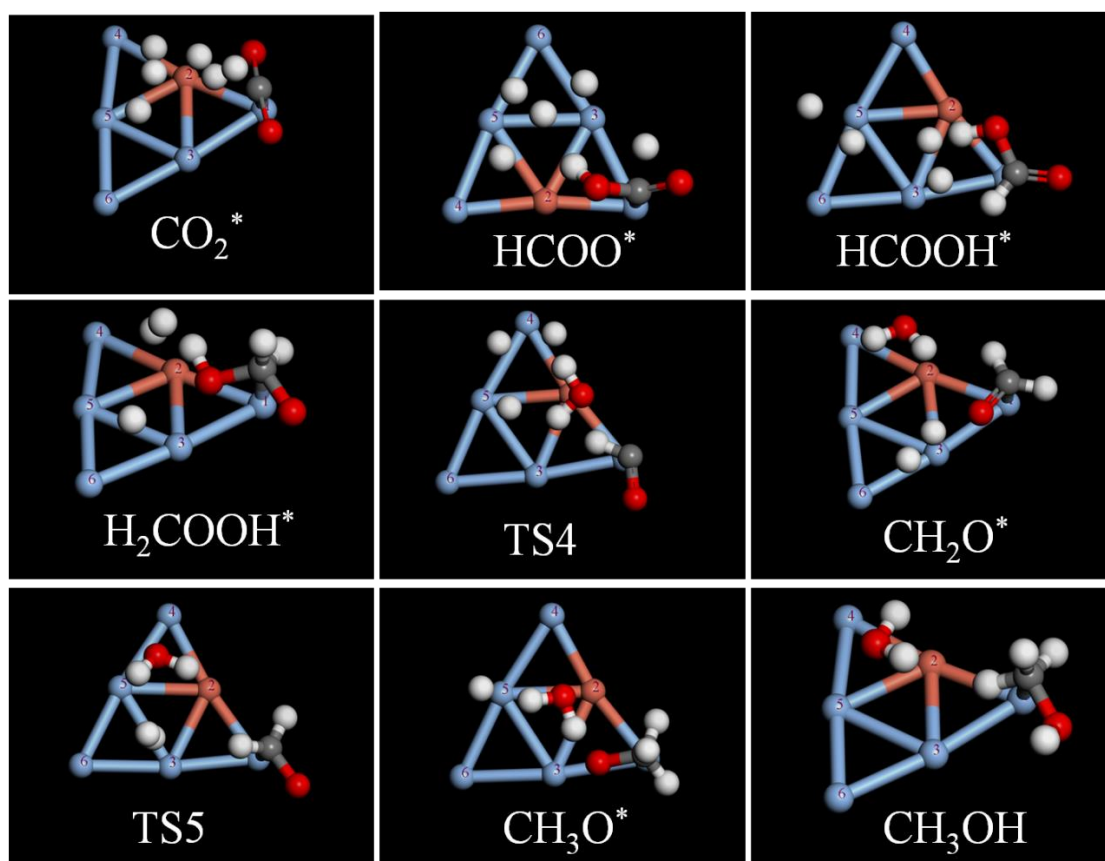
**Figure S31.** The path monomer adsorbed on Cu<sub>2</sub>Ag<sub>4</sub> cluster.

**Table S26.** Gibbs free energy table of Cu<sub>2</sub>Ag<sub>4</sub> clusters catalyzed by CO<sub>2</sub> hydrogenation to CH<sub>3</sub>OH monomer.

intermediate	$\Delta G/\text{eV}$
CO <sub>2</sub> *+6H*	0
HCOO*+5H*	-370.048
HCOOH*+4H*	-91.321
H <sub>2</sub> COOH*+3H*	72.273
TS4+H <sub>2</sub> O+2H*	-43.429
CH <sub>2</sub> O*+H <sub>2</sub> O+2H*	-24.844
TS5+H <sub>2</sub> O+H*	140.329
CH <sub>3</sub> O*+H <sub>2</sub> O+H*	59.130
CH <sub>3</sub> OH+H <sub>2</sub> O	7.347



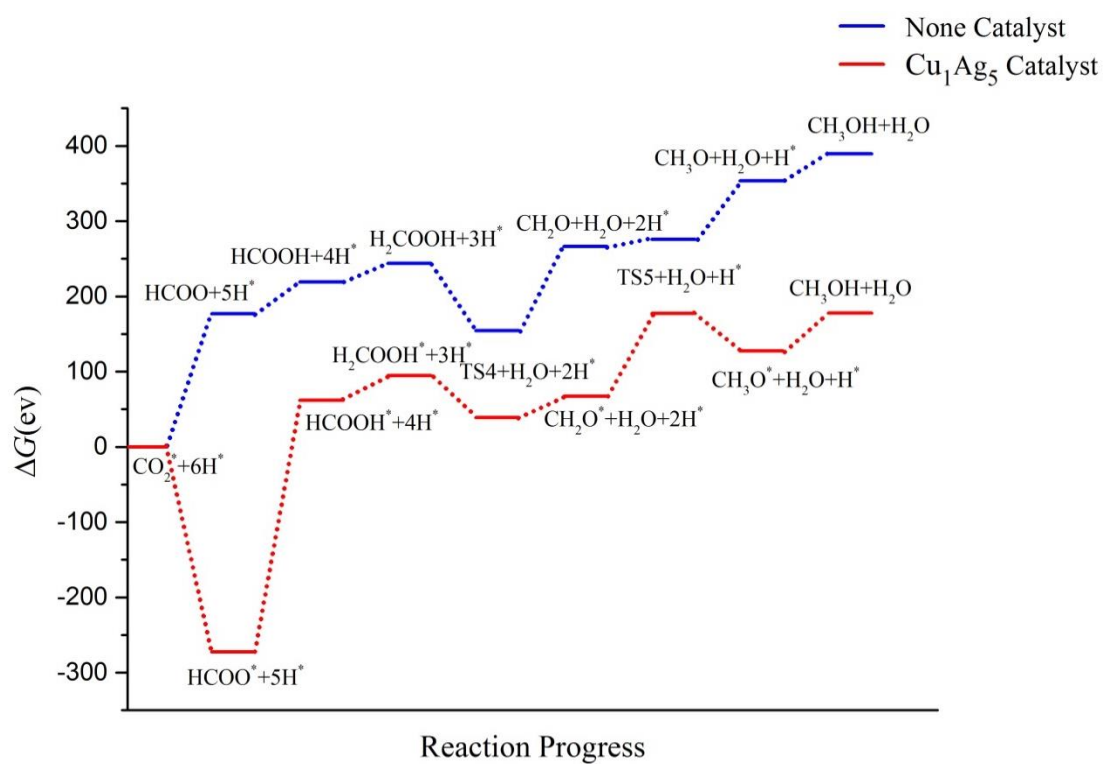
**Figure S32.** The path diagram of  $\text{CO}_2$  hydrogenation reduction to  $\text{CH}_3\text{OH}$  catalyzed by  $\text{Cu}_2\text{Ag}_4$  cluster.



**Figure S33.** The path monomer adsorbed on Cu<sub>1</sub>Ag<sub>5</sub> cluster.

**Table S27.** Gibbs free energy table of Cu<sub>1</sub>Ag<sub>5</sub> clusters catalyzed by CO<sub>2</sub> hydrogenation to CH<sub>3</sub>OH monomer.

intermediate	$\Delta G/\text{eV}$
CO <sub>2</sub> <sup>*</sup> +6H <sup>*</sup>	0
HCOO <sup>*</sup> +5H <sup>*</sup>	-272.577
HCOOH <sup>*</sup> +4H <sup>*</sup>	61.879
H <sub>2</sub> COOH <sup>*</sup> +3H <sup>*</sup>	94.750
TS4+H <sub>2</sub> O+2H <sup>*</sup>	38.695
CH <sub>2</sub> O <sup>*</sup> +H <sub>2</sub> O+2H <sup>*</sup>	67.131
TS5+H <sub>2</sub> O+H <sup>*</sup>	177.146
CH <sub>3</sub> O <sup>*</sup> +H <sub>2</sub> O+H <sup>*</sup>	127.349
CH <sub>3</sub> OH+H <sub>2</sub> O	177.718



**Figure S34.** The path diagram of  $\text{CO}_2$  hydrogenation reduction to  $\text{CH}_3\text{OH}$  catalyzed by  $\text{Cu}_1\text{Ag}_5$  cluster.

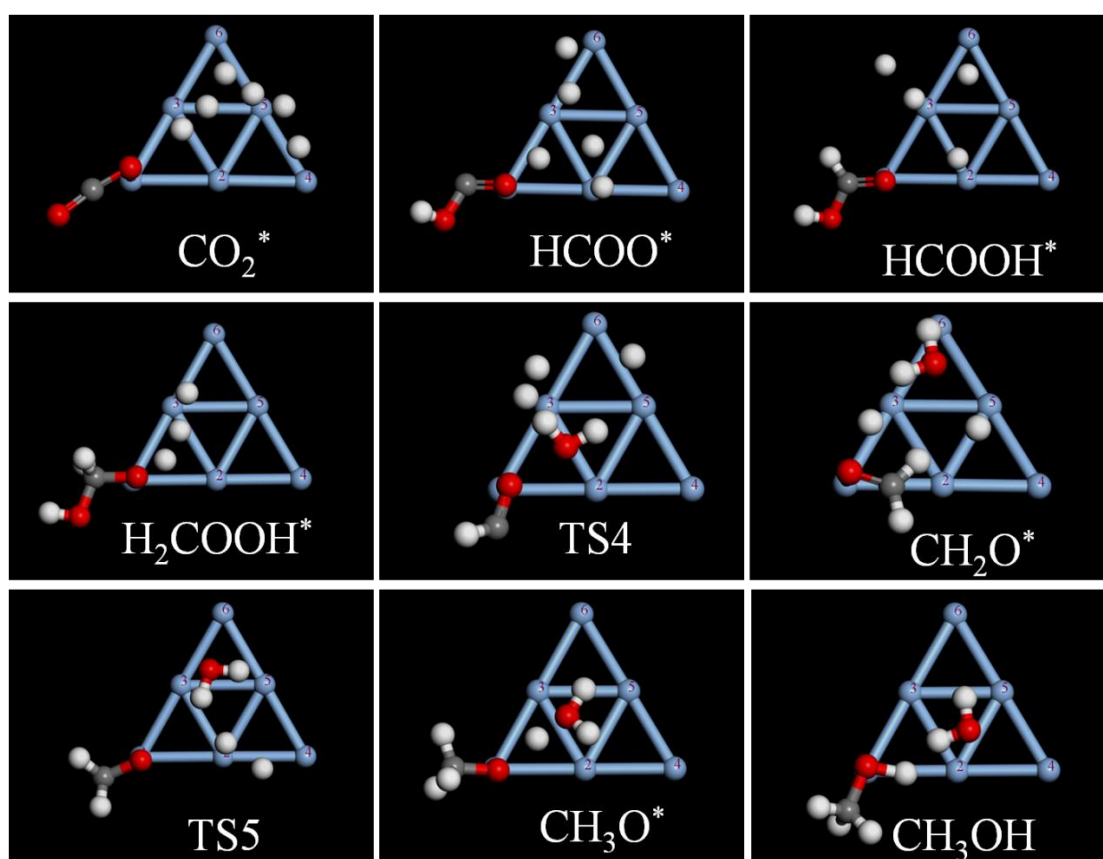
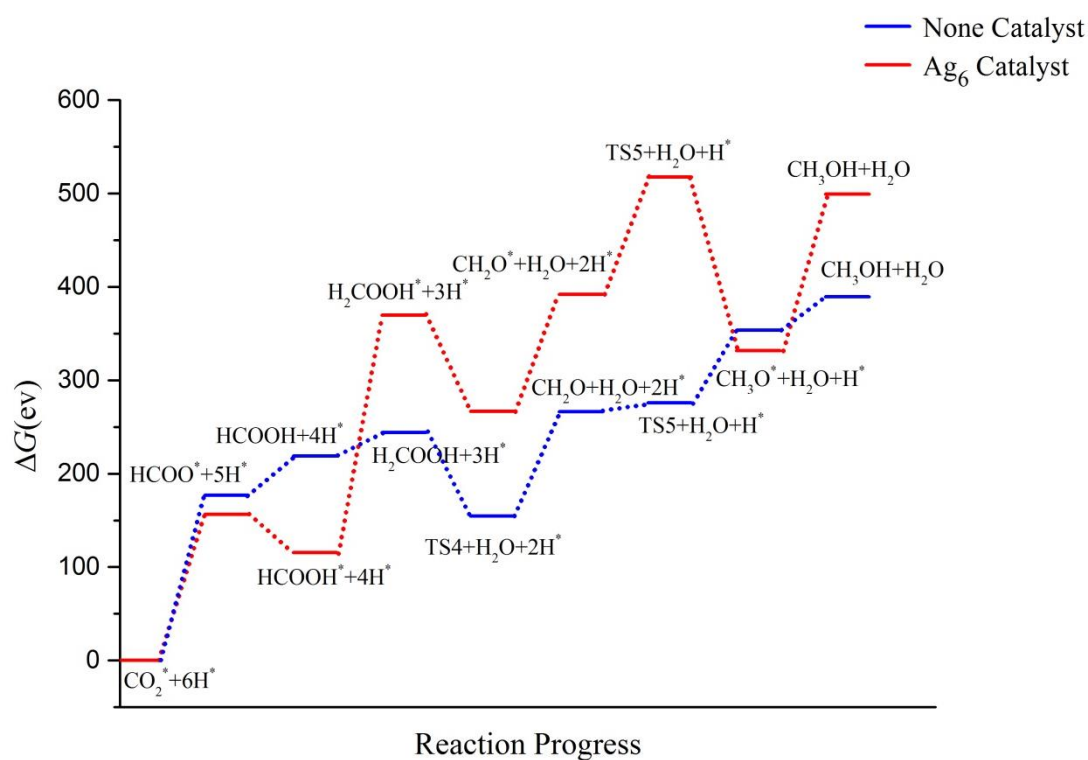


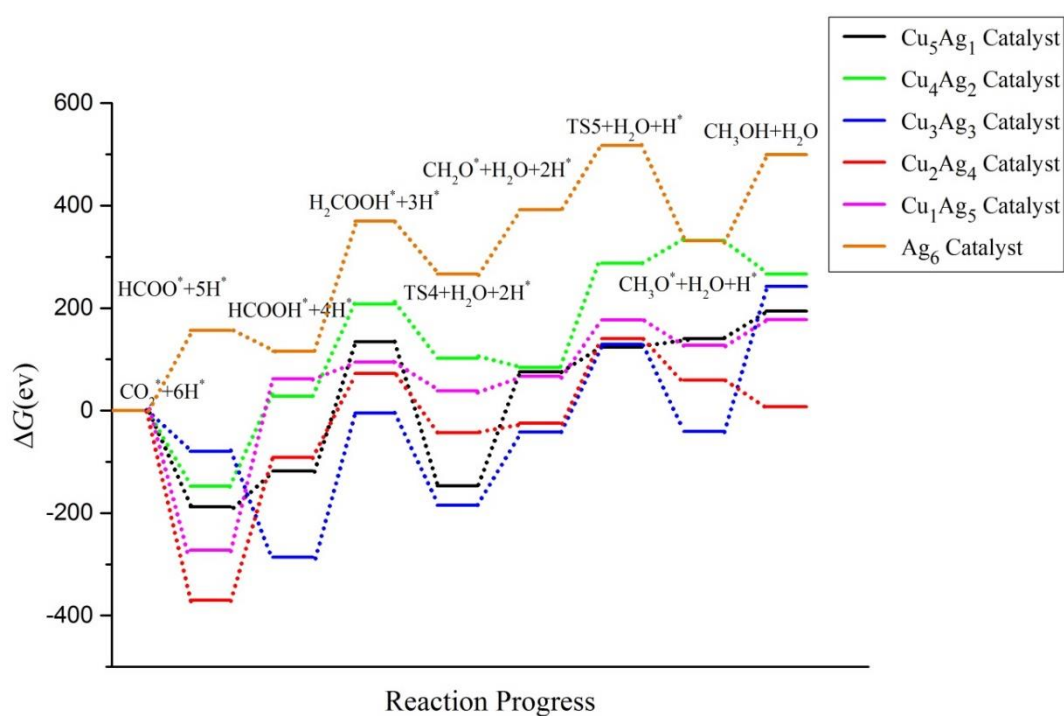
Figure S35. The path monomer adsorbed on  $\text{Ag}_6$  cluster.

Table S28. Gibbs free energy table of  $\text{Ag}_6$  clusters catalyzed by  $\text{CO}_2$  hydrogenation to  $\text{CH}_3\text{OH}$  monomer.

intermediate	$\Delta G/\text{eV}$
$\text{CO}_2^* + 6\text{H}^*$	0
$\text{HCOO}^* + 5\text{H}^*$	156.275
$\text{HCOOH}^* + 4\text{H}^*$	115.540
$\text{H}_2\text{COOH}^* + 3\text{H}^*$	369.585
$\text{TS4} + \text{H}_2\text{O} + 2\text{H}^*$	266.726
$\text{CH}_2\text{O}^* + \text{H}_2\text{O} + 2\text{H}^*$	391.953
$\text{TS5} + \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{H}^*$	517.615
$\text{CH}_3\text{O}^* + \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{H}^*$	331.598
$\text{CH}_3\text{OH} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	499.329



**Figure S36.** The path diagram of  $\text{CO}_2$  hydrogenation reduction to  $\text{CH}_3\text{OH}$  catalyzed by  $\text{Ag}_6$  cluster.



**Figure S37.** The path diagram of  $\text{CO}_2$  hydrogenation reduction to  $\text{CH}_3\text{OH}$  catalyzed by  $\text{CuAg}$  clusters.