

# Unveiling the Dual Nature of Heavy Metals: Stressors and Promoters of Phenolic Compound Biosynthesis in *Basilicum polystachyon* (L.) Moench In Vitro

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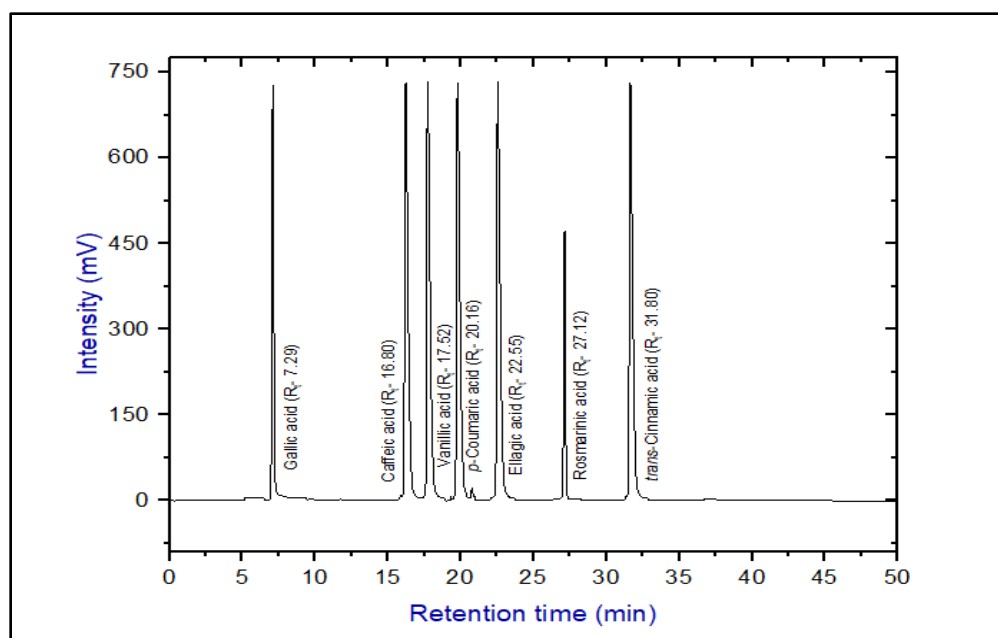
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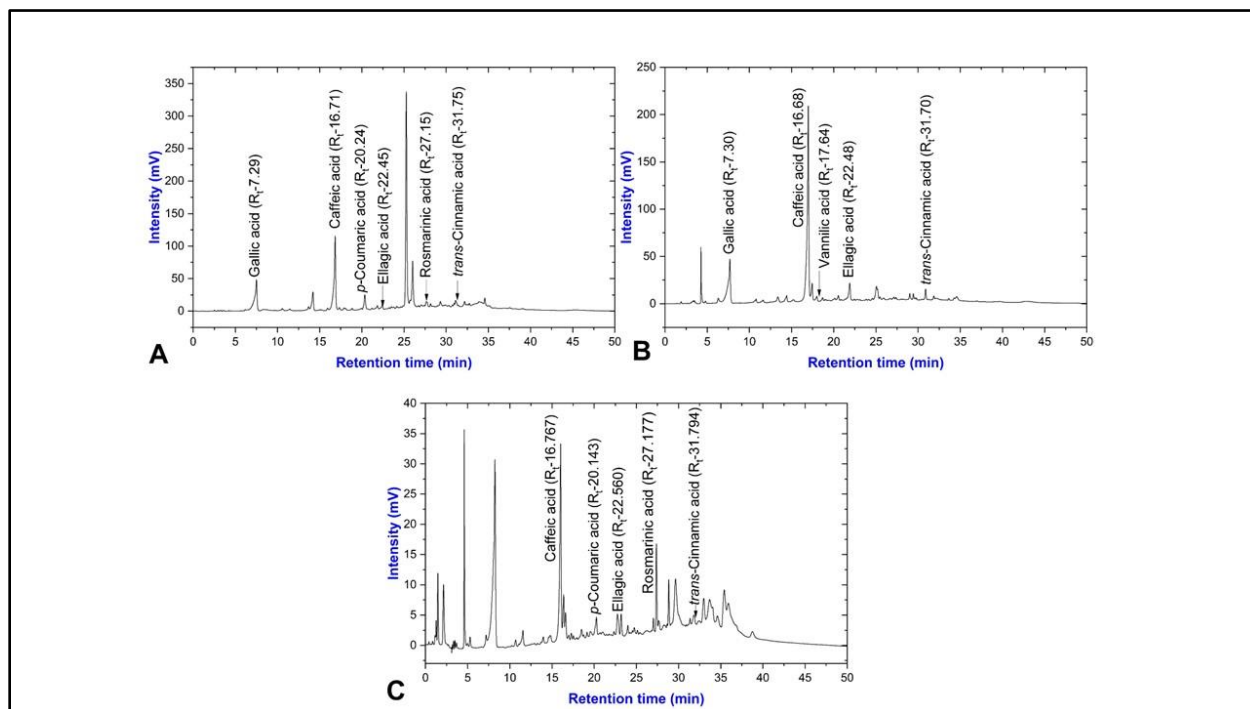
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**Supplementary Table S1.** Program for gradient elution using a mobile phase consisting of (A) 2% glacial acetic acid in water and (B) acetonitrile: water (70:30).

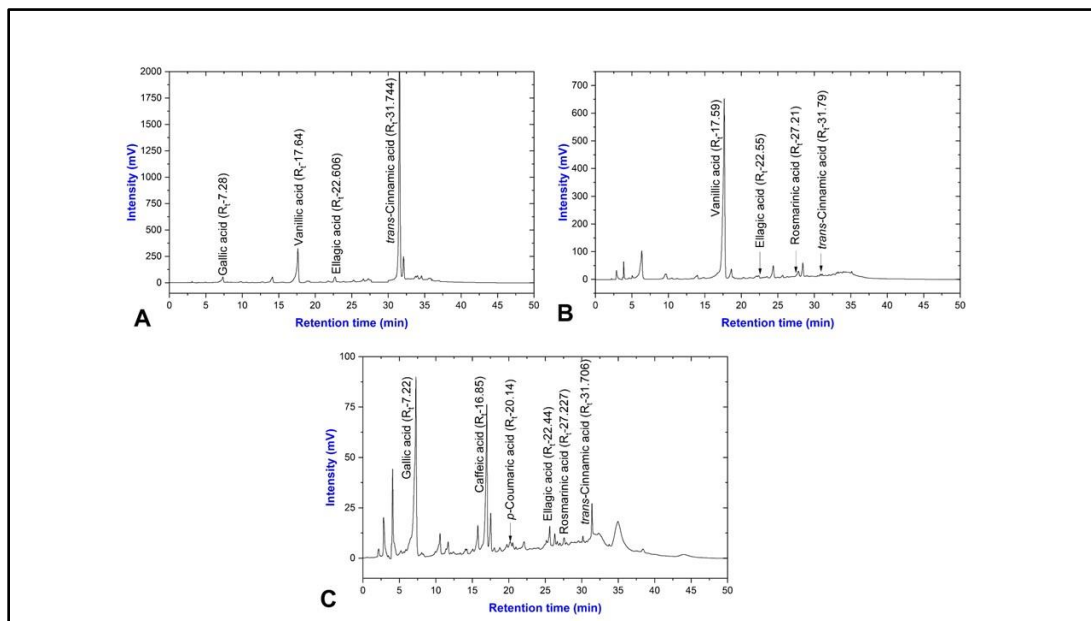
Time (min)	Solvent A (2% Glacial acetic Acid in Water)	Solvent B (Acetonitrile: Water) 70:30
0-3	95	5
3-10	80	20
10-20	60	40
20-30	20	80
30-50	95	5



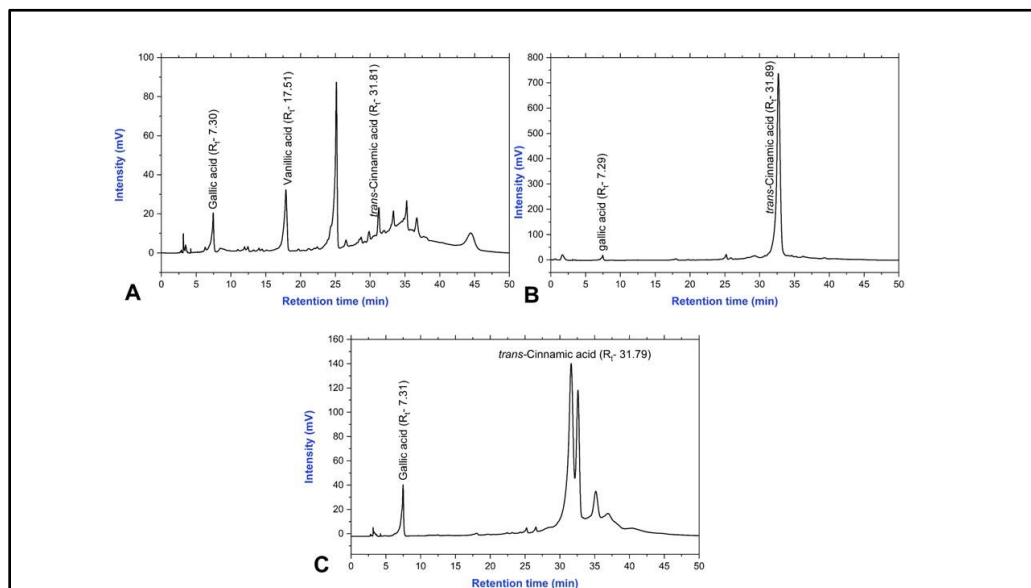
**Supplementary Figure S1.** HPLC chromatogram of standard phenolic acids: Gallic acid ( $R_t$ -7.29), Caffeic acid ( $R_t$ -16.80), Vanillic acid ( $R_t$ -17.52), *p*-Coumaric acid ( $R_t$ -20.16), Ellagic acid ( $R_t$ -22.55), Rosmarinic acid ( $R_t$ -27.12), *trans*-Cinnamic acid ( $R_t$ -31.80).



**Supplementary Figure S2.** HPLC chromatographic profile of phenolic compounds obtained in the leaves of lead (II) induced plant. (A) Free form phenolics, (B) Esterified form phenolics, and (C) Glycosylated form phenolics.



**Supplementary Figure S3.** HPLC chromatographic profile of phenolic compounds obtained in the leaves of mercury (II) induced plant. (A) Free form phenolics, (B) Esterified form phenolics, and (C) Glycosylated form phenolics.



**Supplementary Figure S4.** HPLC chromatographic profile of phenolic compounds obtained in the leaves of the control plant. (A) Free form phenolics, (B) Esterified form phenolics, and (C) Glycosylated form phenolics.