

# Supplementary Materials: {Ni<sub>4</sub>O<sub>4</sub>} Cluster Complex to Enhance the Reductive Photocurrent Response on Silicon Nanowire Photocathodes

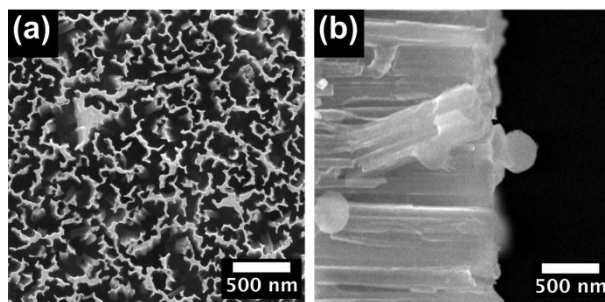
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## Photocurrent and GC measurements:

Photocurrent experiments were performed using an Abet solar simulator (air mass 1.5–1 sun) and calibrated against a silicon solar cell (New-Spec). Electrochemical measurements were carried out using PG 310 potentiostat from HEKA Electronics (Lambrecht/Pfalz, Germany). Electrolysis experiments were performed using a sealed three-electrode Teflon PEC cell consisting of a platinum counter electrode, Ag/AgCl 3M KCl reference electrode and the working electrode (SiNWs with {Ni<sub>4</sub>O<sub>4</sub>} clusters). The working electrode was illuminated with a light intensity of 100 mW/cm<sup>2</sup> under air mass 1.5 conditions with short 12 s dark and 12 s light cycle to measure the photocurrents for 5 min. The potential between the working and reference electrodes was adjusted between 0 and –500 mV in 100 mV steps. The 5-h photocurrent run was measured using a light cycle at a bias voltage of –500 mV with respect to the open circuit potentials (OCPs). In order to measure H<sub>2</sub>, the sample gas in the headspace (500 µL) above the electrolyte was sampled after 1 h and analysed using a SRI 310C series GC with a thermal conductivity detector and a column held at 70 °C using N<sub>2</sub> as the carrier gas.

## Surface Characterisation:

Scanning electron microscopy (SEM) images were obtained using an FEI Quanta 450 environmental scanning electron microscope (Hillsboro, OR, USA). X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (XPS) measurements were recorded on a Thermo Scientific K-alpha spectrometer (Staffordshire Technology Park, Stafford, UK) at University College London.



**Figure S1.** (a) Top down SEM for SiNW photocathodes (bare); (b) shows a cross section SEM of the SiNWs with {Ni<sub>4</sub>O<sub>4</sub>} co-catalyst.

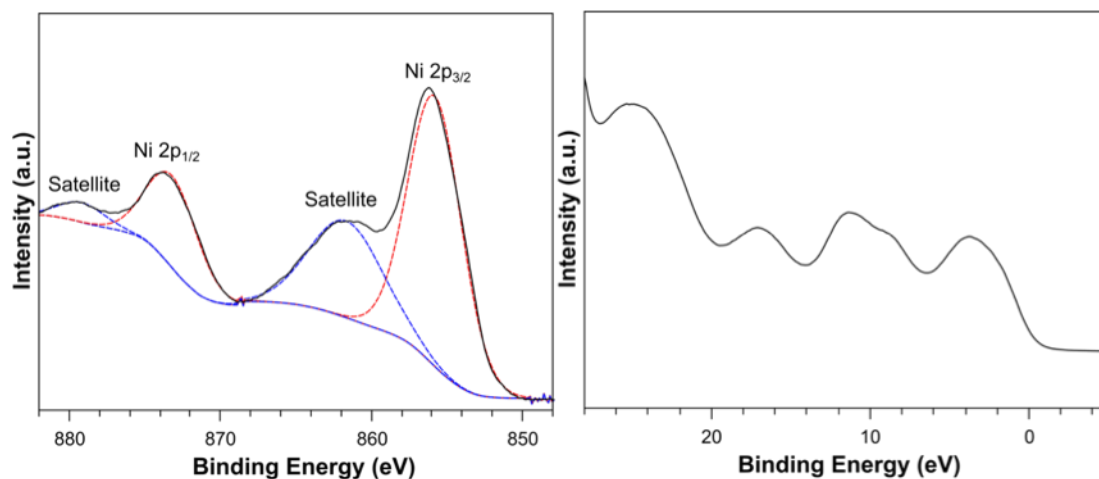


Figure S2. Ni 2p XPS spectra of {Ni<sub>4</sub>O<sub>4</sub>} clusters (left), valence spectra for Ni 2 p (right).

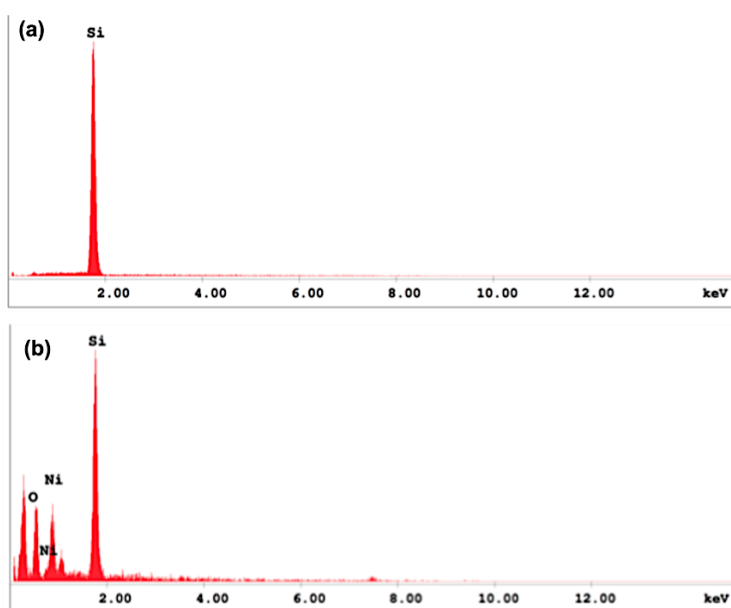


Figure S3. EDS spectra of (a) bare SiNWs and (b) SiNWs + {Ni<sub>4</sub>O<sub>4</sub>} clusters.

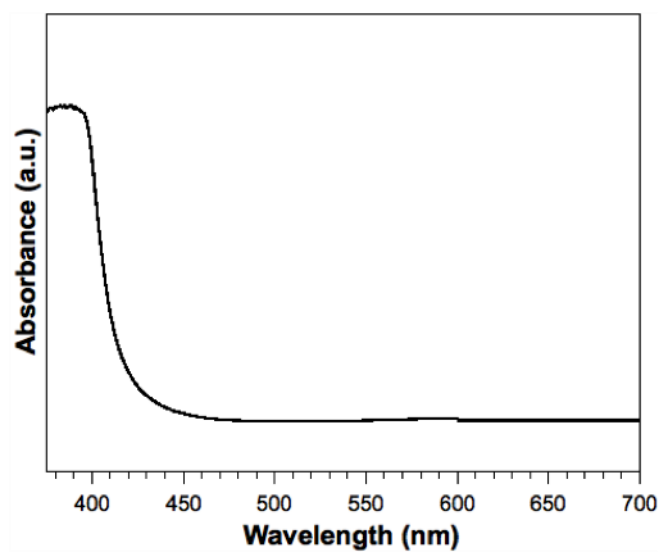


Figure S4. UV-visible spectroscopy of {Ni<sub>4</sub>O<sub>4</sub>} clusters.