

Table S1 Receiver operating characteristic (ROC) curve

	Area under the ROC curve				
	Area	0,6604			
	Std. Error	0,04118			
	95% confidence interval	0.5797 to 0.7412			
	P value	0,0002014			
	Control	82			
	Patient	100			
sBG (pg/mL)	Sensitivity	95% CI	Specificity	95% CI	Likelihood ratio
< 1024	0.59	0.4920 to 0.6813	0.6341	0.5261 to 0.7302	1.613
< 1036	0.6	0.5020 to 0.6906	0.6341	0.5261 to 0.7302	1.64
< 1052	0.61	0.5120 to 0.6998	0.6341	0.5261 to 0.7302	1.667
< 1113	0.62	0.5221 to 0.7090	0.6341	0.5261 to 0.7302	1.695
< 1168	0.62	0.5221 to 0.7090	0.622	0.5138 to 0.7192	1.64

1. Modulation of BG shedding and functions of BG
 - 1.1. Effects of TGF- β 1/- β 2 on BG shedding (Fig.1) are mediated via
 - 1.1.1. TGF- β receptor type I (ALK5, Fig.2) and transduced via
 - 1.1.2. SMAD3 but not SMAD2 (Fig. 3)
 - 1.2. Effects of recombinant BG on TGF- β 1/- β 2 (Fig.4)
 - 1.3. Involvement of MMPs in BG shedding (Fig.5) blocked only by TIMP3
Fig.5D)
 - 1.4. Effects of TGF- β 1/- β 2 on secretion of MMP2 and MMP3 (Fig. 6)
 - 1.5. Effects of recombinant BG and TGF- β 1/- β 2 on wound healing (Fig. 7)
2. Evaluation of BG as a biomarker for endometriosis (Fig. 8, Tables 3,4, and S2)

Figure S1: Scheme of the experimental setup