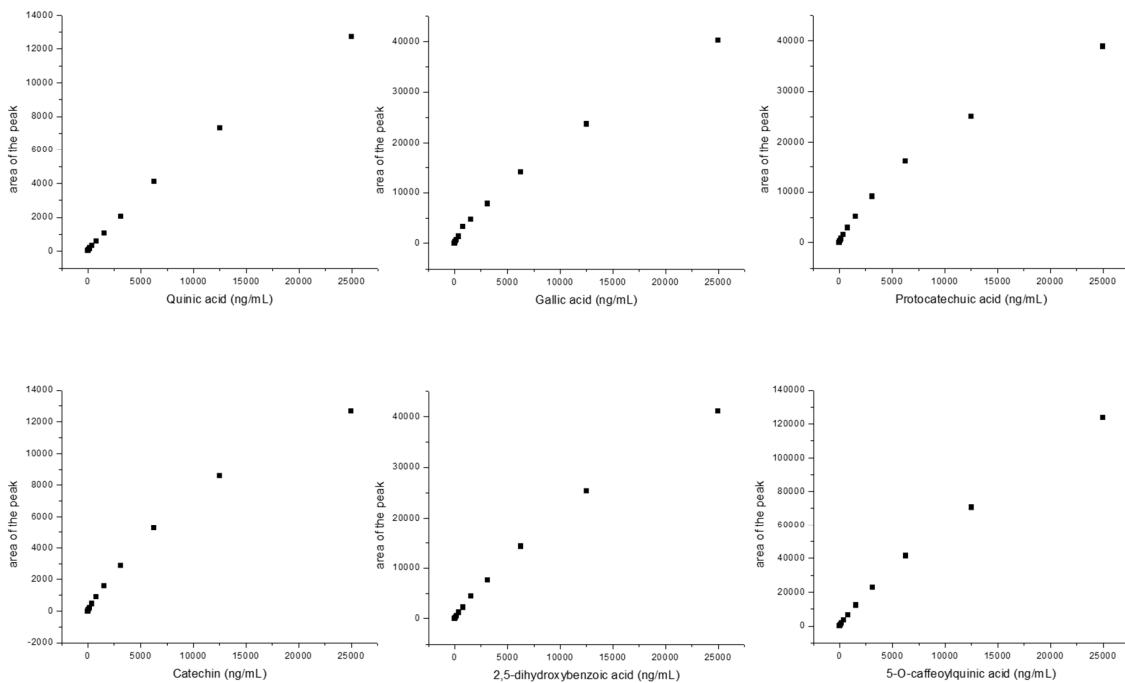


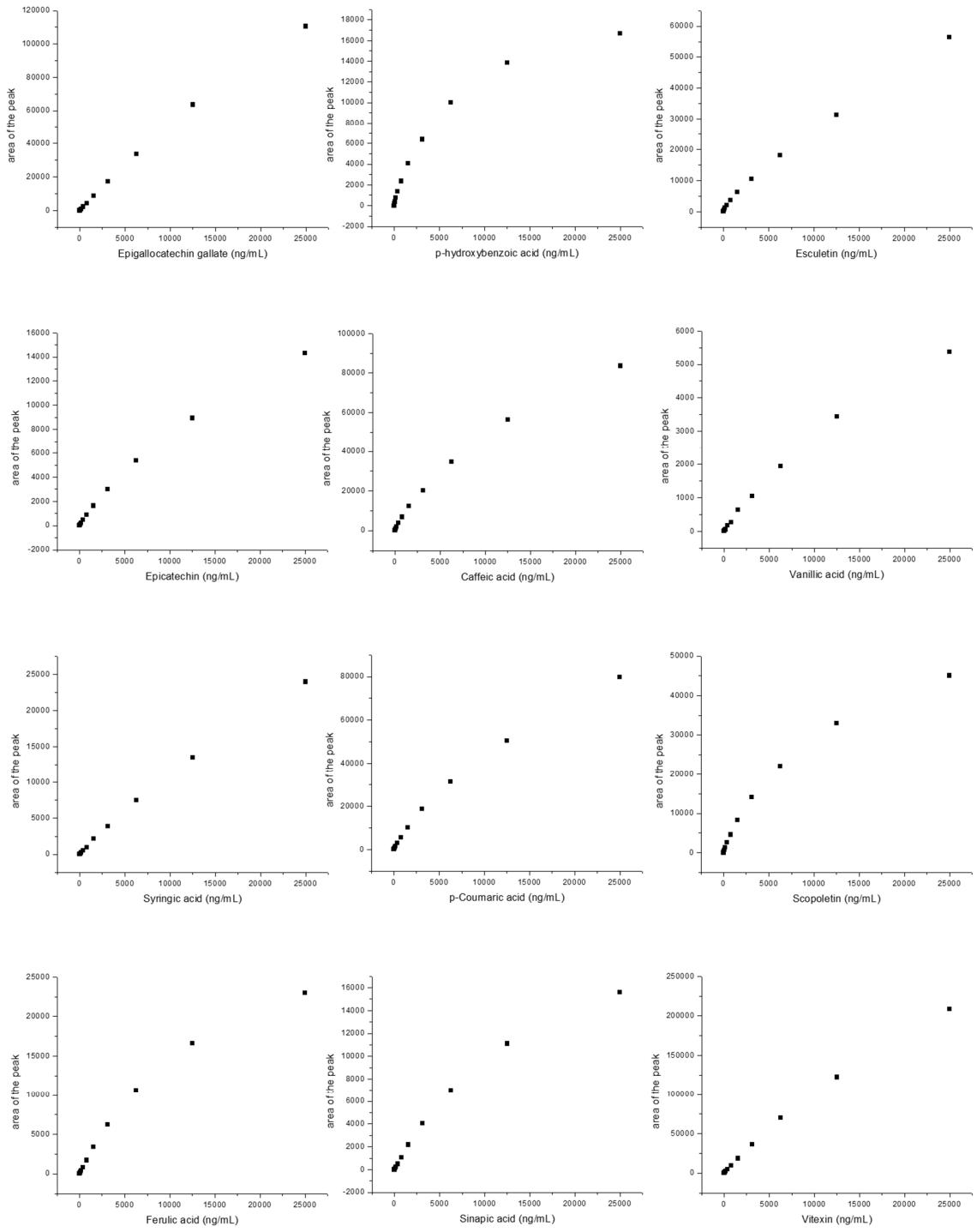
## Supporting information for Subsection 2.2.

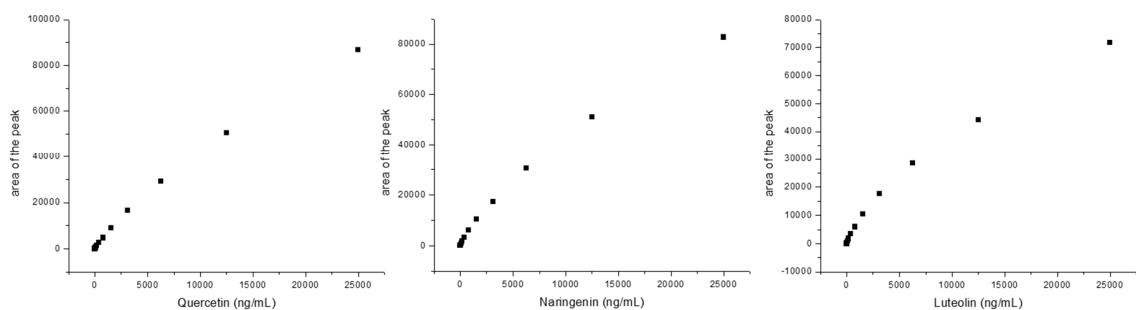
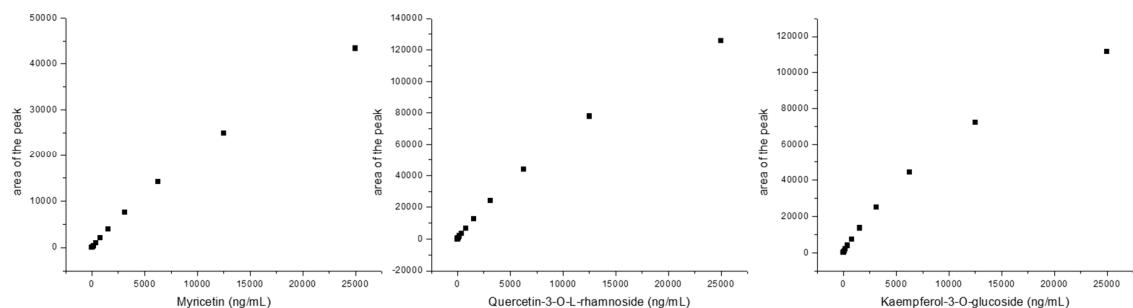
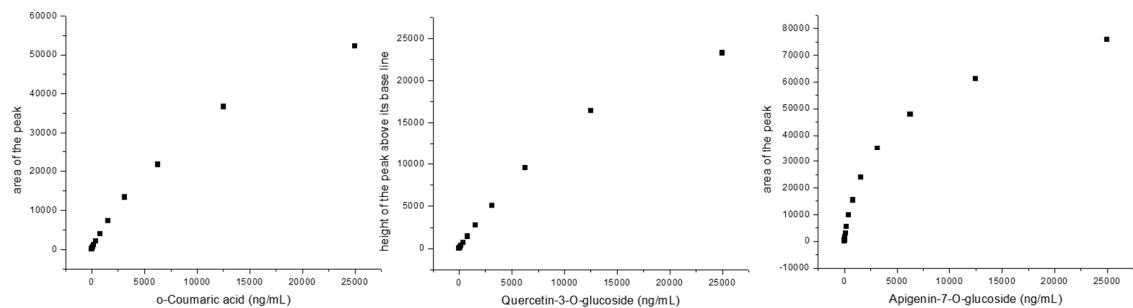
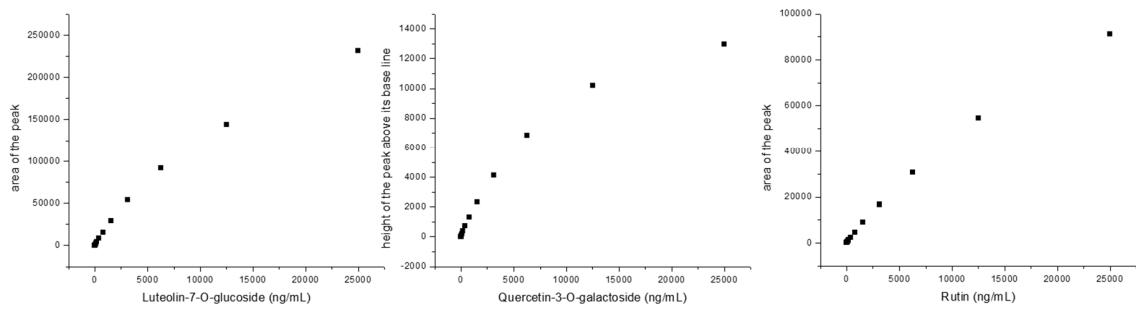
Five microlitres were injected into the system, and compounds were separated on Zorbax Eclipse XDB- C18 (50 mm × 4.6 mm, 1.8 µm) rapid resolution column held at 50°C. Mobile phase was delivered at flow rate of 1 mL/min in gradient mode (0 min 30% B, 6 min 70% B, 9 min 100% B, 12 min 100% B, re-equilibration time 3 min). Eluted compounds were detected by MS, using the ion source parameters as follows: nebulization gas ( $N_2$ ) pressure 40 psi, drying gas ( $N_2$ ) flow 9 L/min and temperature 350 °C, capillary voltage 4 kV, negative polarity. Data were acquired in dynamic MRM mode, using the optimized compound specific parameters (retention time, precursor ion, product ion, fragmentor voltage, collision voltage) as it is published by Orčić et al. [27]. For all the compounds, peak areas were determined using Agilent MassHunter Workstation software—Qualitative Analysis (ver. B.06.00). Calibration curves were plotted and concentrations of samples calculated using the OriginLabs Origin Pro (ver. 8.0) software.

## Supporting materials for Subsection 3.1.

### Quantitative HPLC-MS-MS analysis:







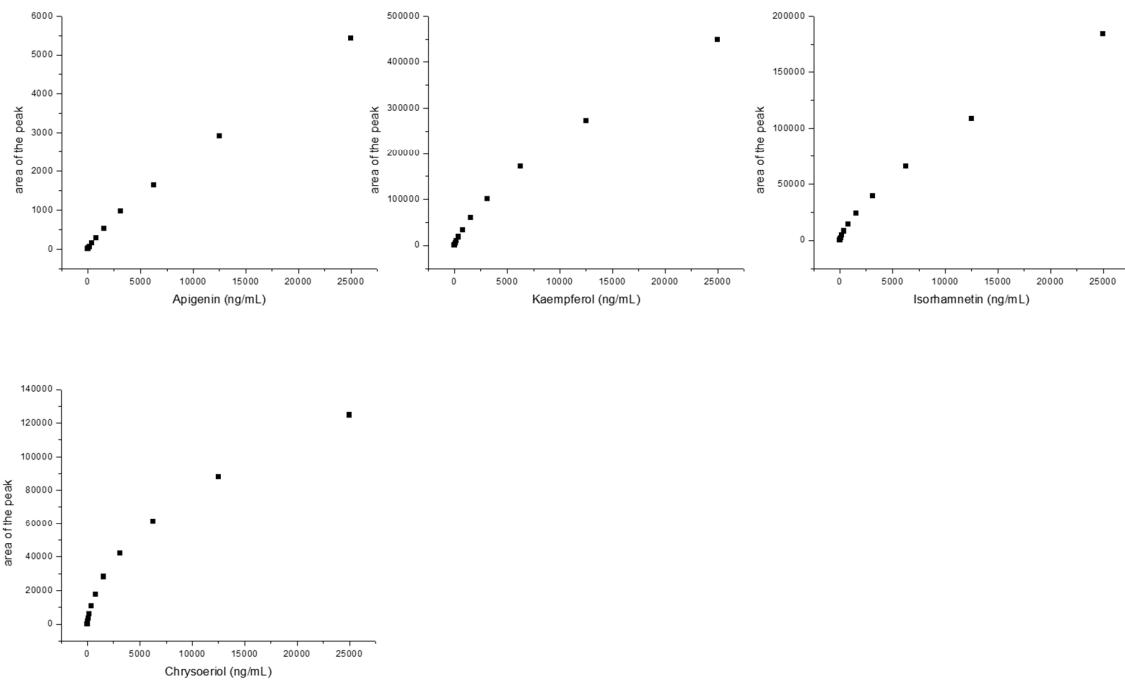


Figure S1 Calibration curves of standards (34 out of 45) which presence was detected in analysed extracts

Qualitative HPLC-DAD-MS analysis:

Table S1 Identification of the main compounds from *Polygonum aviculare* ethanol extracts (POA) by HPLC-DAD-MS

RT	Labels on Fig. 1,2,3	[M-H]-	[M+H]+		tentatively
min	standards	m/z	m/z	Standards	
0.729	1			Quinic acid	
0.841	2			Gallic acid	
1.267	3			Protocatechuic acid	
1.395	4			Catechin	
1.759	6			5-O-caffeoquinic acid	
1.852	7			Epigallocatechin gallate	
2.259	9			Esculetin	
2.383	11			Caffeic acid	
2.421	10			Epicatechin	
3.494		493-,317-	495+,319+		Myricetin-3-O-glucuronide
3.595	14			p-Coumaric acid	
3.942	19			Vitexin	
4.068	20			Luteolin-7-O-glucoside	
4.168		477-, 301-	479+,303+		Quercetin-3-O-glucuronide
4.219	21			Quercetin-3-O-galactoside	
4.246	22			Quercetin-3-O-rutinoside	
4.281	23			Quercetin-3-O-glucoside	
4.660	27			Myricetin	
4.672		535-,317-	537+,319+		Myricetin-X"-O-acetyl-3-O-glucuronide
4.714		461-, 285-	463+,287+		Kaempferol-3-O-glucuronide
4.807	28, 30			Quercetin-3-O-L-rhamnoside, Kaempferol-3-O-glucoside	
4.916		491-,315-	493+,317+		Isorhamnetin-3-O-glucuronide
5.02		519-,301-	521+,303+		Quercetin-X"-O-acetyl-3-O-glucuronide
5.21		519-,301-	521+,303+		Quercetin-X"-O-acetyl-3-O-glucuronide
5.501	35			Quercetin	
5.543		503-,285-	505+,287+		Kaempferol-X"-O-acetyl-3-O-glucuronide
5.629		533-,315-	535+,317+		Isorhamnetin-X"-O-acetyl-3-O-glucuronide
5.644		503-,285-	505+,287+		Kaempferol-X"-O-acetyl-3-O-glucuronide
5.714	38			Luteolin	
5.760		533-,315-	535+,317+		Isorhamnetin-X"-O-acetyl-3-O-glucuronide
5.838		475-, 299-	477+,301+		Kaempferide-3-O-glucuronide
6.159	40			Kaempferol	

6.272	39			Apigenin	
6.566		517-,299-	519+,301+		Kaempferide-X"-O-acetyl-3-O-glucuronide

Table S2 Identification of the main compounds from *Persicaria amphibia* ethanol extracts (PEA) by HPLC-DAD-MS

RT min	Labels on Fig. 1,2,3 standards	[M-H]- m/z	[M+H]+ m/z		tentatively
0.725	1			Quinic acid	
0.841	2			Gallic acid	
1.267	3			Protocatechuic acid	
1.391	4			Catechin	
1.875	7			Epigallocatechin gallate	
2.239	9			Esculetin	
2.387	11			Caffeic acid	
2.425	10			Epicatechin	
3.394	13				
3.487		493-,317-	495+,319+		Myricetin-3-O-glucuronide
3.564	14			p-Coumaric acid	
3.835	17				
4.168		477-, 301-	479+,303+		Quercetin-3-O-glucuronide
4.002	21			Quercetin-3-O-galactoside	
4.246	22			Quercetin-3-O-rutinoside	
4.273	23			Quercetin-3-O-glucoside	
4.664	27			Myricetin	
4.707		461-, 285-	463+,287+		Kaempferol-3-O-glucuronide
4.749	28, 30			Quercetin-3-O-L-rhamnoside, Kaempferol-3-O-glucoside	
5.652	37			Luteolin	
5.706	38			Kaempferol	
6.152	40			Apigenin	
6.264	39				

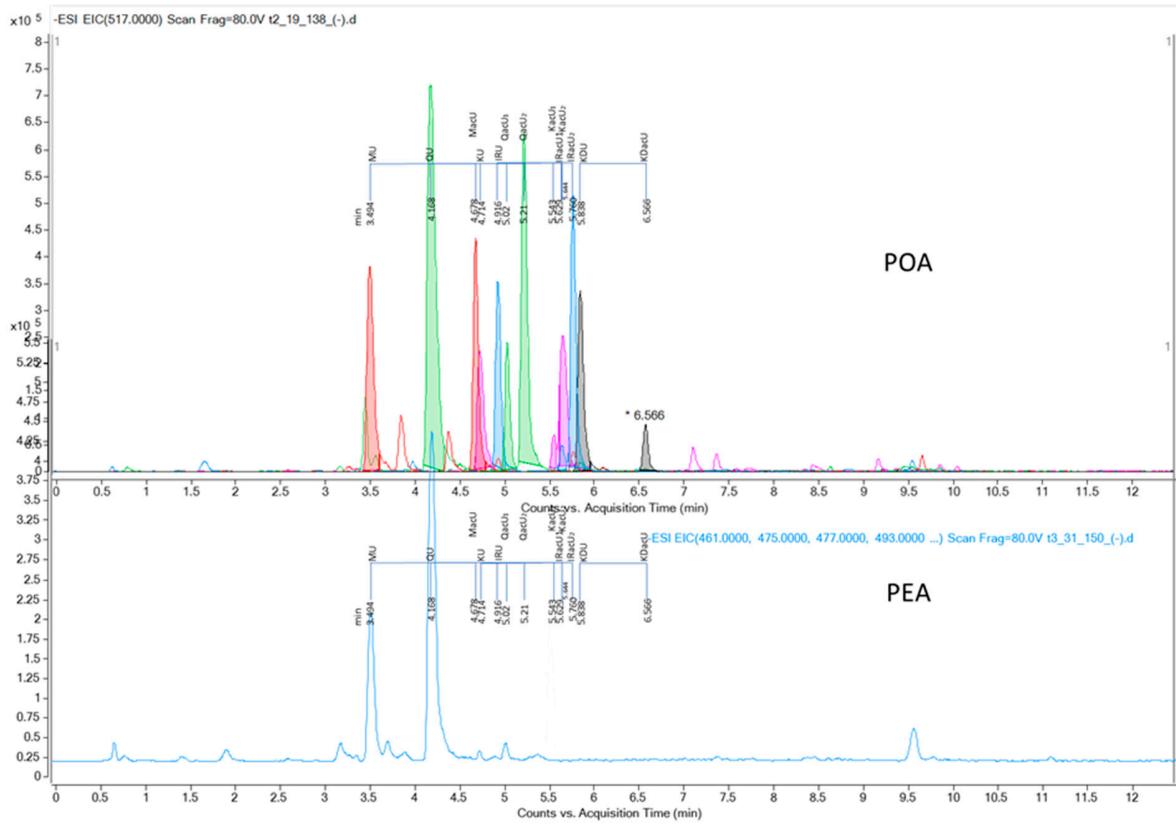


Figure S2 Extract Ion Chromatograms: -EIC: 493-,477-,461-,491-,535-,519-,475-,503-,533-,517-,317-,301-,285-,315-,299- indicating the significant differences in flavonol-glucuronides composition in *P. aviculare* and *P. amphibia* species (labels explained in the paper).