



Figure S1. Photomicrographic representation of morphological structure of zebrafish larva at 128 hpf. (A) Control group sustained in filtered water at 128 hpf; (B,C) Ethanol treatment group exposed to 2% EtOH for 32 h. SC: spinal curvature; PE:pericardial edema; Sb: swim bladder; AYS: abnormal yolk sac.

Table S1. The sequences of primer pairs used in real-time quantitative PCR assay.

Gene	Forward primer	Reverse primer
NF-κB	AGAGAGCGCTTGCCTT	TTGCCTTGTTTCGGTAA
Nrf2	TCGGGTTGTCCCTAGATG	AGGTTGGAGTGTCCGCTA
HO-1	ATGCCCTGTTCCAGTCAGC	GGACTTGGAGCACTTCTCGG
β-actin	TCGTCCACCGCAAATGCTTCTA	CCGTCACCTCACCGTCCAGT

Table S2. Mortality and body length of zebrafish larvae treated with SSF-jujube. Values are means \pm SD ($n = 3$).

Group	Total quantity	Number of death	Mortality (%)	Body length(mm)
Control	120	4	3.3	3.696 ± 0.084
2% EtOH	120	12	10.0	3.336 ± 0.0120
2% EtOH + 10 μ g/mL SSF	120	8	6.7	3.654 ± 0.115
2% EtOH + 30 μ g/mL SSF	120	6	5.0	3.615 ± 0.096
2% EtOH + 50 μ g/mL SSF	120	6	5.0	3.603 ± 0.038