Supplementary Materials

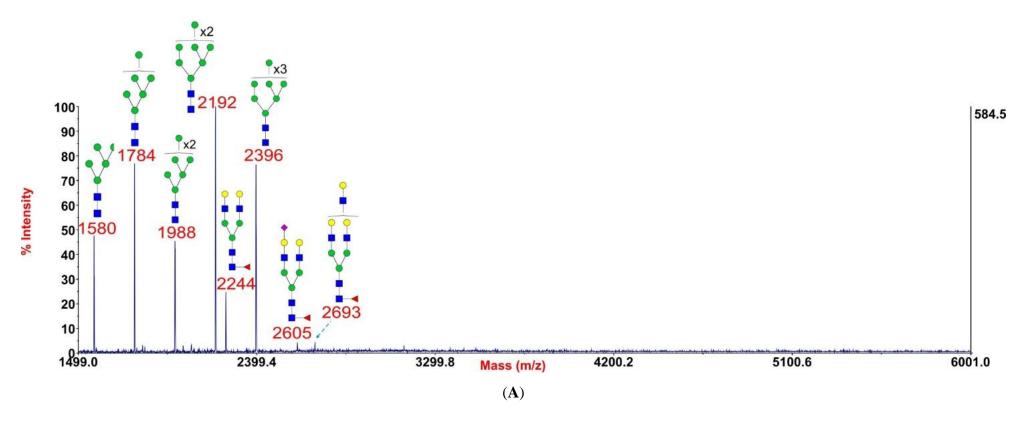


Figure S1. Cont.

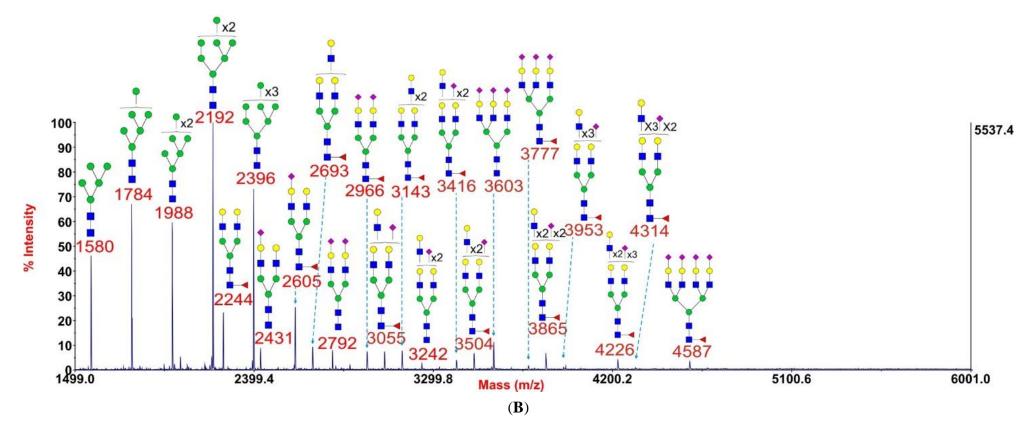


Figure S1. Cont.

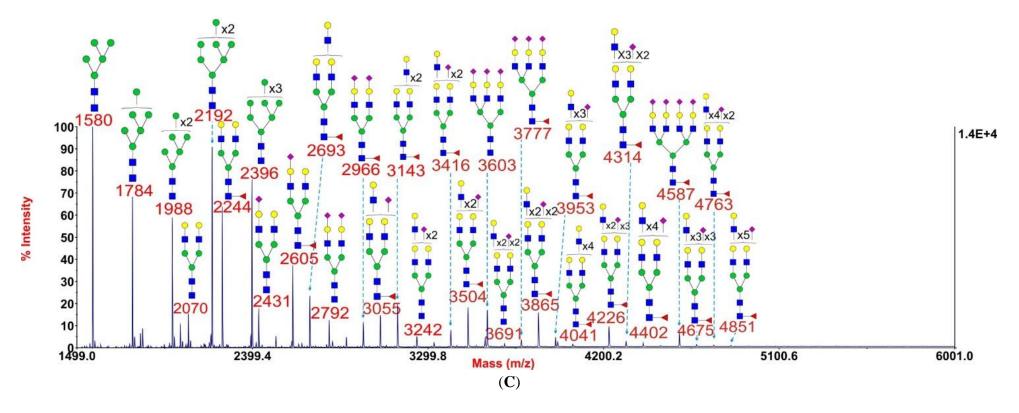


Figure S1. Annotated MALDI-TOF MS spectra of permethylated N-glycans from myoblasts of the CMS patient caused by mutations in *DOK7*, the myoblasts were cultured in the medium containing 5% (**A**); 10% (**B**) and 15% (**C**) FCS Profiles were obtained from the 50% acetonitrile fraction from a C18 Sep-Pak column. All ions are $[M + Na]^+$. The number indicated in the spectra is the mass to charge ratio (m/z) of the corresponding ion. Since the ion is monocharged, the value of m/z is equal to the molecular weight value of the glycan. Annotations are based on the molecular weight, *N*-glycan biosynthetic pathway and MS/MS data. Glycans at m/z 2966, 3777 and 4587 are clearly annotated, this is due to the fact that their structures are unequivocal because each antenna is capped with a sialic acid and thus they are homogeneous bi-, triand tetraantennary glycans. However, the glycan structure is not always as unequivocal as the glycan at m/z 2966 as biosynthetically non-fully sialylated glycan molecular ion species could be made up of mixtures of structural isoforms. Therefore, for those heterogeneous multiantennary structures with extended LacNAc repeats, the annotations are simplified throughout by using biantennary structures with the extensions and NeuAcs listed outside a bracket. \blacksquare GlcNAc, \bigcirc Man, \bigcirc Gal, \blacktriangle Fuc, \diamondsuit NeuAc.

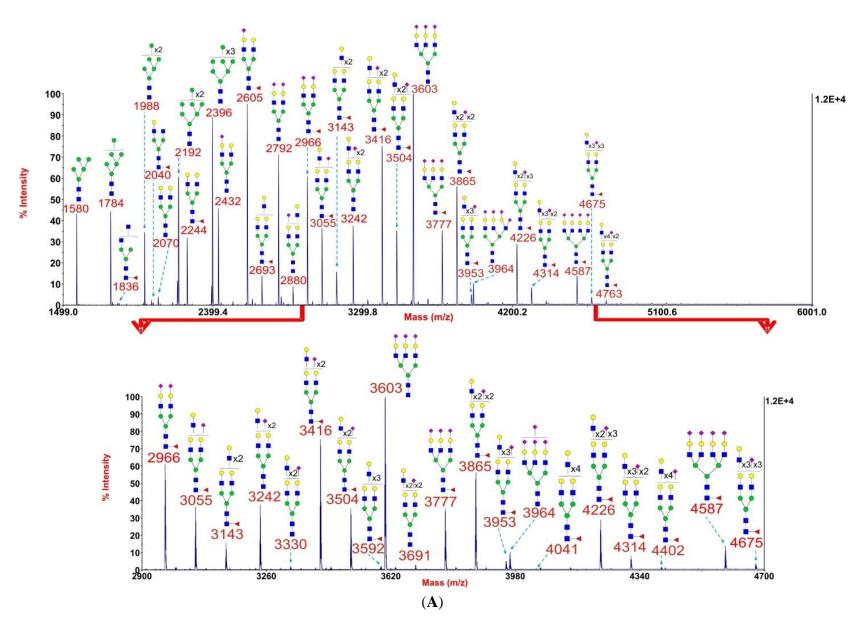


Figure S2. Cont.

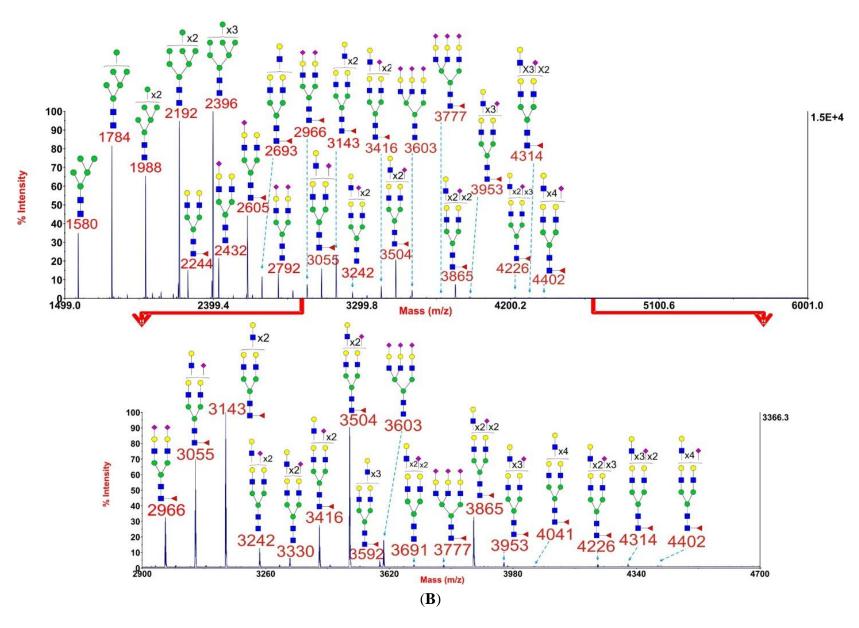
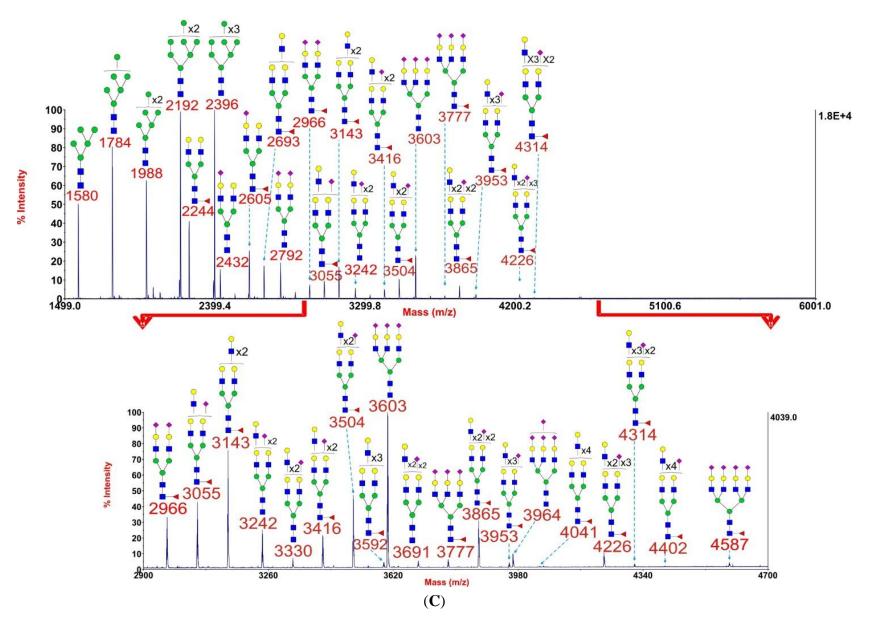


Figure S2. Cont.



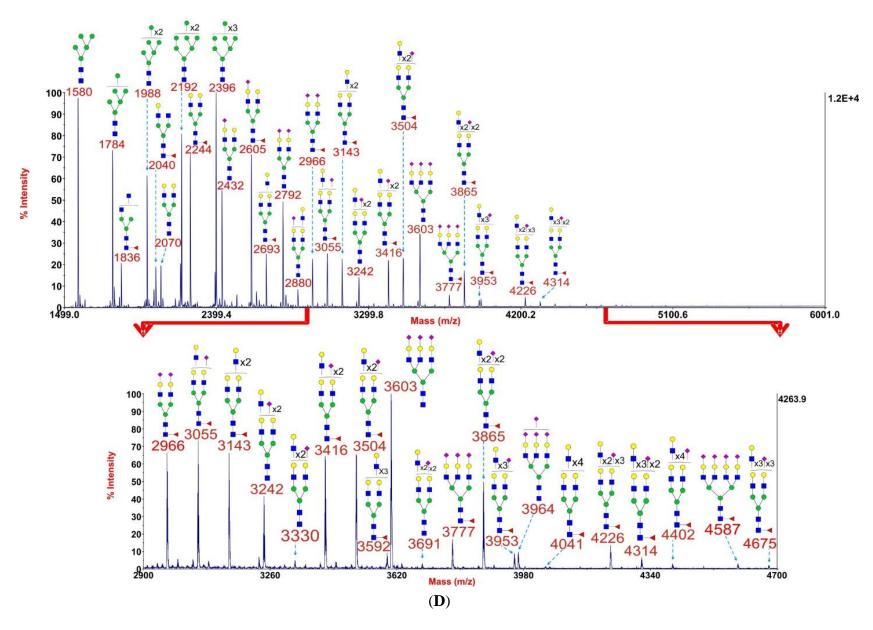


Figure S2. Cont.

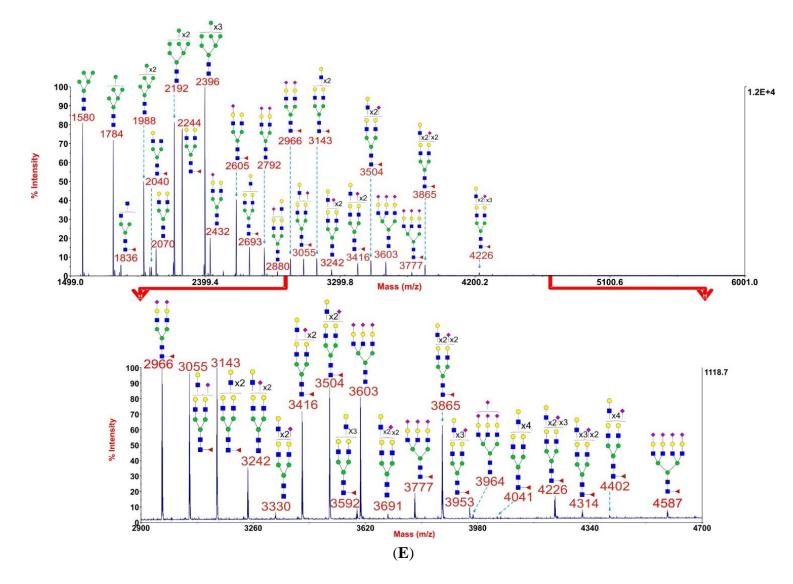


Figure S2. Annotated MALDI-TOF MS spectra of permethylated *N*-glycans from myoblasts of healthy control 2 (**A**); *GFPT1* patient 2 (**B**); the *MTND5* patient (**C**); limb girdle muscular dystrophy type 2A (LGMD2A) patient (**D**) and Pompe disease patient (**E**) In each of A, B, C, D and E, the top panel shows the full spectrum of glycans and the bottom panel amplifies the mass range where the majority of tri- and tetra-antennary

glycans are found, the starting point and ending point of which have been indicated by red arrows. Profiles were obtained from the 50% acetonitrile fraction from a C18 Sep-Pak column. All ions are $[M + Na]^+$. The number indicated in the spectra is the mass to charge ratio (m/z) of the corresponding ion. Since the ion is monocharged, the value of m/z is equal to the molecular weight value of the glycan. Annotations are based on the molecular weight, *N*-glycan biosynthetic pathway and MS/MS data. Glycans at m/z 2966, 3777 and 4587 are clearly annotated, this is due to the fact that their structures are unequivocal because each antenna is capped with a sialic acid and thus they are homogeneous bi-, tri- and tetraantennary glycans. However, the glycan structure is not always as unequivocal as the glycan at m/z 2966 as biosynthetically non-fully sialylated glycan molecular ion species could be made up of mixtures of structural isoforms. Therefore, for those heterogeneous multiantennary structures with extended LacNAc repeats, the annotations are simplified throughout by using biantennary structures with the extensions and NeuAcs listed outside a bracket. \blacksquare GlcNAc, \bigcirc Man, \bigcirc Gal, \blacktriangle Fuc, \diamondsuit NeuAc.

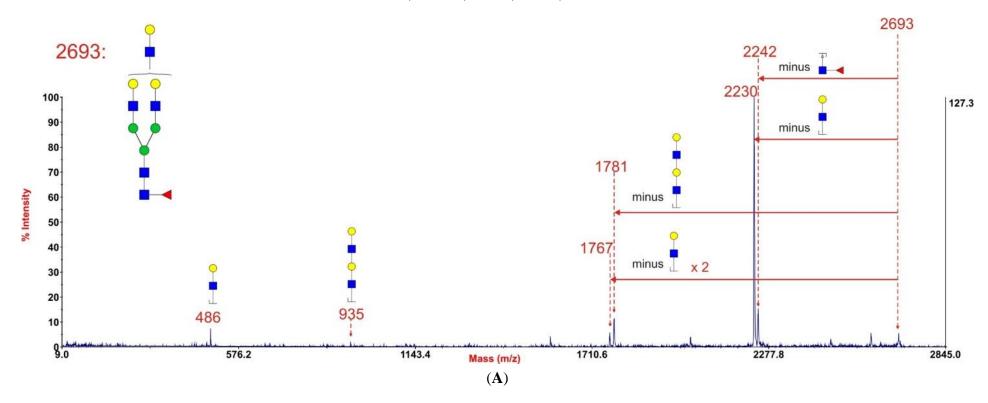


Figure S3. Cont.

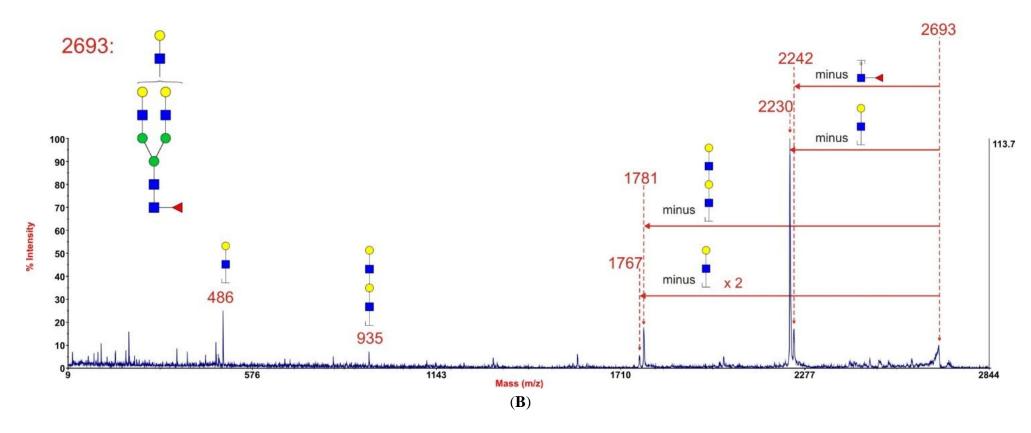


Figure S3. Cont.

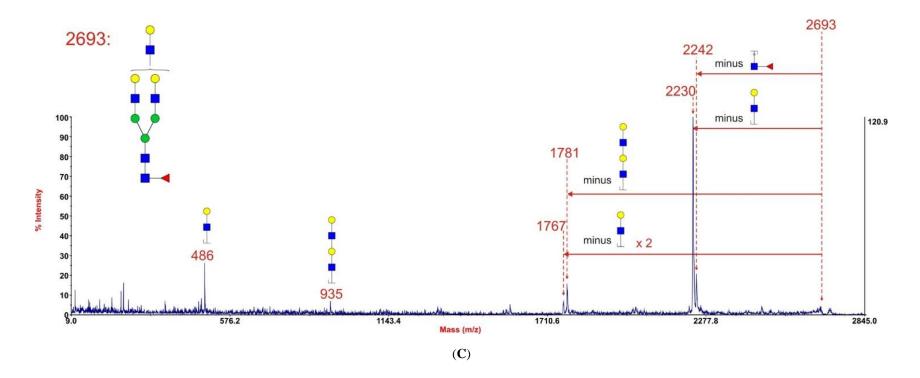


Figure S3. MALDI-TOF/TOF MS/MS spectra of the permethylated *N*-glycan at m/z 2693 $[M + Na]^{T}$ in myoblasts from healthy control 1 (**A**); *GFPT1* patient 1 (**B**) and the *DOK7* patient (**C**) This glycan is a non-sialylated glycan with three lacNAc units (m/z 2693) in the MALDI data (see Figure 1). Two antennae arrangements are consistent with this composition: triantennary and/or biantennary with one LacNAc extension. The MS/MS spectra are dominated by the fragment ion arising from loss of a single terminal LacNAc, this fragment ion can be derived from both the bi-and tri-antennary options. Nevertheless there are several fragment ions that are diagnostic for the extended biantennary structure. These are observed at m/z 935 and 1781. Importantly their abundances relative to the major fragment ions are similar in the three samples. We estimate from abundance comparisons that m/z 2693 is comprised of about 91% tri-antennary and 9% extended bi-antennary structures in healthy control 1, approximately 86% tri-antennary and 14% extended bi-antennary structures in GFPT1 patient 1, and roughly 88% tri-antennary and 12% extended bi-antennary structures in the DOK7 patient. Assignments of the fragment ions are indicated on the cartoons and on the spectra the horizontal red arrows show antennae losses whilst antennae-derived fragment ions are annotated with their sequences. \blacksquare GlcNAc, \blacklozenge Man, \circlearrowright Gal, \blacktriangle Fuc, \diamondsuit NeuAc.

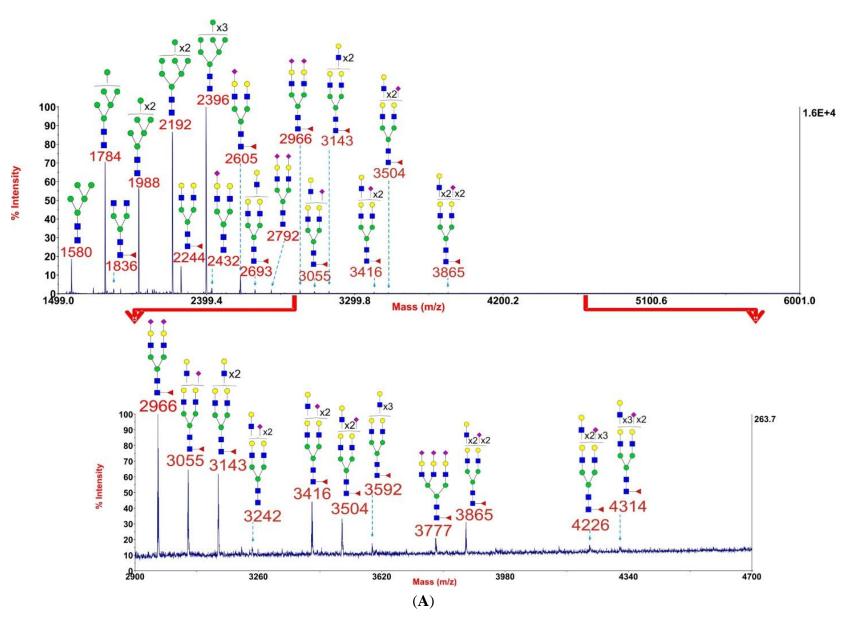
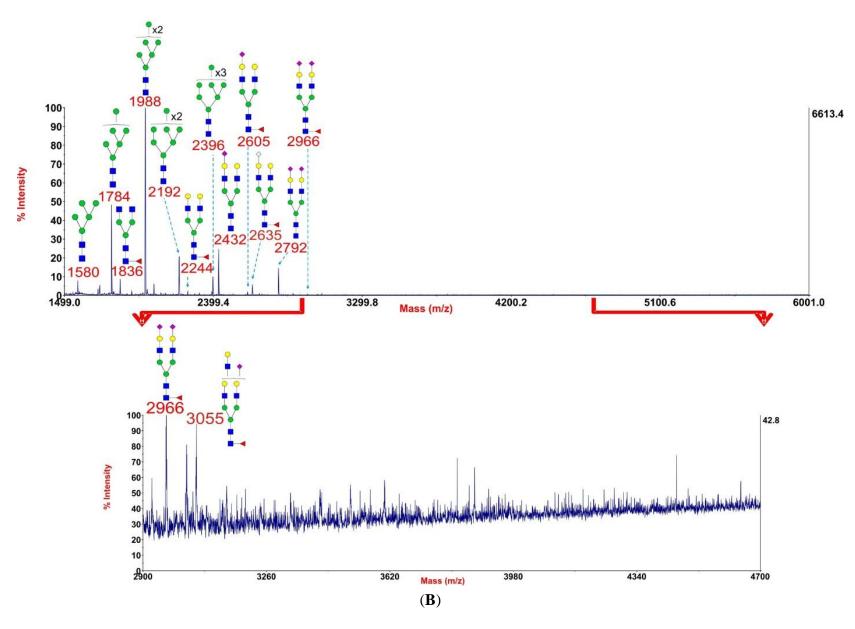
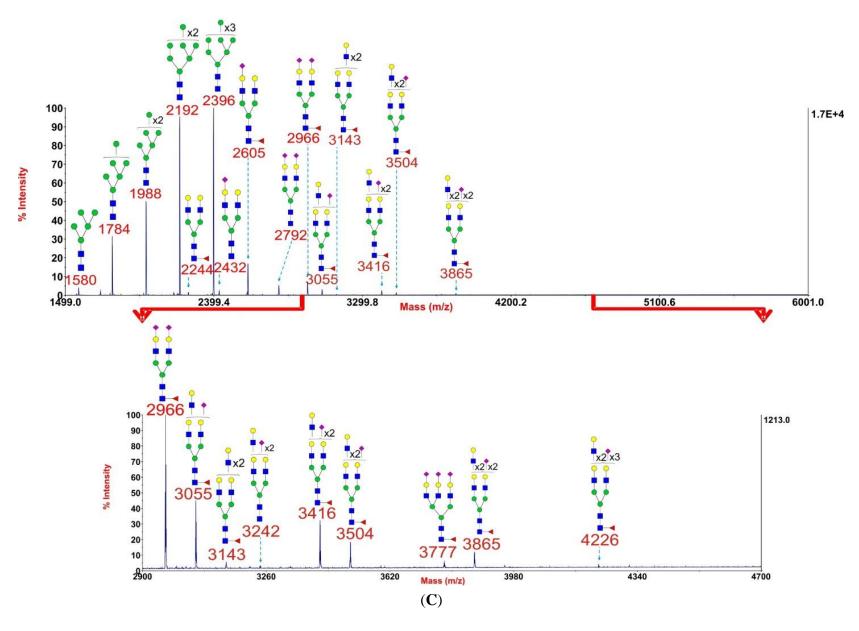


Figure S4. Cont.





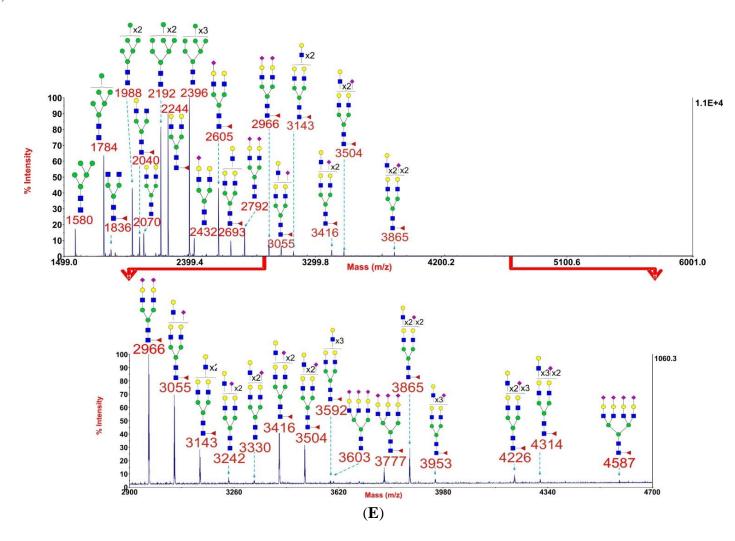
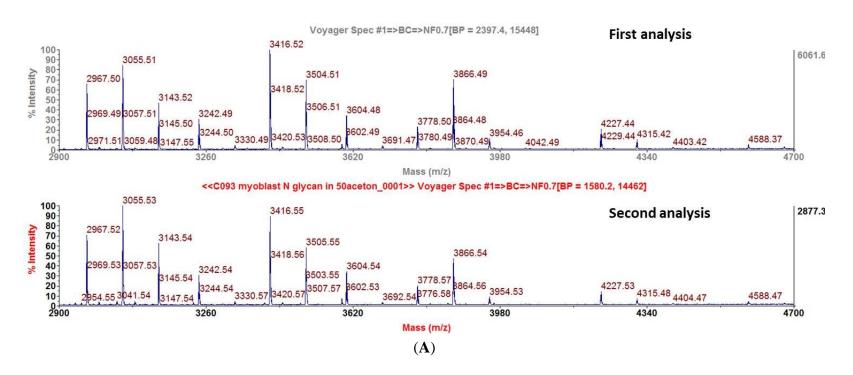
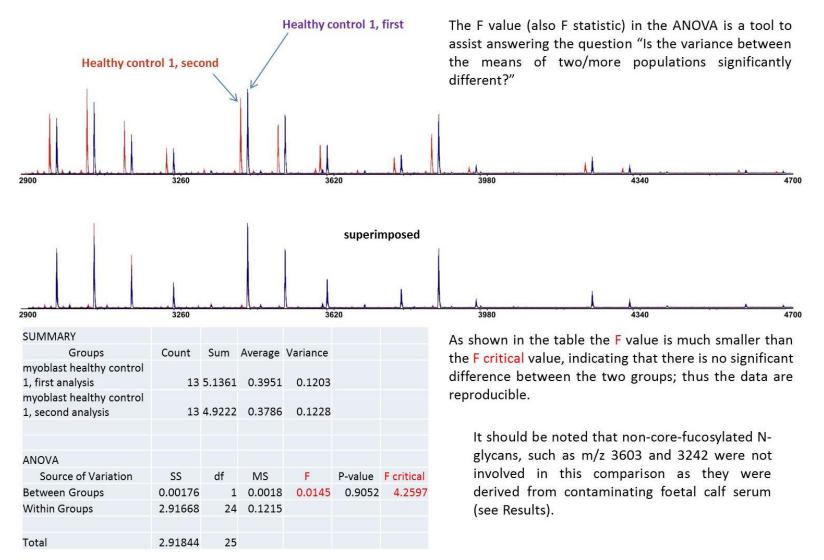


Figure S4. Annotated MALDI-TOF MS spectra of permethylated *N*-glycans from myotubes of healthy control 2 (**A**); *GFPT1* patient 2 (**B**); the *MTND5* patient (**C**); limb girdle muscular dystrophy type 2A (LGMD2A) patient (**D**) and Pompe disease patient (**E**) In each of A, B, C, D and E, the top panel shows the full spectrum of glycans and the bottom panel amplifies the mass range where the majority of tri- and tetra-antennary glycans are found, the starting point and ending point of which have been indicated by red arrows. Profiles were obtained from the 50% acetonitrile fraction from a C18 Sep-Pak column. All ions are $[M + Na]^+$. The number indicated in the spectra is the mass to charge ratio (m/z)

of the corresponding ion. Since the ion is monocharged, the value of m/z is equal to the molecular weight value of the glycan. Annotations are based on the molecular weight, *N*-glycan biosynthetic pathway and MS/MS data. Glycans at m/z 2966, 3777 and 4587 are clearly annotated, this is due to the fact that their structures are unequivocal because each antenna is capped with a sialic acid and thus they are homogeneous bi-, tri- and tetraantennary glycans. However, the glycan structure is not always as unequivocal as the glycan at m/z 2966 as biosynthetically non-fully sialylated glycan molecular ion species could be made up of mixtures of structural isoforms. Therefore, for those heterogeneous multiantennary structures with extended LacNAc repeats, the annotations are simplified throughout by using biantennary structures with the extensions and NeuAcs listed outside a bracket. \blacksquare GlcNAc, \bigcirc Man, \bigcirc Gal, \blacktriangle Fuc, \diamondsuit NeuAc.

Healthy control 1





The alpha factor chosen was is 0.05.

Figure S5. Cont.

(B)

Healthy control 2

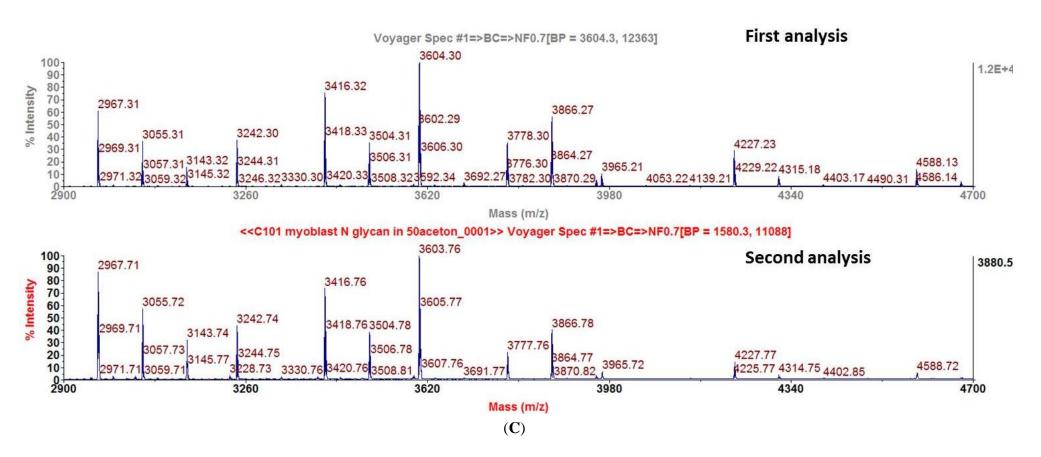
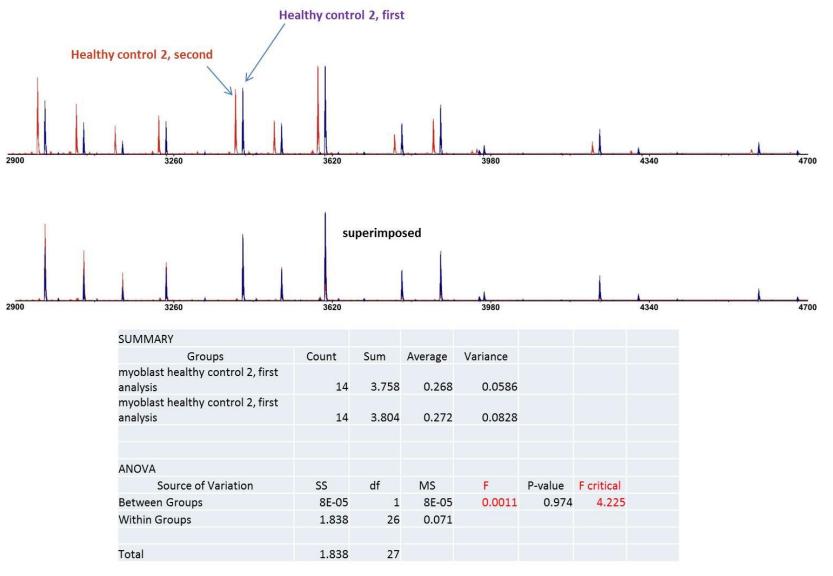
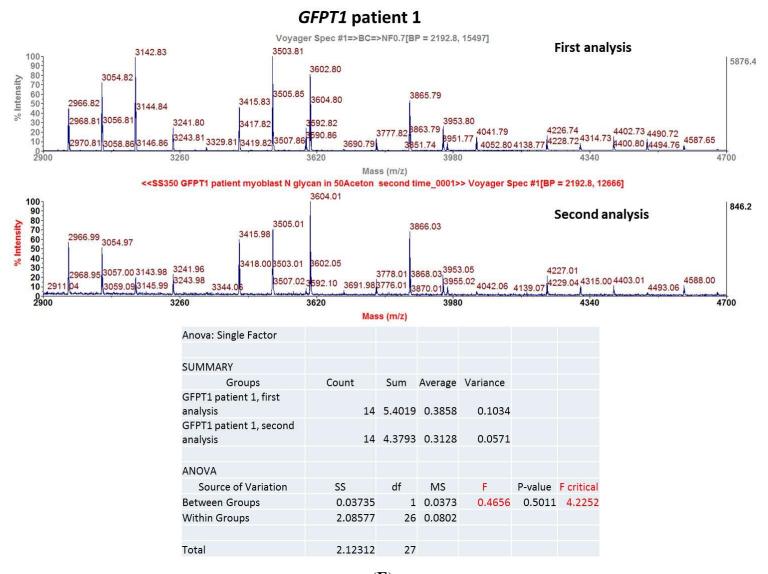


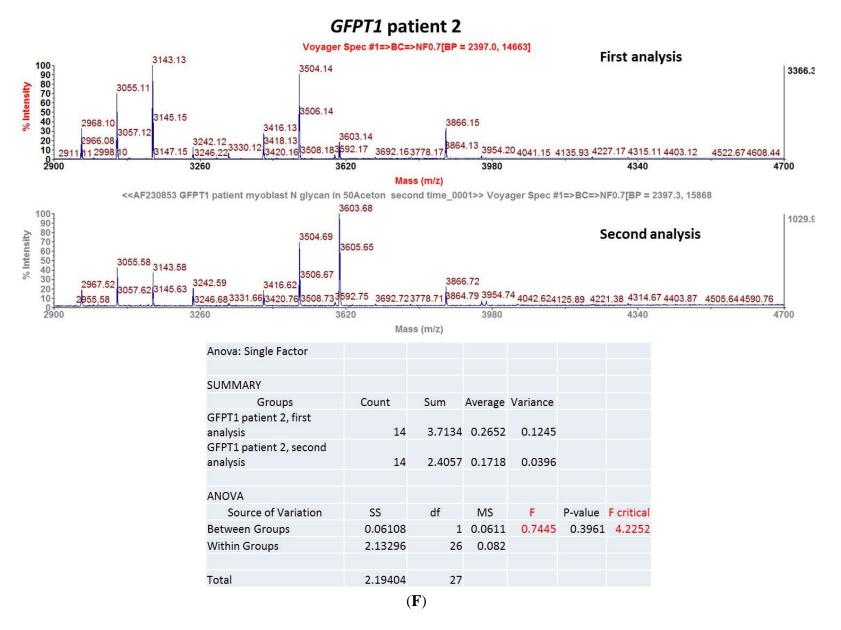
Figure S5. Cont.

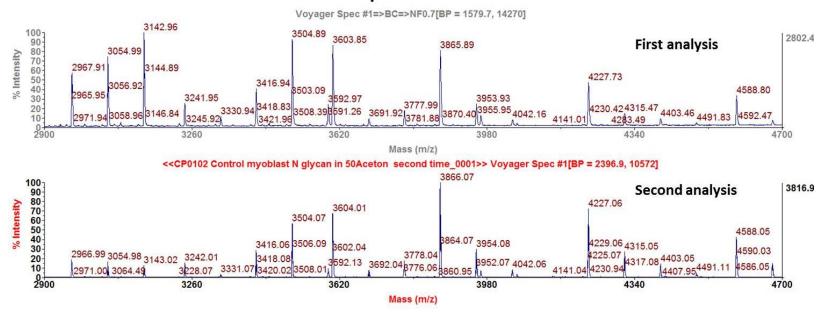


(D)



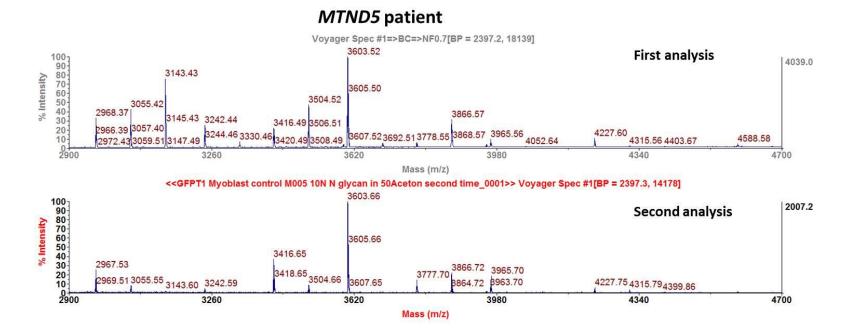
(E)





Anova: Single Factor						
SUMMARY						
Groups	Count	Sum	Average	Variance		
DOK7 patient, first analysis	14	6.2575	0.447	0.0991		
DOK7 patient, second analysis	14	4.5356	0.324	0.0722		
ANOVA						
Source of Variation	SS	df	MS	F	P-value	F critical
Between Groups	0.1059	1	0.1059	1.236	0.2764	4.2252
Within Groups	2.22756	26	0.0857			
Total	2.33346	27				
	(G)				

DOK7 patient



Anova: Single Factor						
SUMMARY						
Groups	Count	Sum	Average	Variance		
MTND5 patient, first analysis	14	2.892	0.2066	0.0505		
MTND5 patient, second analysis	14	1.3366	0.0955	0.0121		
ANOVA						
Source of Variation	SS	df	MS	F	P-value	F critical
Between Groups	0.0864	1	0.0864	2.759	0.1087	4.2252
Within Groups	0.81422	26	0.0313			
Total	0.90063	27				

(H)

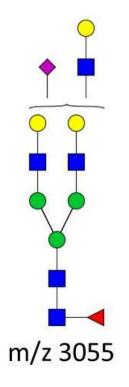
Additional Samples

Anova: Single Factor						
SUMMARY						
Groups	Count	Sum	Average	Variance		
myoblast healthy control 1	14	5.1907	0.3708	0.1193		
myoblast healthy control 2	14	3.7575	0.2684	0.0586		
GFPT1 patient 1	14	5.4019	0.3858	0.1034		
GFPT1 patient 2	14	3.7134	0.2652	0.1245		
DOK7 patient	14	6.2575	0.447	0.0991		
MTND5 patient	14	2.892	0.2066	0.0505		
LGMD2A patient	14	4.5738	0.3267	0.0855		
Pompe disease patient	14	5.9821	0.4273	0.1642		
ANOVA						
Source of Variation	SS	df	MS	F	P-value	F critical
Between Groups	0.71043	7	0.1015	1.0085	0.4297	2.0989
Within Groups	10.4658	104	0.1006			
Total	11.1763	111				
	(I)					

ANOVA analysis of MS/MS data

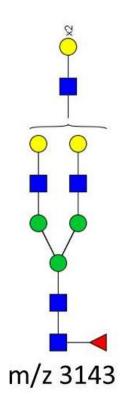
m/z 2693

Anova: Single Factor						
SUMMARY						
Groups	Count	Sum	Average	Variance		
myoblast healthy control 1	7	1.846981	0.263854	0.110998		
myoblast healthy control 2	7	1.744782	0.249255	0.117039		
GFPT1 patient 1	7	1.773967	0.253424	0.114121		
GFPT1 patient 2	7	1.658956	0.236994	0.118663		
DOK7 patient	7	1.497809	0.213973	0.122863		
MTND5 patient	7	1.638627	0.23409	0.116751		
LGMD2A patient	7	1.424044	0.203435	0.12499		
Pompe disease patient	7	1.613139	0.230448	0.118103		
ANOVA						
Source of Variation	SS	df	MS	F	P-value	F critical
Between Groups	0.019848	7	0.002835	0.024042	0.999984	2.207436
Within Groups	5.661162	48	0.117941			
Total	5.681011	55				
	(\mathbf{J})					

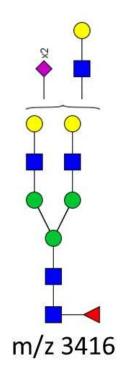


Anova: Single Factor						
SUMMARY						
Groups	Count	Sum	Average	Variance		
myoblast healthy control 1	15	3.221139	0.214743	0.084465		
myoblast healthy control 2	15	3.007335	0.200489	0.077004		
GFPT1 patient 1	15	3.217751	0.214517	0.077672		
GFPT1 patient 2	15	3.143243	0.20955	0.067485		
DOK7 patient	15	2.827649	0.18851	0.072329		
MTND5 patient	15	2.869131	0.191275	0.072697		
LGMD2A patient	15	2.887922	0.192528	0.07004		
Pompe disease patient	15	3.211432	0.214095	0.073406		
ANOVA						
Source of Variation	SS	df	MS	F	P-value	F critical
					0.99998	
Between Groups	0.013493	7	0.001928	0.025913	1	2.092381
Within Groups	8.331362	112	0.074387			
Total	8.344855	119				

(**K**)

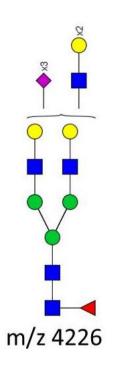


Anova: Single Factor						
SUMMARY						
Groups	Count	Sum	Average	Variance		
myoblast healthy control 1	10	1.554012	0.155401	0.090348		
myoblast healthy control 2	10	1.605102	0.16051	0.088959		
GFPT1 patient 1	10	1.543141	0.154314	0.09061		
GFPT1 patient 2	10	1.602429	0.160243	0.090208		
DOK7 patient	10	1.529101	0.15291	0.09086		
MTND5 patient	10	1.531205	0.15312	0.090842		
LGMD2A patient	10	1.395141	0.139514	0.092785		
Pompe disease patient	10	1.498925	0.149892	0.091328		
ANOVA						
Source of Variation	SS	df	MS	F	P-value	F critical
Between Groups	0.003075	7	0.000439	0.00484	1	2.139656
Within Groups	6.533456	72	0.090742			
Total	6.536531	79				
	(L)					



Anova: Single Factor						
SUMMARY						
Groups	Count	Sum	Average	Variance		
myoblast healthy control 1	12	3.666897	0.305575	0.187442		
myoblast healthy control 2	12	3.41037	0.284198	0.102746		
GFPT1 patient 1	12	3.039815	0.253318	0.094479		
GFPT1 patient 2	12	3.2147	0.267892	0.102098		
DOK7 patient	12	3.533928	0.294494	0.151509		
MTND5 patient	12	3.290426	0.274202	0.147745		
LGMD2A patient	12	3.415446	0.284621	0.146992		
Pompe disease patient	12	3.739437	0.31162	0.201239		
ANOVA						
Source of Variation	SS	df	MS	F	P-value	F critical
Between Groups	0.031606	7	0.004515	0.031846	0.99996	2.115472
Within Groups	12.47676	88	0.141781			
Total	12.50837	95				

(M)



Anova: Single Factor						
SUMMARY						
Groups	Count	Sum	Average	Variance		
myoblast healthy control 1	12	3.765016	0.313751	0.166213		
myoblast healthy control 2	12	2.44387	0.203656	0.084358		
GFPT1 patient 1	12	3.092784	0.257732	0.093789		
GFPT1 patient 2	12	3.830986	0.319249	0.09056		
DOK7 patient	12	2.797297	0.233108	0.105456		
MTND5 patient	12	2.521792	0.210149	0.102864		
LGMD2A patient	12	2.97479	0.247899	0.115249		
Pompe disease patient	12	3.843511	0.320293	0.329943		
ANOVA						
Source of Variation	SS	df	MS	F	P-value	F critical
Between Groups	0.197831	7	0.028262	0.207723	0.982901	2.115472
Within Groups	11.97276	88	0.136054			
Total	12.17059	95				
		(N)				

Figure S5. ANOVA analysis of myoblasts MS data (A−I) and MS/MS data (J−N). GlcNAc, Man, Gal, Fuc, NeuAc.

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