

Supplementary information for

Exploration of the Strategy for Improving the Expression of Heterologous Sweet Protein Monellin in *Aspergillus niger*

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Catalogue of supplementary materials

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Table S1 The medium and its components used in this study

media	Components and their contents
Luria-Bertani (LB)	peptone 1% (w/v), yeast extract 0.5% (w/v), and NaCl 1% (w/v)
Czapek-Dox medium (CD)	glucose 2% (w/v), NaNO ₃ 0.3% (w/v), KCl 0.2% (w/v), MgSO ₄ ·7H ₂ O 0.05% (w/v), KH ₂ PO ₄ 0.1% (w/v), FeSO ₄ ·7H ₂ O 0.001% (w/v), and Agar 0.05% (w/v)
The hyperosmotic CD medium	sucrose 35% (w/v), NaNO ₃ 0.3% (w/v), KCl 0.2% (w/v), MgSO ₄ ·7H ₂ O 0.05% (w/v), KH ₂ PO ₄ 0.1% (w/v), and FeSO ₄ ·7H ₂ O 0.001% (w/v)
DPY medium	glucose 2% (w/v), peptone 1% (w/v), yeast extract 0.5% (w/v), KH ₂ PO ₄ 0.5% (w/v), and MgSO ₄ ·7H ₂ O 0.05% (w/v)
Starch fermentation medium	starch 5% (w/v), corn pulp 3% (w/v), and soybean meal powder 2% (w/v)

Table S2. The amino acid sequence and optimized base sequence of monellin expressed in this study

The amino acid sequence and optimized base sequence of monellin
Green: Signal peptide of <i>glaA</i>
Blue: 8*His tag
Red: amino acid sequence of monellin
Black: linker
Orange: the HiBiT-tag
MSFRSLLALSGLVCTGLAHHHHHHHGEWEIIDIGPFTQNLGKFAVDEENKI GQYGRLTFNKVIRPCMKKTIYEENGREIKGYEYQLYVYASDKLFRADISED YKTRGRKLLRFNGPVPPP GSGSG VSGWRSFKKIS* ATGTCGTTCCGATCTACTGCCCTGAGCGGCCTCGTCTGCACAGGGTT GGCACATCACCACCACCATCATCAC GGGGAATGGGAGATCATCGACA TTGGCCCCTCACGCAGAACTGGGAAAATTGCAGTGGATGAGGAGAA CAAATAGGACAATACGGCAGACTACATTCAACAAGGTATTGCCCTT GCATGAAGAACGACCATCTACGAAGAGAATGGCTCCGAGAAATCAAGGG TTATGAGTACCACTACGCTATATGTCTATGCCTCGGATAAGCTCTCCGCGCTGA TATTCCGAAGACTACAAGACTCGTGGCGGAAACTGCTGAGGTTAATG GTCCGGTTCCCCCACCT GGCAGTGGATCTGGA GTGAGCGGCTGGCGGTC GTTCAAGAACGATTAGCTAA

Table S3. Primers for CRISPR/Cas9 plasmid construction in this study

Primer	Sequences (5'→3')	Description
PAfU6-F	gttccgcgtgagggttaatttaattaagcaggcg gttcaagcgatc	Amplification of PAfU6
PAfU6-R	ctttcattcttacagacacctct	Amplification of PAfU6
PAoU6-F	tctgcggaacatatactggcccggaatggtc acttctcttagaaa	Amplification of PAoU6
TU6-R	ctgtctggctgaggcttaagcagcttatatca cgtgacg	Amplification of TU6
<i>amyAsgRNA-F</i>	ggtctgtaaaatgaaag tttcgcccttcatga gagg tttagagctagaaatagc	Amplification of <i>amyAsgRNA</i>
<i>glaAsgRNA-F</i>	ggtctgtaaaatgaaag tttgagcaacgaac gaccg tttagagctagaaatagc	Amplification of <i>glaAsgRNA</i>
<i>aamAsgRNA-</i> F	ggtctgtaaaatgaaag gcgatggtaagctta ccag tttagagctagaaatagc	Amplification of <i>aamAsgRNA</i>
<i>pepAsgRNA-F</i>	ggtctgtaaaatgaaag gtgccccagacgt gaagg tttagagctagaaatagc	Amplification of <i>pepAsgRNA</i>
<i>pepBsgRNA-F</i>	ggtctgtaaaatgaaag gatcgccgacggcta cacca tttagagctagaaatagc	Amplification of <i>pepBsgRNA</i>
<i>derAsgRNA-F</i>	ggtctgtaaaatgaaag tgaatgccatcagaac ccag tttagagctagaaatagc	Amplification of <i>derAsgRNA</i>
<i>hrdCsgRNA-F</i>	ggtctgtaaaatgaaag gctgggttatgtatg caa tttagagctagaaatagc	Amplification of <i>hrdCsgRNA</i>

Note*: The red marked part of the table are the 20bp protospacers

Table S4. The gene-specific primers used for qRT-PCR analysis

Primer sequence (5'-3')	Description
<i>gpdA</i> -F TCTGCTCCTTCCGCTGATG	Reference gene
<i>gpdA</i> -R CCCTCAACGATGCCAAC	Reference gene
<i>Opi3</i> -F GGCTGCTACTTCCTCGCTG	Target gene <i>opi3</i>
<i>Opi3</i> -R AGGGGCATAATAAGGTTGGTC	Target gene <i>opi3</i>
<i>Ino2</i> -F AGAAGACGACGACCACACGG	Target gene <i>ino2</i>
<i>Ino2</i> -R GGGCTTGACCTTGAGAA	Target gene <i>ino2</i>
<i>bipA</i> -F ACCGTCCCCGCCTACTTC	Target gene <i>bipA</i>
<i>bipA</i> -R CACCAAGTCTTGTCCAATCCGT	Target gene <i>bipA</i>
<i>pdiA</i> -F CCAAGATGTTCGGTGCC	Target gene <i>pdiA</i>
<i>pdiA</i> -R CCTGGTCATAGGGTATTGG	Target gene <i>pdiA</i>
<i>Pha1</i> -F CAGTCACCGACGCCAGAA	Target gene <i>pha1</i>
<i>Pha1</i> -R TGTCGCACCAGGCTTCA	Target gene <i>pha1</i>
<i>Sed5</i> -F CGCTCCGATTCCCCACTT	Target gene <i>sed5</i>
<i>Sed5</i> -R ATTGCCTCACCAACGCCCT	Target gene <i>sed5</i>

Table S5. Reaction mixture for qRT-PCR analysis

Reaction Component	Concentration	Volume(μl)
SybrGreen qPCR Master Mix	2X	10
Primer F (10 μM)	10 μM	0.4
Primer F (10 μM)	10 μM	0.4
ddH2O	/	7.2
Template (cDNA)	/	2
Total	/	20

Table S6. The condition of qRT-PCR cycle

Thermal Cycler	Times and Temperatures			Dissociation According to instrument guidelines	
	Initial Steps	Each of 45 cycles			
		Melt	Anneal/Extend		
QuantStudio™ 1 Plus Fluorescence quantitative PCR instrument	HOLD	CYCLE			
	3 min 95°C	15 s 95°C	30 s 60°C		

Table S7. Primers used in the identification of transformants in this study

Primer	Sequences (5'→3')	Function description
Monecds-F	TGGCCCCTTCACGCAGAAC	Monellin DNA sequence validation
Monecds-R	AAACCTCAGCAGTTCCGCC	Monellin DNA sequence validation
<i>glaA</i> UY-F	GGACCTTATTGCCTTGT	Location of monellin in the <i>glaA</i> locus
<i>glaA</i> UY-R	GCGAATGACCTTGTGAATG	Location of monellin in the <i>glaA</i> locus
<i>glaA</i> DY-F	CGGCAGACTTACATTCAACA	Location of monellin in the <i>glaA</i> locus
<i>glaA</i> DY-R	TTTCGTTGAAGCCTTGAGC	Location of monellin in the <i>glaA</i> locus
<i>pepA</i> Cds-F	GTCACCACCAACAAGCAGG	Identify whether <i>pepA</i> has been deleted
<i>pepA</i> Cds-R	CGGCGAAAAGGGGAGAGTC	Identify whether <i>pepA</i> has been deleted
<i>pepB</i> Cds-F	ACTGGCGAGTTCACTGTCC	Identify whether <i>pepB</i> has been deleted
<i>pepB</i> Cds-R	TACCAGGCATCGTAGGAAG	Identify whether <i>pepB</i> has been deleted
<i>derA</i> Cds-F	CTCGCCATTCTCTCCCTT	Identify whether <i>derA</i> has been deleted
<i>derA</i> Cds-R	CGTGAAGCGAAGGGTAAAC	Identify whether <i>derA</i> has been deleted
<i>hrdC</i> Cds-F	ATGCTTGGTTATGTATG	Identify whether <i>hrdC</i> has been deleted
<i>hrdC</i> Cds-R	CCTTCACCATAAACACCAC	Identify whether <i>hrdC</i> has been deleted
<i>aamA</i> Cds-F	TCCACCCATACTGCCTGAT	Verify whether <i>aamA</i> has been replaced
<i>aamA</i> Cds-F	GTAGAGGTTGCTGATGCTG	Verify whether <i>aamA</i> has been replaced
<i>aamA</i> UY-F	CAACGGTTGCAGGGTCAT	Location of gene overexpression cassette
<i>aamA</i> DY-R	AGGGACATGCTGAGAACCA	Location of gene overexpression cassette
<i>amyA</i> UY-F	CTAGCTGCACTAGGAAGCAAT	Location of 3M in the <i>amyA</i> locus
<i>amyA</i> UY-R	ACTCCGTCACCAAGATCACTAT	Location of 3M in the <i>amyA</i> locus
<i>amyA</i> DY-F	CAGCGGATTGAAGTTCAGG	Location of 3M in the <i>amyA</i>

		locus
<i>amyADY-R</i>	AGCGCTTTGCTTCCTTGCA	Location of 3M in the <i>amyA</i> locus
<i>pepAUY-F</i>	CCAGTCTCACGGCATCAGT	Location of <i>ino2</i> in the <i>pepA</i> locus
<i>pepAUY-R</i>	AGGCTGCGGACTATTCTGG	Location of <i>ino2</i> in the <i>pepA</i> locus
<i>pepADY-F</i>	CAAAGCCCGCACGAGAGAA	Location of <i>ino2</i> in the <i>pepA</i> locus
<i>pepADY-R</i>	CAGTCCCCGAGACGGTTA	Location of <i>ino2</i> in the <i>pepA</i> locus
<i>pepBUY-F</i>	GCAACATTCGTCAAGGAGT	Location of <i>opi3</i> in the <i>pepB</i> locus
<i>pepBUY-R</i>	AAGGGAGCGTAGAAGAAGA	Location of <i>opi3</i> in the <i>pepB</i> locus
<i>pepBDY-F</i>	ATGGTAGAAACCCACTGAC	Location of <i>opi3</i> in the <i>pepB</i> locus
<i>pepBDY-R</i>	TCCATTCTTTGCTTACAT	Location of <i>opi3</i> in the <i>pepB</i> locus

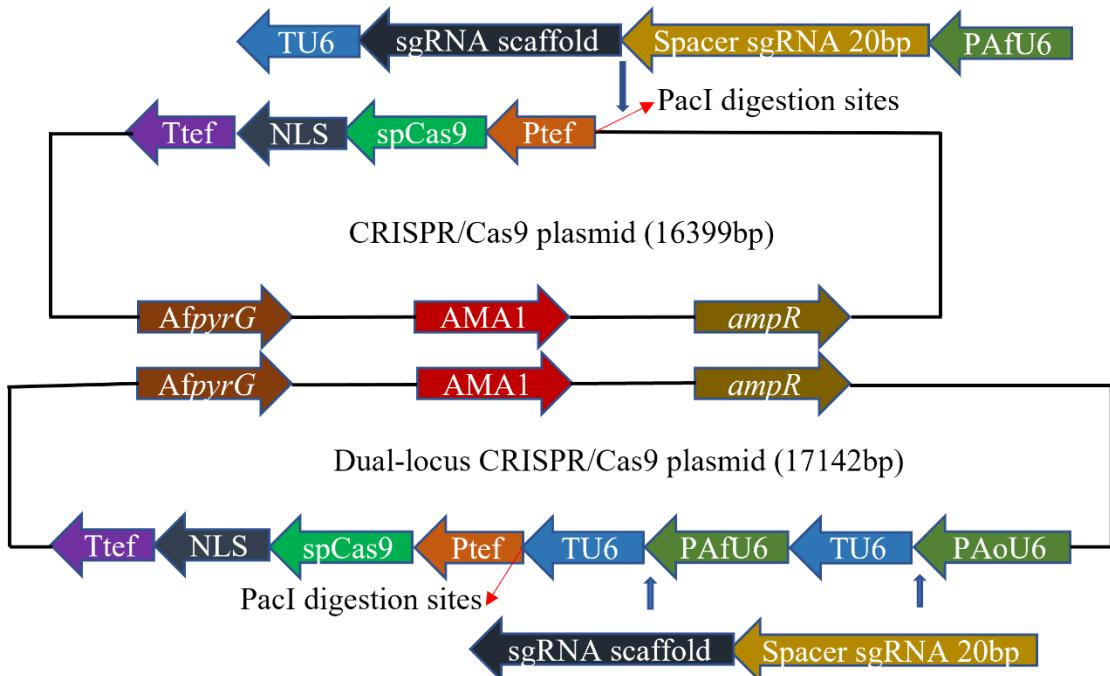


Figure S1. Schematic diagram of the CRISPR/Cas9 plasmid used in this study

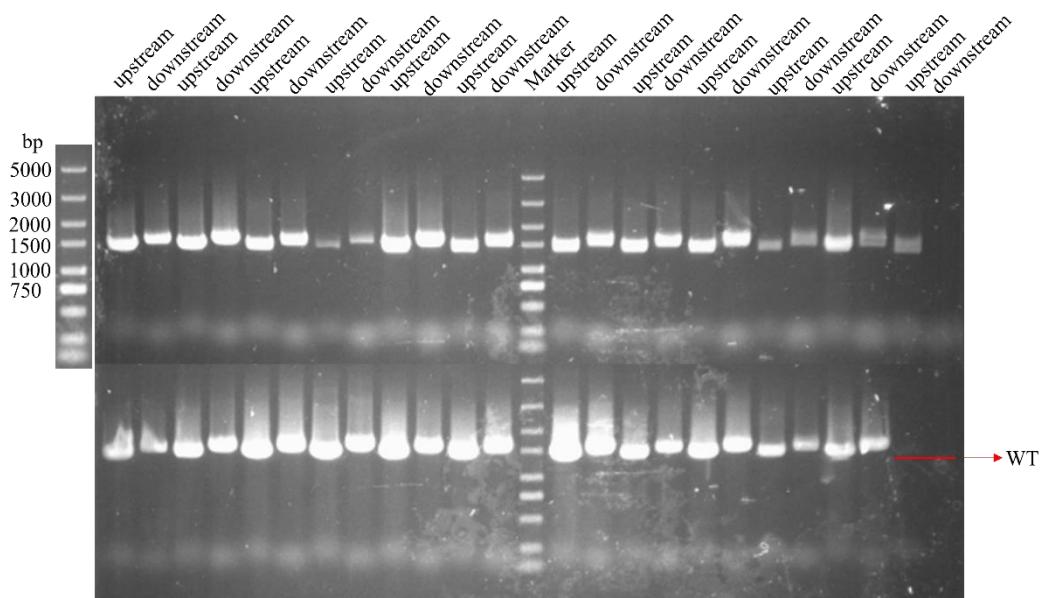


Figure S2. Upstream and downstream positioning of the MH genome

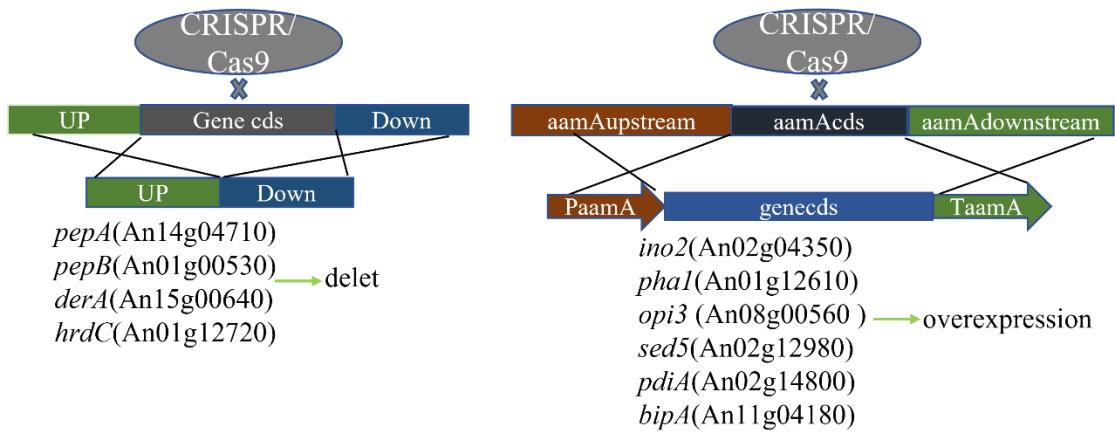


Figure S3. Schematic diagram of gene deletion and overexpression

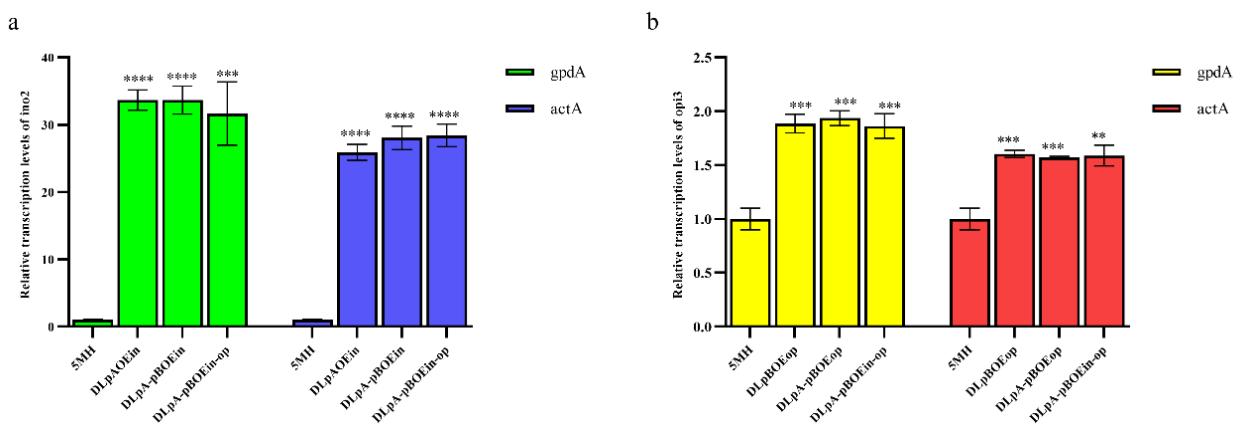


Figure S4. The relative transcription of *ino2* and *opi3* in each strain.