

Figure S1. XPS spectra of (A) the full-scan spectrum; (B) Si 2p; (C) Ag 3d of SiO₂-Ag nanomace arrays.

X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (XPS) is used to analyze the compositions and chemical bonding states of Ag-SiO₂ nanomace arrays in Figure S1. Figure S1A shows the peaks of Ag, Si, C and O elements in the full-scan spectrum. As shown in Figure S1B, the peak of Si 2p at about 103.0 eV can be observed, indicating the formation of the Si-O-Si bond [1]. And the speak of O 1s located at 532.6 eV in Figure S1A, which is consistent with the binding energies for O 1s peaks obtained from SiO₂ [2]. Figure S1C shows the two binding energy of Ag 3d_{5/2} and Ag 3d_{3/2}, which can be assigned to peak of 368.27 and 374.28 eV, respectively.

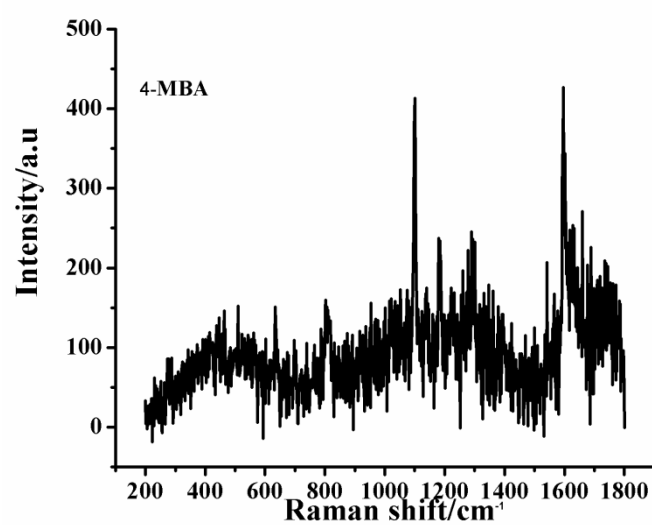


Figure S2. Raman spectra of solid 4-MBA excitation with wavelength was 514.5 nm (40 mW, power out of 1%).