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Rad1 and Rad10 Tied to Photolyase Regulators Protect Insecticidal Fungal Cells from Solar UV Damage by Photoreactivation

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Table S1. Paired primers used for manipulation and detection of target genes in *B. bassiana*.

Primers	Paired sequences (5'–3')	Purpose
cRad1-F/R	<u>CAATCACAAACACCTTCAAAATGTCGACAAACAATGCGCC</u> / <u>TCCTCGCCCTTGCTCAC</u> <u>CATGTAATCTTCTCGTCCATGA</u>	Cloning <i>rad1</i> cDNA (2820 bp) for fusion to <i>gfp</i>
cRad10-F/R	<u>CAATCACAAACACCTTCAAAATGGCTGACGAATACGGCGC</u> / <u>TCCTCGCCCTTGCTCA</u> <u>CCATTTTGCGAAGCTTTGCCAGCG</u>	Cloning <i>rad10</i> cDNA (1176 bp) for fusion to <i>gfp</i> or <i>mCherry</i>
adRad1-F/R	<u>GCCATGGAGGCCAGTGAATTCATGTCGACAAACAATGCGCC</u> / <u>CAGCTCGAGCTCGAT</u> <u>GGATCCGTAATCTTCTCGTCCATGA</u>	Cloning <i>rad1</i> cDNA (2820 bp) for ligation to AD (<i>EcoRV/BamHI</i>)
bdRad1-F/R	<u>ATGGCCATGGAGGCCGAATTCATGTCGACAAACAATGCGCC</u> / <u>CGTGCAGGTCGAC</u> <u>GGATCCGTAATCTTCTCGTCCATGA</u>	Cloning <i>rad1</i> cDNA (2820 bp) for ligation to BD (<i>EcoRV/BamHI</i>)
adRad10-F/R	<u>GCCATGGAGGCCAGTGAATTCATGGCTGACGAATACGGCGC</u> / <u>CAGCTCGAGCTCGAT</u> <u>GGATCCTTTGCGAAGCTTTGCCAGCG</u>	Cloning <i>rad10</i> cDNA (1176 bp) for ligation to AD (<i>EcoRV/BamHI</i>)
bdRad10-F/R	<u>ATGGCCATGGAGGCCGAATTCATGGCTGACGAATACGGCGC</u> / <u>CGTGCAGGTCGAC</u> <u>GGATCCTTTGCGAAGCTTTGCCAGCG</u>	Cloning <i>rad10</i> cDNA (1176 bp) for ligation to BD (<i>EcoRV/BamHI</i>)
adWC1-F/R	<u>GCCATGGAGGCCAGTGAATTCATGGAAGGATACTACCTCC</u> / <u>CAGCTCGAGCTCGAT</u> <u>GGATCCAGGTAAGCTCGTTTCACGCT</u>	Cloning <i>wc1</i> cDNA (2889 bp) for ligation to AD (<i>EcoRV/BamHI</i>)
adWC2-F/R	<u>GCCATGGAGGCCAGTGAATTCATGTCCAGGACACGCGCC</u> / <u>CAGCTCGAGCTCGAT</u> <u>GGATCCGCTTCCGGCACCAAACTCTG</u>	Cloning <i>wc2</i> cDNA (1497 bp) for ligation to AD (<i>EcoRV/BamHI</i>)
bdWC1-F/R	<u>ATGGCCATGGAGGCCGAATTCATGGAAGGATACTACCTCC</u> / <u>CGTGCAGGTCGAC</u> <u>GGATCCAGGTAAGCTCGTTTCACGCT</u>	Cloning <i>wc1</i> cDNA (2889 bp) for ligation to BD (<i>EcoRV/BamHI</i>)
bdWC2-F/R	<u>ATGGCCATGGAGGCCGAATTCATGTCCAGGACACGCGCC</u> / <u>CGTGCAGGTCGAC</u> <u>GGATCCGCTTCCGGCACCAAACTCTG</u>	Cloning <i>wc2</i> cDNA (1497 bp) for ligation to BD (<i>EcoRV/BamHI</i>)
adPhr1-F/R	<u>GCCATGGAGGCCAGTGAATTCATGGCGCTCGTGAACGAA</u> / <u>CAGCTCGAGCTCGAT</u> <u>GGATCC CGCCACAGCCGCTTGTACG</u>	Cloning <i>phr1</i> cDNA (1761 bp) for ligation to AD (<i>EcoRV/BamHI</i>)
bdPhr1-F/R	<u>ATGGCCATGGAGGCCGAATTCATGGCGCTCGTGAACGAA</u> / <u>CGTGCAGGTCGAC</u> <u>GGATCCCGCCACAGCCGCTTGTACG</u>	Cloning <i>phr1</i> cDNA (1761 bp) for ligation to BD (<i>EcoRV/BamHI</i>)
adPhr2-F/R	<u>GCCATGGAGGCCAGTGAATTCATGACAAAGCCAGAGTCAT</u> / <u>CAGCTCGAGCTCGAT</u> <u>GGATCCCGTTTTCTGCTTCTCGCTG</u>	Cloning <i>phr2</i> cDNA (1869 bp) for ligation to AD (<i>EcoRV/BamHI</i>)
bdPhr2-F/R	<u>ATGGCCATGGAGGCCGAATTCATGACAAAGCCAGAGTCAT</u> / <u>CGTGCAGGTCGAC</u> <u>GGATCCCGTTTTCTGCTTCTCGCTG</u>	Cloning <i>phr2</i> cDNA (1869 bp) for ligation to BD (<i>EcoRV/BamHI</i>)
Pphr1-F/R	<u>AAGCTTGAATTCGAGCTCGGTATCCACGCCGTCGAATAAG</u> / <u>CTCGAGGTCGACAGATC</u> <u>CCCGGGAAGGGTACGCGATGGTAATTA</u>	Cloning <i>Pphr1</i> (1829 bp) (<i>XmaI</i>)
Pphr2-F/R	<u>AAGCTTGAATTCGAGCTCGGTAACTAGGGGACAGACACTTGC</u> / <u>CTCGAGGTCGACA</u> <u>GATCCCGGGGTTTCTGATTGAAACTGGA</u>	Cloning <i>Pphr2</i> (1904 bp) (<i>XmaI</i>)
upRad1-F/R	<u>ACGAGCTGTACAAGTAA</u> CCCGGGG CGTGGAGCCTGATT / <u>TGGTGCAGGTCGAC</u> <u>GGATCCCGAATGCTTCAGCGTGTTT</u>	Cloning <i>rad1</i> 5'-end (1593 bp) for disruption (<i>XmaI/BamHI</i>)
dnRad1-F/R	<u>GACCCATGGCTCGAGTCTAGAGGTTGTAAACACCGACTTTCAGA</u> / <u>GGTGGTGGTGG</u> <u>CTAGCGTTAAACGACGACAGAGGCAAGGTAG</u>	Cloning <i>rad1</i> 3'-end (1673 bp) for disruption (<i>XbaI/HpaI</i>)
upRad10-F/R	<u>ACGAGCTGTACAAGTAA</u> CCCGGGG CGTGTGCGAGACGAGGTA / <u>CGGTACCAAGCTTG</u> <u>GCTGCAGGAACGGATCGGAAGAAAG</u>	Cloning <i>rad10</i> 5'-end (1633 bp) for disruption (<i>XmaI/PstI</i>)
dnRad10-F/R	<u>GACCCATGGCTCGAGTCTAGAGTTCCGCTCTAGTCTCAA</u> / <u>GGTGGTGGTGGCTAGC</u> <u>GTTAACTGCCCTCTGTCTCGTTA</u>	Cloning <i>rad10</i> 3'-end (1853 bp) for gene disruption (<i>XbaI/HpaI</i>)
upWC1-F/R	<u>AGCTGTACAAGTAA</u> CCCGGGG ACCATAGAAGACCGAAGGC / <u>TGGTGCAGGTCGAC</u> <u>GGATCCAGCCCTGATCCTTCTCTCAA</u>	Cloning <i>wc1</i> 5'-end (1007 bp) for t disruption (<i>XmaI/BamHI</i>)
dnWC1-F/R	<u>GACCCATGGCTCGAGTCTAGAGCGACGACATCCGATAC</u> / <u>GGTGGTGGTGGCTAGC</u> <u>GTTAACTCTGCCGACCCGAACA</u>	Cloning <i>wc1</i> 3'-end (1136 bp) for disruption (<i>XbaI/HpaI</i>)
upWC2-F/R	<u>AGCTGTACAAGTAA</u> CCCGGGG GATGCTATTCCAGCGACTTTT / <u>TGGTGCAGGTCGAC</u> <u>GGATCCGAGCGAGTCGTGTCTACCG</u>	Cloning <i>wc2</i> 5'-end (1190 bp) for disruption (<i>XmaI/BamHI</i>)
dnWC2-F/R	<u>GACCCATGGCTCGAGTCTAGAGCGTGGCGAAGAAGGA</u> / <u>GGTGGTGGTGGCTAGC</u> <u>GTTAAACGACGCACTGTTTGGGAAG</u>	Cloning <i>wc2</i> 3'-end (723 bp) for disruption (<i>XbaI/HpaI</i>)
flRad1-F/R	<u>ATCCGTCGACCTGCAGCC</u> AAGCTT GGGGAGCAACCACAAAGT / <u>ACACTAGTCAGAT</u> <u>CTTCTCTAGACCAGGATAGGAATCGCAA</u>	Cloning full-length <i>rad1</i> (6680 bp) for complementation (<i>HindIII/XbaI</i>)
flRad10-F/R	<u>ATCCGTCGACCTGCAGCC</u> AAGCTT TTGCTTCTCGTCGTAACCC / <u>ACACTAGTCAGATCT</u> <u>TCTCTAGAAATGCCCTCCTGTCTCGT</u>	Cloning full-length <i>rad10</i> (4371 bp) for complementation (<i>HindIII/XbaI</i>)
flWC1-F/R	<u>ATCCGTCGACCTGCAGCC</u> AAGCTT CTCAACGCCGTAGTCCATA / <u>ACACTAGTCAGATCT</u> <u>TCTCTAGAGCGGTCGTGAGGTGATTGT</u>	Cloning full-length <i>wc1</i> (6362 bp) for complementation (<i>HindIII/XbaI</i>)
flWC2-F/R	<u>ATCCGTCGACCTGCAGCC</u> AAGCTT CTCAGTAAGAAGACCGAAGGCT / <u>ACACTAGTCAGAT</u> <u>CTTCTCTAGAAGCGGTCGTGAGGTGATTG</u>	Cloning full-length <i>wc2</i> (4790 bp) for complementation (<i>HindIII/XbaI</i>)
pRad1-F/R	TGAAACCATCTCAGCACAC / CACCAGCGGCATACATCTT	PCR detecting <i>rad1</i>
pRad10-F/R	AATCGTCGTACGGAACCTT / GGATGAAGCGGTGGTATT	PCR detecting <i>rad10</i>
pWC1-F/R	CGTACCCGAATACTAACAAT / ACAACGCCCTATGACGGA	PCR detecting <i>wc1</i>
pWC2-F/R	CGCTTATTGTCATCATCTGTTC / TGGTACGCTTCTCTCTCTTC	PCR detecting <i>wc2</i>

* The underlined regions are DNA fragments to exchange for the corresponding fragments of constructed vectors at the sites(in bold) of indicated restriction enzymes.

Table S2. Paired primers used for the qPCR analyses of target genes in *B. bassiana*.

Gene	Tag locus ^a	Annotation ^b	Sequences (5'–3') of paired primers
<i>rad1</i>	BBA_07749	Rad1 ortholog	TCGTCACCAACCTACTGCAC / CGGCATACATCTTTTCGCGG
<i>rad10</i>	BBA_03417	Rad10 ortholog	TCAGGATCAGGAGGCAAAGT / CAGCAAGCATGTCGTTGTTC
<i>wc1</i>	BBA_10271	White collar 1	GACCATGCAATCAACAACG / GTATCGCTTGATCGACAGCA
<i>wc2</i>	BBA_01403	White collar 2	CCAGTCTCCTTTCTGCCAAG / TGGCAGATGAACCAGTCAAG
<i>phr1</i>	BBA_01664	CPD photolyase	ACTCATAGACTGGCGCATGG / TTTTCGCTTGTCTCCAGCA
<i>phr2</i>	BBA_01034	6-4 PP photolyase	CACAGGCAAGACGTACCCC / CGTCGTCACTCTCCAGAACA
<i>rad2</i>	BBA_00274	Rad2 ortholog	ATGGGCGTGAACGGTCTTT / ATCAAAGACGAAGACGGGCT
<i>rad3A</i>	BBA_10031	Rad3 homolog 1	AAGGCAAGGCTGGAATTTTT / CAAGCCTGATTGATCCACT
<i>rad3B</i>	BBA_00658	Rad3 homolog 2	ATGGTGAAGAGGGAATCACG / CAGGCCTTCTGGTAGAGACG
<i>rad4A</i>	BBA_02814	Rad4 homolog 1	AGTCCGATATGCAAAGGCGT / TACTTCGTGGCGCCGTAAAT
<i>rad4B</i>	BBA_02963	Rad4 homolog 2	CCTGATGGTACAGCCAAGGA/CGTGTCTCTTCCACTTCGT
<i>rad14</i>	BBA_03454	Rad14 ortholog	CTGCTTCCCATCTATCAA / TCCGTGAGCTTCTCCCTAAA
<i>rad16A</i>	BBA_07794	Rad16 homolog 1	TTTCGAGTTTACAACGATGC / AGGAAACACTCCACGTCCAC
<i>rad16B</i>	BBA_01511	Rad16 homolog 2	CTCTAGTTCCGTCGCCAAAG / AACGCAGGTTGCTATCGAGT
<i>rad16C</i>	BBA_03842	Rad16 homolog 3	GGCTCCAATGTCCTTGTGT / TGAATCCGTAGCTCGTGATG
<i>rad23</i>	BBA_01030	Rad23 ortholog	AGCAGAAATCACCTCGAA / CAGACAACGAAGCCCTTTTC
<i>rad25</i>	BBA_01121	Rad25 ortholog	CACATGCCTTCGAGATTGCG / TTGCTCGTCATGTCGGAAA
<i>rfa1</i>	BBA_04757	RFA1 ortholog	ATGGTTGACGATACGGGGTA / GAGTCGTACCACCCCTTCAA
<i>rfa2</i>	BBA_05125	RFA2 ortholog	CTTCGGTGGTCACGGTATCT / TCGTCAAATCATCCAGTCA
<i>tfb1</i>	BBA_08089	TFIIH subunit TFB1	AATCATGTCCCAGCAAGTCC / ACTCAGCTCTGGCGTCATTT
<i>tfb2</i>	BBA_05749	TFIIH subunit TFB2	GTGATGCGCATGCTTTACAT / TGCACTTCTTGCGTCTTGTC
<i>tfb4</i>	BBA_09804	TFIIH subunit TFB4	AAGGCCTACTCGCTACCTC / GAGAGGCAAATGGAGCAGAC
<i>tfb5</i>	BBA_04362	TFIIH subunit TFB5	ATGCCTCGTGCCATAAGAAG / GGCAAGTTTCTTGAGACG
<i>ssl1</i>	BBA_08550	TFIIH subunit SSL1	GCAGGGGAACCCTAGCTTAC / GGATTCGGTCGCTGATAAGA
<i>act</i>	BBA_04860	β-actin	GGCAACATTGTCATGTCTGG / TTTGCTGGAAGGTGGATAGG

^a Gene accession codes in *B. bassiana* genome under the NCBI accession NL_ADAH00000000.

^b All listed genes except *wc1*, *wc2*, *phr1* and *phr2* are annotated as components of putative NER pathway by referring to Boiteux and Jinks-Robertson (2013)

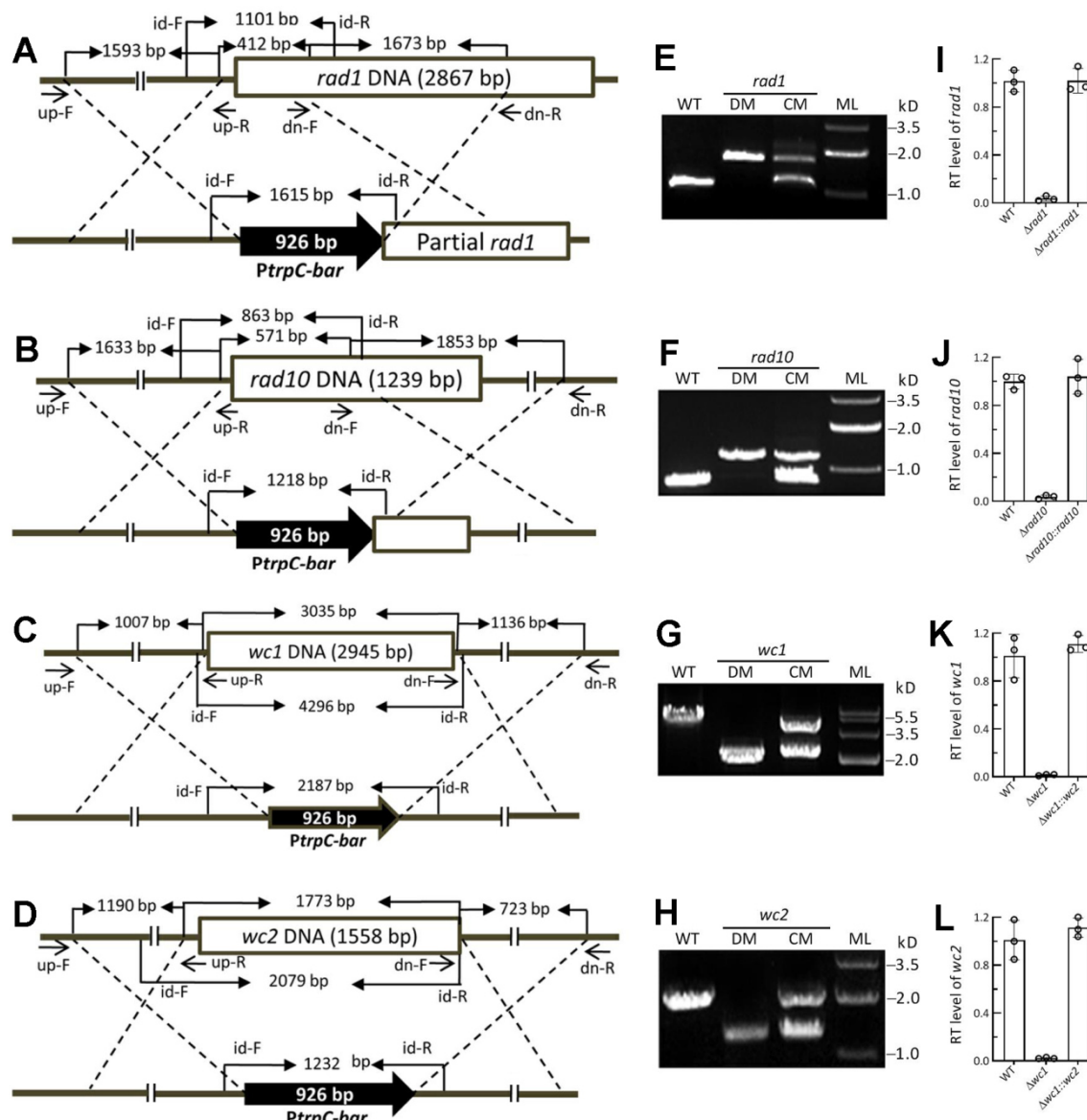


Figure S1. Generation and identification of *rad1*, *rad10*, *wc1* and *wc2* mutants in *B. bassiana*. (A–D) Schematic diagrams for targeted single-gene deletion strategies. (E–H) The *rad1*, *rad10*, *wc1* and *wc2* mutants identified via PCR analysis with paired primers (see Table S1), respectively. The detected DNA fragments indicate a success in deleting the partial or full-length coding and partial flanking regions of each target gene from the WT strain as expected and also in complementing it into the deletion mutant ($1101 + 926 - 1615 = 412$ bp for *rad1*, $863 + 926 - 1218 = 571$ bp for *rad10*, $4296 + 926 - 2187 = 3035$ bp for *wc1*, and $2079 + 926 - 1232 = 1773$ bp for *wc2*). DM, deletion mutant. CM, complementation mutant. ML, molecular ladder of genomic DNA. (I–L) Relative transcript (RT) levels of *rad1*, *rad10*, *wc1* and *wc2* in the 3 d-old SDAY cultures of their deletion and complementation mutants with respect to the WT standard. Note that the expression of each target gene was not detectable in its DM but well restored in its CM. Error bars: standard deviations of the means from three cDNA samples derived from independent cultures of each strain.

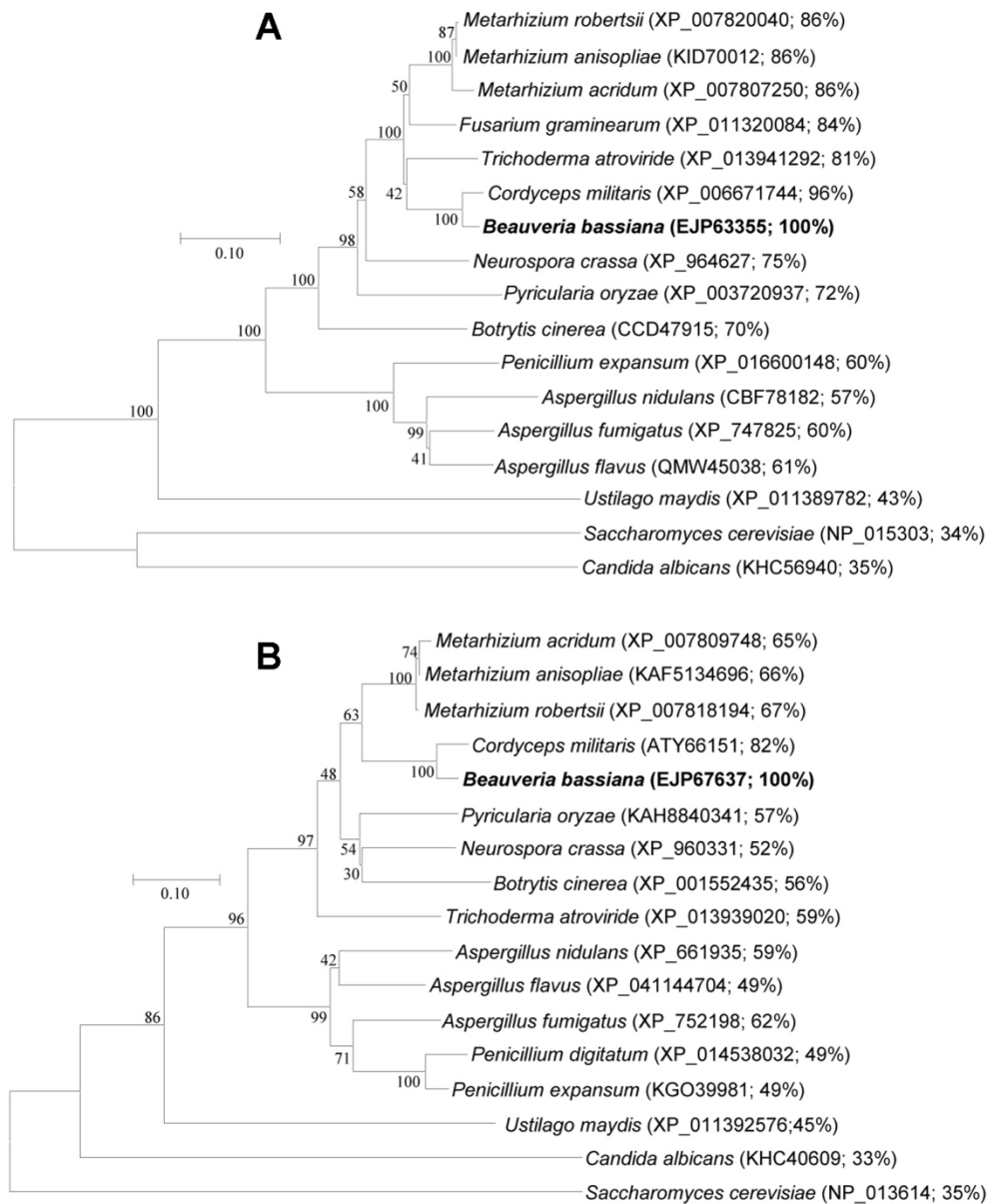


Figure S2. Phylogenetic relationships of Rad1 (A) and Rad10 (B) orthologues found in selected filamentous fungi. Each tree was constructed with the maximum likelihood method in the online program MEGA7 (<http://www.megasoftware.net/>) Bootstrap values of 1000 replications are shown at nodes. Scale bar: branch length proportional to genetic distance. The NCBI accession code of each protein and its protein sequence identity to its *B. bassiana* orthologue (in bold) are given in the parentheses following the name of its host fungus.

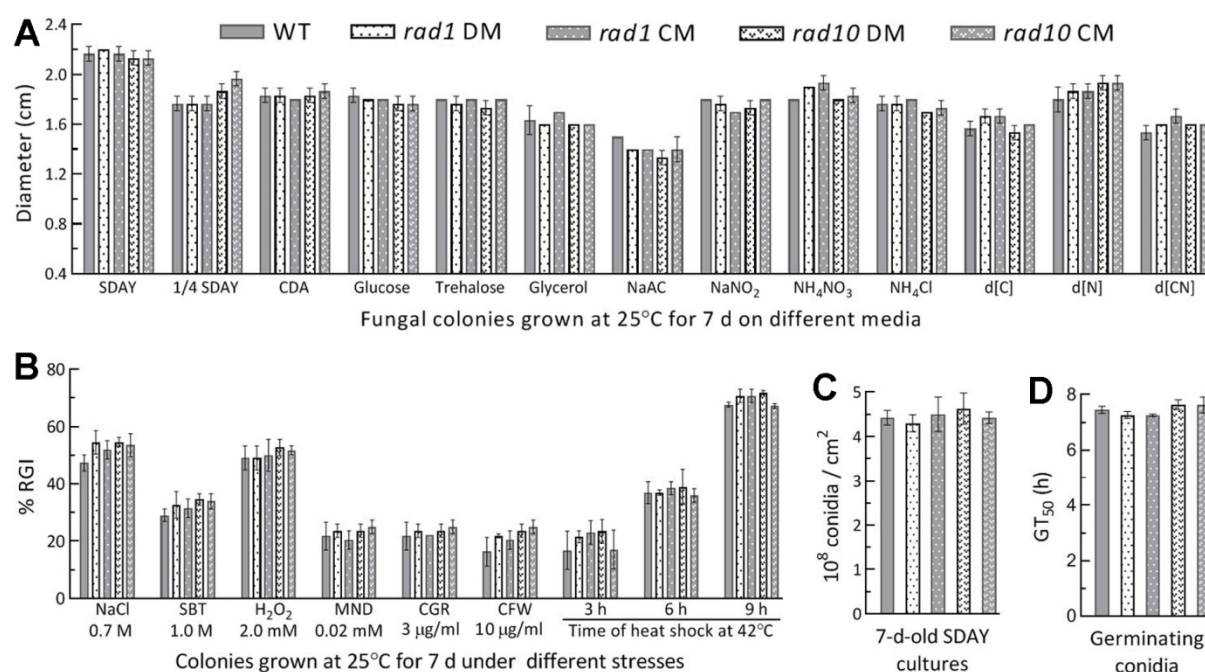


Figure S3. Dispensable roles of Rad1 and Rad10 in the asexual cycle *in vitro* of *B. bassiana*. **(A)** Diameters of fungal colonies (DM, deletion mutant; CM, complementation mutant) incubated at 25°C for 7 days on the plates of rich medium SDAY, 1/4 SDAY, minimal medium CDA and CDAs amended with different carbon or nitrogen sources and with the deletion of carbon (d[C]) or nitrogen (d[N]) source or both (d[CN]). **(B)** Relative growth inhibition (RGI) percentages of fungal colonies incubated at 25°C for 7 days on CDA plates supplemented with indicated concentrations of different chemical stressors (SBT, sorbitol; MND, menadione; CGR, Congo red; and CFW, calcofluor white) or for 5-day growth recovery after exposing 2-day-old SDAY colonies to a heat shock for 3, 6 and 9 h at 42°C. All fungal colonies were initiated by spotting 1 µL aliquots of a 10⁶ conidia/mL suspension. **(C)** Conidial yields measured from the 7-day-old SDAY cultures initiated by spreading 100 µL aliquots of a 10⁷ conidia/mL suspension at the optimal regime of 25°C and L:D 12:12. **(D)** Median germination time (GT₅₀) of conidia at 25°C. Error bars: standard deviations of the means from three independent replicates.

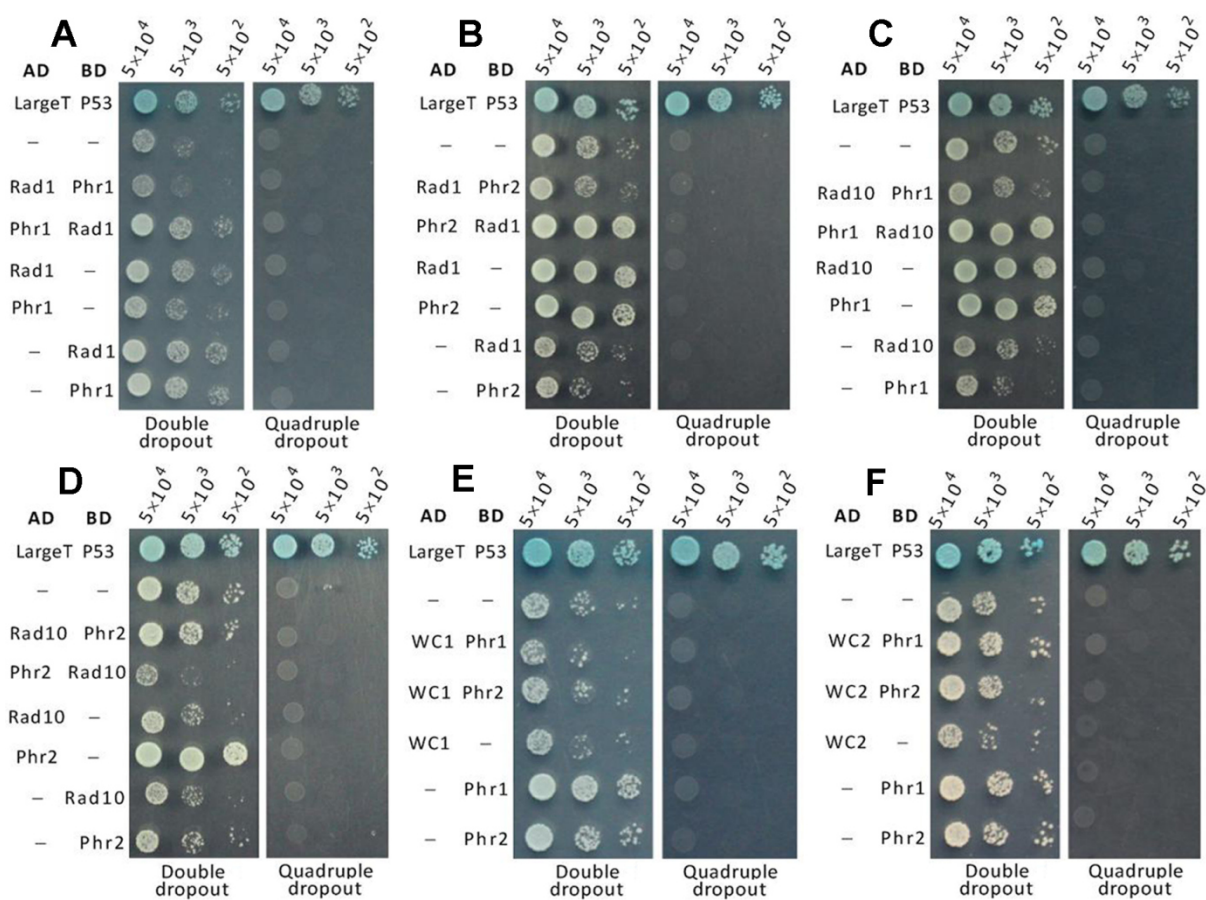


Figure S4. Y2H assays for protein-protein interactions in *B. bassiana*. Note no signals for interactions of either Rad1 or Rad10 with Phr1 and Phr2 (A-D) and of either WC1 (E) or WC2 (F) with Phr1 and Phr2.