## **1** Supplementary material



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3 Figure SM-1. Analytical chromatographic profile of freeze dried crude Naphthalimide-AA-BP100 - 2 mg/mL in water; sample volume: 20 µL; analytical 4 reversed-phase C18 Vydac column; solvent A: 0.1% TFA in water; solvent B: 5 6 80% aqueous acetonitrile containing 0.09 % TFA; gradient: 30-70 % B in 30 min; 7 flow rate: 1 mL/min: detection wavelength: 220 nm. This peptide was constituted by four fractions which were separated from each other and purified separately 8 9 using a preparative reversed-phase C18 Vydac column at flow rate: 9 mL/min; in the same experimental conditions of solvent and gradient above. Mass spectra 10 11 analyses of each fractions indicated that peak 4 was the desired peptide ([M+H]+ 12 = 1743.1).

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**Figure SM-3.** MALDI mass spectra of the purified peptide Naphthalimide-AA-BP100, showing the expected product with  $[M+H]^+= 1743.1$  and the  $[M+Na]^+$  and  $[M+K]^+$  adducts at 1765.1 1nd 1787.1, respectively. Ions observed at *m/z* values of 1331.2, 1421.5 and 1643.1 might be due to partial in-source peptide fragmentation. The spectrum was obtained in an Autoflex Speed mass spectrometer (Bruker Daltonics, Bilerica, MA).

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**Figure SM-4.** MS/MS spectrum of the peptide Naphthalimide-AA-BP100. The complete sequence obtained by the b ion-series is shown in the upper part whereas a partial sequence assigned by the y ion-series is shown below the bseries. The spectrum was obtained in an Autoflex Speed mass spectrometer (Bruker Daltonics, Bilerica, MA).





2 Figure SM-5. (A) Fluorescence spectra of NAPHT-BP100 20 μM in solution at

- 25, 45 and 65 °C in 10 mM Tris-HCl buffer, pH 7.4. (B) Average lipid/peptide ratio
- 4 in which 50% of NAPHT-BP100 is bound to LUV of varied lipid composition at 25,

5 45, and 65 °C.







Figure SM-6. (A) Fluorescence and (C) CD spectra of NAPHT-BP100 20 μM in
solution and in presence of POPC LUV, in 10 mM Tris-HCl buffer, pH 7.4. (B)
Binding isotherm obtained from the spectra presented in (A) and (D) [θ] at 222
nm as function of lipid concentration obtained from data in (C).