

Supplementary material

Physical Activity Levels and Predictors during COVID-19 Lockdown among Lebanese Adults: The Impacts of Sociodemographic Factors, Type of Physical Activity and Work Location

Table of content

Content	Page
Table S1 PA (IPAQ) characteristics according to sex	S2
Table S2 Association between age and PA	S4
Table S3 Spearman correlation coefficient between age and PA domain assessed by the IPAQ	S6
Figure S1 showing categories of Total and Leisure PA (\geq and <600 MET.min/week) according to age groups	S7
Figure S2 showing categories of Total and walking-related PA (\geq and <600 MET.min/week) according to work location during lockdown	S8
Table S4 Association between PA levels & intensity (as measured by IPAQ) and work location during lockdown among participants with BMI <25 Kg/m ² (n=524)	S9
Table S5 Association between PA levels & intensity (as measured by IPAQ) and work location during lockdown among participants with BMI ≥ 25 Kg/m ² (n=269)	S10
Table S6 Association between PA levels & intensity (as measured by IPAQ) and BMI categories during lockdown	S11-12
Table S7 Association between PA levels & intensity (as measured by IPAQ) and type of PA during lockdown	S13-14
Figure S3 Categories of total and leisure PA (\geq and <600 MET.min/week) according to type of PA during lockdown	S15
Table S8 Association between age and type of PA during lockdown	S16

Table S1. PA (IPAQ) characteristics according to sex

	Men	Women	Total	p-value
	n = 218	n = 577	n=795	*
Total PA level n (%)				0.865
<600 MET.min/week	80 (36.7)	208 (36.0)	288 (36.2)	
≥600 MET.min/week	138 (63.3)	369 (64.0)	507 (63.8)	
Job-related PA n (%)				0.048
<600 MET.min/week	187 (85.8)	523 (90.6)	710 (89.3)	
≥600 MET.min/week	31 (14.2)	54 (9.4)	85 (10.7)	
Transportation-related PA n (%)				0.249
<600 MET.min/week	184 (84.4)	505 (87.5)	689 (86.7)	
≥600 MET.min/week	34 (15.6)	72 (12.5)	106 (13.3)	
Housework-related PA n (%)				0.002
<600 MET.min/week	161 (73.9)	360 (62.4)	521 (65.5)	
≥600 MET.min/week	57 (26.1)	217 (37.6)	274 (34.5)	
Leisure-related PA n (%)				0.226
<600 MET.min/week	139 (63.8)	394 (68.3)	533 (67.0)	
≥600 MET.min/week	79 (36.2)	183 (31.7)	262 (33.0)	
Walking n (%)				0.697
<600 MET.min/week	148 (67.9)	400 (69.3)	548 (68.9)	
≥600 MET.min/week	70 (32.1)	177 (30.7)	247 (31.1)	
Moderate PA n (%)				0.164
<600 MET.min/week	147 (67.4)	418 (72.4)	565 (71.1)	
≥600 MET.min/week	71 (32.6)	159 (27.6)	230 (28.9)	
Vigorous PA n (%)				0.152

<600 MET.min/week	145 (66.5)	352 (61.0)	497 (62.5)	
≥600 MET.min/week	73 (33.5)	225 (39.0)	298 (37.5)	
Sitting time (hours/day)				0.046
Tertile 1 = ≤6.29 h	53 (26.6)	192 (36.2)	245 (30.8)	
Tertile 2 = 6.29-10 h	81 (40.7)	180 (33.9)	261 (32.8)	
Tertile 3 = >10 h	65 (32.7)	159 (29.9)	224 (28.2)	

*Statistical Test: Chi-square test; $p < 0.05$ was considered as significant; PA, Physical activity; MET, metabolic equivalent task; Total PA level (MET-minutes/week) = Total physical activity MET-minutes/week = sum of (Job PA + Transportation PA + Housework PA + Leisure PA MET-minutes/week scores).

Table S2. Association between age and PA

	<23 years	23-40 years	≥ 40 years	p-value
	n = 302	n = 241	n=252	*
Total PA level n (%)				<0.001
<600 MET.min/week	142 (47.0)	92 (38.2)	54 (21.4)	
≥600 MET.min/week	160 (53.0)	149 (61.8)	198 (78.6)	
Job-related PA n (%)				<0.001
<600 MET.min/week	295 (97.7)	197 (81.7)	218 (86.5)	
≥600 MET.min/week	7 (2.3)	44 (18.3)	34 (13.5)	
Transportation-related PA n (%)				0.004
<600 MET.min/week	267 (88.4)	218 (90.5)	204 (81.0)	
≥600 MET.min/week	35 (11.6)	23 (9.5)	48 (19.0)	
Housework-related PA n (%)				<0.001
<600 MET.min/week	213 (70.5)	171 (71.0)	137 (54.4)	
≥600 MET.min/week	89 (29.5)	70 (29.0)	115 (45.6)	
Leisure-related PA n (%)				0.008
<600 MET.min/week	215 (71.2)	168 (69.7)	150 (59.5)	
≥600 MET.min/week	87 (28.8)	73 (30.3)	102 (40.5)	
Walking n (%)				<0.001
<600 MET.min/week	237 (78.5)	163 (67.6)	148 (58.7)	
≥600 MET.min/week	65 (21.5)	78 (32.4)	104 (41.3)	
Moderate PA n (%)				0.057
<600 MET.min/week	228 (75.5)	170 (70.5)	167 (66.3)	
≥600 MET.min/week	74 (24.5)	71 (29.5)	85 (33.7)	

Vigorous PA n (%)				<0.001
<600 MET.min/week	214 (70.9)	156 (64.7)	127 (50.4)	
600-3000 MET.min/week	88 (29.1)	85 (35.3)	125 (49.6)	
Sitting time (hours/day)				<0.001
Tertile 1 = ≤6.29 h	56 (20.8)	68 (31.1)	121 (50.0)	
Tertile 2 = 6.29-10 h	105 (39.0)	84 (38.4)	72 (29.8)	
Tertile 3 = >10 h	108 (40.1)	67 (30.6)	49 (20.2)	

*Statistical Test: Chi-square test; $p < 0.05$ was considered as significant; PA, Physical activity; MET, metabolic equivalent task; Total PA level (MET-minutes/week) = Total physical activity MET-minutes/week = sum of (Job PA + Transportation PA + Housework PA + Leisure PA MET-minutes/week scores).

Table S3 Spearman correlation coefficient between age and PA domain assessed by the IPAQ

	r	p
Total PA	0.212	<0.001
Job-related PA	0.203	<0.001
Transportation-related PA	0.110	0.002
Housework-related PA	0.122	0.001
Leisure-related PA	0.102	0.004
Walking	0.214	<0.001
Moderate PA	0.043	0.227
Vigorous PA	0.190	<0.001
Sitting time (hours/day)	-0.294	<0.001

r: Spearman correlation coefficient; $p < 0.05$ was considered as significant; PA: physical activity

Figure S1 showing categories of Total and Leisure PA (\geq and <600 MET.min/week) according to age groups: participants aged ≥ 40 years showed the highest PA levels, $p < 0.01$ for Total PA and Leisure PA

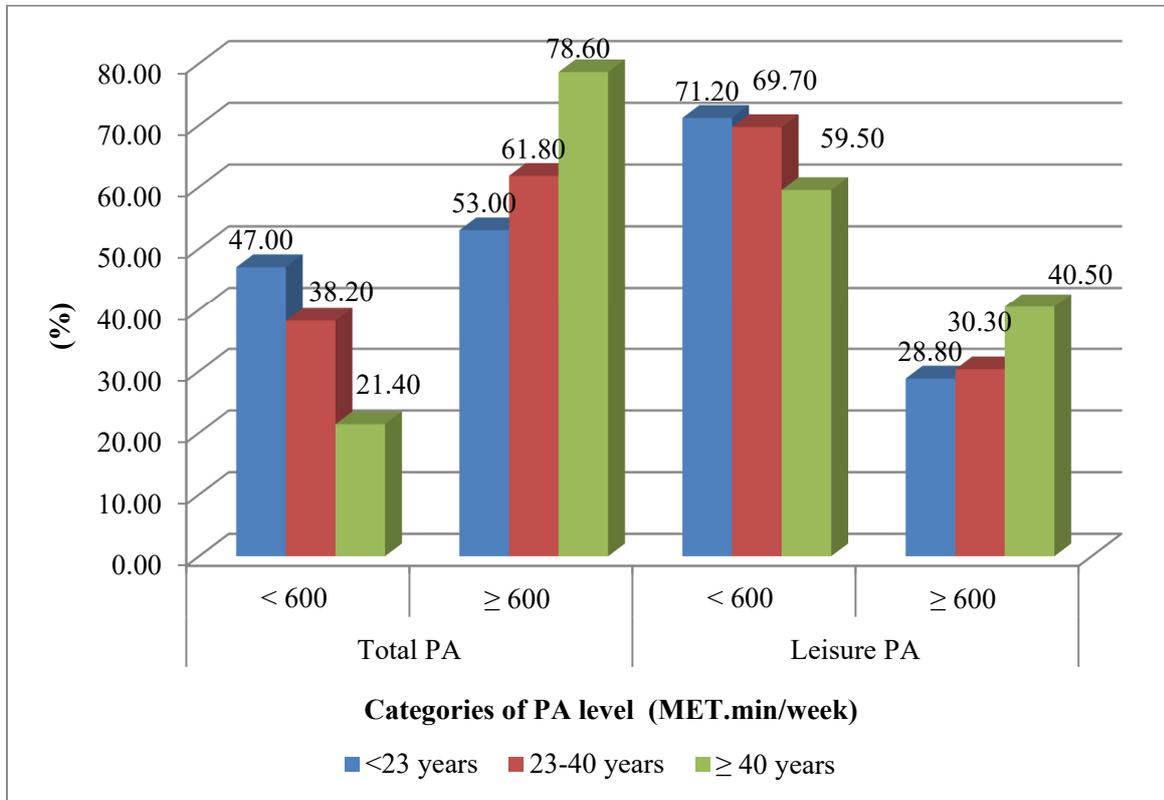


Figure S2 showing categories of Total and walking-related PA (\geq and <600 MET.min/week) according to work location during lockdown

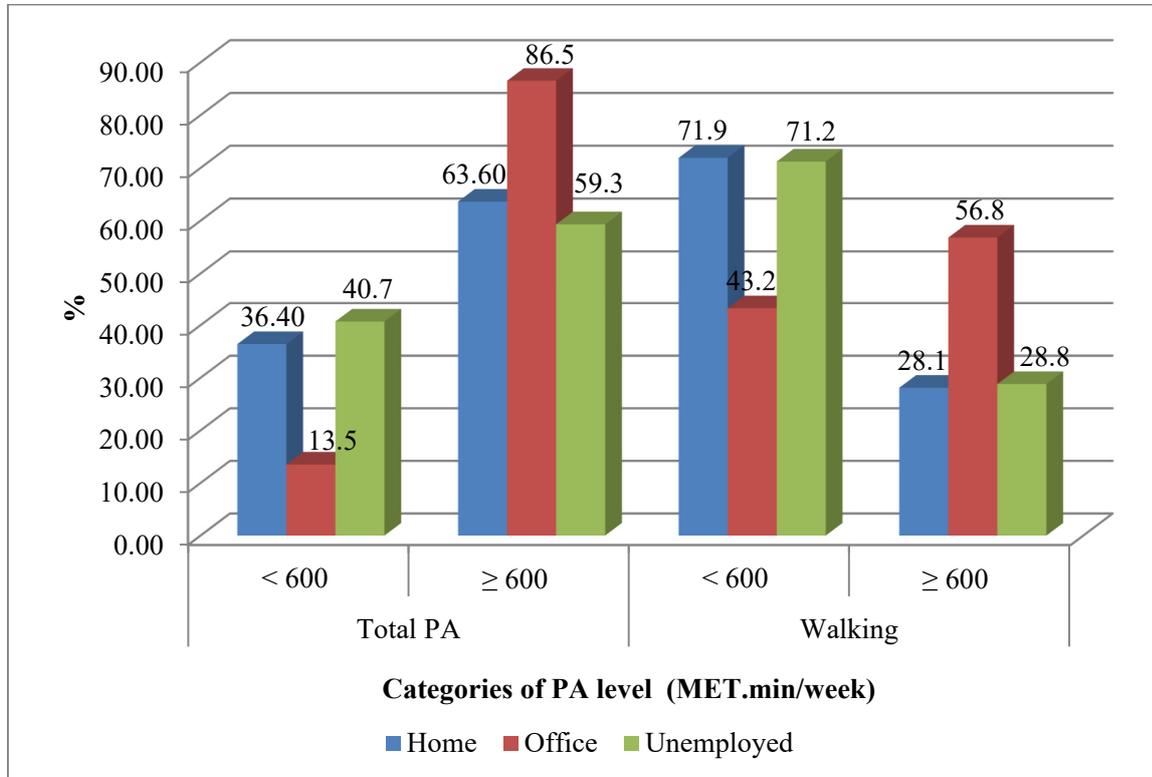


Table S4 Association between PA levels & intensity (as measured by IPAQ) and work location during lockdown among participants with BMI <25Kg/m² (n=524)

	Home (n=237)	Office (n=45)	Student / Unemployed (n=242)	p-value
Total PA level n (%)				<0.001
<600 MET.min/week	91 (38.4)	5 (11.1)	103 (42.6)	
≥600 MET.min/week	146 (61.6)	40 (88.9)	139 (57.4)	
Job-related PA n (%)				<0.001
<600 MET.min/week	225 (94.9)	13 (28.9)	237 (97.9)	
≥600 MET.min/week	12 (5.1)	32 (71.1)	5 (2.1)	
Transportation-related PA n (%)				0.429
<600 MET.min/week	212 (89.5)	39 (86.7)	207 (85.5)	
≥600 MET.min/week	25 (10.5)	6 (13.3)	35 (14.5)	
Housework-related PA n (%)				0.989
<600 MET.min/week	160 (67.5)	30 (66.7)	164 (67.8)	
≥600 MET.min/week	77 (32.5)	15 (33.3)	78 (32.2)	
Leisure-related PA n (%)				0.124
<600 MET.min/week	155 (65.4)	26 (57.8)	173 (71.5)	
≥600 MET.min/week	82 (34.6)	19 (42.2)	69 (28.5)	
Walking n (%)				<0.001
<600 MET.min/week	174 (73.4)	13 (28.9)	178 (73.6)	
≥600 MET.min/week	63 (26.6)	32 (71.1)	64 (26.4)	
Moderate PA n (%)				0.001
<600 MET.min/week	175 (73.8)	22 (48.9)	181 (74.8)	
≥600 MET.min/week	62 (26.2)	23 (51.1)	61 (25.2)	
Vigorous PA n (%)				0.202
<600 MET.min/week	159 (67.1)	24 (53.3)	159 (65.7)	
≥600 MET.min/week	78 (32.9)	21 (46.7)	83 (34.3)	
Sitting time (hours/day)				0.002
Tertile 1 = ≤6.29 h	67 (29.4)	23 (53.5)	65 (30.5)	
Tertile 2 = 6.29-10 h	71 (31.1)	16 (37.2)	76 (35.7)	
Tertile 3 = >10 h	90 (39.5)	4 (9.3)	72 (33.8)	

p<0.05 was considered as significant; PA, Physical activity; MET, metabolic equivalent task; Total PA level (MET-minutes/week) = Total physical activity MET-minutes/week = sum of (Job PA + Transportation PA + Housework PA + Leisure PA MET-minutes/week scores).

Table S5 Association between PA levels & intensity (as measured by IPAQ) and work location during lockdown among participants with BMI ≥ 25 Kg/m² (n=269)

	Home (n=122)	Office (n=29)	Student / Unemployed (n=118)	p-value
Total PA level n (%)				0.142
<600 MET.min/week	40 (32.8)	5 (17.2)	43 (36.4)	
≥ 600 MET.min/week	82 (67.2)	24 (82.8)	75 (63.6)	
Job-related PA n (%)				<0.001
<600 MET.min/week	102 (83.6)	16 (55.2)	116 (98.3)	
≥ 600 MET.min/week	20 (16.4)	13 (44.8)	2 (1.7)	
Transportation-related PA n (%)				0.155
<600 MET.min/week	109 (89.3)	25 (86.2)	95 (80.5)	
≥ 600 MET.min/week	13 (10.7)	4 (13.8)	23 (19.5)	
Housework-related PA n (%)				0.897
<600 MET.min/week	73 (59.8)	18 (62.1)	74 (62.7)	
≥ 600 MET.min/week	49 (40.2)	11 (37.9)	44 (37.3)	
Leisure-related PA n (%)				0.431
<600 MET.min/week	81 (66.4)	16 (55.2)	80 (67.8)	
≥ 600 MET.min/week	41 (33.6)	13 (44.8)	38 (32.2)	
Walking n (%)				0.812
<600 MET.min/week	85 (69.7)	19 (65.5)	78 (66.1)	
≥ 600 MET.min/week	37 (30.3)	10 (34.5)	40 (33.9)	
Moderate PA n (%)				0.006
<600 MET.min/week	80 (65.6)	14 (48.3)	91 (77.1)	
≥ 600 MET.min/week	42 (34.4)	15 (51.7)	27 (22.9)	
Vigorous PA n (%)				0.236
<600 MET.min/week	66 (54.1)	14 (48.3)	74 (62.7)	
≥ 600 MET.min/week	56 (45.9)	15 (51.7)	44 (37.3)	
Sitting time (hours/day)				0.018
Tertile 1 = ≤ 6.29 h	39 (35.1)	9 (37.5)	46 (42.2)	
Tertile 2 = 6.29-10 h	40 (36.0)	12 (50.0)	23 (21.1)	
Tertile 3 = >10 h	32 (28.8)	3 (12.5)	40 (36.7)	

$p < 0.05$ was considered as significant; PA, Physical activity; MET, metabolic equivalent task; Total PA level (MET-minutes/week) = Total physical activity MET-minutes/week = sum of (Job PA + Transportation PA + Housework PA + Leisure PA MET-minutes/week scores).

Table S6 Association between PA levels & intensity (as measured by IPAQ) and BMI categories during lockdown

	BMI categories (Kg/m ²)				<i>p</i> -value
	<18.5 (n=62)	18.5-24.99 (n=462)	25-29.99 (n=208)	≥30 (n=61)	
Total PA level n (%)					0.208
<600 MET.min/week	25 (40.3)	174 (37.7)	73 (35.1)	15 (24.6)	
≥600 MET.min/week	37 (59.7)	288 (62.3)	135 (64.9)	46 (75.4)	
Job-related PA n (%)					0.077
<600 MET.min/week	58 (93.5)	417 (90.3)	185 (88.9)	49 (80.3)	
≥600 MET.min/week	4 (6.5)	45 (9.7)	23 (11.1)	12 (19.7)	
Transportation-related PA n (%)					0.849
<600 MET.min/week	54 (87.1)	404 (87.4)	177 (85.1)	52 (85.2)	
≥600 MET.min/week	8 (12.9)	58 (12.6)	31 (14.9)	9 (14.8)	
Housework-related PA n (%)					0.290
<600 MET.min/week	39 (62.9)	315 (68.2)	127 (61.1)	38 (62.3)	
≥600 MET.min/week	23 (37.1)	147 (31.8)	81 (38.9)	23 (37.7)	
Leisure-related PA n (%)					0.793
<600 MET.min/week	42 (67.7)	312 (67.5)	134 (64.4)	43 (70.5)	
≥600 MET.min/week	20 (32.3)	150 (32.5)	74 (35.6)	18 (29.5)	
Walking n (%)					0.663
<600 MET.min/week	47 (75.8)	318 (68.8)	141 (67.8)	41 (67.2)	
≥600 MET.min/week	15 (24.2)	144 (31.2)	67 (32.2)	20 (32.8)	
Moderate PA n (%)					0.544
<600 MET.min/week	43 (69.4)	335 (72.5)	146 (70.2)	39 (63.9)	

≥600 MET.min/week	19 (30.6)	127 (27.5)	62 (29.8)	22 (36.1)	
Vigorous PA n (%)					0.161
<600 MET.min/week	39 (62.9)	303 (65.6)	118 (56.7)	36 (59.0)	
≥600 MET.min/week	23 (37.1)	159 (34.4)	90 (43.3)	25 (41.0)	
Sitting time (hours/day)					0.400
Tertile 1 = ≤6.29 h	13 (22.8)	142 (33.3)	71 (37.4)	23 (42.6)	
Tertile 2 = 6.29-10 h	23 (40.4)	140 (32.8)	59 (31.1)	16 (29.6)	
Tertile 3 = >10 h	21 (36.8)	145 (34.0)	60 (31.6)	15 (27.8)	

$p < 0.05$ was considered as significant; PA, Physical activity; MET, metabolic equivalent task; Total PA level (MET-minutes/week) = Total physical activity MET-minutes/week = sum of (Job PA + Transportation PA + Housework PA + Leisure PA MET-minutes/week scores).

Table S7 Association between PA levels & intensity (as measured by IPAQ) and type of PA during lockdown

	At-home workouts (n=193)	Outdoor activities (n=191)	At-home and outdoor activities (n=139)	No PA (n=272)	<i>p</i>-value
Total PA level n (%)					<0.001
<600 MET.min/week	60 (31.1)	37 (19.4)	22 (15.8)	169 (62.1)	
≥600 MET.min/week	133 (68.9)	154 (80.6)	117 (84.2)	103 (37.9)	
Job-related PA n (%)					0.013
<600 MET.min/week	174 (90.2)	159 (83.2)	125 (89.9)	252 (92.6)	
≥600 MET.min/week	19 (9.8)	32 (16.8)	14 (10.1)	20 (7.4)	
Transportation-related PA n (%)					<0.001
<600 MET.min/week	185 (95.9)	141 (73.8)	105 (75.5)	258 (94.9)	
≥600 MET.min/week	8 (4.1)	50 (26.2)	34 (24.5)	14 (5.1)	
Housework-related PA n (%)					<0.001
<600 MET.min/week	117 (60.6)	119 (62.3)	62 (44.6)	223 (82.0)	
≥600 MET.min/week	76 (39.4)	72 (37.7)	77 (55.4)	49 (18.0)	
Leisure-related PA n (%)					<0.001
<600 MET.min/week	127 (65.8)	112 (58.6)	59 (42.4)	235 (86.4)	
≥600 MET.min/week	66 (34.2)	79 (41.4)	80 (57.6)	37 (13.6)	
Walking n (%)					<0.001
<600 MET.min/week	156 (80.8)	89 (46.6)	73 (52.5)	230 (84.6)	
≥600 MET.min/week	37 (19.2)	102 (53.4)	66 (47.5)	42 (15.4)	
Moderate PA n (%)					<0.001

<600 MET.min/week	132 (68.4)	122 (63.9)	70 (50.4)	241 (88.6)	
≥600 MET.min/week	61 (31.6)	69 (36.1)	69 (49.6)	31 (11.4)	
Vigorous PA n (%)					<0.001
<600 MET.min/week	117 (60.6)	109 (57.1)	61 (43.9)	210 (77.2)	
≥600 MET.min/week	76 (39.4)	82 (42.9)	78 (56.1)	62 (22.8)	
Sitting time (hours/day)					<0.001
Tertile 1 = ≤6.29 h	50 (28.4)	81 (45.8)	48 (38.4)	66 (26.2)	
Tertile 2 = 6.29-10 h	74 (42.0)	54 (30.5)	48 (38.4)	85 (33.7)	
Tertile 3 = >10 h	52 (29.5)	42 (23.7)	29 (23.2)	101 (40.1)	

p<0.05 was considered as significant; PA, Physical activity; MET, metabolic equivalent task; Total PA level (MET-minutes/week) = Total physical activity MET-minutes/week = sum of (Job PA + Transportation PA + Housework PA + Leisure PA MET-minutes/week scores).

Figure S3 showing categories of Total and Leisure PA (\geq and <600 MET.min/week) according to type of PA during lockdown; participants who practiced both at-home and outdoor activities achieved the highest PA levels, $p<0.001$ for all

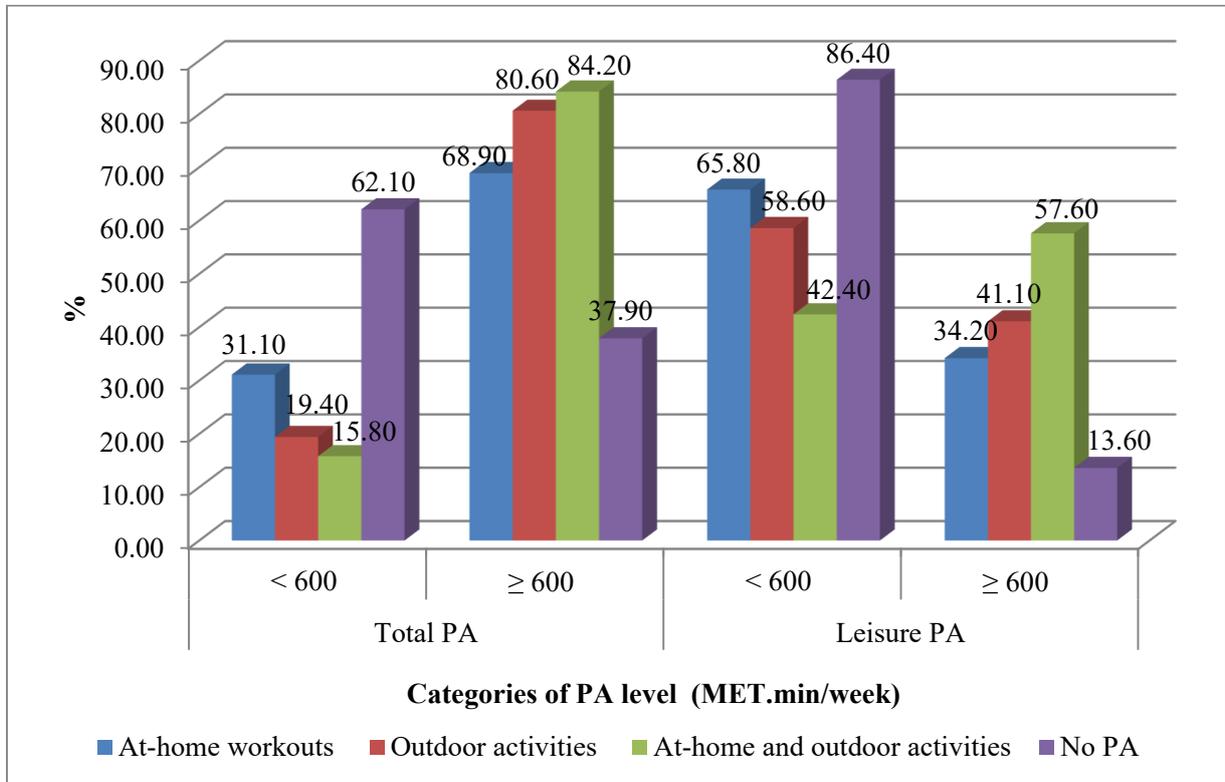


Table S8. Association between age and type of PA during lockdown

	<23 years	23-40 years	≥40 years	<i>p</i> -value
Type of PA during lockdown n(%)				<0.001
At-home workouts	84 (27.8)	62 (25.7)	47 (18.7)	
Outdoor activities (walking, jogging, hiking)	51 (16.9)	47 (19.5)	93 (36.9)	
At-home and outdoor activities	62 (20.5)	48 (19.9)	29 (11.5)	
No PA	105 (34.8)	84 (34.9)	83 (32.9)	

p<0.05 was considered as significant; PA, Physical activity