



Supporting Information

MOF-Derived Ultrathin Cobalt Phosphide Nanosheets as Efficient Bifunctional Hydrogen Evolution Reaction and Oxygen Evolution Reaction Electrocatalysts

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Supplementary Figures

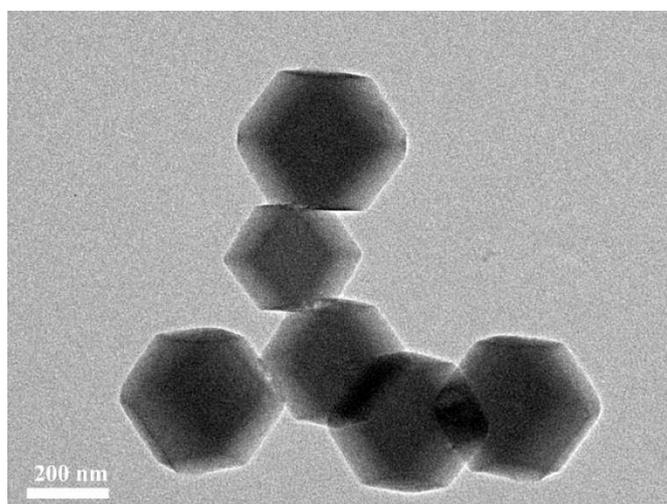


Figure S1. TEM images of ZIF-67.

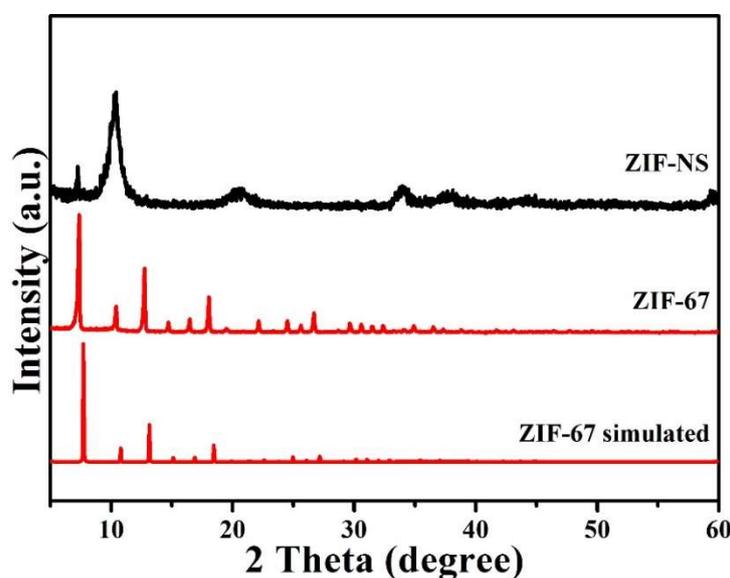


Figure S2. XRD patterns of ZIF-67 simulated, ZIF-67 and ZIF-NS.

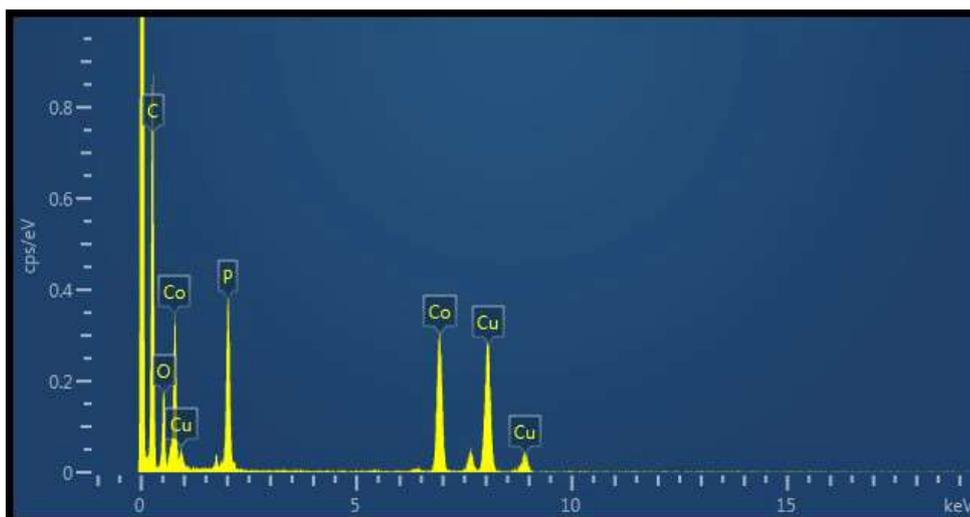


Figure S3. Elements in CoP-NS/C. The energy-dispersive X-ray spectroscopy (EDS) spectrum of CoP-NS/C. EDS spectrum demonstrates the presence of Co and P in as-prepared CoP-NS/C. The signal of Cu results from the copper substrate, the carbon element may come from the carbon tape and sample.

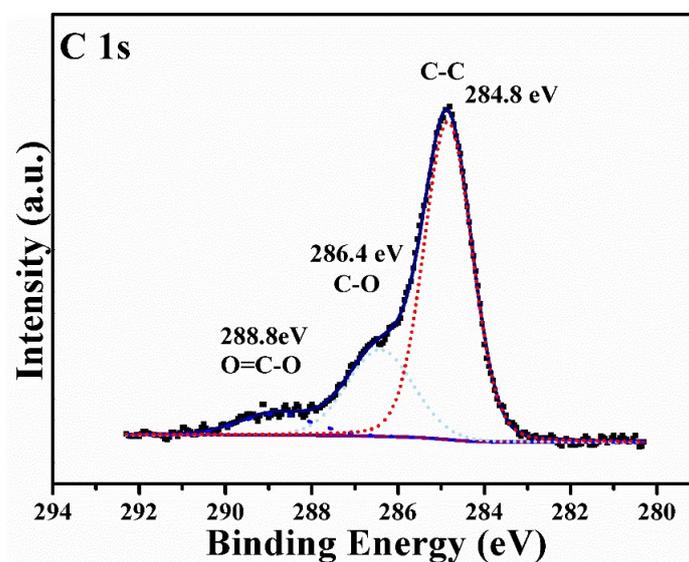


Figure S4. High-resolution XPS patterns for C 1s of CoP-NS/C.

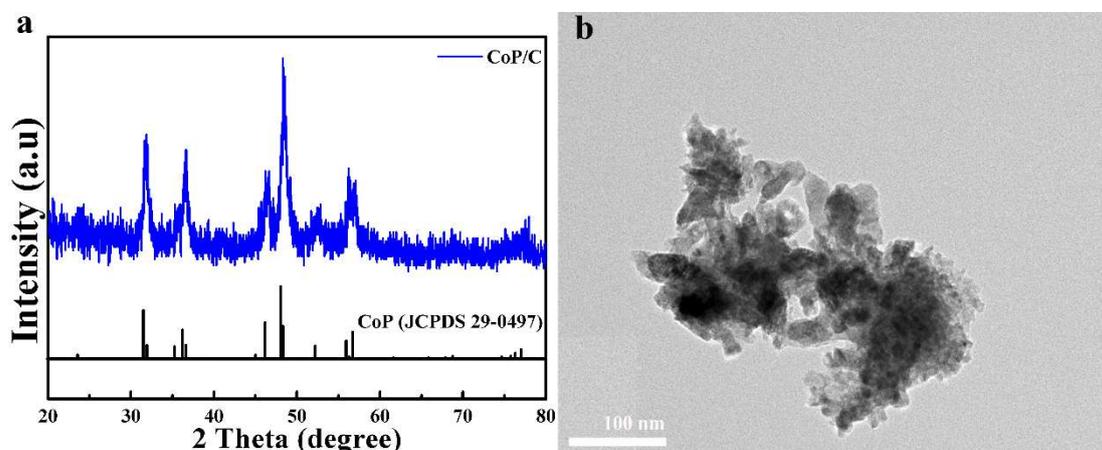


Figure S5. Characterization of CoP/C. (a) XRD patterns and (b) TEM image of CoP/C. The XRD pattern of the CoP in Figure S4a shows the CoP/C has the same crystal structure with CoP (PDF no.29-0497). The TEM image (Figure S5b) shows that CoP/C had a size of about 100 nm and did not keep the morphology of ZIF-67 precursor.

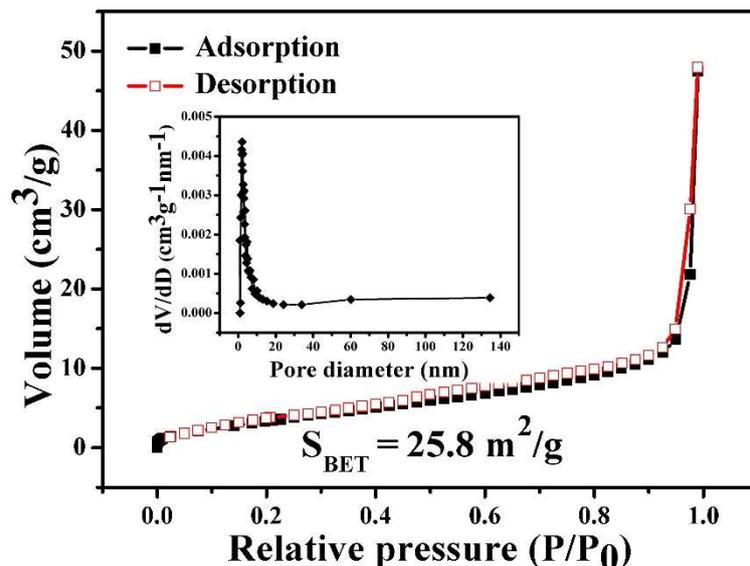


Figure S6. N_2 adsorption/desorption isotherms of CoP/C (inset: BJH pore-size distribution curves). Pore size distributions were calculated using the Barrett-Joyner-Halenda method from the desorption branch. Pore size distribution analysis (Figure S5 inset) reveals a narrow peak of pore diameter distribution ranging from 0.9 to 10 nm. The Brunauer–Emmett–Teller (BET) surface area (S_{BET}) and pore volume of the CoP/C were calculated to be $25.8 \text{ m}^2/\text{g}$ and $0.08 \text{ cm}^3/\text{g}$, respectively.

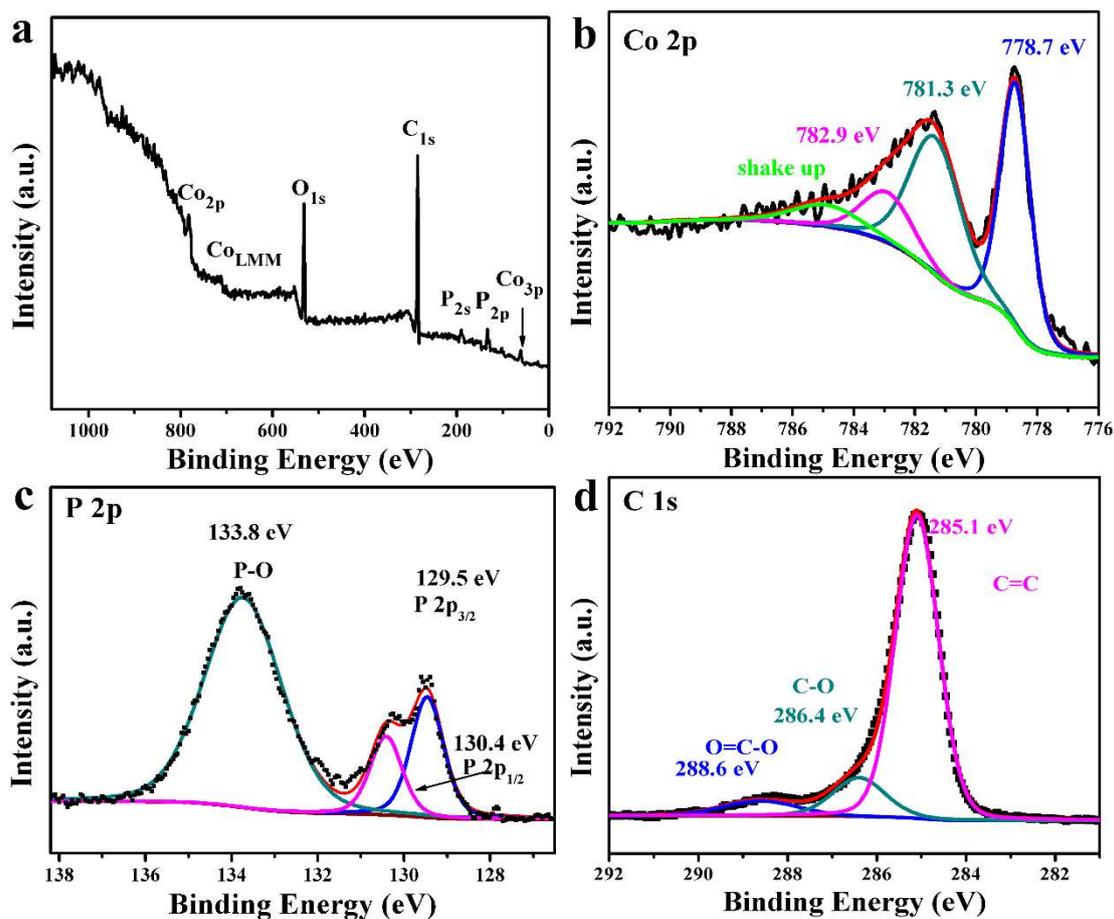


Figure S7. XPS spectra of CoP/C: (a) survey spectrum; (b) Co 2p; (c) P 2p and (d) C 1s.

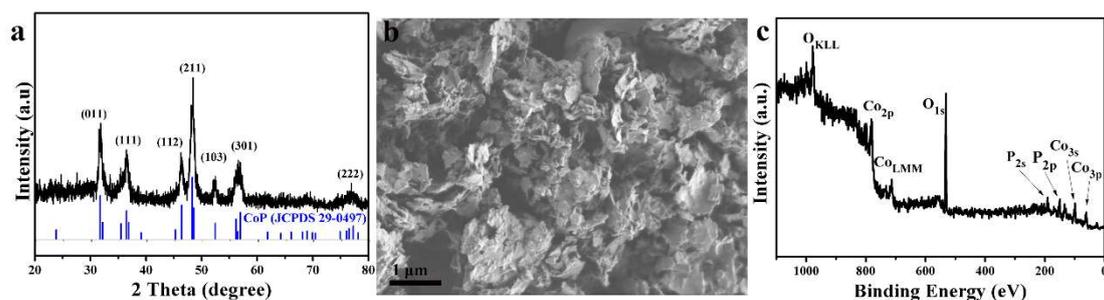


Figure S8. (a) XRD patterns and (b) SEM image and (c) XPS survey spectrum of CoP. The XRD pattern of CoP in (a) shows that the as-prepared CoP has the same crystal structure with CoP (PDF no.29-0497) and no other peak were observed. XPS survey spectrum of CoP confirmed no existence of carbon in CoP.

Table S1. Comparison of HER performance in 0.5M H₂SO₄ for CoP-NS/C with other transition metal phosphide catalysts.

Catalyst for HER	Catalyst Size (nm)	Overpotential for 10 mA/cm ² (mV)	Tafe slope (mV/dec)	Catalyst loading (mg/cm ²)	Refs.
CoP Hollow Polyhedron	700	206	39	0.102	[1]
CoP nanosheet	1.1 (thickness)	56	44	0.28	[2]
Co phosphide/Co phosphate	80	160	53	-	[3]
urchin-like CoP	4000	100	46	0.28	[4]
Ni ₅ P ₄ -Ni ₂ P-NS array	-	120	79.1	68.2	[5]
CoP@C	20–50	170	61	0.353	[6]
CoP/RGO	4.1	250	104.8	0.29	[7]
Co ₂ P nanorods	110.0 ± 11.8 (length) 9.8 ± 1.3 (diameter)	134	71	1	[8]
Ni ₁₂ P ₅ /Ti	14.3 ± 2.0	137	63	1	[9]
Ni ₂ P nanosheets/CC	-	99	51	4.3	[10]
Cu ₃ P NW/CF	Several micrometers (length) 300–400 (diameter)	143	67	15.2	[11]
MoP@PC	-	153	66	0.41	[12]
FeP nanosheets	-	220	67	0.28	[13]
CoP-NS/C	1.52 ± 0.23 (thickness)	140	59	0.14	This work

Table S2. Comparison of OER performance in 1M KOH for CoP-NS/C with other transition metal phosphide catalysts.

Catalyst for OER	Catalyst Size (nm)	Overpotential for 10 mA/cm ² (mV)	Tafe slope (mV/dec)	Catalyst loading (mg/cm ²)	Refs.
Co-P film	1000–3000	345	47	-	[14]
Co phosphide/Co phosphate	80	310	65	-	[3]
Cu _{0.3} Co _{2.7} P/NC	500	190	44	0.4	[15]
Ni _{0.69} Co _{0.31} -P	less than 10	266	81	3.5	[16]
NiCoP nanosheet arrays	6000–8000	308(50)	-	5	[17]

(Ni _{0.5} Fe _{0.5}) ₂ P/Ni foam	-	203	57	-	[18]
Fe ₁₀ Co ₄₀ Ni ₄₀ P/Ni foam	-	250	44	3.1	[19]
CoP nanorod	-	320	71	0.71	[20]
Co-P/NC	600	319	52	0.283	[21]
NiCoP/C nanoboxes	750	330	96	-	[22]
CoP/RGO	200	340	70	0.29	[23]
CoP Hollow Polyhedron	700	400	57	0.102	[1]
CuP microsheets	510	290	63	-	[24]
Ni ₂ P nanosheets	-	347	63	0.285	[25]
FeP @CNT	-	300	53	0.204	[26]
CoP-NS/C	1.52 ± 0.239 (thickness)	292	64	0.14	This work

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