

Letter

Waveguide-Based Fluorescent Immunosensor for the Simultaneous Detection of Carbofuran and 3-Hydroxy-Carbofuran

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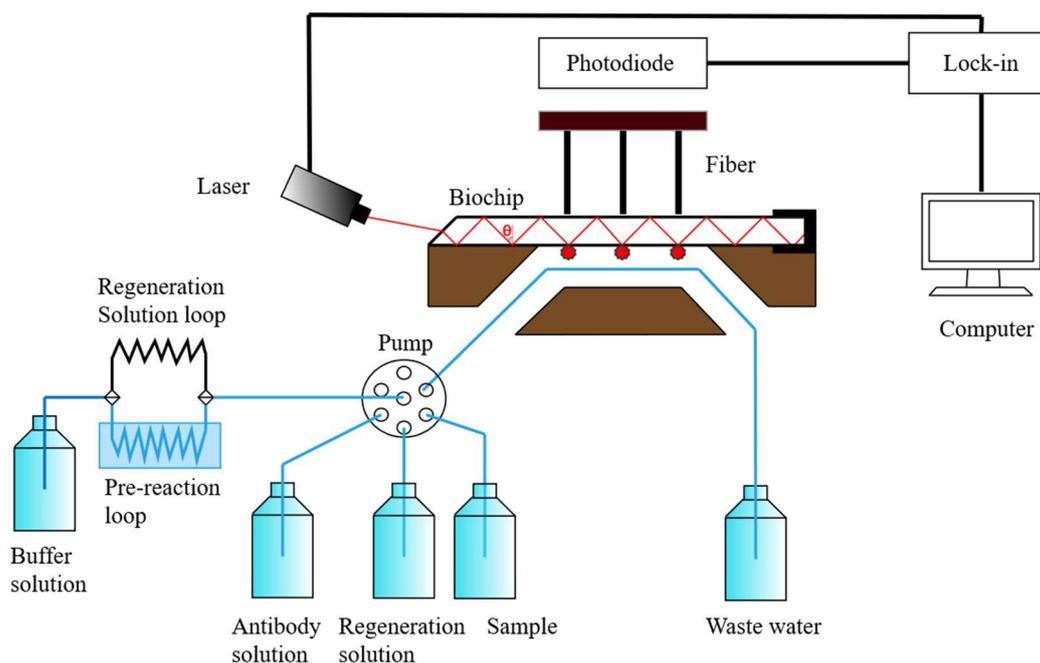


Figure S1 Schematic diagram of the optical waveguide-based fluorescent immunosensor

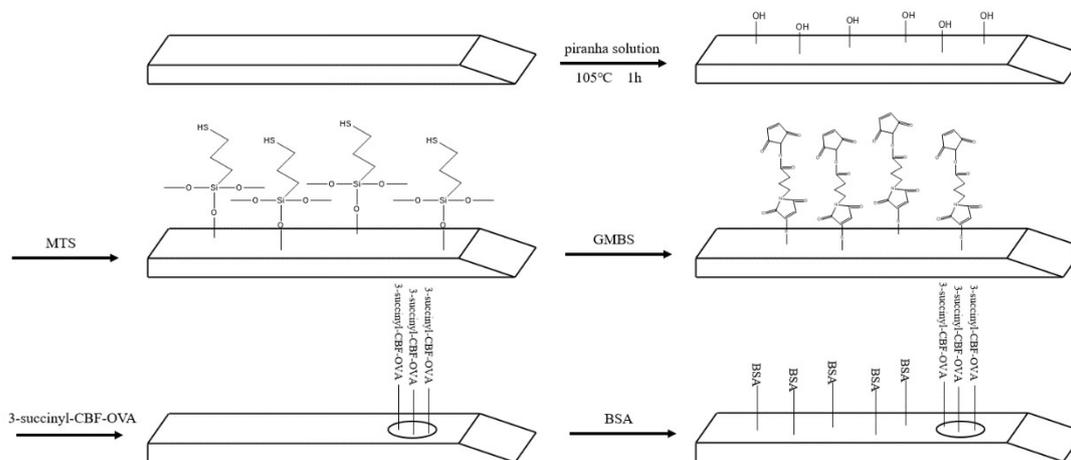


Figure S2 Schematic diagram of the immobilization of the hapten conjugate 3-succinyl-CBF-OVA on the chip surface

Antibody labeling

The antibody was labeled with the dye Cy5.5 according to the method previously described by Mujumdar et al. (1996) with a slight modification. In short, take 1 mg/mL antibody

solution and adjust the pH to 9.0–9.3. Weigh Cy5.5 according to a certain ratio (antibody/Cy5.5 1:15), and mix antibody and Cy5.5. The mixture was mixed well and reacted at 37°C for 2 hours. Dialysis was performed twice in 10mM PBS for 4 h each time to remove unbound Cy5.5. After aliquoting the obtained solution, it was stored at -20°C.

Buffer formulation

Distilled deionized water was used throughout the investigation. Standard concentrations of the analyte were prepared from the stock solution through serial dilutions with 10 mM phosphate-buffered saline (10 mM PBS, pH 7.4). The regeneration eluent was 0.5% SDS solution (pH = 1.9). The antibody diluent comprised 10 mM PBS, 0.3% enzyme stabilizer, 0.5% thimerosal, and 0.5% BSA.

Isoelectric BSA blocking solution: 2 mg/mL BSA dissolved in 0.1 M sodium citrate/citric acid buffer (pH 4.6).

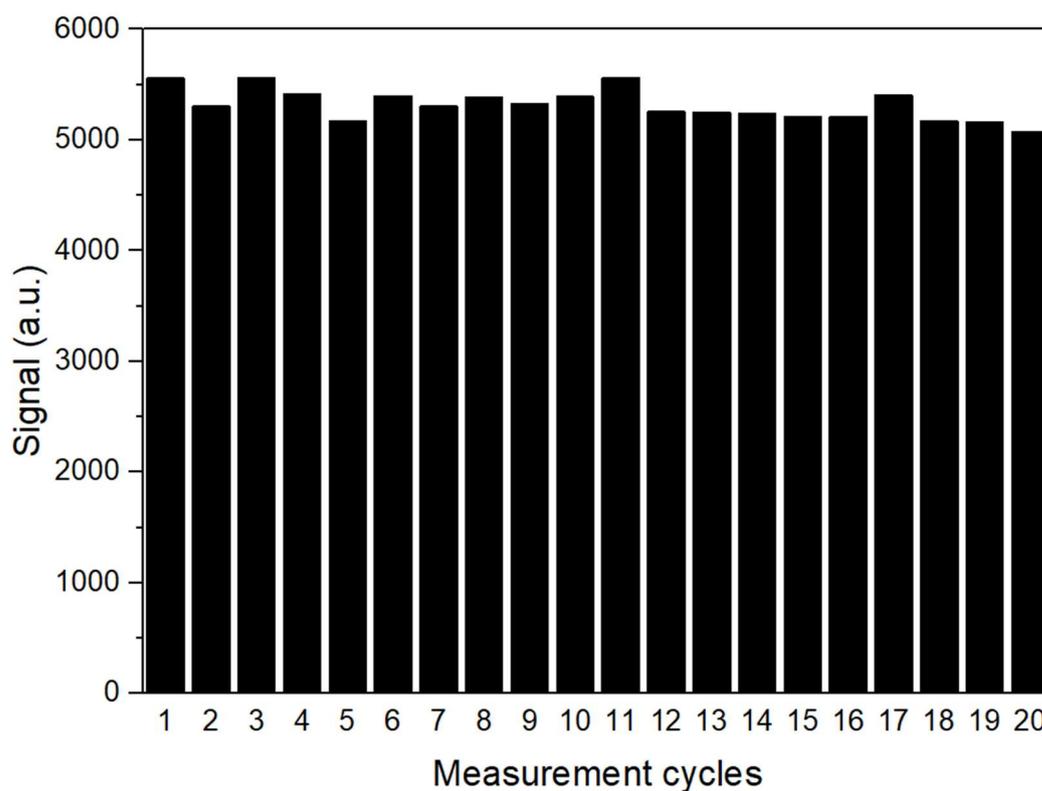


Figure S3 Signal recovery after 20 cycles of measurements and regeneration with 0.5% SDS solution at pH = 1.9