

# Supplementary Materials

## Preparation of Multicolor Photoluminescent Carbon Dots by Tuning Surface States

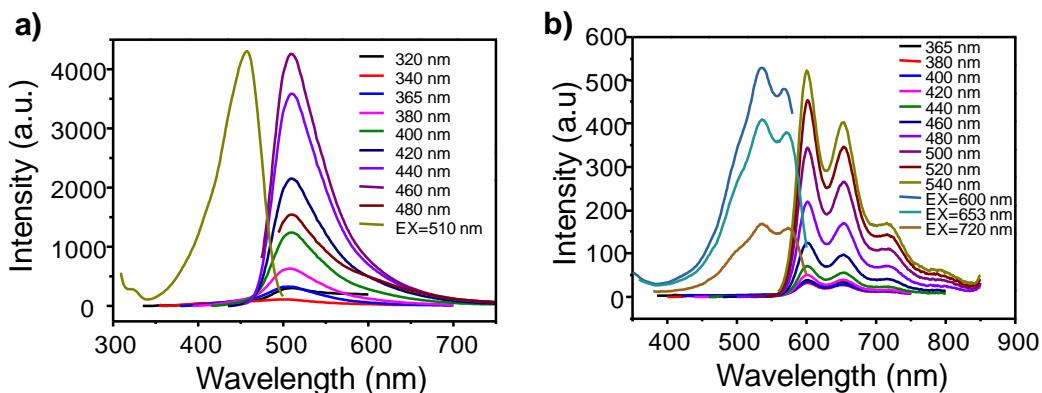
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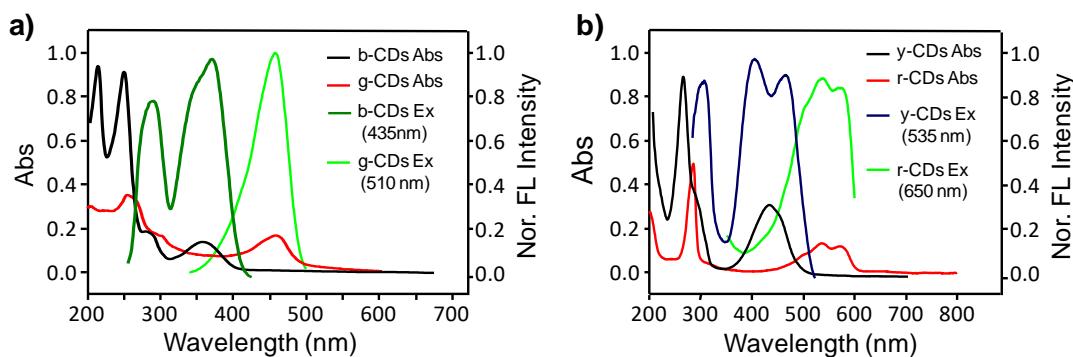
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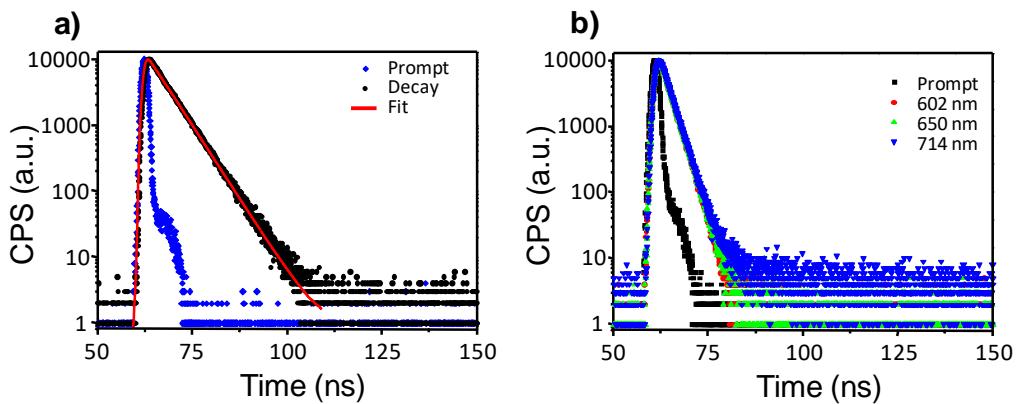
\* Correspondence: linhengwei@nimte.ac.cn; Tel.: +86-574-8668-5130



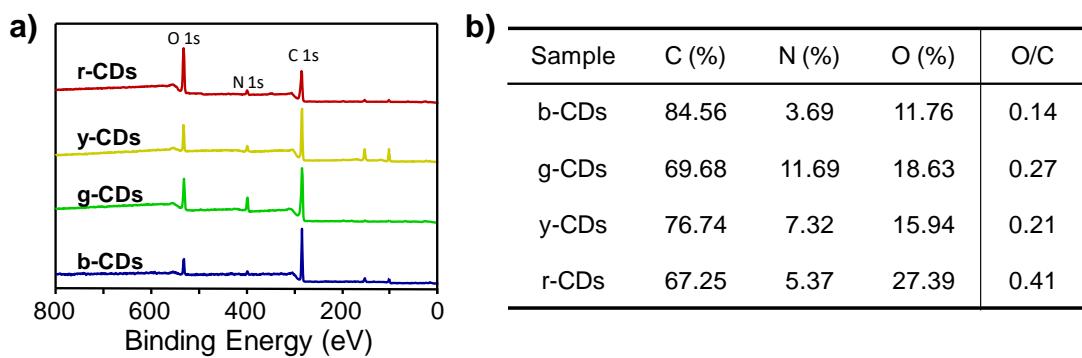
**Figure S1** a) PL emission spectra of the g-CDs ethanol dispersion under different excitation wavelengths and PL excitation spectrum at emission wavelength of 510 nm; b) PL emission spectra of the r-CDs ethanol dispersion under different excitation wavelengths and PL excitation spectra at emission wavelengths of 600, 653 and 720 nm.



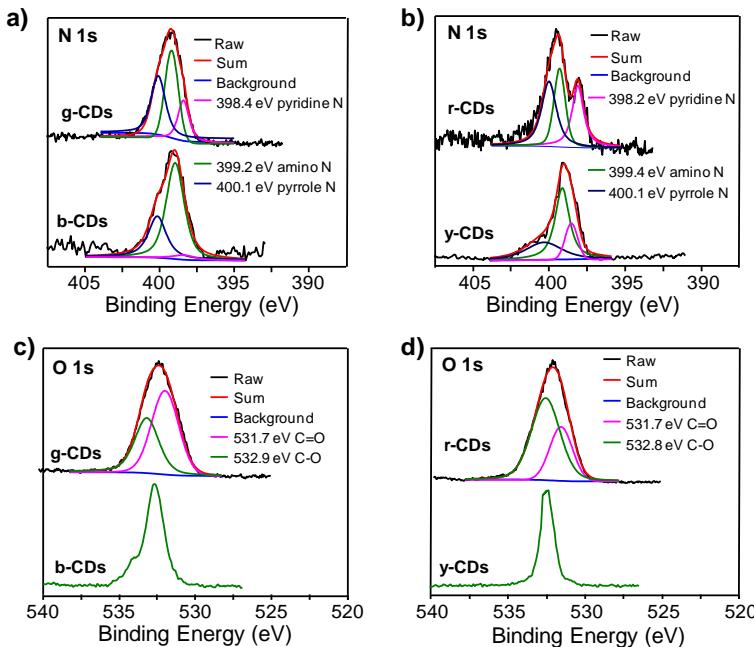
**Figure S2** a) UV-Vis absorption and PL excitation spectra of b-CDs and g-CDs (excitation wavelengths at 435 and 510 nm, respectively); b) UV-Vis absorption and PL excitation spectra of y-CDs and r-CDs (excitation wavelengths at 535 and 650 nm, respectively).



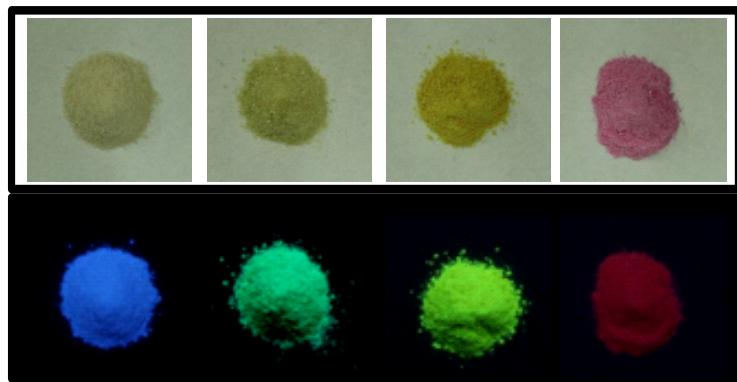
**Figure S3** a) PL decay spectra of the g-CDs ethanol dispersion monitored at 510 nm under excitation of 457 nm; b) PL decay spectra of the r-CDs ethanol dispersion monitored at 602, 650 and 714 nm under excitation of 588 nm.



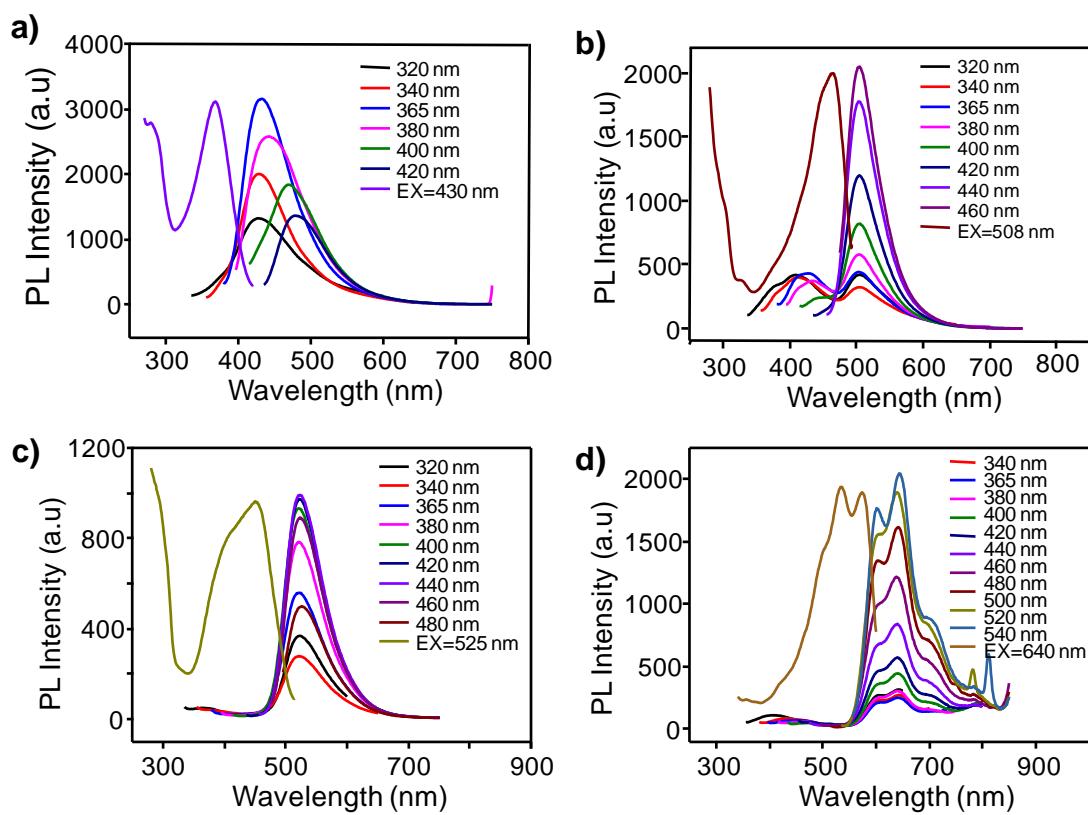
**Figure S4** a) XPS survey of the b-CDs, g-CDs,  $\gamma$ -CDs, and r-CDs; b) Relative contents of C, N, and O elements of these CDs based XPS data.



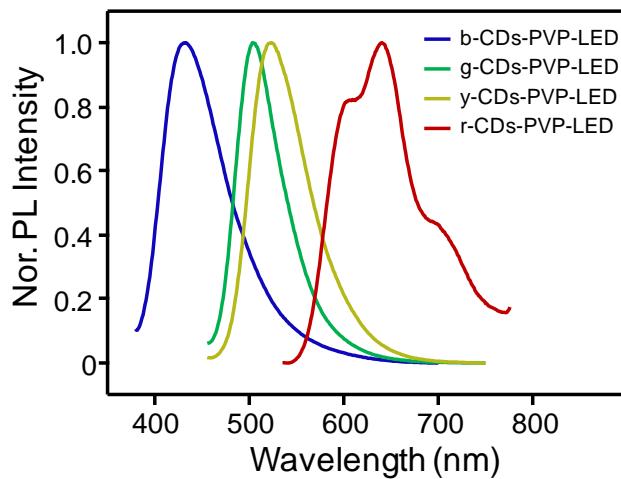
**Figure S5** a-b) high resolution XPS N 1s spectra of g-CDs and r-CDs and their comparison to b-CDs and  $\gamma$ -CDs, respectively; c-d) high resolution XPS O 1s spectra of g-CDs and r-CDs and their comparison to b-CDs and  $\gamma$ -CDs, respectively.



**Figure S6** Photographs of the b-CDs@PVP, g-CDs@PVP, y-CDs@PVP, and r-CDs@PVP powders (from left to right) under daylight and UV light (365 nm).



**Figure S7** PL emission spectra under different wavelengths and excitation spectra at the corresponding emission maxima of b-CDs@PVP (a), g-CDs@PVP (b), y-CDs@PVP (c), and r-CDs@PVP (d) powders.



**Figure S8** Corresponding emission spectra of the multicolour LEDs.

**Table S1.** QYs of the g-CDs and r-CDs in ethanol.

Sample	$\lambda_{ex}$ (nm)	$\Phi_1$ (%)	$\Phi_2$ (%)	$\Phi_3$ (%)	$\Phi_4$ (%)	$\Phi_5$ (%)	$\Phi_{avg}$ (%)	$\Phi_{corr}$ (%)
R-6G	488	93.45	94.33	93.18	94.02	94.27	93.85	<b>95</b>
g-CDs	440	28.21	28.02	27.91	27.75	27.50	27.88	<b>28.22</b>
r-CDs	540	21.09	23.74	21.47	21.14	21.30	21.75	<b>22.01</b>

**Table S2.** Fitted parameters of the PL decay spectra of the g-CDs and r-CDs.

Sample	$\lambda_{ex}$ (nm)	$\lambda_{em}$ (nm)	$\tau_1$ (ns)	$B_1$ (%)	$\phi$
g-CDs	457	510	4.86	100	1.067
r-CDs	588	608	2.18	100	1.096
r-CDs	588	650	2.20	100	1.133
r-CDs	588	714	2.24	100	1.057

**Table S3.** PL QYs of the b-CDs@PVP, g-CDs@PVP, y-CDs@PVP and r-CDs@PVP powders.

Sample	$\lambda_{ex}$ (nm)	$\Phi_1$	$\Phi_2$	$\Phi_3$	$\Phi_4$	$\Phi_5$	$\Phi_{avg}$
b-CDs-PVP	360	9.42	8.86	9.01	8.04	8.77	<b>8.82</b>
g-CDs-PVP	450	15.36	14.93	14.74	14.03	13.50	<b>14.44</b>
y-CDs-PVP	430	16.19	16.06	16.25	15.97	16.18	<b>16.13</b>
r-CDs-PVP	540	15.74	14.94	14.78	14.39	14.20	<b>14.81</b>