

SUPPL. TABLES

Table S1. Correlation of demographic and health status factors parameters with COVID-19 vaccination uptake.

Parameters	Decision to vaccinate	
	r Value	P Value
Age	-0.14	<0.001
Females versus males	-0.022	0.585
Married vs Single	-0.08	0.094
Lower education (≤ 6 years)	-0.07	0.139
Health status factors		
Current Smoking	0.02	0.601
Comorbidities (≥ 1)	-0.07	0.082
Comorbidities (≥ 2)	0.10	0.800
COPD	0.04	0.386
Asthma	-0.02	0.553
Diabetes type 2	0.08	0.043
Coronary Artery Disease	-0.07	0.070
Stroke/TIA	-0.06	0.156
Cancer	-0.04	0.296
Inflammatory Arthritis	-0.08	0.036
Low self-rated health	0.029	0.479

Table S2. Correlation of Knowledge, Attitudes and Beliefs about COVID-19 vaccination with COVID-19 vaccination uptake.

Parameters	Decision to vaccinate	
	r Value	P Value
Information insufficiency	-0.212	<0.001
Fear of vaccine side effects	-0.167	<0.001
Conspiracy beliefs	-0.06	0.169
High perceived efficacy of vaccine	0.151	<0.001
Early vaccine distribution	-0.225	<0.001
Pregnancy	0.05	0.251
No need due to previous COVID-19 infection	-0.152	<0.001
Belief that infection confers much greater immunity than a vaccine	-0.218	<0.001
Perception of low susceptibility to disease or possible infection would not be severe	-0.06	0.148
Family influence	-0.044	0.305
Belief that vaccines development is a way for pharmaceutical companies to make profit	0.013	0.773
Against vaccinations in general	-0.139	0.001
Fear of infection	0.101	0.019
Previous flu vaccination (in high risk population)	0.136	0.001
Vulnerable group	0.09	0.038
Living with vulnerable groups	0.09	0.029

Table S3. Correlation of other sources of information about COVID-19 vaccination with COVID-19 vaccination uptake.

Parameters	Decision to vaccinate	
	r Value	P Value
Religion	0.007	0.881
Trust in government	0.104	0.026
Science opinion	0.521	<0.001
Media/internet	-0.593	<0.001
Anti-vaccination campaign	-0.07	0.107