

Supplementary Materials: Hydrogen Bond versus Halogen Bond in HXO_n ($X = \text{F}, \text{Cl}, \text{Br}, \text{and I}$) Complexes with Lewis Bases

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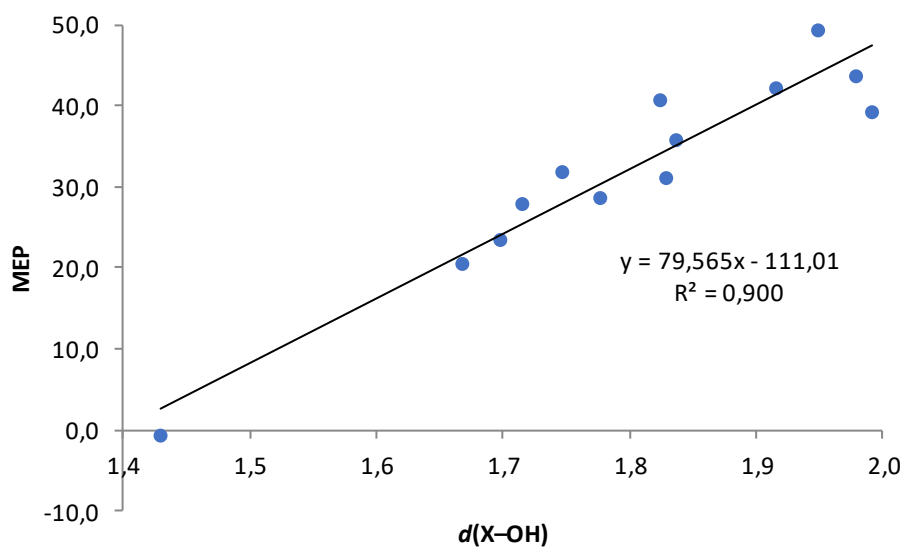


Figure S1. Graphical representation of $d(\text{X-OH})$ (in Å) versus XB MEP (in kcal/mol) in halogen oxoacids.

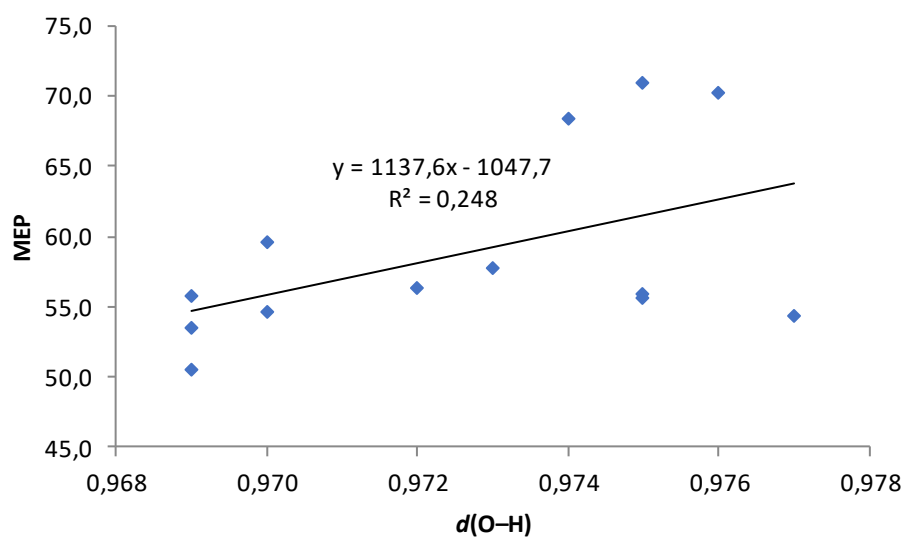


Figure S2. Graphical representation of $d(\text{O-H})$ (in Å) versus HB MEP (in kcal/mol) in halogen oxoacids.

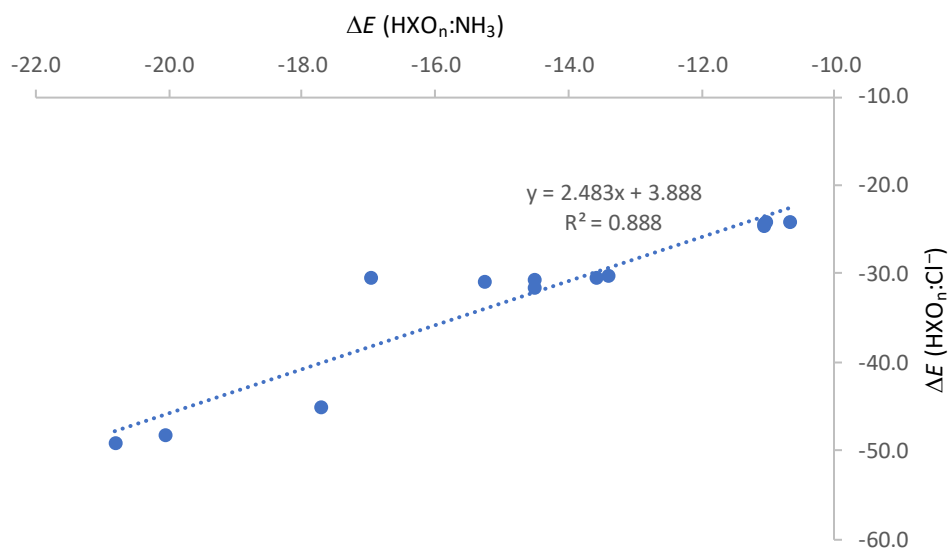


Figure S3. Graphical representation of interaction energies of HB $\text{HXO}_n:\text{NH}_3$ versus HB $\text{HXO}_n:\text{Cl}^-$ (in $\text{kcal}\cdot\text{mol}^{-1}$).

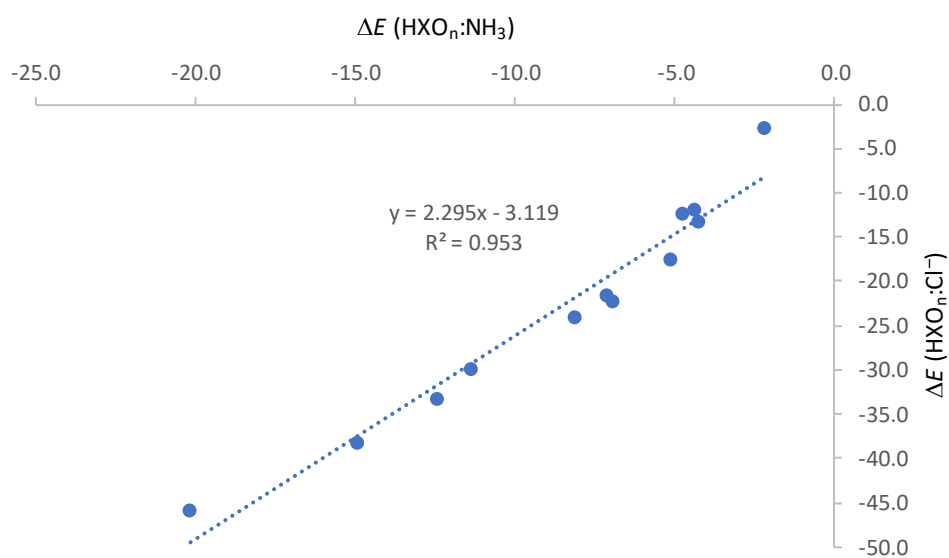


Figure S4. Graphical representation of interaction energies of XB $\text{HXO}_n:\text{NH}_3$ versus XB $\text{HXO}_n:\text{Cl}^-$ (in $\text{kcal}\cdot\text{mol}^{-1}$).

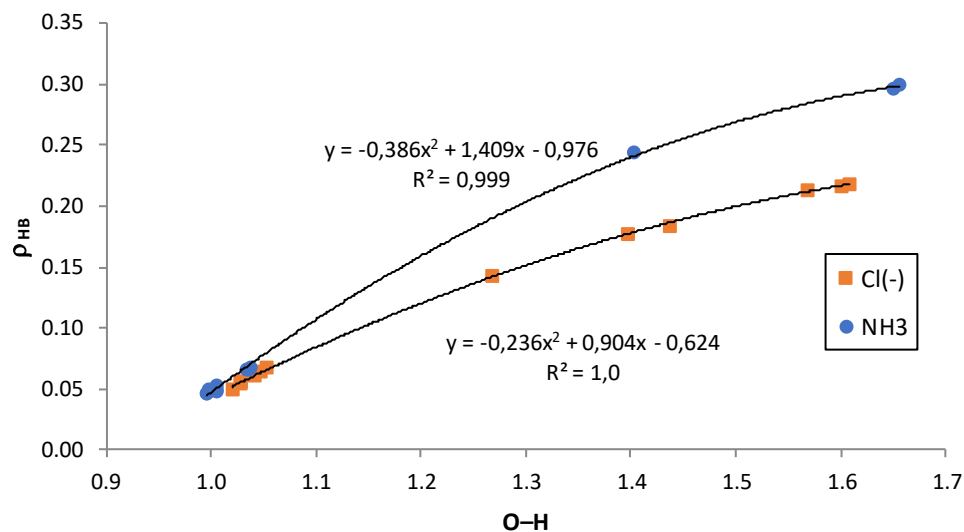


Figure S5. Second-order polynomial relationship between the O-H distance (in Å) and the electron density for HB, ρ_{HB} , complexes.

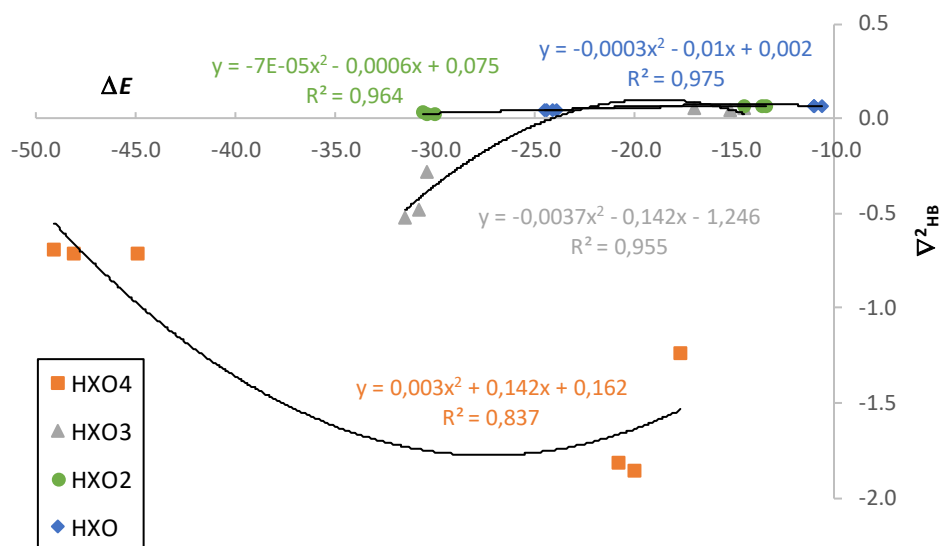


Figure S6. Second-order polynomial relationship between the interaction energy, ΔE , (in kcal·mol⁻¹) and the Laplacian of the electron density for HB, $\nabla^2\rho_{HB}$, complexes.

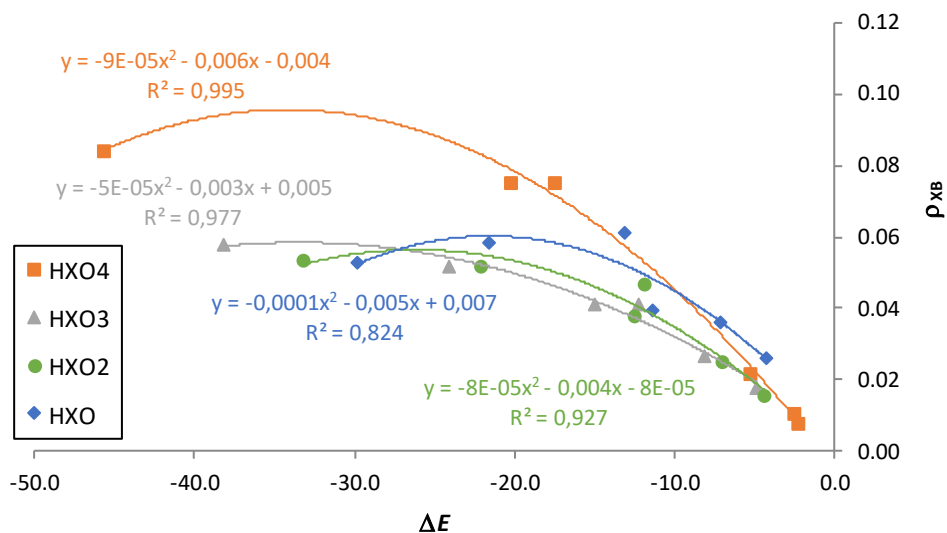


Figure S7. Second-order polynomial relationship between the interaction energy, ΔE , (in kcal·mol⁻¹) and the electron density for HB, ρ_{HB} , complexes.

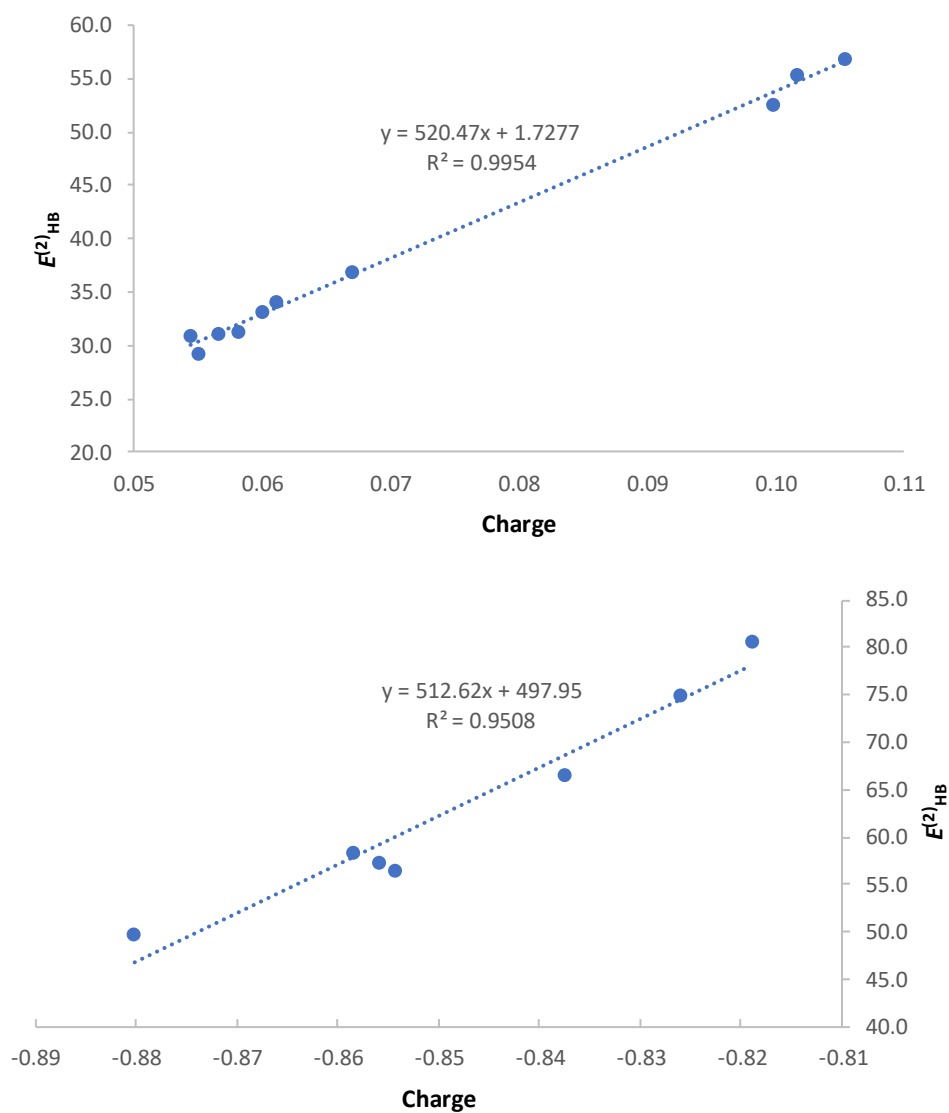


Figure S8. Value of the charge of the Lewis base, in e , (NH_3 , up, Cl^- , down) vs. $E^{(2)}_{\text{HB}}$, in $\text{kcal}\cdot\text{mol}^{-1}$, for all HB complexes with no proton transfer.

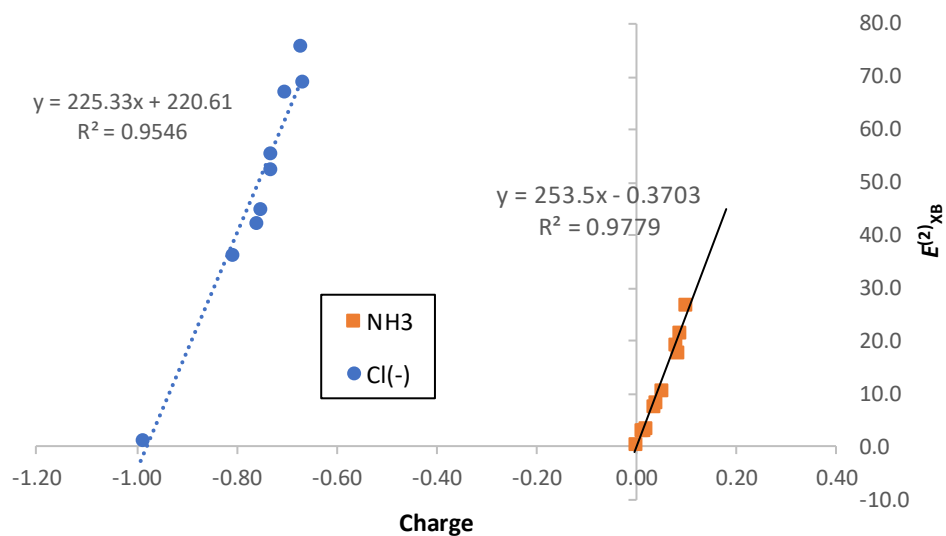


Figure S9. Value of the charge of the Lewis base, in e , vs. $E^{(2)}_{\text{XB}}$, in $\text{kcal}\cdot\text{mol}^{-1}$, for all XB complexes.

Table S1. SAPT electrostatic, exchange, dispersion, and induction energy contributions (E_{el} , E_{ex} , E_d , and E_i , respectively) of HB complexes. Energies in kcal·mol⁻¹.

HB	E_{el}	E_{ex}	E_D	E_i
HFO:NH ₃	-19,4	21,4	-4,3	-8,1
HCIO:NH ₃	-19,9	22,9	-4,9	-8,6
HBrO:NH ₃	-19,3	22,4	-5,0	-8,3
HIO:NH ₃	-18,8	22,3	-5,1	-8,0
HCIO ₂ :NH ₃	-25,1	29,3	-6,6	-10,9
HBrO ₂ :NH ₃	-25,1	29,4	-6,9	-10,6
HIO ₂ :NH ₃	-25,7	30,4	-7,4	-10,6
HCIO ₃ :NH ₃	-29,1	37,1	-7,5	-15,5
HBrO ₃ :NH ₃	-30,4	38,7	-7,9	-16,3
HIO ₃ :NH ₃	-29,4	37,0	-7,7	-15,7
HCIO ₄ :NH ₃	-95,8	176,3	-27,4	-196,6
HBrO ₄ :NH ₃	-76,2	140,4	-21,8	-151,4
HIO ₄ :NH ₃	-121,9	50,2	-9,6	-29,0
HFO:Cl ⁻	-30,9	26,8	-5,5	-14,6
HCIO:Cl ⁻	-31,2	30,4	-6,5	-17,4
HBrO:Cl ⁻	-30,5	30,8	-6,7	-17,9
HIO:Cl ⁻	-30,1	31,6	-7,2	-19,2
HCIO ₂ :Cl ⁻	-40,1	38,4	-7,7	-23,7
HBrO ₂ :Cl ⁻	-39,4	37,5	-7,7	-22,9
HIO ₂ :Cl ⁻	-39,4	36,6	-8,1	-22,7
HCIO ₃ :Cl ⁻	-60,1	92,9	-15,3	-107,9
HBrO ₃ :Cl ⁻	-57,5	88,7	-14,7	-100,7
HIO ₃ :Cl ⁻	-51,8	75,7	-12,7	-73,3
HCIO ₄ :Cl ⁻	-66,6	87,3	-15,4	-135,6
HBrO ₄ :Cl ⁻	-66,3	86,6	-15,3	-138,3
HIO ₄ :Cl ⁻	-66,1	87,6	-15,3	-135,2

Table S2. SAPT electrostatic, exchange, dispersion, and induction energy contributions (E_{el} , E_{ex} , E_d , and E_i , respectively) of XB complexes. Energies in kcal·mol⁻¹.

<i>XB</i>	E_{el}	E_{ex}	E_d	E_i
HClO:NH3	-11,9	18,3	-4,2	-4,9
HBrO:NH3	-22,0	31,8	-5,9	-9,5
HIO:NH3	-30,4	33,5	-7,2	-8,9
HClO ₂ :NH3	-8,6	10,3	-3,2	-2,1
HBrO ₂ :NH3	-16,6	21,0	-4,9	-5,5
HIO ₂ :NH3	-32,5	37,3	-7,7	-10,4
HClO ₃ :NH3	-10,6	12,2	-3,7	-2,5
HBrO ₃ :NH3	-18,9	22,9	-5,3	-6,0
HIO ₃ :NH3	-37,4	42,6	-8,4	-13,0
HClO ₄ :NH3	-4,2	5,7	-2,8	-0,6
HBrO ₄ :NH3	-16,3	21,0	-5,4	-4,0
HIO ₄ :NH3	-76,4	96,3	-13,6	-34,2
HClO:Cl-	-39,7	69,8	-9,9	-34,4
HBrO:Cl-	-49,3	73,8	-10,3	-37,0
HIO:Cl-	-57,7	59,0	-10,6	-27,7
HClO ₂ :Cl-	-38,2	53,2	-8,3	-24,1
HBrO ₂ :Cl-	-51,2	67,1	-9,7	-31,9
HIO ₂ :Cl-	-66,2	65,4	-11,0	-30,4
HClO ₃ :Cl ⁻	-38,8	46,3	-7,9	-19,7
HBrO ₃ :Cl-	-56,1	68,4	-10,1	-32,0
HIO ₃ :Cl ⁻	-77,3	75,6	-12,0	-35,8
HClO ₄ :Cl-	-9,4	14,2	-4,4	-4,5
HBrO ₄ :Cl-	-80,8	114,2	-14,9	-56,3
HIO ₄ :Cl-	-110,5	123,5	-16,7	-66,9