

Base-Free synthesis of furfurylamines from biomass furans using Ru pincer complexes

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Supporting Information

1. Monitoring the reaction of furfural with aniline using different drying agents

Table S1. Monitoring the reaction of furfural and aniline using MgSO₄ as drying agent.

Entry	Time	1a (%)	3 (%)	2a (%)
0	0	100	-	-
1	5	94	6	-
2	10	89	7	4
3	20	84	10	6
4	30	45	12	43
5	40	27	13	60
6	50	<3	6	92
7	60	-	-	100

Reactions were carried out using 1.3 mmol of furfural, 1.2 equivalent aniline and 1.3 mmol of MgSO₄ in 7 mL *i*PrOH.

Table S2. Monitoring the reaction of furfural and aniline using Na₂SO₄ as drying agent.

Entry	Time	1a (%)	3 (%)	2a (%)
0	0	100	-	-
1	15	5	35	60
2	30	3	22	70
3	45	0	10	90
4	60	0	3	97

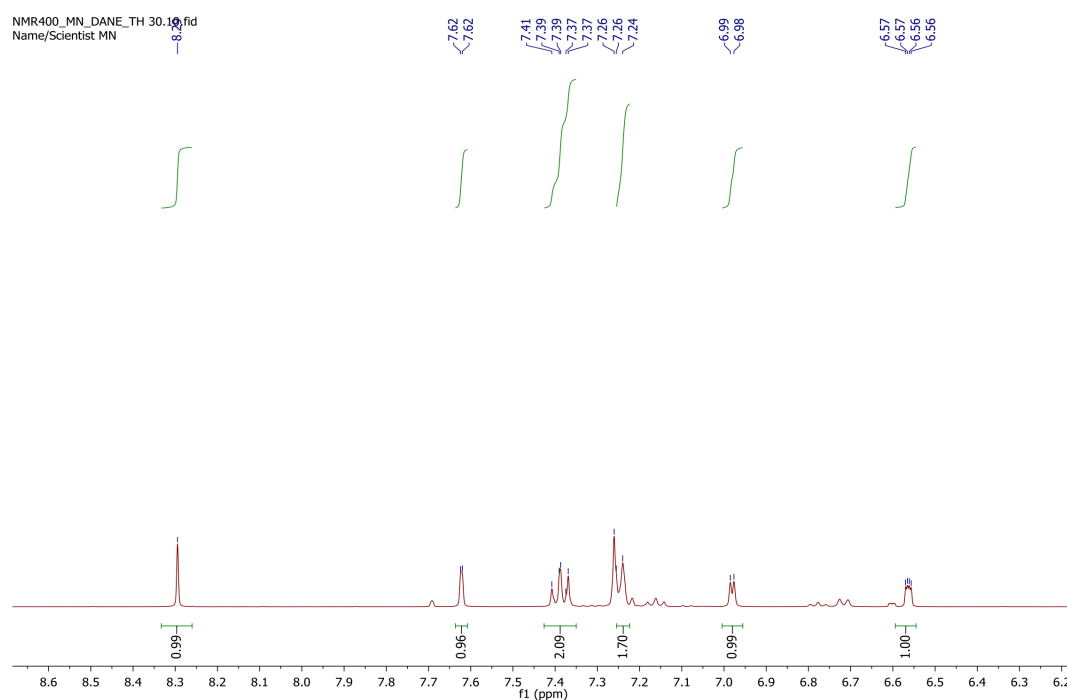
Reactions were carried out using 1.3 mmol of furfural, 1.2 equivalent aniline and 1.3 mmol of Na₂SO₄ in 7 mL *i*PrOH.

1. Product characterizations

(E)-1-(furan-2-yl)-N-phenylmethanimine 1a

^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 8.29 (s, 1 H), 7.62 (s, 1 H), 7.39 (t, 2 H, $J = 8.74$ Hz), 7.26-7.24 (m, 2 H), 6.98 (d, 1 H, $J = 3.60$ Hz), 6.56 (dd, 1 H, $J = 3.6$ Hz, $J = 1.6$ Hz) ppm. $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (100 MHz) δ : 152.1, 151.3, 147.9, 145.9, 129.4, , 126.4, 121.1, 116.6, 112.3 ppm. [64]

1.1. ^1H and ^{13}C NMR spectra of the aldimine 1a.



The spectrum contains approximately 5% of the starting material as impurities (furfural and aniline)

Figure S1. ^1H NMR spectrum of 1a (400 MHz, CDCl_3)

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Name/Scientist MN

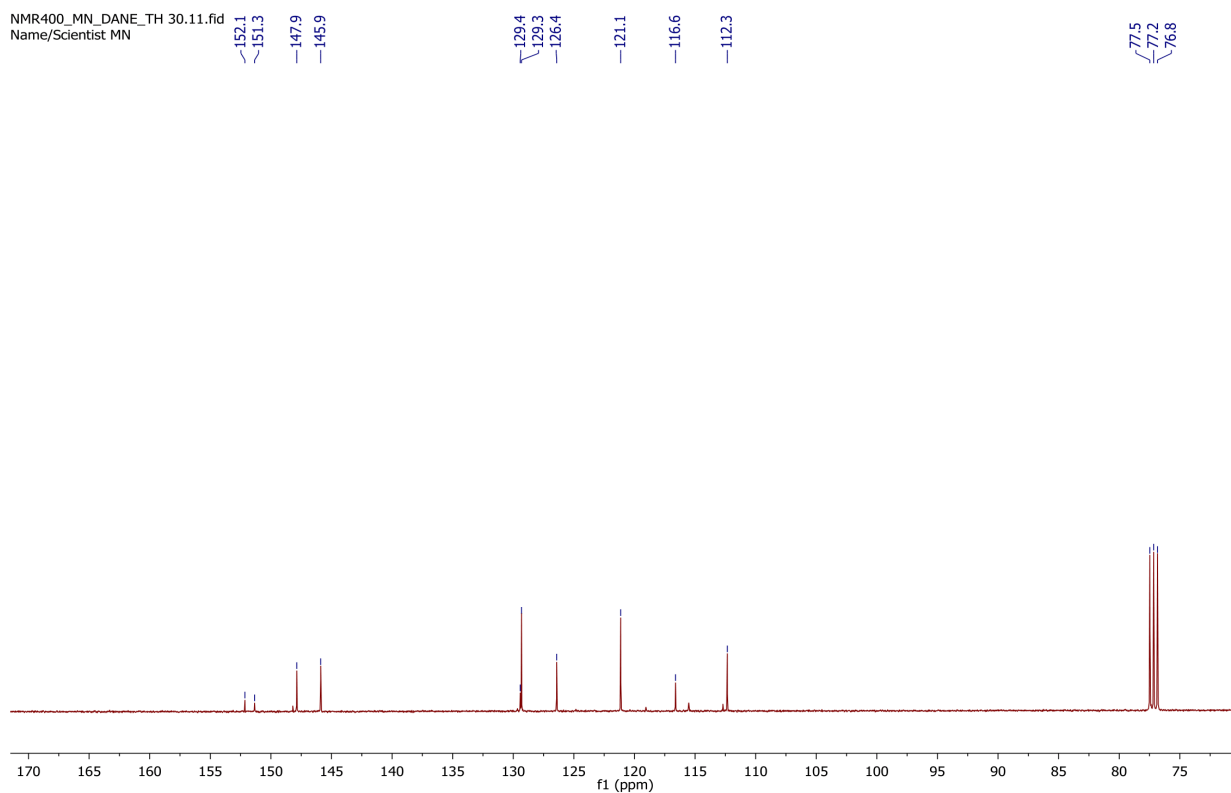


Figure S2. ^{13}C NMR spectrum of 1a (100 MHz, CDCl_3)

1.2. ^1H and ^{13}C NMR spectra of the furfurylamines.

N-(furan-2-ylmethyl)aniline 2a

The product **2a** was obtained as a yellow oil. 209 mg, 93 %. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 7.26 (s, 1 H), 7.09 (t, 2 H, $J = 8$ Hz), 6.65 (t, 1 H, $J = 8$ Hz), 6.57 (d, 2 H, $J = 8$ Hz), 6.21 (dd, 1 H, $J = 4$ Hz, $J = 1.6$ Hz), 6.12 (dd, 1 H, $J = 3.2$ Hz, $J = 1.2$ Hz), 4.2 (s, 2 H), 3.97 (brs, 1 H) ppm. $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (100 MHz) δ : 152.8, 147.6, 142.0, 129.3, 118.2, 113.3, 110.4, 107.1, 41.6 ppm.[1]

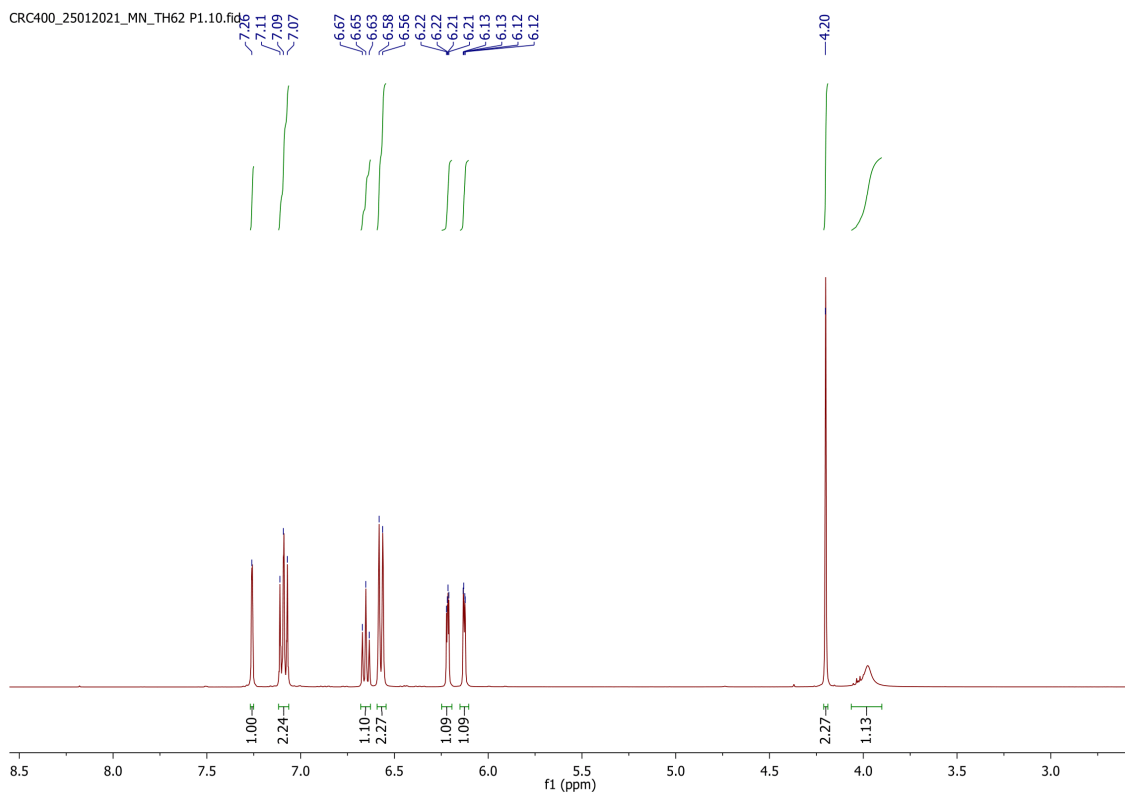


Figure S3. ^1H NMR spectrum of 2a (400 MHz, CDCl_3)

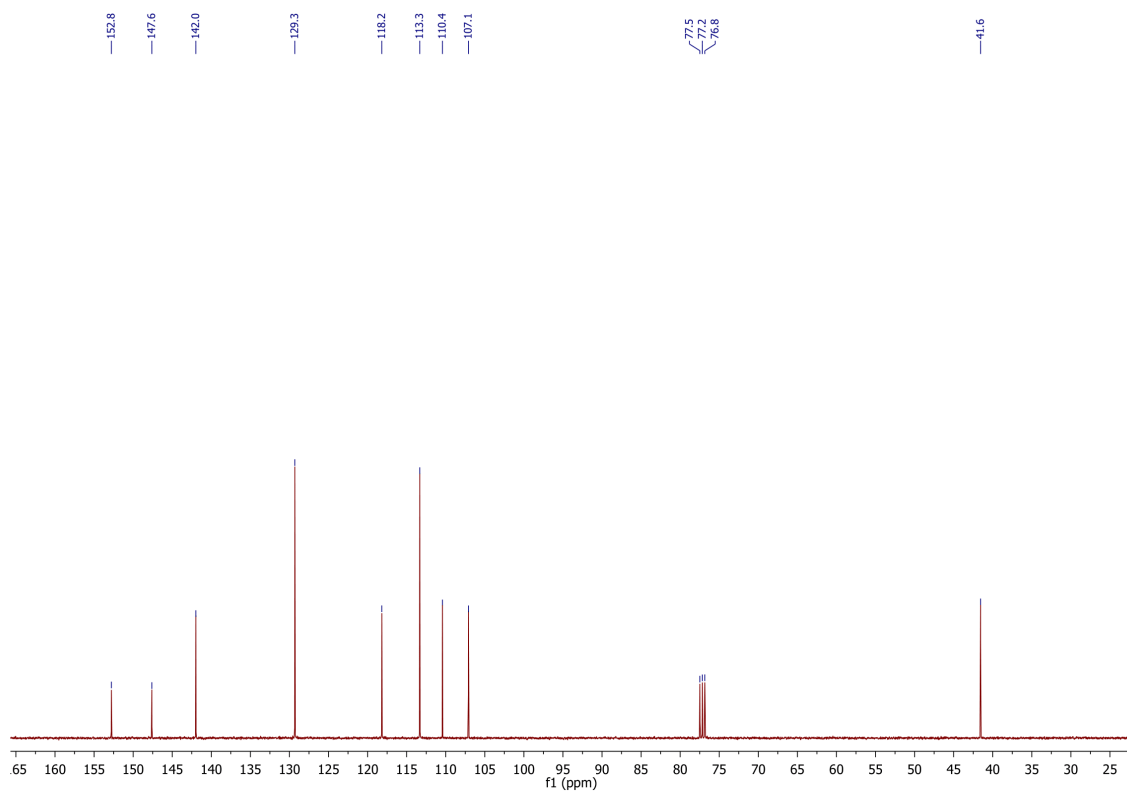


Figure S4. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 2a (100 MHz, CDCl₃)

4-chloro-*N*-(furan-2-ylmethyl)aniline 2b

The product **2b** was obtained as a yellow oil. 201 mg, 75 %. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 7.26 (s, 1 H), 7.02 (d, 2 H, $J = 8$ Hz), 6.49 (d, 2 H, $J = 8$ Hz), 6.22 (dd, 1 H, $J = 3.2$ Hz, $J = 2$ Hz), 6.12 (dd, 1 H, $J = 3.2$ Hz, $J = 0.8$ Hz), 4.48 (brs, 1 H), 4.17 (s, 2 H) ppm. $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (100 MHz) δ : 152.1, 145.9, 142.2, 129.1, 123.0, 114.6, 110.5, 107.4, 41.7 ppm.[65]

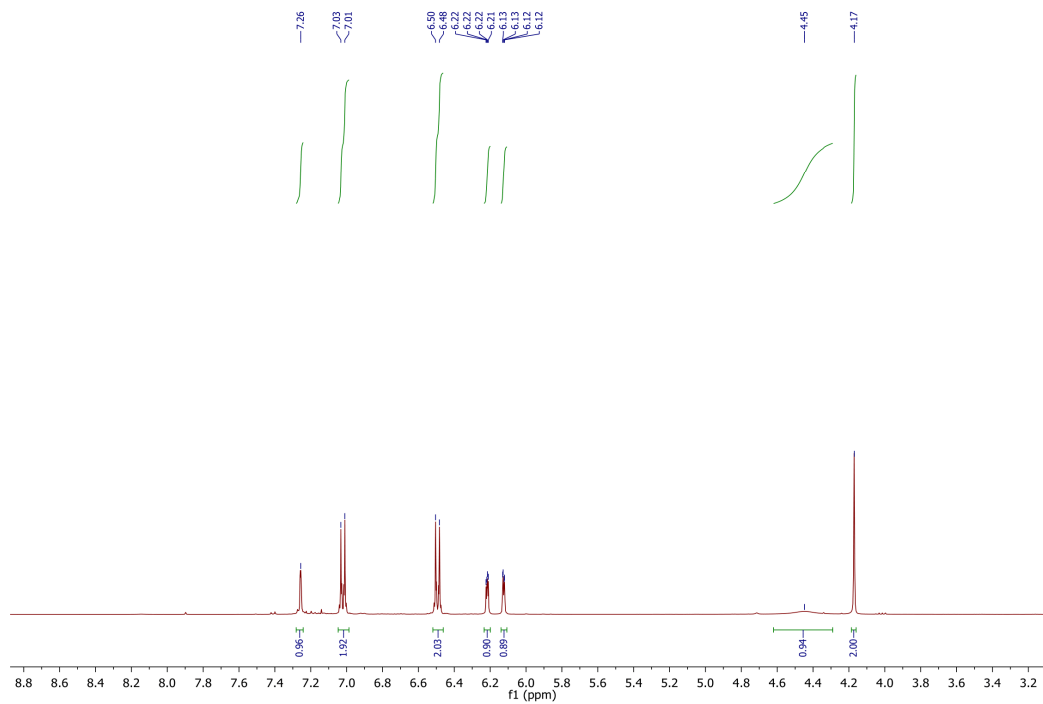


Figure S5. ^1H NMR spectrum of **2b** (400 MHz, CDCl_3)

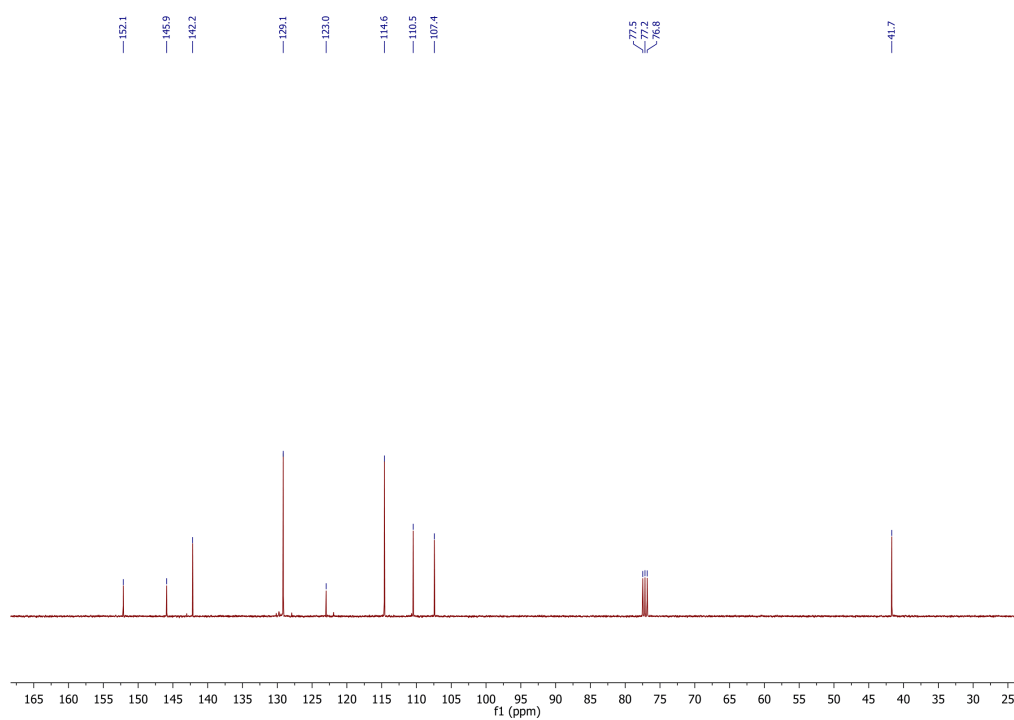


Figure S6. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 2b (100 MHz, CDCl₃)

3-chloro-*N*-(furan-2-ylmethyl)aniline **2c**

The product **2c** was obtained as a yellow oil. 163.4 mg, 60 %. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 7.38 (s, 1 H), 7.09 (t, 1 H, $J = 8$ Hz), 7.72 (d, 1 H, $J = 8$ Hz), 6.67 (t, 1 H, $J = 2.4$ Hz), 6.55 (dd, 1 H, $J = 8$ Hz, $J = 2.4$ Hz), 6.34 (t, 1 H, $J = 2.4$ Hz), 6.25 (d, 1 H, $J = 3.2$ Hz), 4.39 (brs, 1 H), 4.30 (s, 2 H) ppm. $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (100 MHz) δ : 152.0, 148.6, 142.2, 135.1, 130.3, 118.1, 113.1, 111.7, 110.5, 107.5, 41.4 ppm.[65]

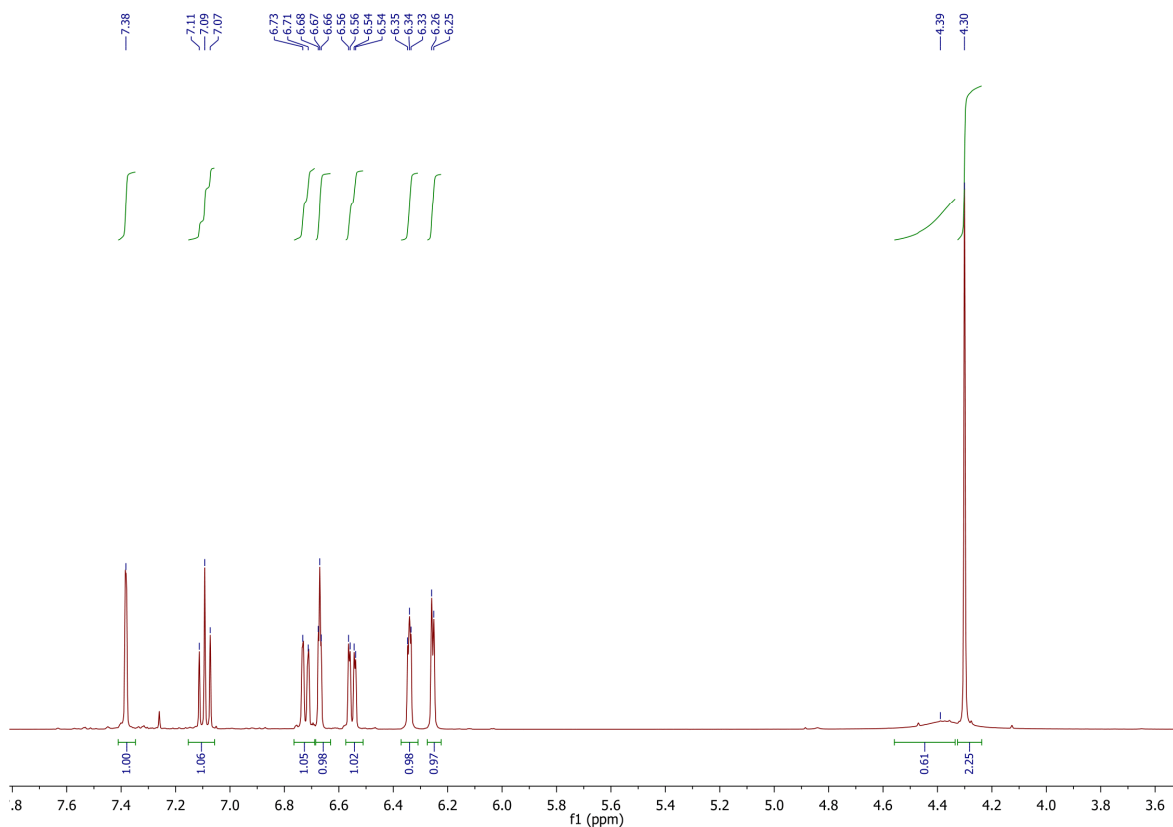


Figure S7. ^1H NMR spectrum of **2c** (400 MHz, CDCl_3)

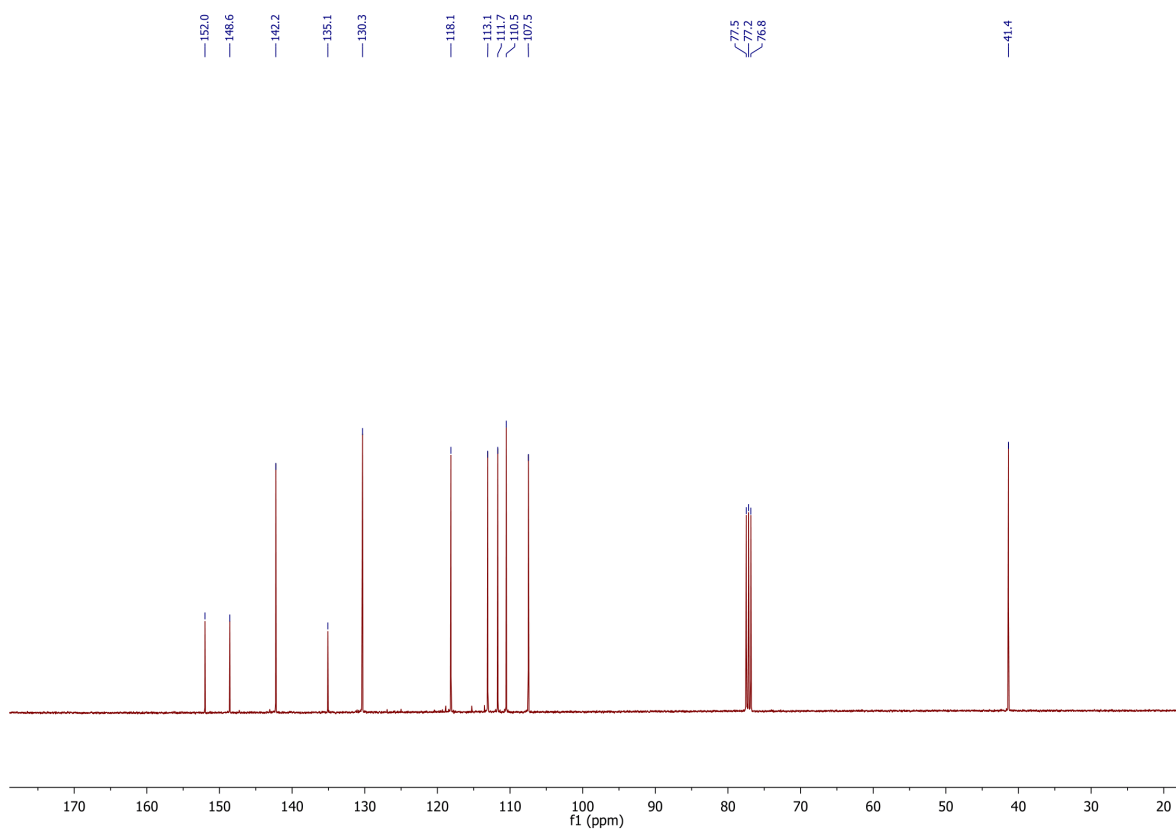


Figure S8. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 2c (100 MHz, CDCl₃)

N*-(furan-2-ylmethyl)-4-methylaniline **2d*

The product **2d** was obtained as a yellow oil. 127 mg, 61 %. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 7.26 (s, 1 H), 6.91 (d, 2 H, $J = 8$ Hz), 6.51 (d, 2 H, $J = 8$ Hz), 6.22 (dd, 1 H, $J = 3.2$ Hz, $J = 2$ Hz), 6.13 (dd, 1 H, $J = 3.6$ Hz, $J = 1.2$ Hz), 4.19 (s, 2 H), 3.87 (brs, 1 H), 2.15 (s, 3 H) ppm. $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (100 MHz) δ : 153.1, 145.4, 141.9, 129.8, 127.4, 113.5, 110.4, 107.0, 41.9, 20.5 ppm.[66]

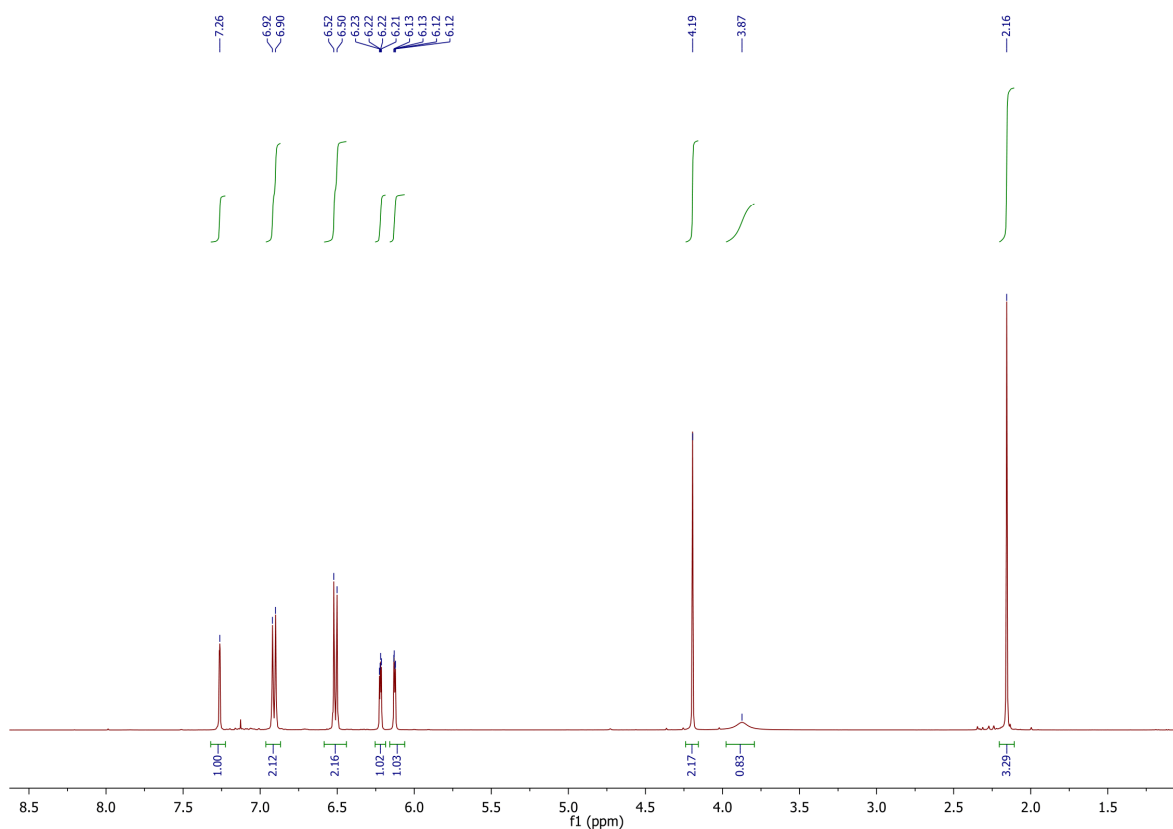


Figure S9. ^1H NMR spectrum of **2d** (400 MHz, CDCl_3)

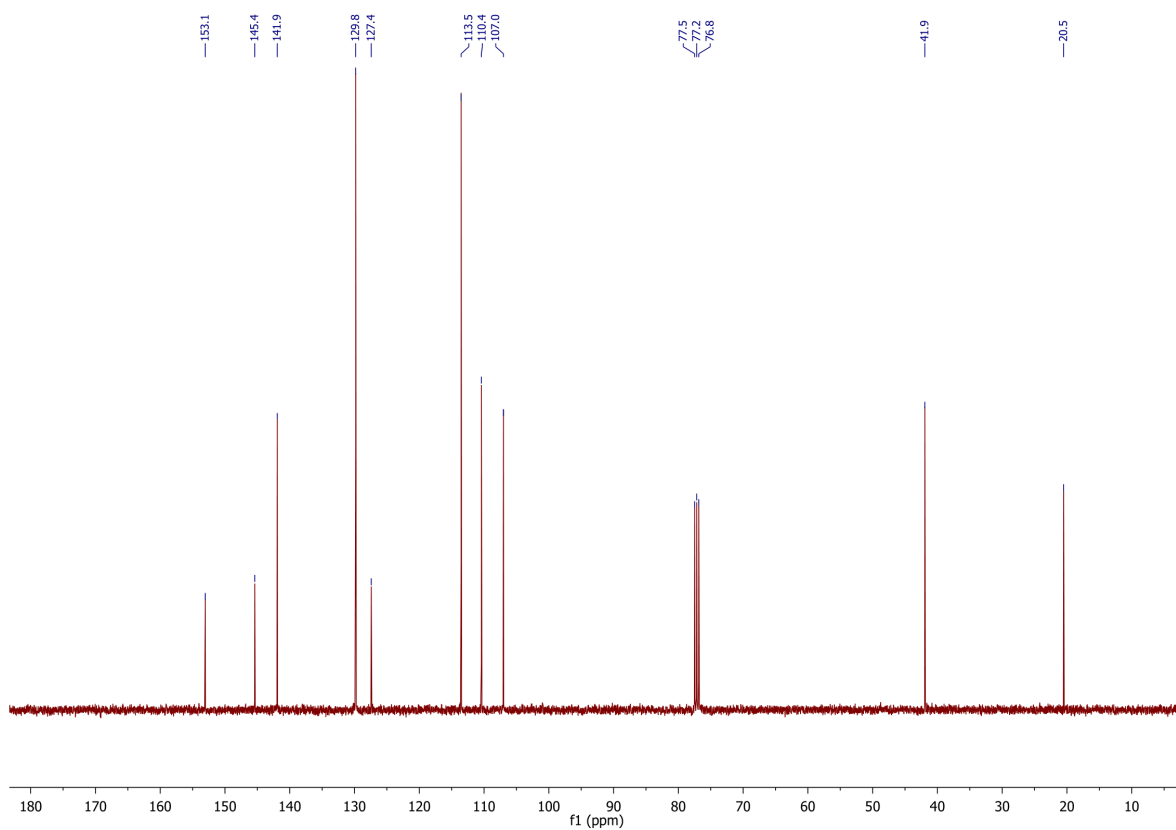


Figure S10. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 2d (100 MHz, CDCl₃)

4-bromo-*N*-(furan-2-ylmethyl)aniline 2e

The product **2e** was obtained as a yellow oil. 222 mg, 69 %. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 7.39 (s, 1 H), 7.29 (d, 2 H, $J = 8.8$ Hz), 6.59 (d, 2 H, $J = 8.8$ Hz), 6.34 (dd, 1 H, $J = 3.2$ Hz, $J = 2$ Hz), 6.26 (d, 1 H, $J = 3.2$ Hz), 4.31 (s, 2 H) ppm. $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (100 MHz) δ : 151.9, 146.1, 142.2, 132.0, 115.1, 110.4, 110.2, 107.4, 41.6 ppm.[65]

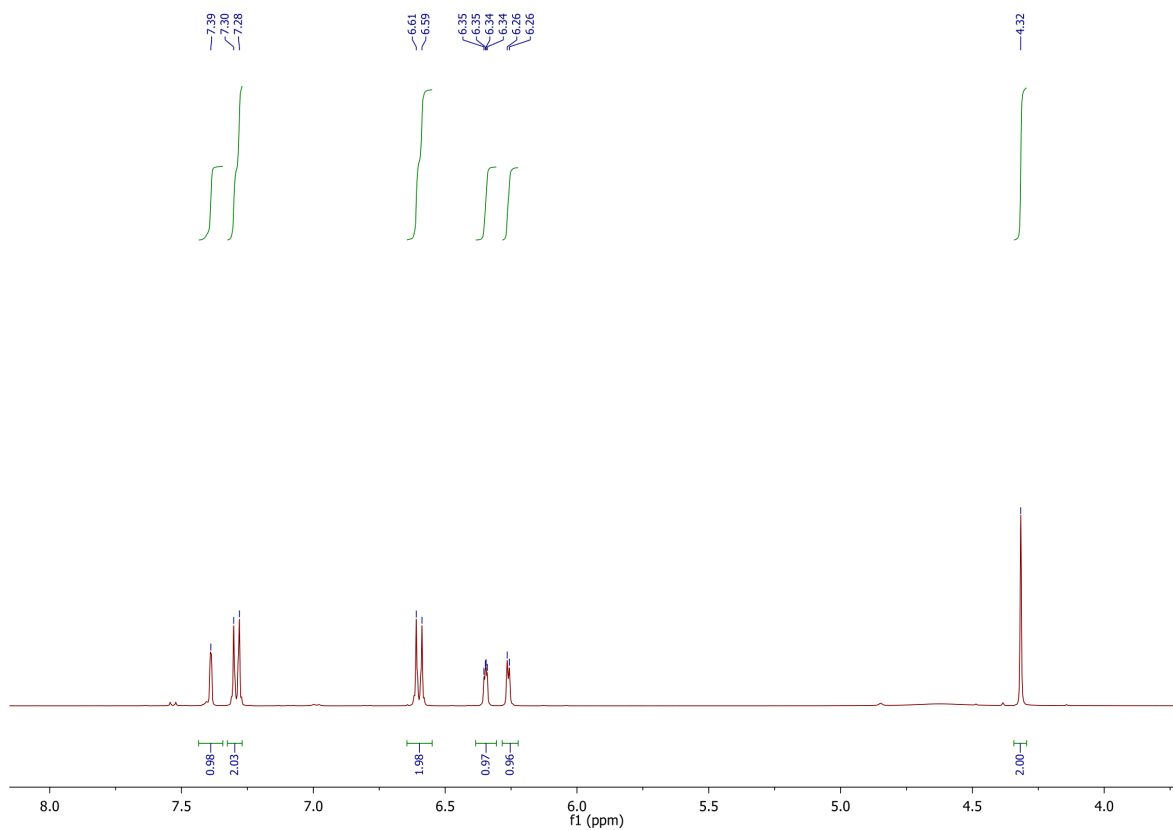


Figure S11. ^1H NMR spectrum of **2e** (400 MHz, CDCl_3)

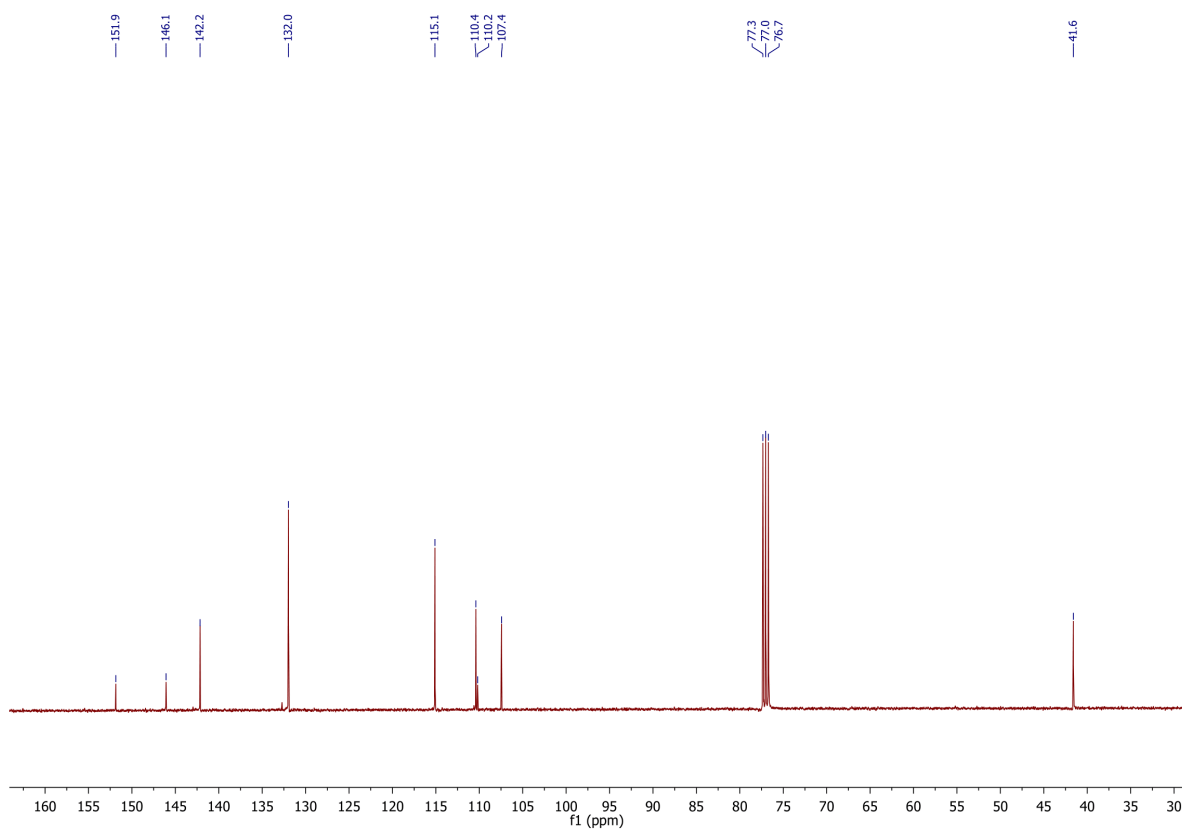


Figure S12. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 2e (100 MHz, CDCl₃)

2-fluoro-*N*-(furan-2-ylmethyl)aniline 2f

The product 2f was obtained as a yellow oil. 137 mg, 56 %. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 7.37 (s, 1 H), 7.02-6.95 (m, 2 H), 6.80 (t, 1 H, $J = 8.4$ Hz), 6.70-6.66 (m, 1 H), 6.32 (dd, 1 H, $J = 3.2$ Hz, $J = 2$ Hz), 6.26 (dd, 1 H, $J = 3.2$ Hz, $J = 0.8$ Hz), 4.37 (s, 2 H) ppm. $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (100 MHz) δ : 152.2, 152.0 (d, $J_{\text{CF}} = 240$ Hz), 142.3, 124.7 (d, $J_{\text{CF}} = 4$ Hz), 117.9 (d, $J_{\text{CF}} = 7$ Hz), 114.8, 113.1, 110.5, 107.5, 41.3 ppm.[67]

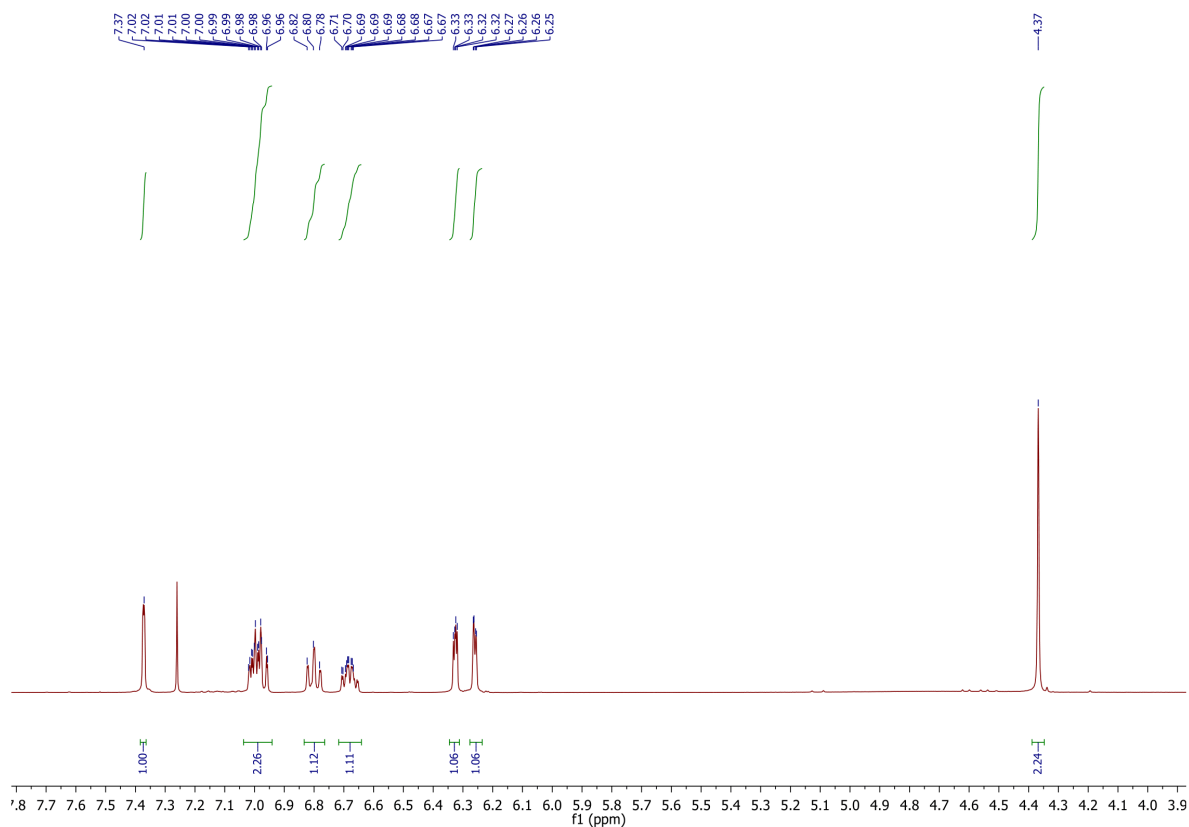


Figure S13. ^1H NMR spectrum of 2f (400 MHz, CDCl_3)

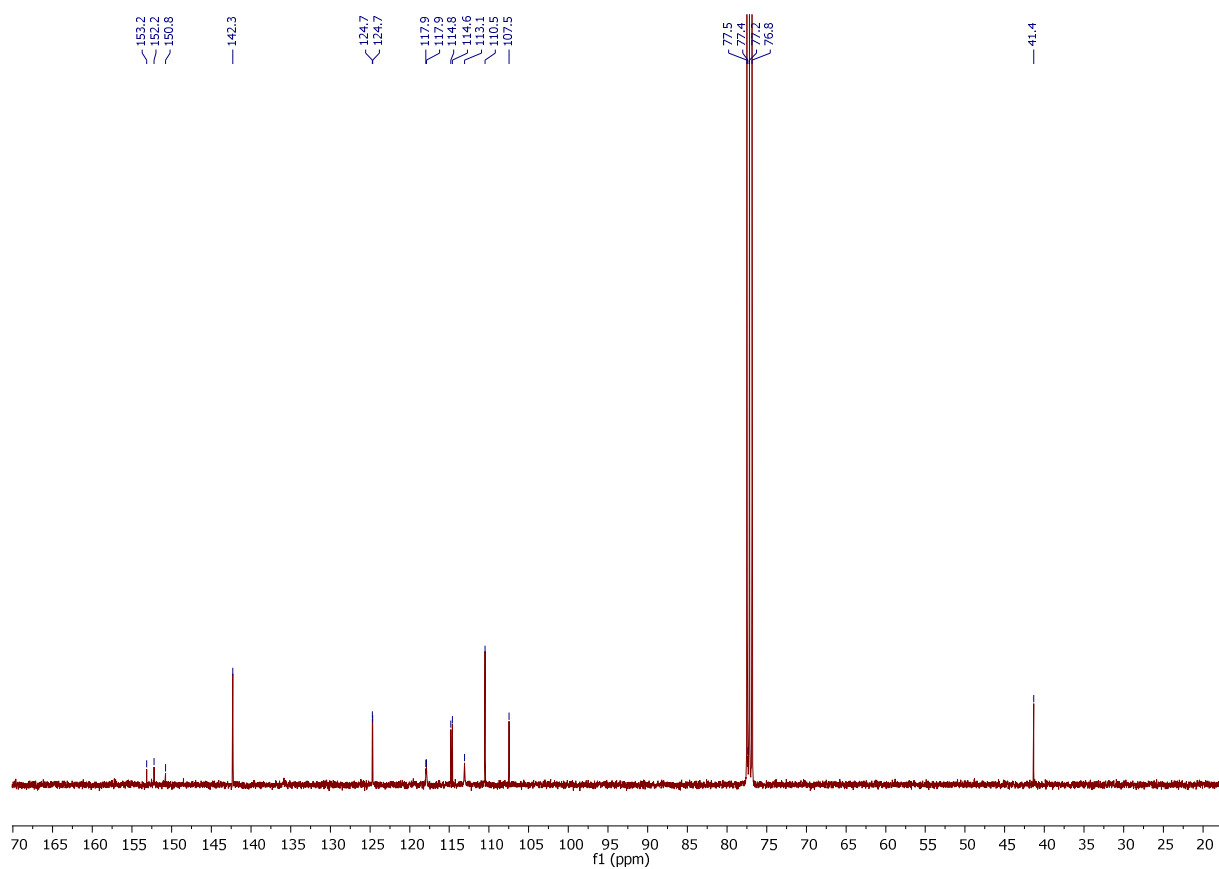


Figure S14. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 2f (100 MHz, CDCl₃)

N*-(furan-2-ylmethyl)-*N*-methylaniline **2g*

The product **2g** was obtained as a yellow oil. 214 mg, 89 %. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 7.36 (s, 1 H), 7.18 (t, 2 H, $J = 7.4$ Hz), 6.70 (t, 2 H, $J = 8$ Hz), 6.59 (d, 1 H, $J = 7.6$ Hz), 6.30 (dd, 1 H, $J = 3.2$ Hz, $J = 2$ Hz), 6.23 (d, 1 H, 3.2 Hz), 4.52 (s, 2 H), 2.78 (3 H) ppm. $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (100 MHz) δ : 154.2, 149.3, 142.5, 129.2, 117.4, 112.6, 110.4, 107.7, 57.3, 30.8 ppm.[1]

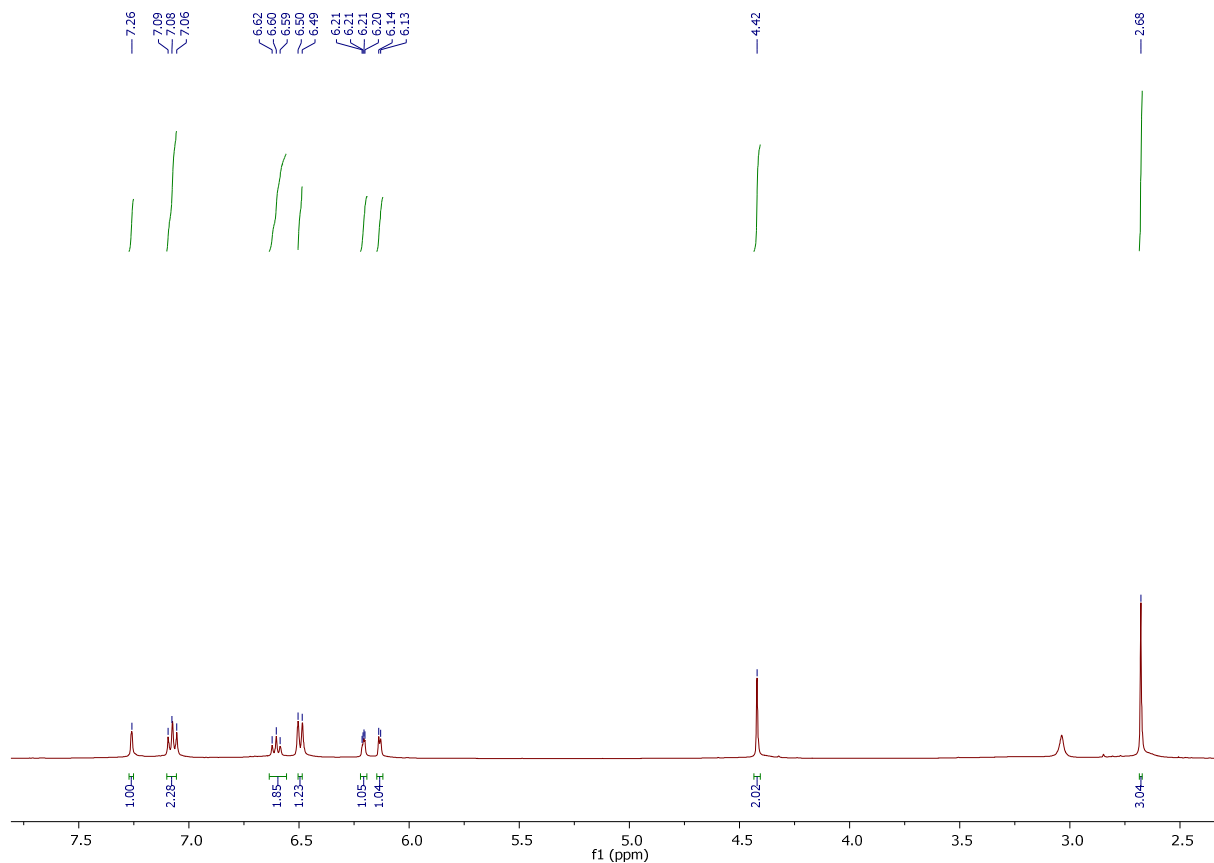


Figure S15. ^1H NMR spectrum of **2g** (400 MHz, CDCl_3)

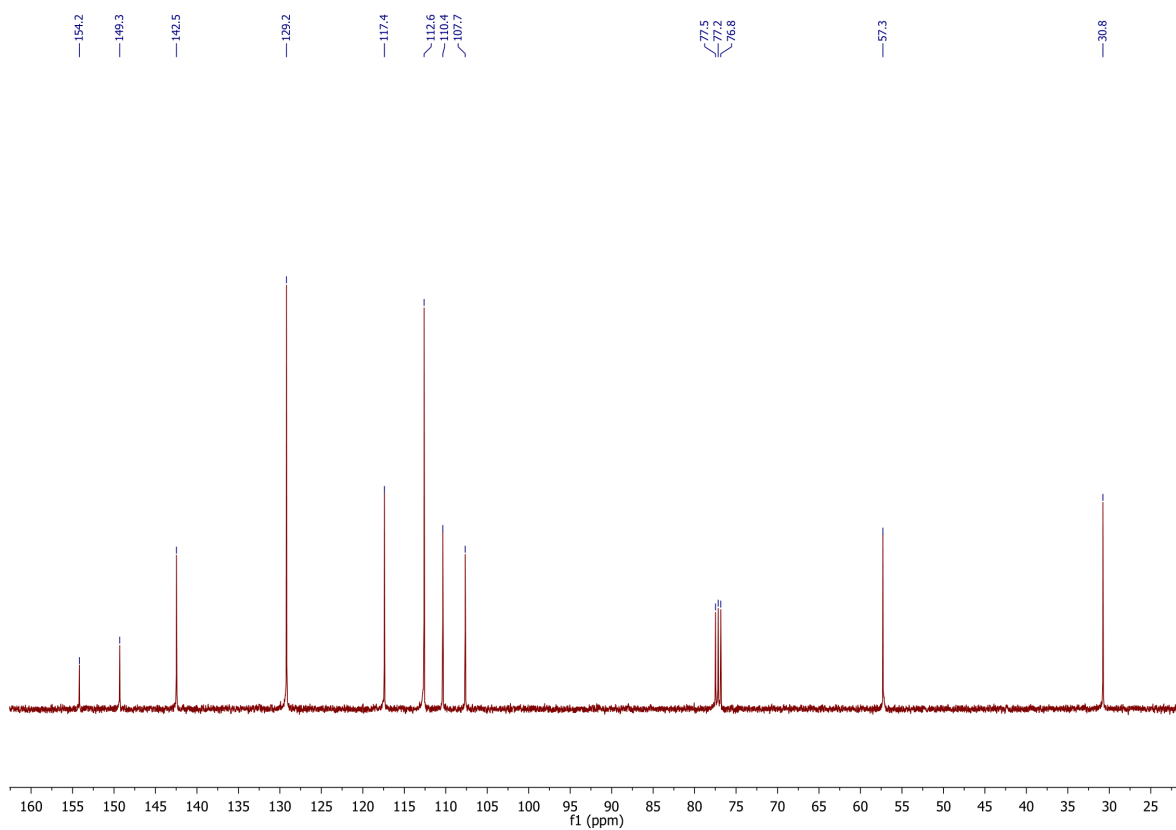


Figure S16. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 2g (100 MHz, CDCl₃)

4-fluoro-*N*-(furan-2-ylmethyl)aniline **2h**

The product **2h** was obtained as a white powder. 182 mg, 74 %. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD) δ 7.65 (d, 1 H, $J = 1.2$ Hz), 7.41-7.37 (m, 2 H), 7.29 (t, 2 H, $J = 8.4$ Hz), 6.52 (d, 1 H, $J = 3.2$ Hz), 6.48 (dd, 1 H, $J = 3.6$ Hz, $J = 2$ Hz), 4.68 (s, 3 H) ppm. $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (100 MHz) δ : 156.2 (d, $J_{\text{CF}} = 260$ Hz), 152.6, 143.9 (d, $J_{\text{CF}} = 1$ Hz), 142.0, 115.7 (d, $J_{\text{CF}} = 23$ Hz), 114.2 (d, $J_{\text{CF}} = 7$ Hz), 110.4, 107.2, 42.1 ppm.[1]

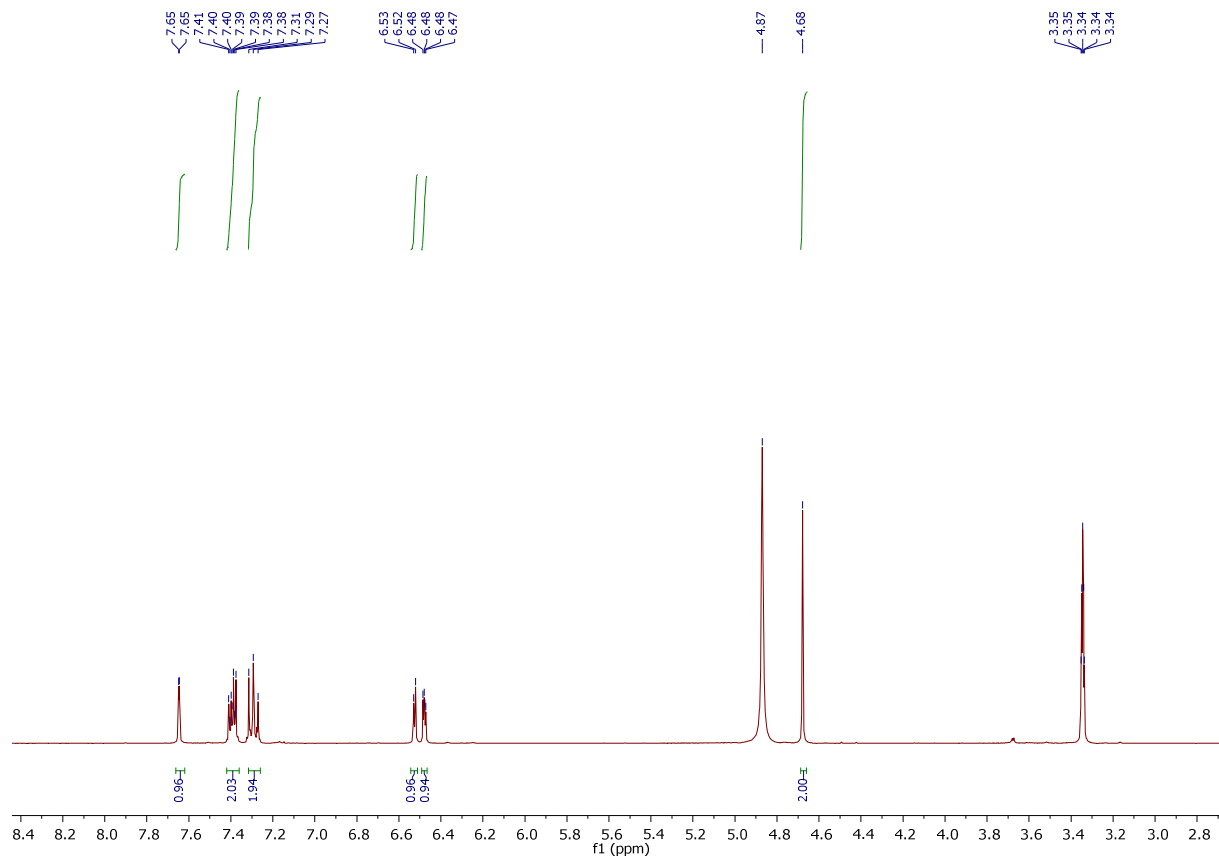


Figure S17. ^1H NMR spectrum of **2h** (400 MHz, CD_3OD)

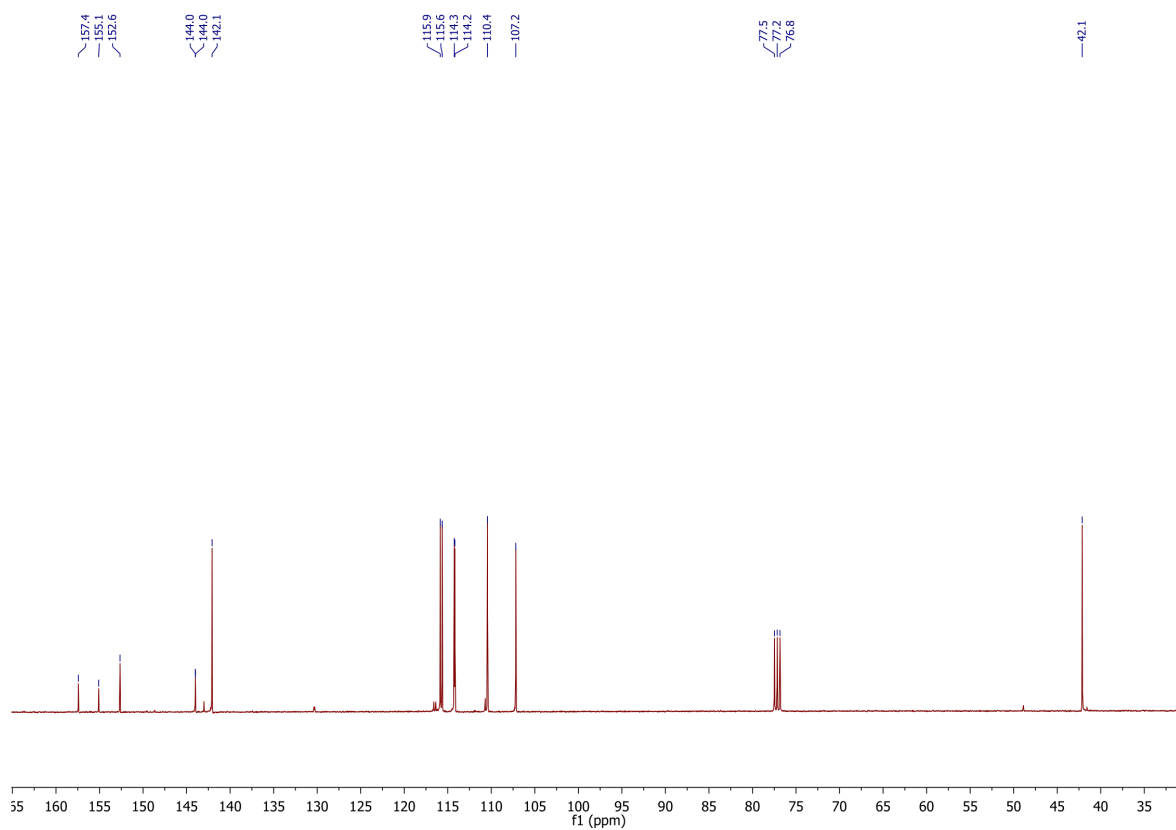


Figure S18. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 2h (100 MHz, CDCl₃)

N*-(furan-2-ylmethyl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)aniline **2i*

The product **2i** was obtained as a yellow oil. 239 mg, 77 %. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 7.44 (d, 2 H, $J = 8.4$ Hz), 7.40 (s, 1 H), 6.70 (d, 2 H, $J = 8.4$ Hz), 6.35 (dd, 1 H, $J = 3.2$ Hz, $J = 2$ Hz), 6.27 (d, 1 H, $J = 3.2$ Hz) ppm. $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (100 MHz) δ : 151.7, 149.8, 142.4, 126.7 (q, $J_{\text{CF}} = 3$ Hz), 124.0 (q, $J_{\text{CF}} = 270$ Hz), (119.8 (q, $J_{\text{CF}} = 32$ Hz), 112.6, 110.5, 107.6, 41.1 ppm.[68]

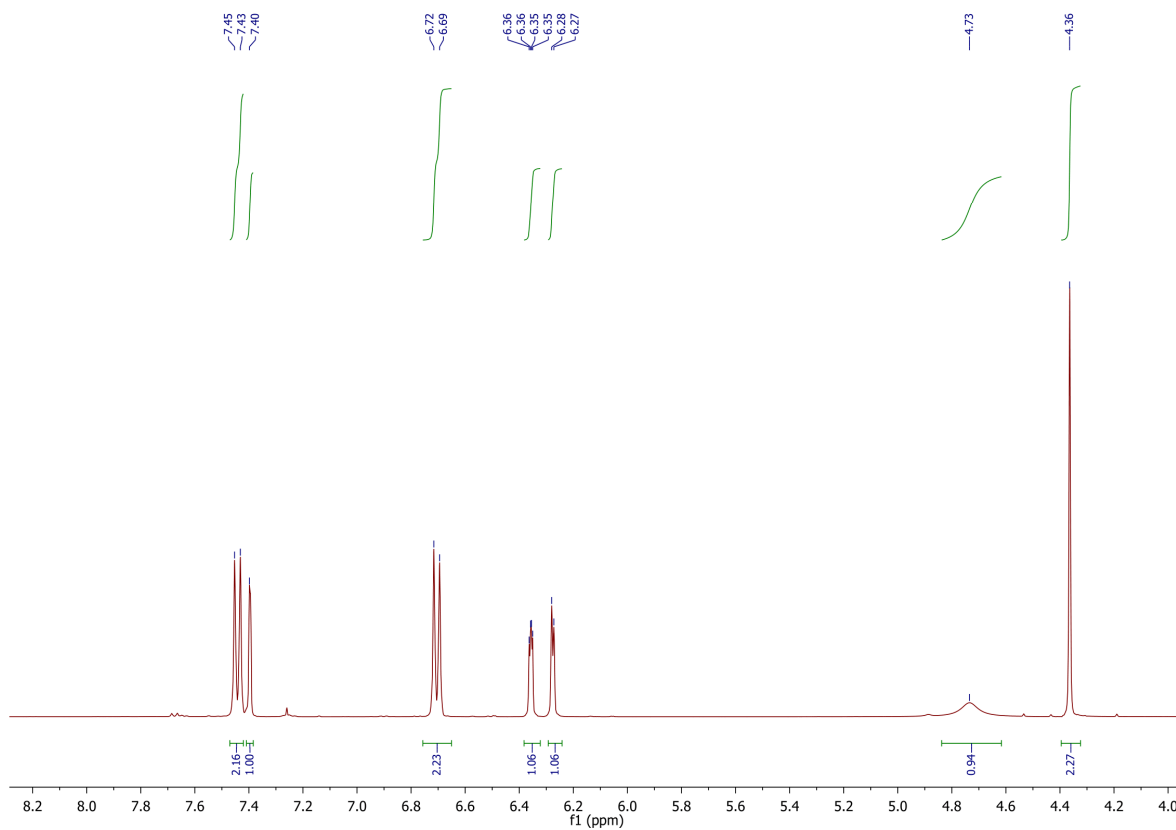


Figure S19. ^1H NMR spectrum of **2i** (400 MHz, CDCl_3)

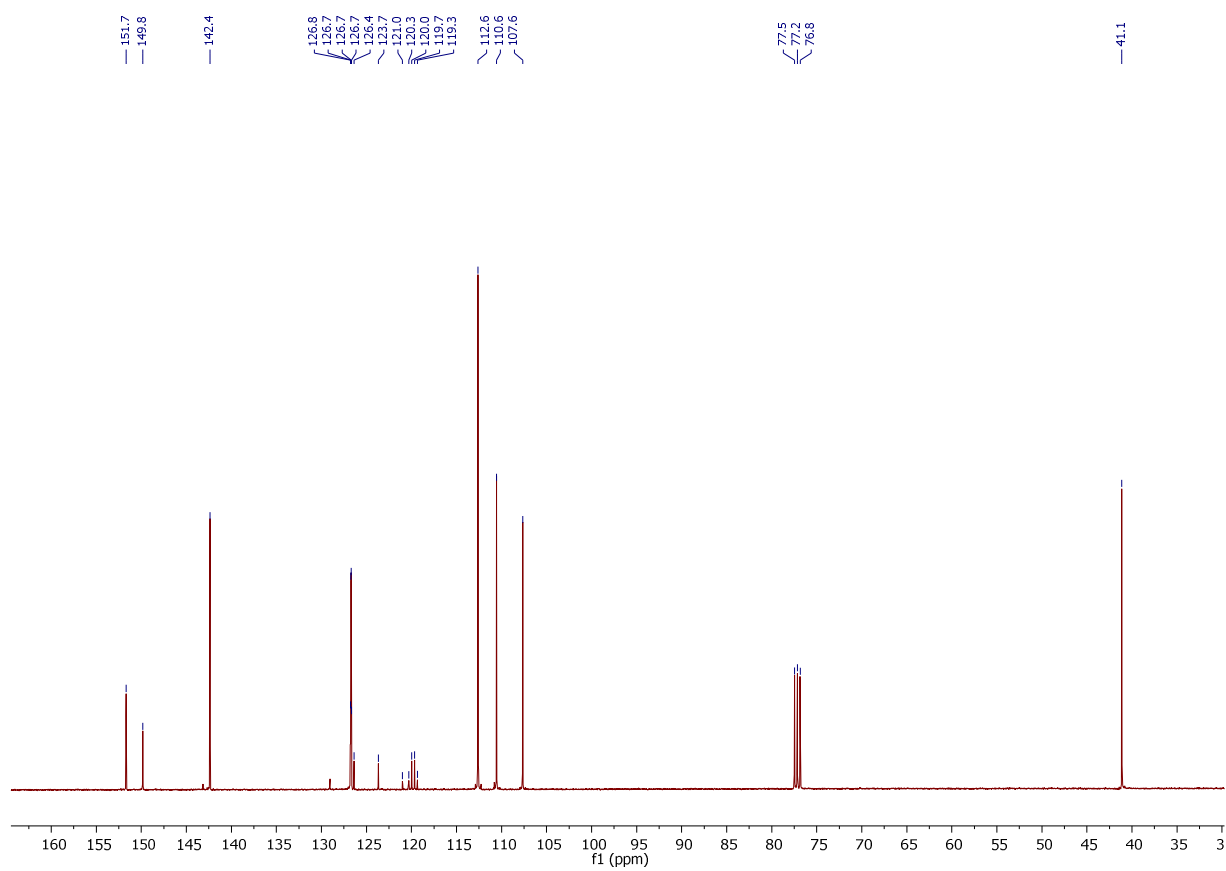


Figure S20. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 2i (100 MHz, CDCl₃)

***N*-(furan-2-ylmethyl)pyridin-4-amine 2j**

The product **2i** was obtained as a yellow oil. 212 mg, 95 %. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 8.13 (d, 2 H, J = 6.4 Hz), 7.37 (d, 1 H, J = 0.8 Hz), 6.49 (d, 2 H, J = 6 Hz), 6.31 (dd, 1 H, J = 5.2 Hz, J = 1.6 Hz), 6.25 (d, 1 H, J = 2.4 Hz), 4.60 (s, 2 H), 4.29 (s, 1 H) ppm. $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (100 MHz) δ : 151.7, 150.8, 147.8, 129.3, 181.1, 113.3, 108.0, 106.3, 41.7, 13.7 ppm.[69]

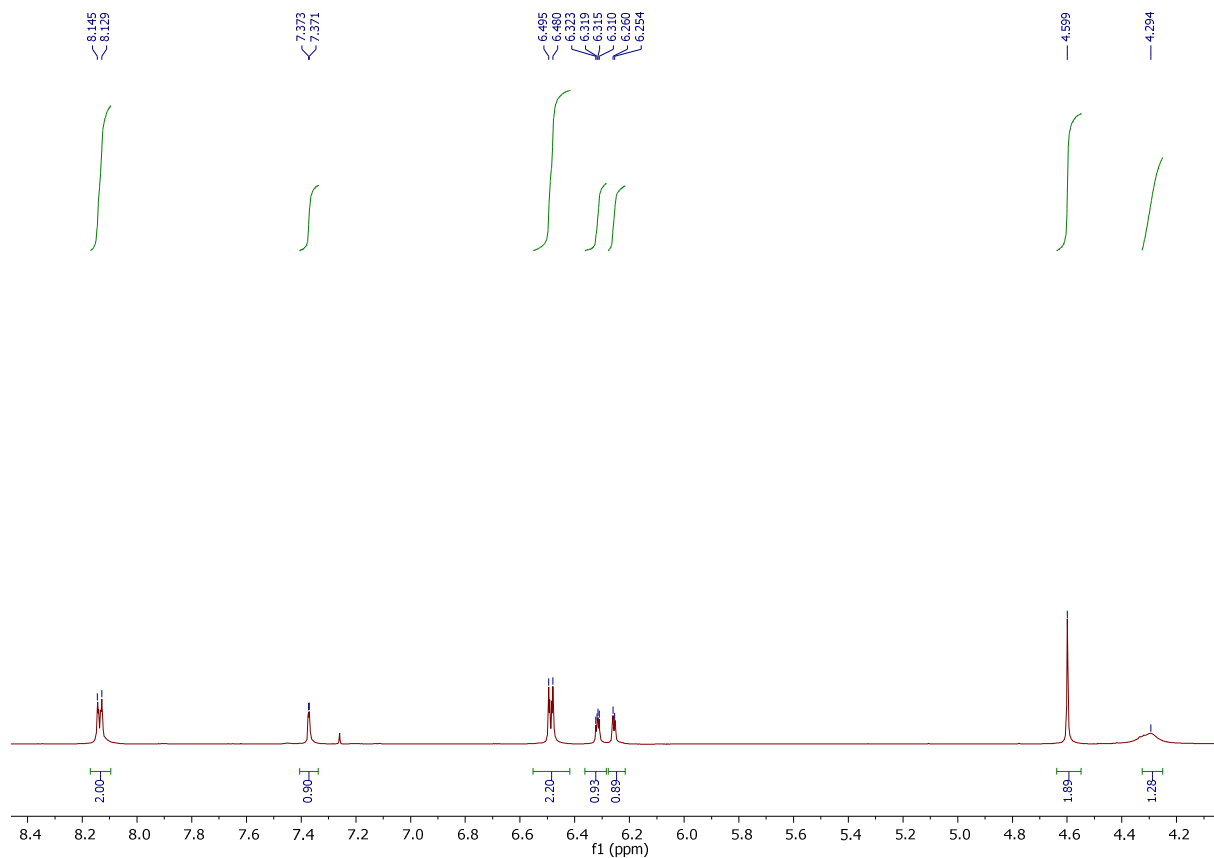


Figure S21. ^1H NMR spectrum of **2j** (400 MHz, CDCl_3)

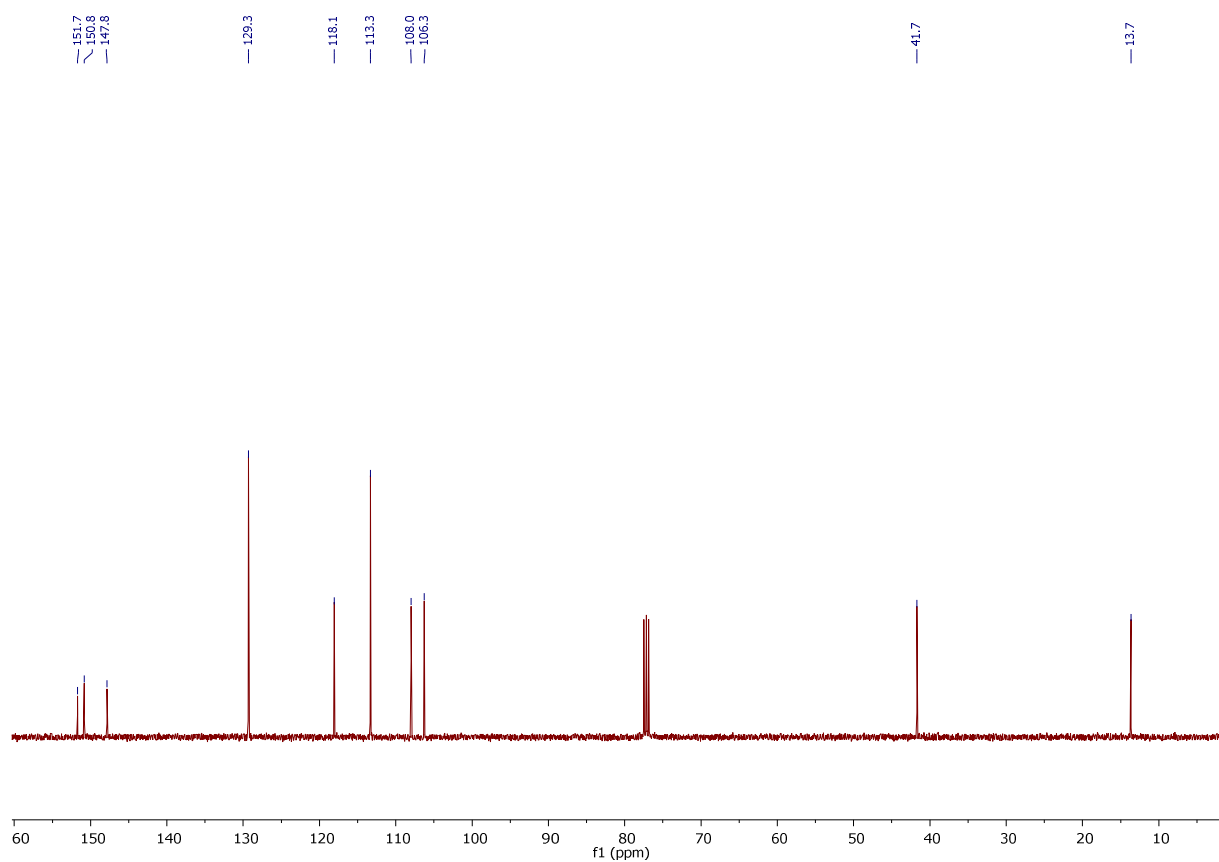


Figure S22. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 2j (100 MHz, CDCl₃)

(5-((phenylamino)methyl)furan-2-yl)methanol 4

The product **4** was obtained as a yellow oil. 230 mg, 87 %. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 7.19 (t, 2 H, $J = 7.2$ Hz), 6.75 (t, 1 H, $J = 7.2$ Hz), 6.67 (d, 2 H, $J = 8$ Hz), 6.21-6.17 (m, 2 H), 4.55 (s, 2 H), 4.29 (s, 2 H) ppm. $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (100 MHz) δ : 153.6, 153.0, 147.6, 129.2, 118.2, 113.4, 108.7, 107.9, 57.5, 41.6 ppm.[70]

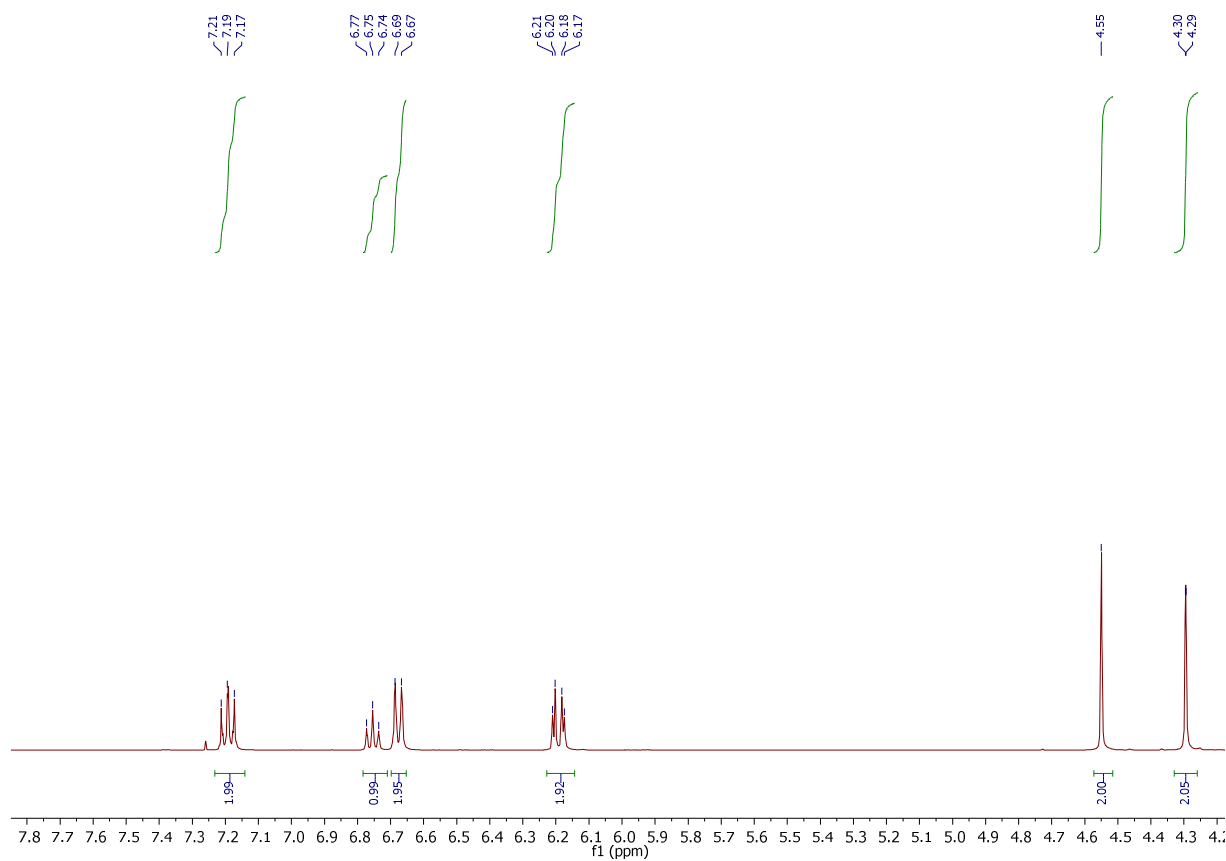


Figure S23. ^1H NMR spectrum of **4** (400 MHz, CDCl_3)

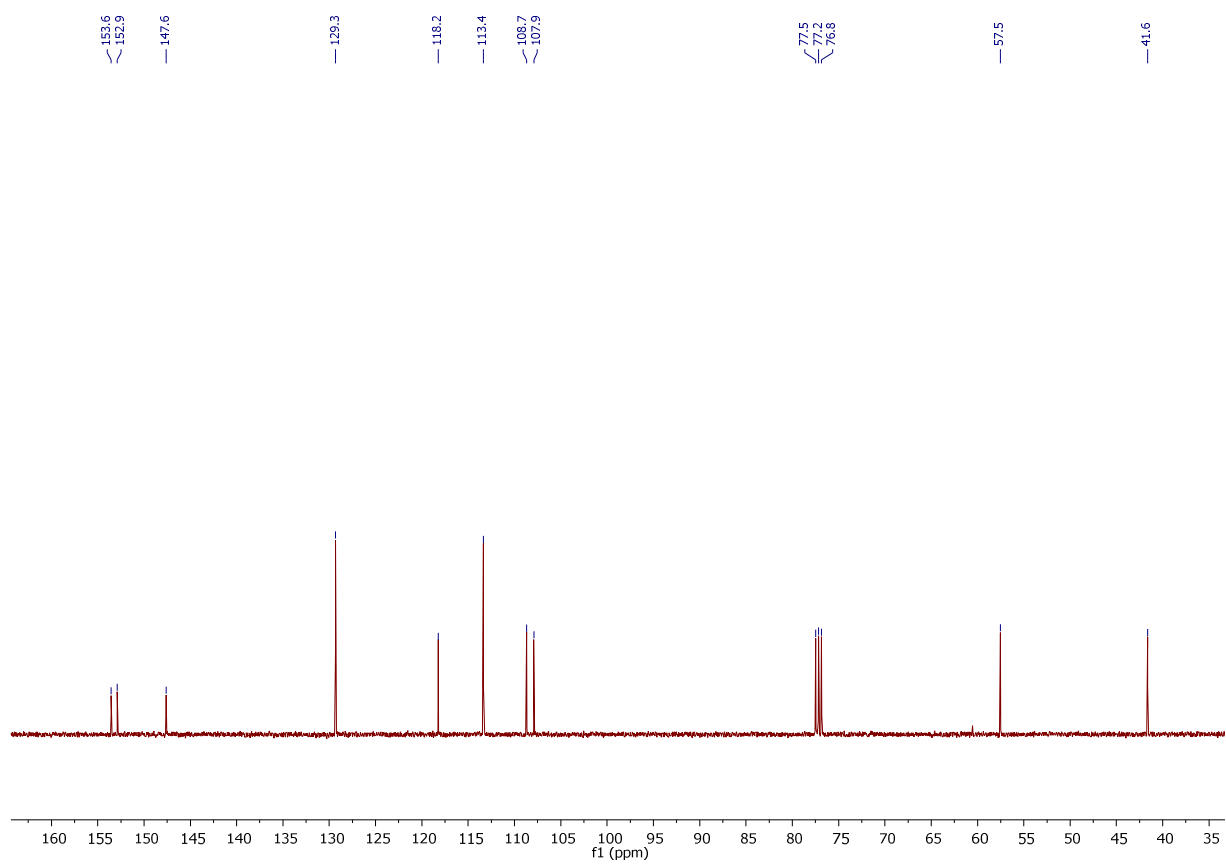


Figure S24. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 4 (100 MHz, CDCl₃)

N*-((5-methylfuran-2-yl)methyl)aniline **5*

The product **5** was obtained as a colorless oil. 230 mg, 54 %. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ : 7.21 (t, 2 H, $J = 8$ Hz), 6.76 (t, 1 H, $J = 7.2$ Hz), 6.70 (2 H, $J = 8.8$ Hz), 6.13 (d, 1 H, 2.8 Hz), 5.92 (d, 1 H, $J = 2.4$ Hz), 4.27 (s, 2 H), 4.06 (s, 1 H), 2.30 (s, 3 H) ppm. $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (100 MHz) δ : 154.8, 153.2, 149.9, 149.8, 142.3, 110.4, 109.7, 107.4, 57.1, 57.0 ppm.[62]

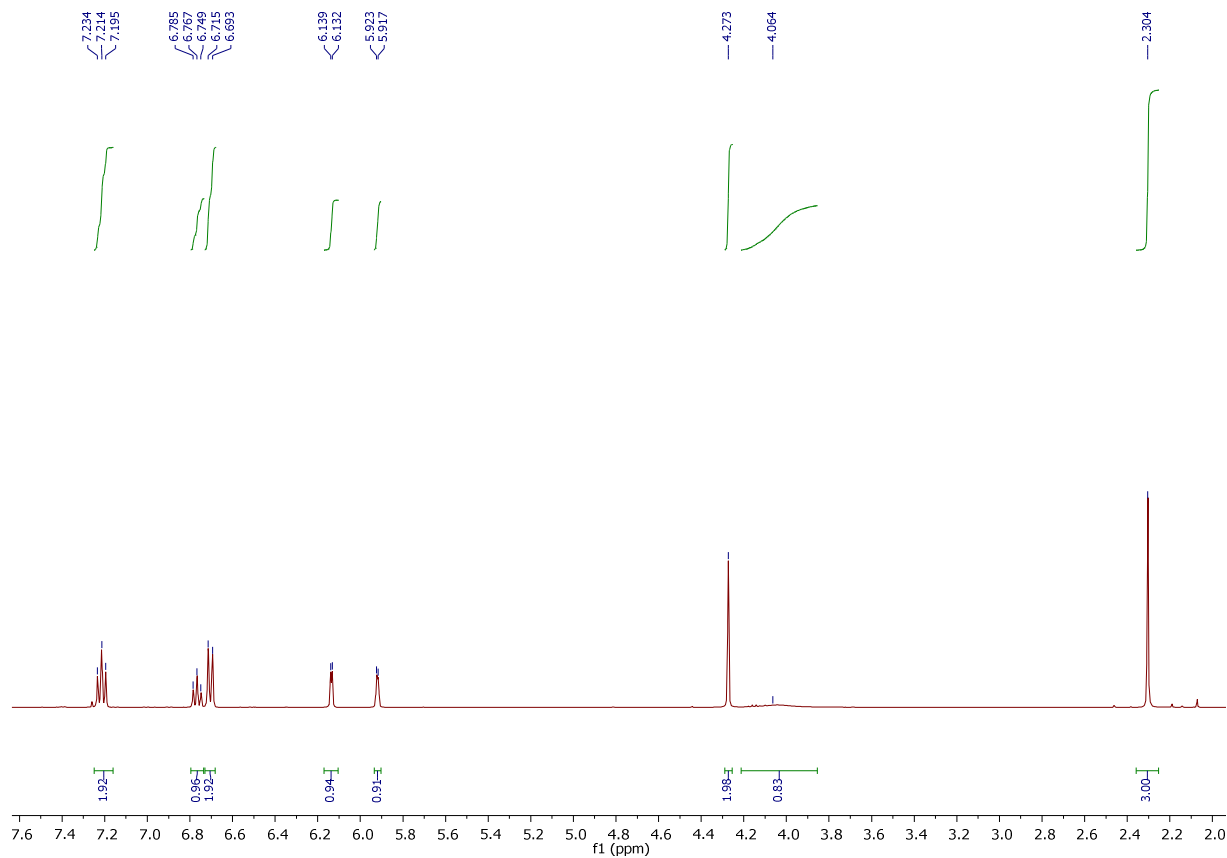


Figure S25. ^1H NMR spectrum of **5** (400 MHz, CDCl_3)

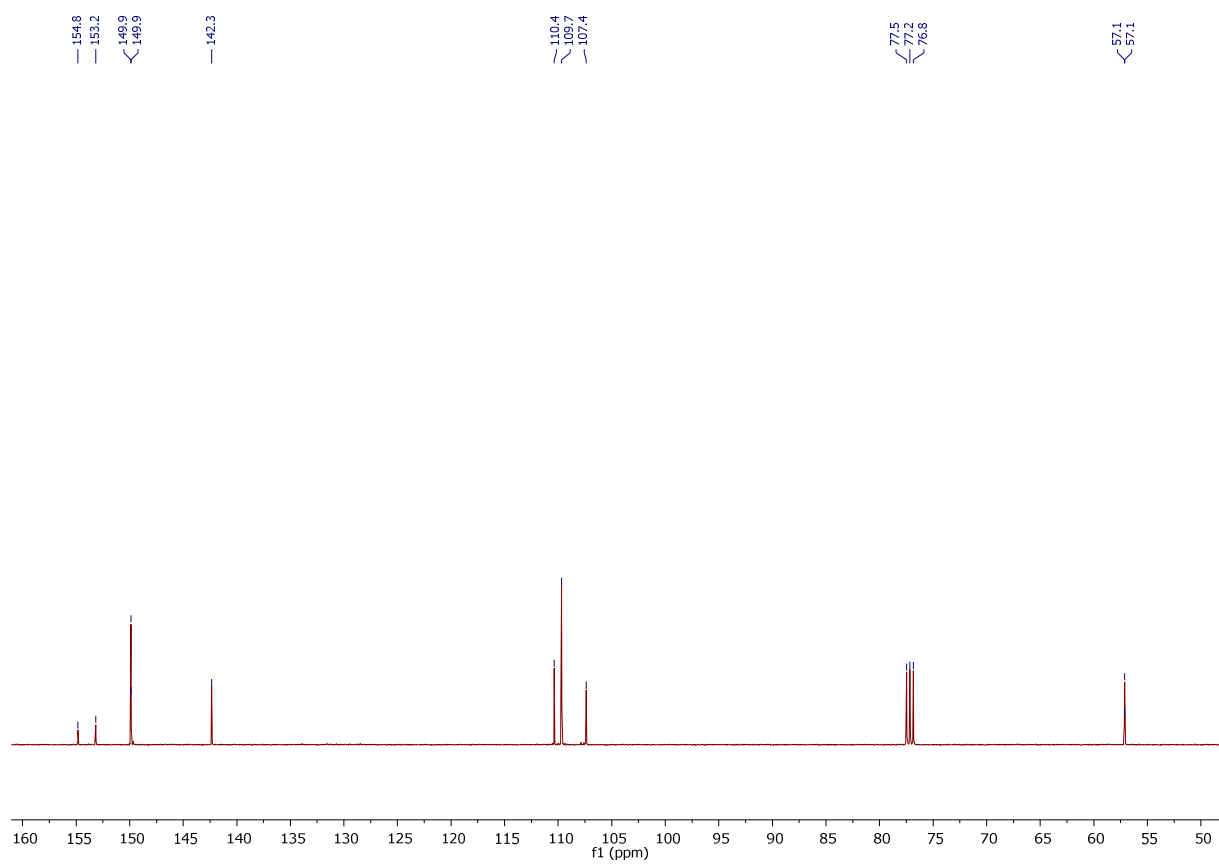


Figure S26. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 5 (100 MHz, CDCl₃)