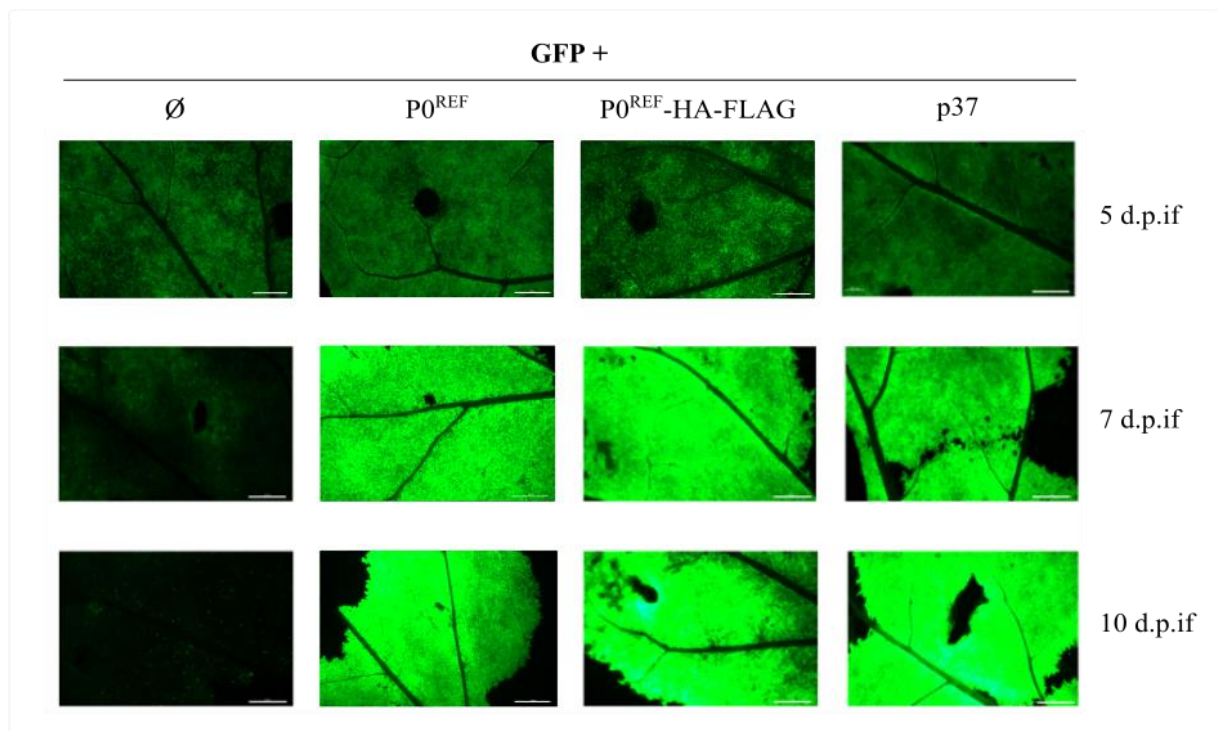
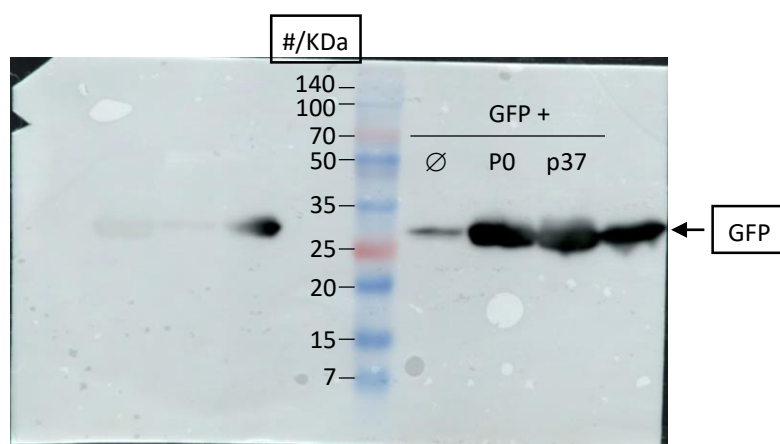


## SUPPLEMENTARY FIGURES

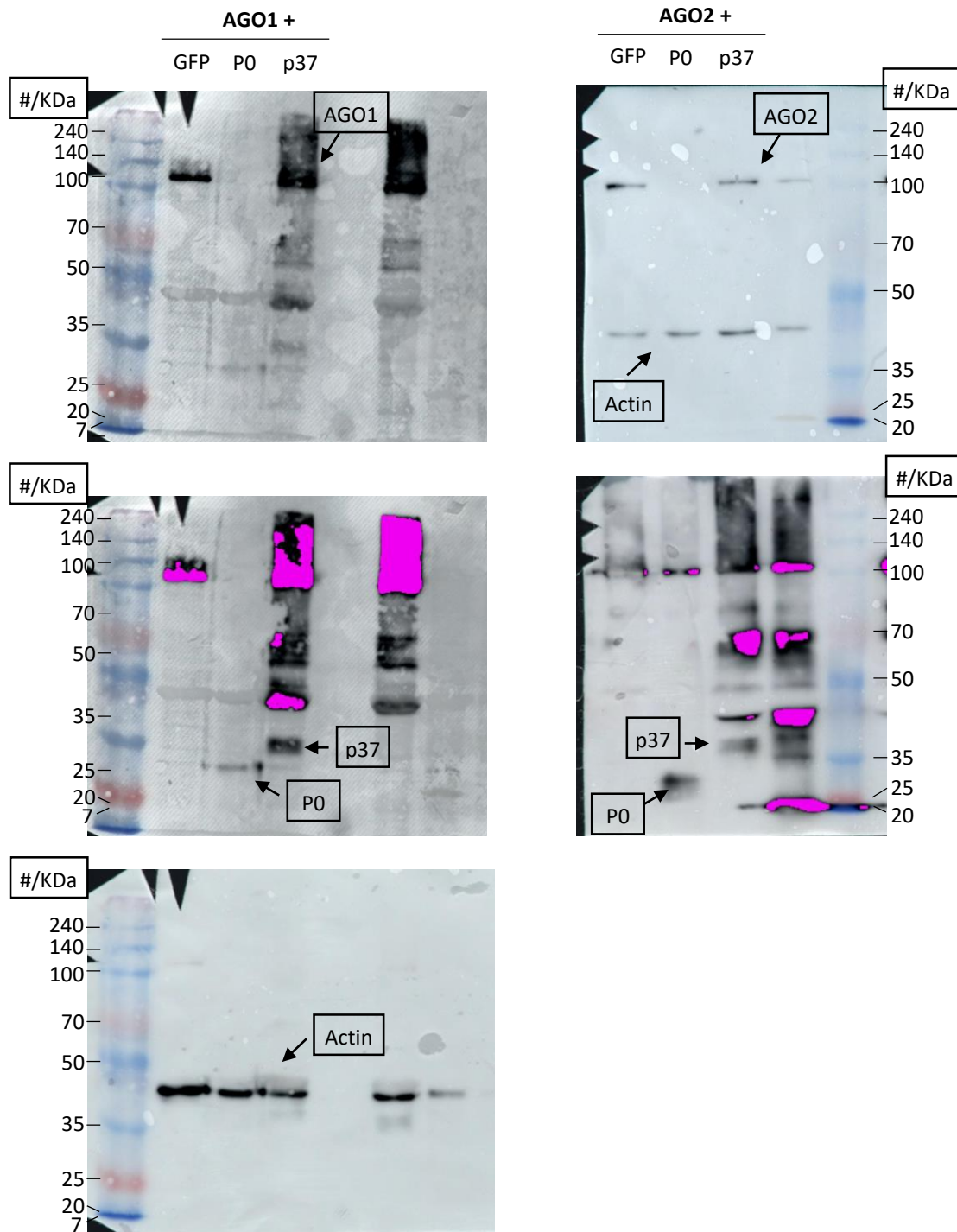


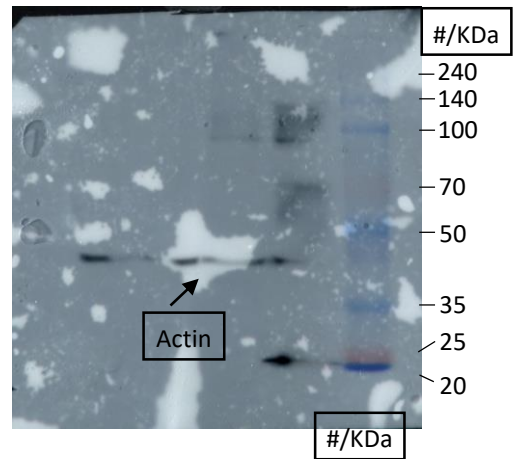
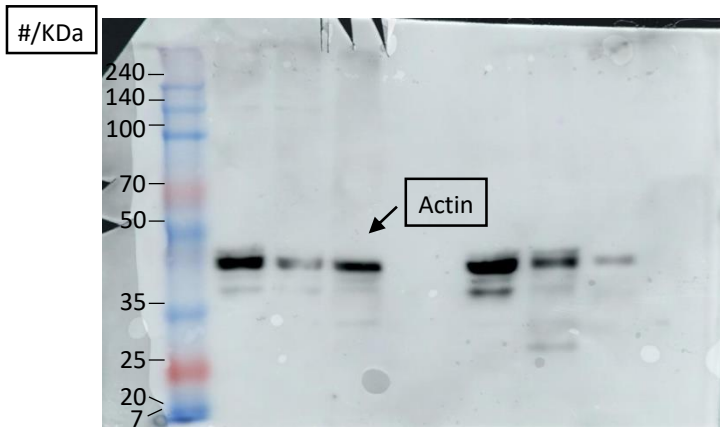
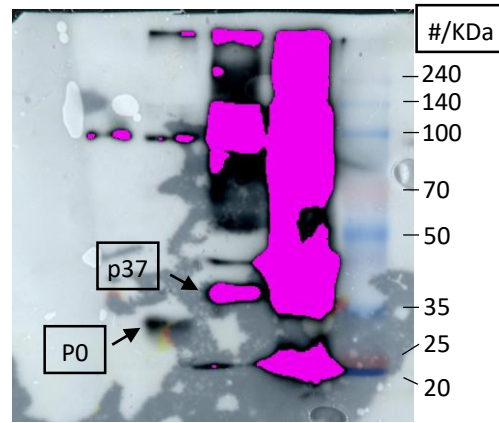
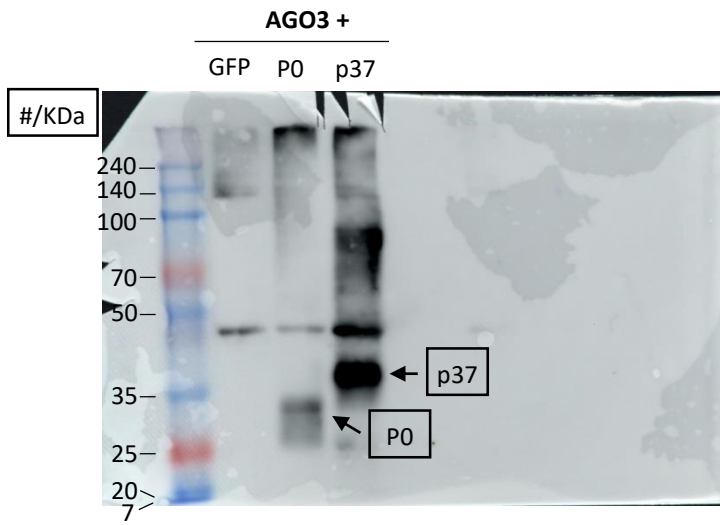
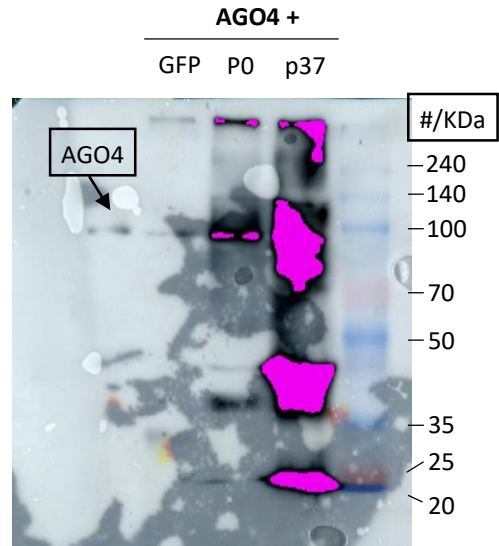
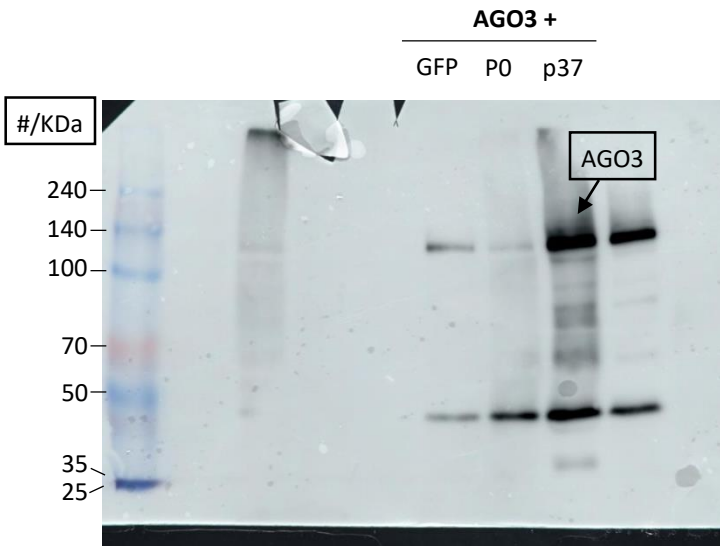
**Figure S1. Assessment of RNA silencing suppressor activity of PeVYV-5 P0<sup>REF</sup>.** *N. benthamiana* leaves were agroinfiltrated with constructs for expression of GFP either alone (Ø) or in combination with constructs directing expression of PeVYV-5 P0<sup>REF</sup> or PLPV p37. GFP fluorescence at 5, 7 and 10 d.p.if. in infiltrated leaf patches. The inset scale bar corresponds to 5 mm in all panels.

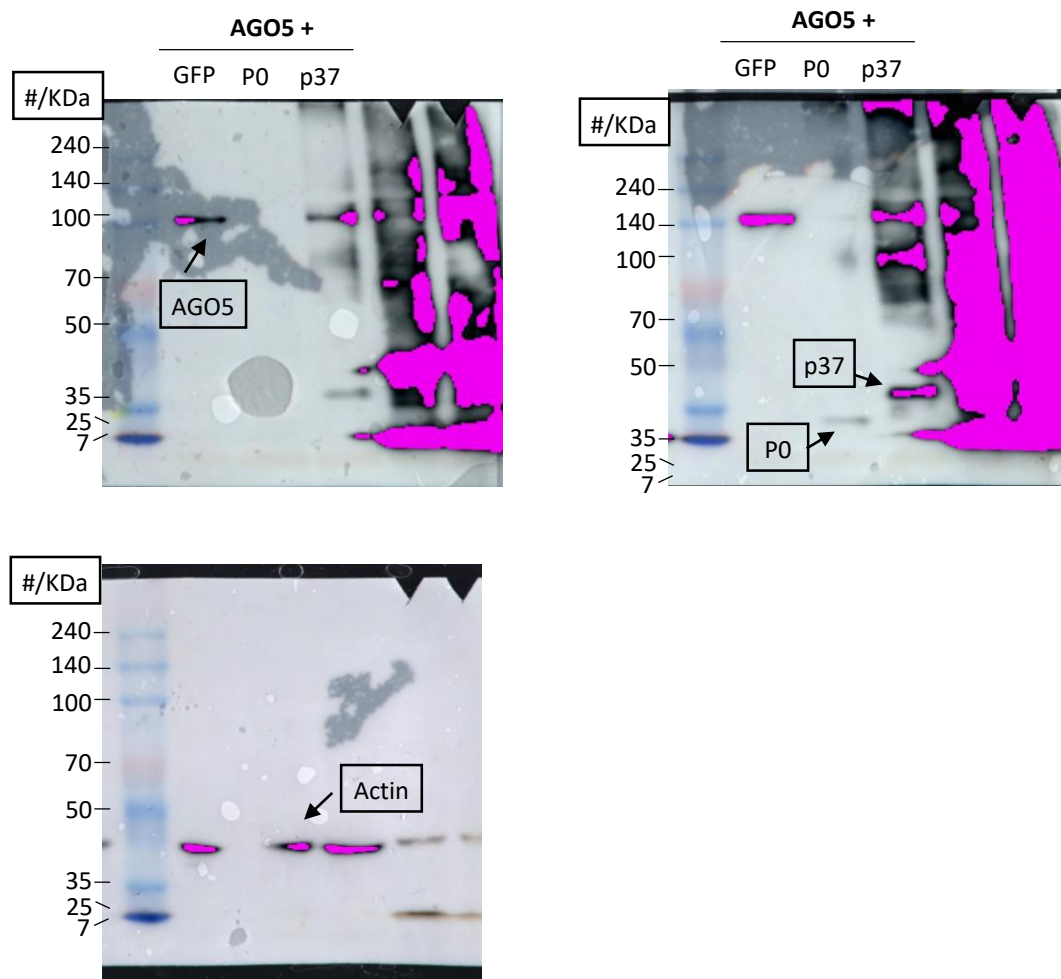


**Figure S2. Western blot for detection of GFP.** Proteins separated in polyacrylamide gel (12 %) were transferred to polyvinylidene difluoride (PVDF) membranes (Roche Diagnostics GmbH) by semidry electroblotting (1 mA per cm<sup>2</sup>, 1 h). Membrane was incubated with anti-GFP (11 814 460 001, 1:1000, Roche Diagnostics GmbH) antibody for detection of GFP (~27 kDa) protein, later on with a sheep anti-mouse horseradish peroxidase-conjugated secondary antibody (NA931, 1:10000, GE Healthcare) and signals were developed with Western Blot Ultra Sensitive HPR substrate (#T7104A, Takara Bio INC). #Weight marker (molecular weight in kDa): Perfect Color Protein Ladder, 7 to 240 kDa; catalogue number: E3215. Signals were recorded with the aid of an

Amersham ImageQuant™ 800 GxP biomolecular imager (Cytiva). Different images can be obtained with ImageQuant. Here, chemiluminescence with marker is shown but, for the figure, we used an image only with chemiluminescence signal and we adjust the color levels with Gimp (GIMP 2.10, The GIMP Development Team, retrieved from <https://www.gimp.org>).







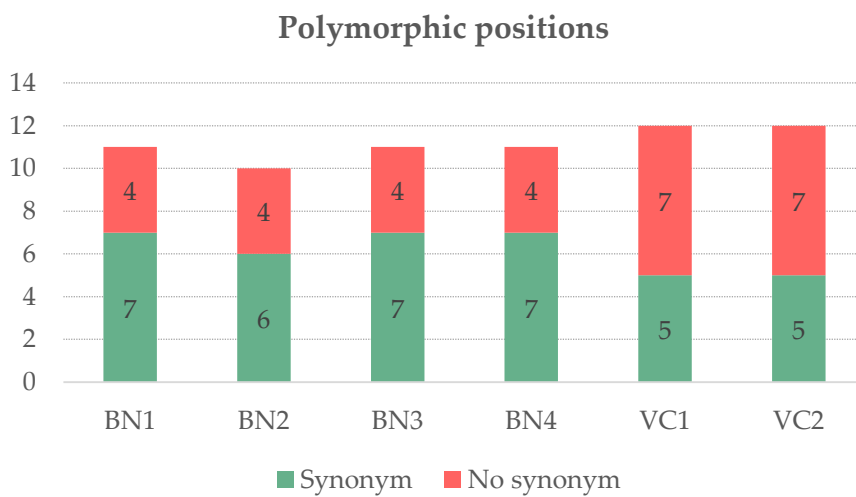
**Figure S3. Western blot for detection of AGO proteins, PeVYV-5 P0, PLPV p37 and actin.** Proteins separated in polyacrylamide gels (8 %) were transferred to polyvinylidene difluoride (PVDF) membranes (Roche Diagnostics GmbH) by semidry electroblotting (1 mA per cm<sup>2</sup>, 1 h). Membranes were incubated with an anti-HA horseradish peroxidase-conjugated primary antibody (3F10; 1:3000; Roche Diagnostics GmbH) for detection AGO proteins (~101-141 kDa), P0 (~29 kDa), and p37 (~37 kDa), and signals were developed with Western Blot Ultra Sensitive HPR substrate (#T7104A, Takara Bio INC). Actin (~37 kDa) was detected with a rabbit anti-actin antibody (AS13 2640; 1:5000; Agrisera) and a goat anti-rabbit horseradish peroxidase-conjugated secondary antibody (AS09 602; 1:10000; Agrisera). # Weight marker (molecular weight in kDa): Perfect Color Protein Ladder, 7 to 240 kDa; catalogue number: E3215. Signals were recorded with the aid of an Amersham ImageQuant™ 800 GxP biomolecular imager (Cytiva). For AGO3, different gels were run with the same samples to detect all proteins. Different exposures of chemiluminescence with marker are shown here. Some of them show saturation in pink, but we selected these exposures just to show good signals of the different proteins, although these were not used to quantify and normalize the data. For the final Figure, we used images only with chemiluminescence signals and we adjusted the color levels with Gimp (GIMP 2.10, The GIMP Development Team, retrieved from <https://www.gimp.org>).

a)

	15	55	86	110	131	162	F-box	214	237	242
P0 <sup>REF</sup>	GATCAA	CTCGGT	<u>GCAGTATTTT</u>	<u>GTAACC</u>	ACTACA	CTCCTCCCTTTTCCTTCTC		ACCGCACC	ACGGAA	
P0 <sup>BN1</sup>	...T..	...A..	..G...C..	.....	..C...	.....	.....	.....T..	..A..	.....
P0 <sup>BN2</sup>	...T..	...A..	..G...C..	.....	..C...	.....	.....	.....T..	..A..	.....
P0 <sup>BN3</sup>	...T..	...A..	..G...C..	.....	..C...	.....	.....	.....T..	..A..	.....
P0 <sup>BN4</sup>	...T..	...A..	..G...C..	.....	..C...	.....	.....	.....T..	..A..	.....
P0 <sup>VC1</sup>	...T..	...A..	.....C..	..G..	..C...	.....	.....	.....T..	..A..	.....
P0 <sup>VC2</sup>	...T..	...A..	.....C..	..G..	..C...	.....	.....	.....T..	..A..	.....

	355	393	495	526	656	688	714
P0 <sup>REF</sup>	GCCAC	GTATA	GCATTC	CACTATGGAGCTTATG	ATGTTT	GGCTTATATTAAAAGCGGGGAAGACTA	
P0 <sup>BN1</sup>	...T..	.....	.....	..T.....	.....	.....G.....T..	.....
P0 <sup>BN2</sup>	...T..	.....	.....	..T.....	.....	.....G.....T..	.....
P0 <sup>BN3</sup>	...T..	.....	.....	..T.....	.....	.....G.....T..	.....
P0 <sup>BN4</sup>	...T..	.....	.....	..T.....	.....	.....G.....T..	.....
P0 <sup>VC1</sup>	.....	.....	..G..	..T.....G..	..C..	..T.....G..	.....
P0 <sup>VC2</sup>	.....	..G..	..G..	..T.....G..	.....	..T.....G..	.....

(b)

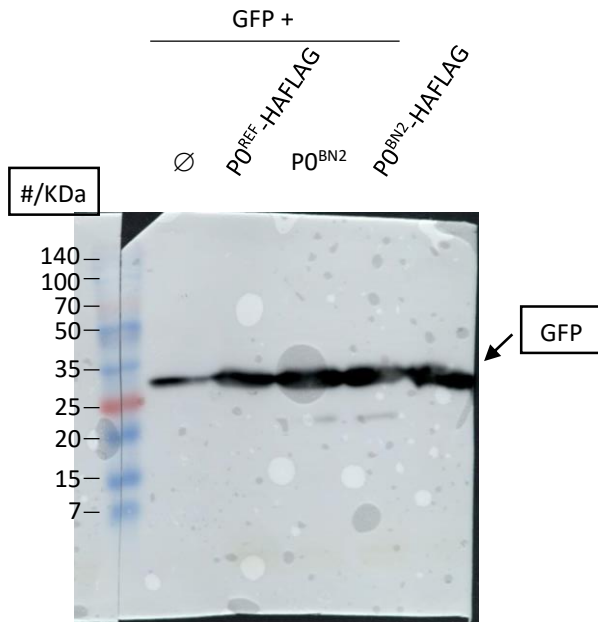


(c)

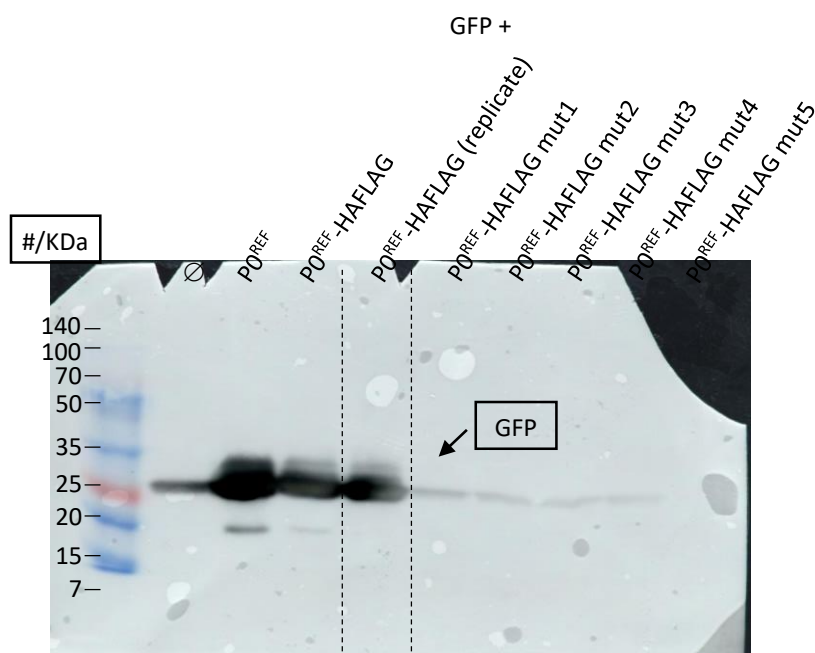
	REF	BN1	BN2	BN3	BN4	VC1	VC2
REF	-	739/750 (99%)	740/750 (99%)	739/750 (99%)	739/750 (99%)	738/750 (98%)	738/750 (98%)
BN1	245/249 (98%)	-	749/750 (99%)	750/750 (100%)	750/750 (100%)	741/750 (99%)	741/750 (99%)
BN2	245/249 (98%)	249/249 (100%)	-	749/750 (99%)	749/750 (99%)	740/750 (99%)	740/750 (99%)
BN3	245/249 (98%)	249/249 (100%)	249/249 (100%)	-	750/750 (100%)	741/750 (99%)	741/750 (99%)
BN4	245/249 (98%)	249/249 (100%)	249/249 (100%)	249/249 (100%)	-	741/750 (99%)	741/750 (99%)
VC1	242/249 (97%)	242/249 (97%)	242/249 (97%)	242/249 (97%)	242/249 (97%)	-	748/750 (99%)
VC2	242/249 (97%)	242/249 (97%)	242/249 (97%)	242/249 (97%)	242/249 (97%)	247/249 (99%)	-

**Figure S4. Analysis of PeVYV P0 gene variability.** (a) Alignment of P0 nucleotidic sequences of the distinct isolates reported in the study. Synonym changes are shown in green, non-synonym positions in red and F-box domain in yellow. (b) Graph showing the synonym and non-synonym polymorphic positions for each isolate. (c) Sequence identities of P0 proteins. Identities of nucleotide sequences are shown in orange and protein sequence identities in blue.



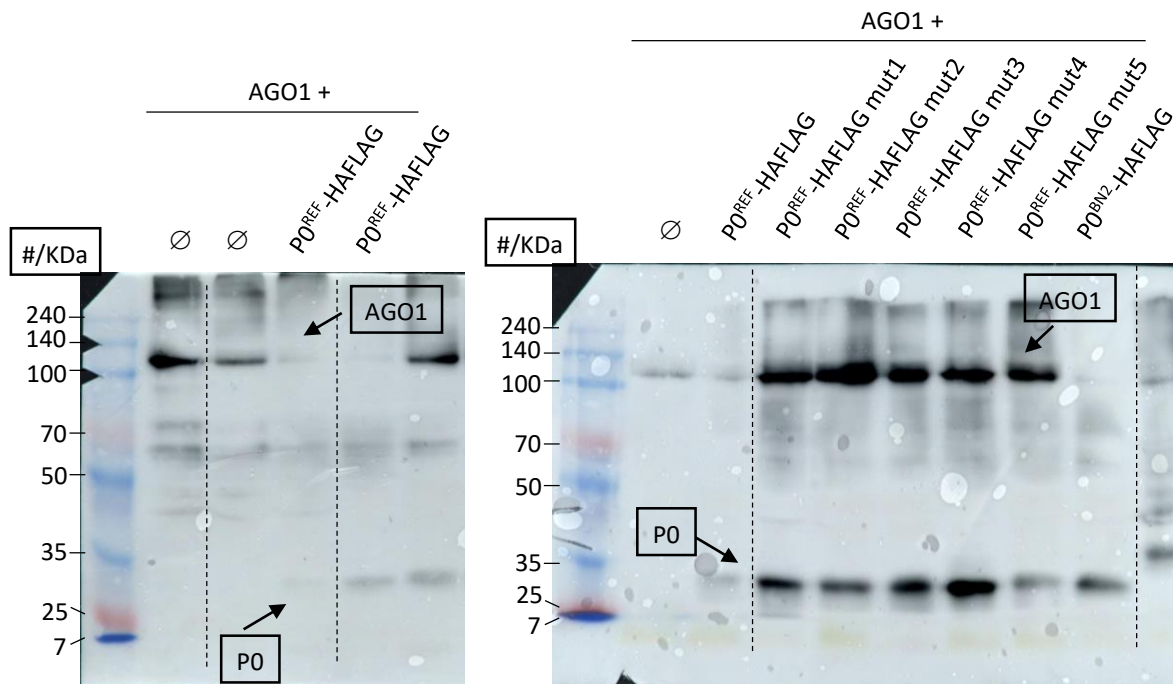


**Figure S5. Western blot for detection of GFP.** Proteins separated in polyacrylamide gel (12 %) were transferred to polyvinylidene difluoride (PVDF) membranes (Roche Diagnostics GmbH) by semidry electroblotting (1 mA per cm<sup>2</sup>, 1 h). Membranes were incubated with anti-GFP (11 814 460 001, 1:1000, Roche Diagnostics GmbH) antibody for GFP (~27 kDa) detection, later on with a sheep anti-mouse horseradish peroxidase-conjugated secondary antibody (NA931, 1:10000, GE Healthcare), and signals were developed with Western Blot Ultra Sensitive HPR substrate (#T7104A, Takara Bio INC). #Weight marker (molecular weight in kDa): Perfect Color Protein Ladder, 7 to 240 kDa; catalogue number: E3215. Signals were recorded with the aid of an Amersham ImageQuant™ 800 GxP biomolecular imager (Cytiva). Different images can be obtained with ImageQuant. Here, chemiluminescence with marker is shown but, for the figure, we use an image only with chemiluminescence signal and we adjust the color levels with Gimp (GIMP 2.10, The GIMP Development Team, retrieved from <https://www.gimp.org>).



**Figure S6. Western blot for detection of GFP.** Proteins separated in polyacrylamide gel (12 %) were transferred to polyvinylidene difluoride (PVDF) membranes (Roche Diagnostics GmbH) by semidry electroblotting (1 mA per cm<sup>2</sup>, 1 h). Membranes were incubated with anti-GFP (11 814 460 001, 1:1000, Roche Diagnostics GmbH) antibody for GFP (~27 kDa) detection, later on with a sheep anti-mouse horseradish peroxidase-conjugated secondary antibody (NA931, 1:10000, GE Healthcare), and signals were developed with Western Blot Ultra Sensitive HPR substrate (#T7104A, Takara Bio INC). #Weight marker (molecular weight in kDa): Perfect Color Protein Ladder, 7 to 240 kDa; catalogue number: E3215. Signals were recorded with the aid of an Amersham ImageQuant<sup>TM</sup> 800 GxP biomolecular imager (Cytiva). Different images can be obtained with ImageQuant. Here, chemiluminescence with marker is shown but, for the figure, we use an image only with chemiluminescence signal and we adjust the color levels with Gimp (GIMP 2.10, The GIMP Development Team, retrieved from <https://www.gimp.org>).





**Figure S7. Western blot for detection of AGO1 and wt and mutant PeVYV-5 P0 proteins.** Proteins separated in polyacrylamide gels (8 %) were transferred to polyvinylidene difluoride (PVDF) membranes (Roche Diagnostics GmbH) by semidry electroblotting (1 mA per cm<sup>2</sup>, 1 h). Membranes were incubated with an anti-HA horseradish peroxidase-conjugated primary antibody (3F10; 1:3000; Roche Diagnostics GmbH) for AGO1 (~117 kDa) and P0 (~29 kDa) detection, and signals were developed with Western Blot Ultra Sensitive HPR substrate (#T7104A, Takara Bio INC). #Weight marker (molecular weight in kDa): Perfect Color Protein Ladder, 7 to 240 kDa; catalogue number: E3215. Signals were recorded with the aid of an Amersham ImageQuant™ 800 GxP biomolecular imager (Cytiva). Different images can be obtained with ImageQuant. Here, chemiluminescence with marker images are shown but, for the figure, we used images only with chemiluminescence signal and we adjust the color levels with Gimp (GIMP 2.10, The GIMP Development Team, retrieved from <https://www.gimp.org>).