Article

Assessment of Texture Features for Bermudagrass (*Cynodon dactylon*) Detection in Sugarcane Plantations

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Abstract: Sugarcane products contribute significantly to the Brazilian economy, generating U.S. \$12.2 billion in revenue in 2018. Identifying and monitoring factors that induce yield reduction, such as weed occurrence, is thus imperative. The detection of Bermudagrass in sugarcane crops using remote sensing data, however, is a challenge considering their spectral similarity. To overcome this limitation, this paper aims to explore the potential of texture features derived from images acquired by an optical sensor onboard anunmanned aerial vehicle (UAV) to detect Bermudagrass in sugarcane. Aerial images with a spatial resolution of 2cm were acquired from a sugarcane field in Brazil. The Green-Red Vegetation Index and several texture metrics derived from the gray-level co-occurrence matrix were calculated to perform an automatic classification using arandom forest algorithm. Adding texture metrics to the classification process improved the overall accuracy from 83.00% to 92.54%, and this improvement was greater considering larger window sizes, since they represented a texture transition between two targets. Production losses induced by Bermudagrass presence reached 12.1 tons \times ha⁻¹ in the study site. This study not only demonstrated the capacity of UAV images to overcome the well-known limitation of detecting Bermudagrass in sugarcane crops, but also highlighted the importance of texture for high-accuracy quantification of weed invasion in sugarcane crops.

	Reference – without texture								Reference – with texture (3x3 window size)				
		BG	ST	SC	BS	DO			BG	ST	SC	BS	DO
	BG	466	0	2	0	291		BG	474	0	12	0	265
l as	ST	0	500	0	4	0	las	ST	0	500	0	4	0
ssified	SC	19	0	498	0	27	ssified	SC	16	0	488	0	26
Cla	BS	15	0	0	496	67	Cla	BS	10	0	0	496	57
	DO	0	0	0	0	115		DO	0	0	0	0	152
							1		1				

Table	S1.Error	matrices	for the	experiments	1, without	texture,	and	for	experiments	2	to	8
(textui	e with wi	indows ra	nging fr	om 3x3 to 15x	15).							

		Reference – with texture (5x5							Reference – with texture (7x					
		window size)								window size)				
		BG	ST	SC	BS	DO			BG	ST	SC	BS	DO	
	BG	468	0	1	0	210		BG	461	0	6	0	192	
as	ST	0	500	1	4	0	l as	ST	0	500	0	4	0	
ssified	SC	27	0	498	6	5	ssified	SC	37	0	494	8	2	
Cla	BS	5	0	0	490	28	Cla	BS	2	0	0	488	35	
	DO	0	0	0	0	257		DO	0	0	0	0	271	

		Reference – with texture (9x9							Reference – with texture					
		window size)							((11x11 window size)				
		BG	ST	SC	BS	DO			BG	ST	SC	BS	DO	
	BG	471	0	1	0	163		BG	473	0	0	0	159	
l as	ST	0	500	0	4	0	l as	ST	0	500	0	4	0	
ssified	SC	28	0	499	8	1	ssified	SC	22	0	500	11	1	
Cla	BS	1	0	0	488	29	Cla	BS	5	0	0	485	22	
	DO	0	0	0	0	307		DO	0	0	0	0	318	

Reference – with texture

Reference – with texture

		(13x13 window size)							(15x15 window size)				
		BG	ST	SC	BS	DO			BG	ST	SC	BS	DO
	BG	462	0	3	0	125	Classified as	BG	462	0	3	0	106
l as	ST	0	500	0	4	0		ST	0	500	0	4	0
ssified	SC	32	0	497	12	5		SC	27	0	497	12	8
Cla	BS	6	0	0	484	18		BS	11	0	0	484	16
	DO	0	0	0	0	352		DO	0	0	0	0	370

BG – Bermudagrass; ST – Straw; SC – Sugarcane; BS – Bare Soil and DO – Dark Objects.