

Table S1: Thermodynamic parameters values for ΔG^0 , ΔV^0 and $P_{1/2}$ (half-denaturation pressure: $P_{1/2} = \Delta G^0/\Delta V^0$) obtained for Δ +PHS SNase from the fit of residue-specific denaturation curves with equation [1] and for the different NMR probes (CH_3 , $\text{C}\alpha$ and NH groups).

Res.	$\Delta G_0(\text{CH}_3)$ cal/mol	$\Delta V(\text{CH}_3)$ ml/mol	$P_{1/2}(\text{CH}_3)$ bar	$\Delta G_0(\text{C}\alpha)$ cal/mol	$\Delta V(\text{C}\alpha)$ ml/mol	$P_{1/2}(\text{C}\alpha)$ bar	$\Delta G_0(\text{NH})$ cal/mol	$\Delta V(\text{NH})$ ml/mol	$P_{1/2}(\text{NH})$ bar
4									
5									
8									
7	2365	15	89	0.6	1115	14			
8									
9									
10					2649	168	101	6	1100
11									139
12									2182
13	2165	16	76	0.5	1198	17	3133	125	1051
14	1687	22	92	0.9	770	17		5	85
15	2875	73	116	2.7	1041	50			2503
16									46
17	1772	42	65	1.4	1149	52	1505	105	98
18	2457	47	98	1.8	1045	39			2
19									1070
20									38
21					2191	393	88	15	1096
22									77
23	2090	19	81	0.7	1073	19	2785	233	1041
24							1999	165	365
25							1987	178	2139
26	1847	9	66	0.3	1166	12	2368	230	1089
27							1962	76	180
28							2696	160	2472
29							1838	78	51
30							2081	55	99
31									76
32	2664	11	89	0.4	1246	10			2
33	2503	66	94	2.4	1115	58			1062
34							2621	114	46
35							2389	128	644
36	1844	24	72	0.8	1073	26	104	5	31
37	1680	46	66	1.5	1065	54	946	133	1047
38	2519	52	87	1.8	1205	49	62	5	73
39							3991	148	92
40							1214	99	1100
41	3378	105	144	4.2	980	59	2498	198	51
42							99	8	51

93							2769	155	103	6	1125	126	2076	80	82	3	1056	77
94							2304	174	88	6	1094	162	2307	60	90	2	1076	54
95							981	21	64	1	638	22	2415	58	95	2	1062	50
96							569	279	38	8	629	440	2333	62	91	2	1075	54
97																		
98	2703	35	103	1.3	1097	28												
99	4355	47	163	1.8	1118	24	2744	128	83	4	1384	135	2248	122	90	4	1046	107
100							3718	59	132	2	1177	38	2247	50	90	2	1043	43
101							2716	188	103	8	1108	158	2219	57	89	2	1043	51
102	2540	37	98	1.3	1087	30												
103	1576	21	52	0.6	1273	33	3029	218	123	9	1029	148	2975	98	126	4	987	62
104	2827	52	118	2.0	1004	36												
105																		
106																		
107																		
108	1398	45	60	1.6	979	57												
109																		
110							2732	93	105	4	1091	75	2104	41	85	2	1035	38
111	4525	72	175	2.7	1082	34	2094	66	87	3	1002	62	2165	49	90	2	1004	43
112																		
113																		
114																		
115																		
116							1838	148	62	5	1236	204	2331	98	93	4	1049	85
117																		
118																		
119																		
120	2010	38	79	1.4	1058	38	2948	140	107	5	1149	110	2398	40	94	1	1067	34
121																		
122																		
123							3083	73	105	3	1230	60	2584	68	109	3	988	50
124							2373	50	104	2	955	39	2426	54	96	2	1062	45
125	3865	41	135	1.5	1200	26												
126							1376	59	76	3	762	58	2096	35	82	1	1066	35
127							2112	95	87	4	1019	90	2327	32	91	1	1066	28
128	2630	64	100	2.4	1103	54	3649	208	112	6	1366	156	2286	35	90	1	1068	32
129																		
130	2265	34	86	1.2	1106	32	3220	62	105	2	1279	50	2380	39	94	1	1059	33
131																		
132	3223	59	107	2.0	1264	46												
133							2407	128	93	5	1086	115	2410	41	93	1	1083	35
134																		
135							235	297	29	6	344	506	2310	42	91	1	1064	37
136							2378	196	100	8	997	163	2199	35	89	1	1037	32
137																		
138																		
139	2198	68	89	2.5	1037	61	3716	331	123	12	1266	232	2484	55	98	2	1059	45

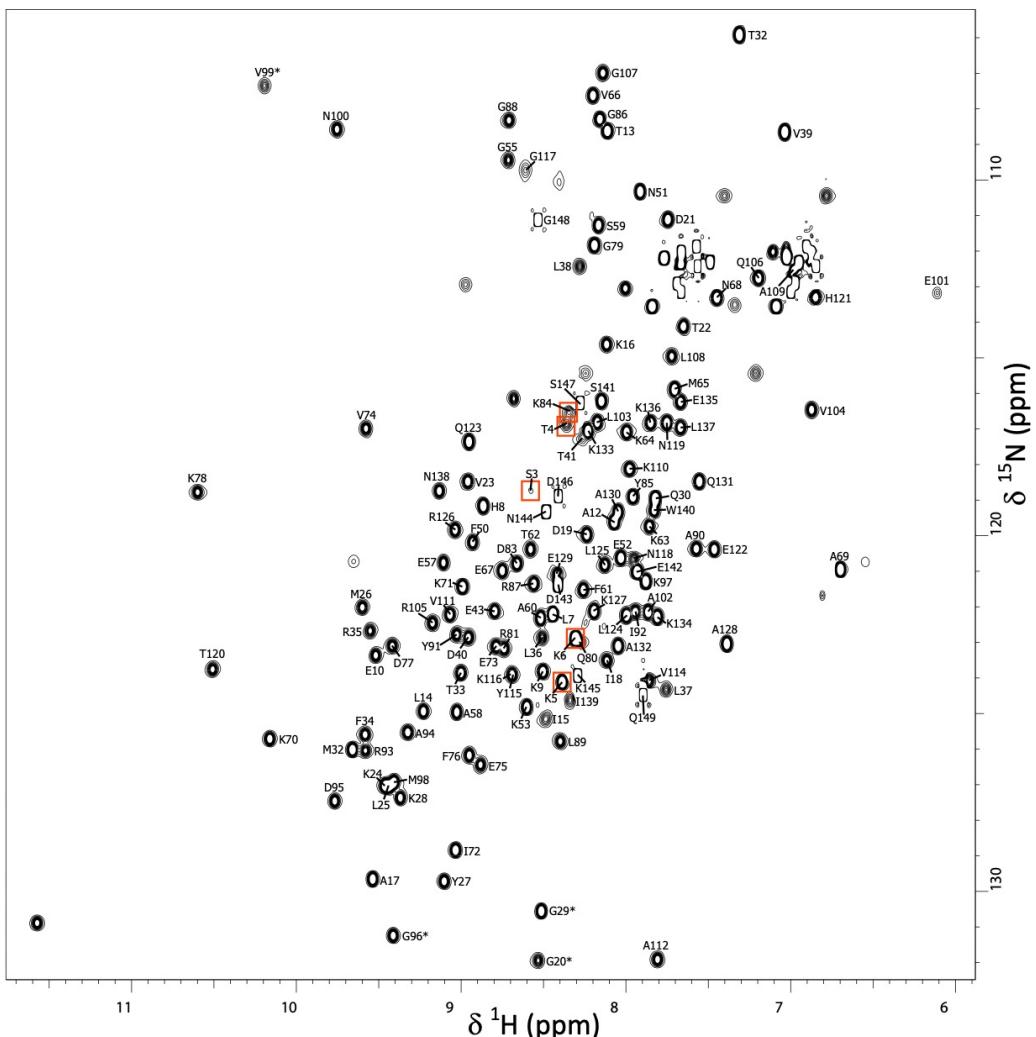


Figure S1: Assignment of Δ +PHS SNase amide groups. $[^1\text{H}-^{15}\text{N}]$ HSQC spectrum of Δ +PHS SNase at 700 MHz, 20 °C on a 1 mM, ^{15}N , ^{13}C uniformly labeled sample dissolved in a 10 mM Tris-HCl pH 7.5 (10% D₂O for the lock). Amide cross-peaks assignment is indicated using the one-letter amino acid and sequence number code.

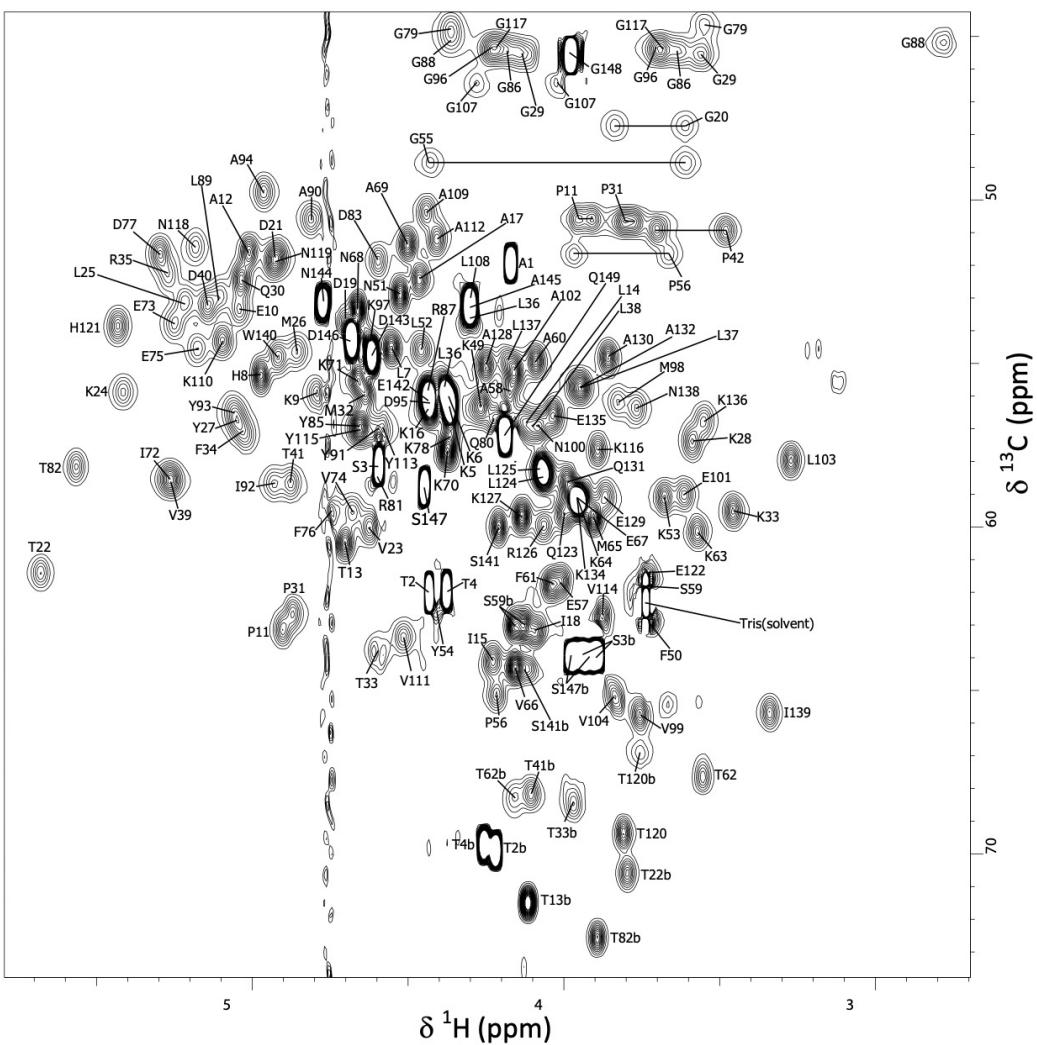


Figure S2: Assignment of Δ+PHS SNase CαH α groups. [^1H - ^{13}C] HSQC spectrum (zoom on the C α H α cross-peaks region) of Δ+PHS SNase at 700 MHz, 20 °C on a 1 mM, ^{15}N , ^{13}C uniformly labeled sample dissolved in a 10 mM Tris-HCl deuterated buffer at pH 7.5. C α H α cross-peaks assignment is indicated using the one-letter amino acid and sequence number code.

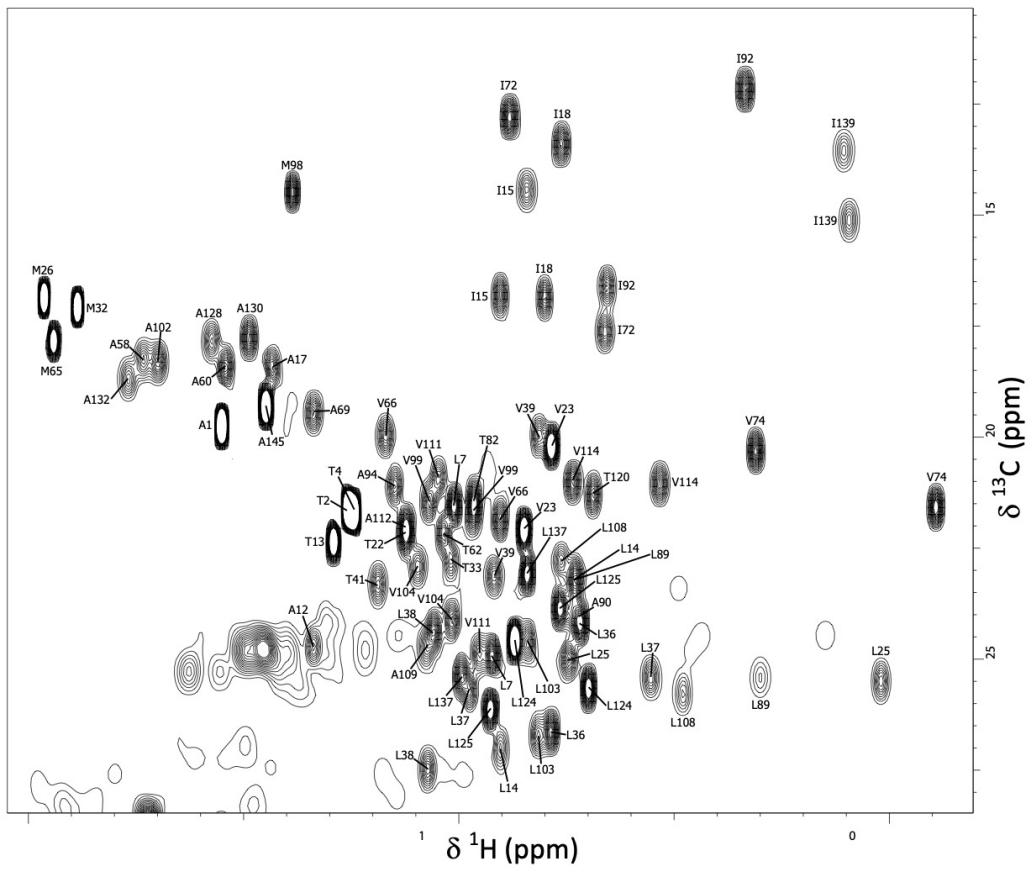


Figure S3: Assignment of Δ+PHS SNase CH₃ groups. [¹H-¹³C] HSQC spectrum (zoom on the CH₃ cross-peaks region) of Δ+PHS SNase (same experiment as in Figure S2). CH₃ cross-peaks assignment is indicated using the one-letter amino acid and sequence number code.

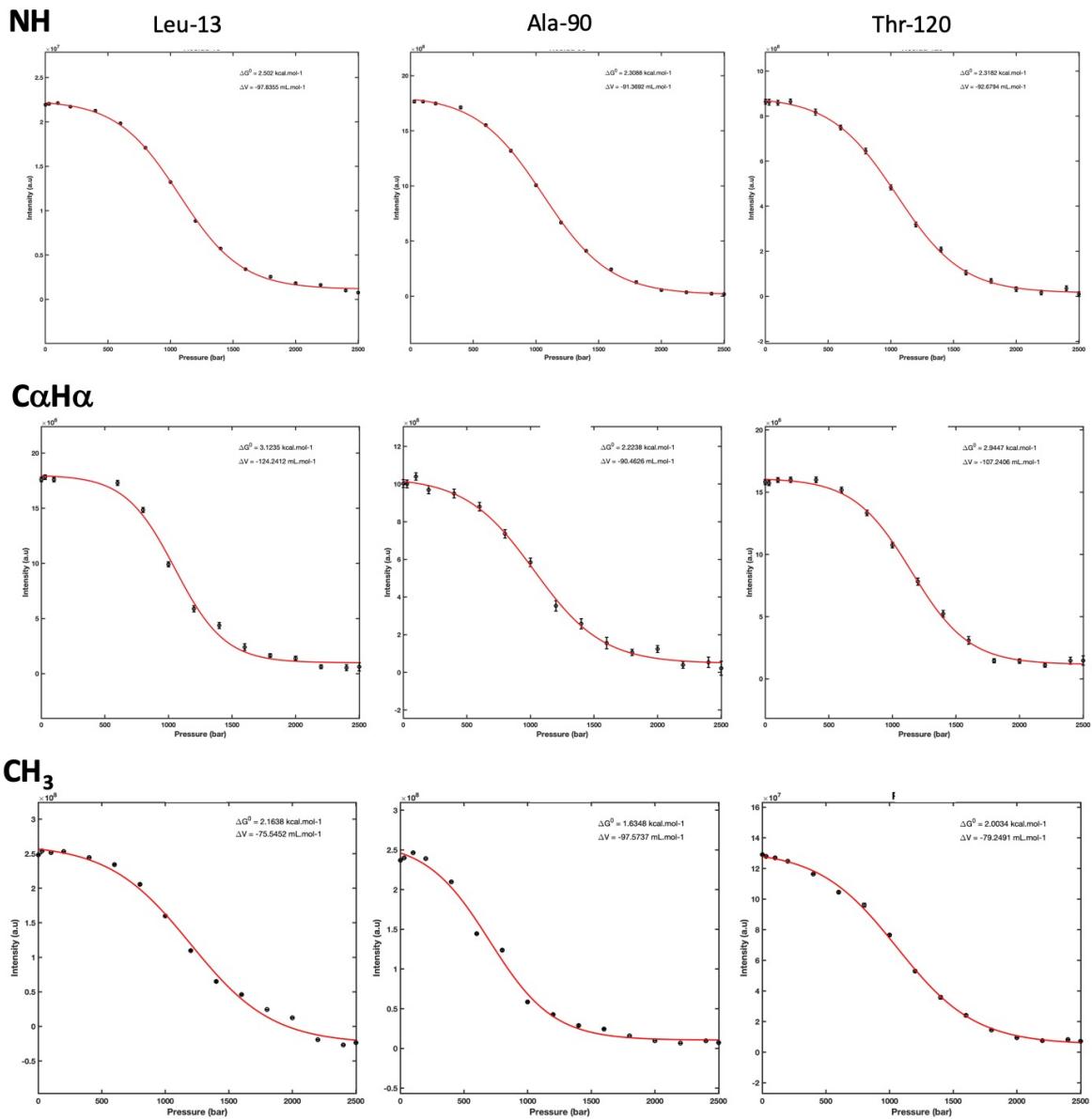


Figure S4: Representative examples of experimental fits obtained for the decrease in intensity with pressure of NH, CaH α , and CH₃ cross-peaks (from top to bottom) for the corresponding residues (L13, A90 and T120, as indicated on top of the graph) with Eq. [1] (Materials and Methods) implemented on an in-house MATLAB software. The complete collection of fits is available upon request to the corresponding authors.

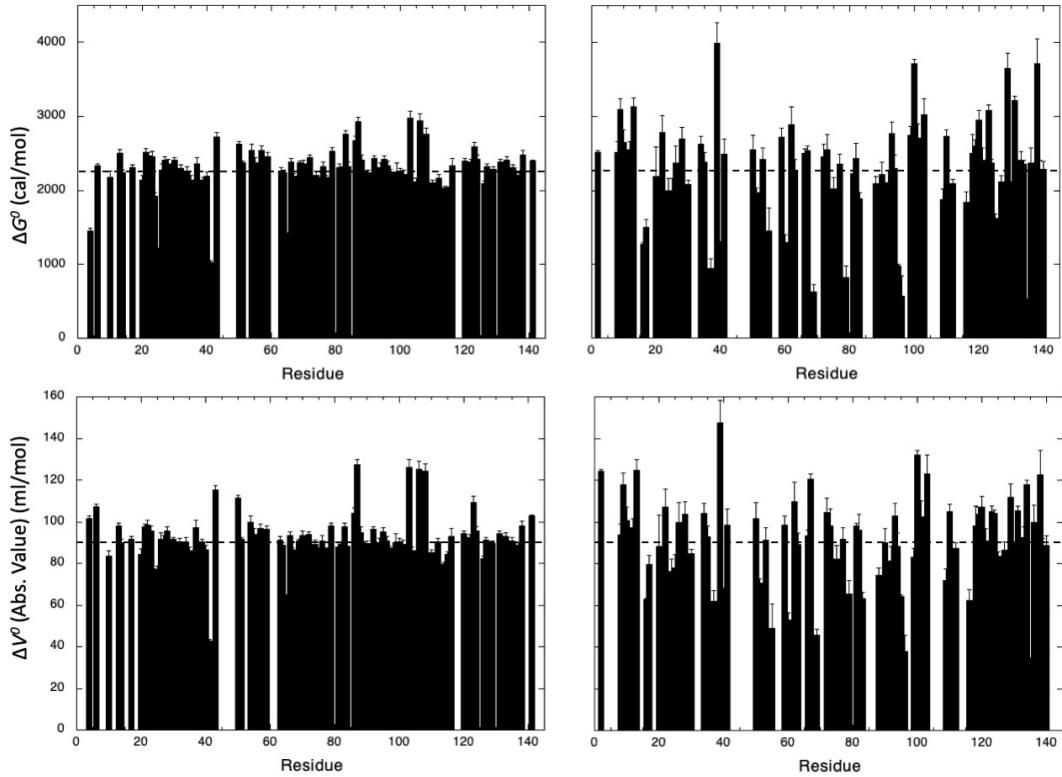


Figure S5. Thermodynamic parameters measured for the unfolding reaction of Δ +PHS SNase. ΔG^0 (upper panels) and ΔV^0 (absolute value, lower panels) obtained from the fit with Equation (1) of the pressure-dependent sigmoidal decrease of the residue cross-peak intensities of NH amide groups (left) and CaH α groups (right). The dashed lines represent the mean values of the measured thermodynamic parameters. Contrary to Figure 4, the values reported here concern all NH and CaH α groups for which accurate residue-specific denaturation curves has been obtained.

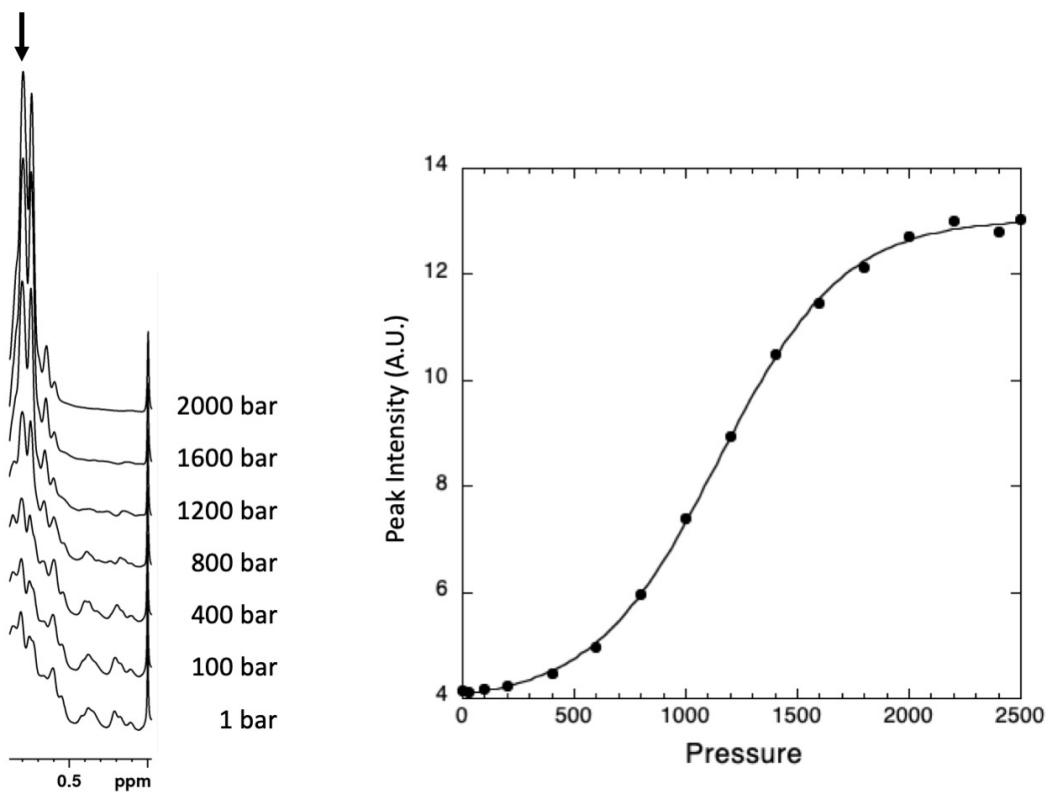


Figure S6. Monitoring the unfolding reaction of Δ +PHS SNase with 1D HP-NMR spectroscopy. Left: zoom on the methyl resonance region of the proton NMR spectra of Δ +PHS SNase recorded at increasing pressure. The arrow indicates the resonance (0.8 ppm) used to follow the unfolding reaction: it corresponds to the resonance of unfolded CH₃ that increases with pressure. Right: denaturation curve obtained from the fit of the evolution with pressure of the denatured methyl resonance of with a two states equilibrium equation (Equ.[1]).

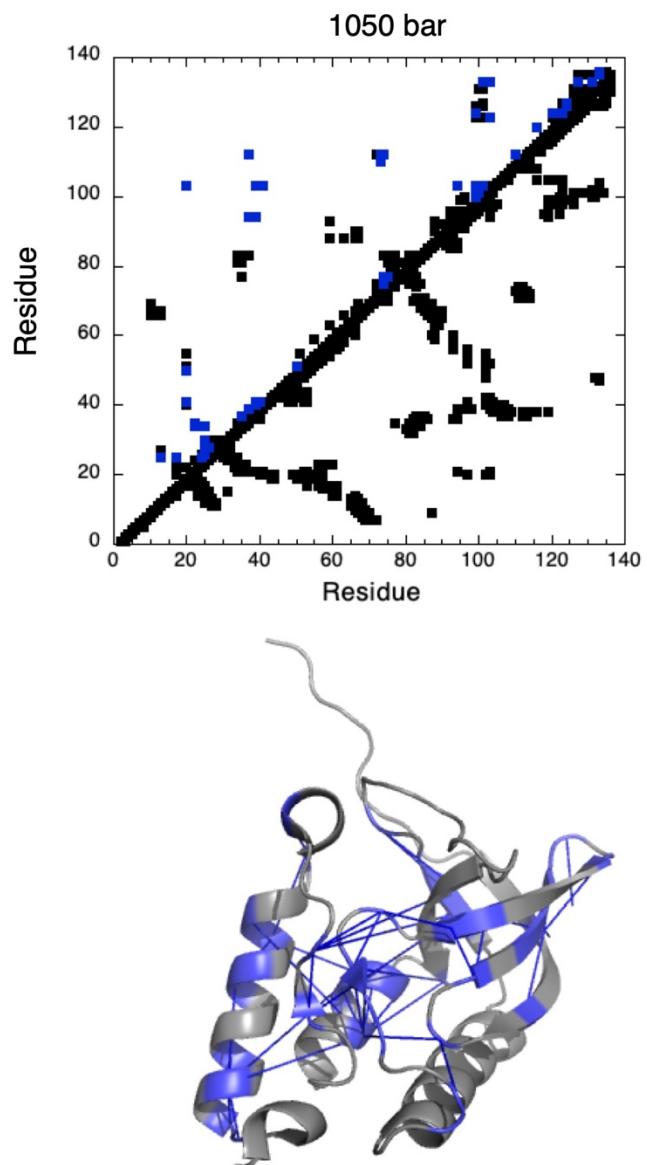


Figure S7. Fractional contact map obtained at 1050 bar from NH probes. Upper panel: contact maps built from the crystal structure of Δ +PHS Snase (PDB ID: 3LX0) at 1050 bar. Contacts below the diagonal have been calculated with CMview: they correspond to residue where the distance to the corresponding $C\alpha$ is lower than 8.5 Å. Above the diagonal, the contacts displayed correspond to residues for which fractional probability can be measured from normalized residue-specific denaturation curves obtained from NH cross-peaks. In addition, contacts have been colored in blue when contact probabilities P_{ij} lower than 0.5 are observed. Lower panel: visualization of the probabilities of contact on ribbon representations of Δ +PHS SNase at 1050 bar. The blue lines represent contacts that are significantly weakened ($P_{ij} \leq 0.5$) at the indicated pressure. Residues involved in these contacts are also colored in blue.