

Supplementary Materials

Fabrication of Bi₂MoO₆ Nanosheets/TiO₂ Nanorod Arrays Heterostructures for Enhanced Photocatalytic Performance under Visible-Light Irradiation

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Table S1. Bi₂MoO₆-based photocatalysts and their photocatalytic performance.

Materials	Degradation rate (%)	Time (min)	Rate constant k (min ⁻¹)	Pollutants	Light sources	Ref.
Bi ₂ MoO ₆ nanosheets	81	150		MB	UV light	[1]
Bi ₂ MoO ₆ @TiO ₂ nanotubes	21	120		MB	visible light	[1]
Au/Bi ₂ MoO ₆ @TiO ₂ nanotubes	82	120	0.0203	MB	UV light	[1]
	68	120	0.0081	MB	visible light	[1]
	95	90		BPA	visible light	[1]
Bi ₂ MoO ₆ nanosheets	68.1	80		MO	visible light	[2]
Bi ₂ MoO ₆ /TiO ₂ nanobelts	90.4	80		MO	visible light	[2]
Bi ₂ MoO ₆ /TiO ₂ nanobelts	100	40		MO	UV light	[2]
Bi ₂ MoO ₆ nanosheets	29.6	40		MO	UV light	[2]
Bi ₂ MoO ₆ /TiO ₂ nanobelts	74	60	0.016	X-3B	visible light	[3]
Bi ₂ MoO ₆ microspheres	20	360		MB	visible light	[4]
TiO ₂ /Bi ₂ MoO ₆	83~95	360		MB	visible light	[4]
Bi ₂ MoO ₆ film	55	240	0.0029	ARS	visible light	[5]
Bi ₂ MoO ₆ /TiO ₂ bilayer films	85	240	0.0081	ARS	visible light	[5]
TiO ₂ -Bi ₂ MoO ₆ /Bi _{3.64} Mo _{0.36} O _{6.55}	93 for RhB, 83 for o-nitrophenol	120		RhB, o-nitrophenol	visible light	[6]
Bi ₂ MoO ₆ /TiO ₂ microspheres	78~96	300	0.00459~0.00895	phenol	visible light	[7]
	76~94	300	0.00456~0.00812	nitrobenzene	visible light	[7]
Bi ₂ MoO ₆ /TiO ₂ nanofibers	92	300		RhB	visible light	[8]

Bi/Bi ₂ MoO ₆ /TiO ₂ nano-tubes	97.3 73.21 for MB, 92.98 for RhB	100 120	0.03505 0.00739 for MB, 0.02253 for RhB	MB MB, RhB	visible light solar irradiation	[9] [10]
Bi ₂ MoO ₆ /ZIF-8 S-doped Bi ₂ MoO ₆	66.88 97	100 60		MB RhB	visible light visible light	[11] [12]
Bi ₂ MoO ₆ /TiO ₂ nanorods	95	180	0.015	MB	visible light	This work

Table S2. The abbreviations of products with different amounts of Bi₂MoO₆ by varying the mass of raw materials in precursor solution.

	Bi(NO ₃) ₃ ·5H ₂ O (mg)	Na ₂ MoO ₄ ·2H ₂ O (mg)
BMT-1	20	5
BMT-2	48	12
BMT-3	96	24
BMT-4	144	36

Table S3. S_{BET}, Pore Volume and Mean Pore Diameter of TiO₂, Bi₂MoO₆, BMT-3 and BMT-4 samples.

Samples	S _{BET} (m ² /g)	Pore Volume (cm ³ /g)	Mean Pore Diameter (nm)
TiO ₂	64.0	0.17	9.7
Bi ₂ MoO ₆	26.0	0.05	3.8
BMT-3	88.2	0.18	4.9
BMT-4	60.7	0.10	3.7

Table S4. Pseudo-first-order rate constants and corresponding R-Square values of different samples.

Samples	Reaction rate constant (k) (min ⁻¹)	R-Square
Blank	0.000538	0.94606
TiO ₂ nanorods	0.00113	0.94418
BMT-1	0.00203	0.96246
BMT-2	0.00662	0.96883
BMT-3	0.015	0.95206
BMT-4	0.0126	0.96452

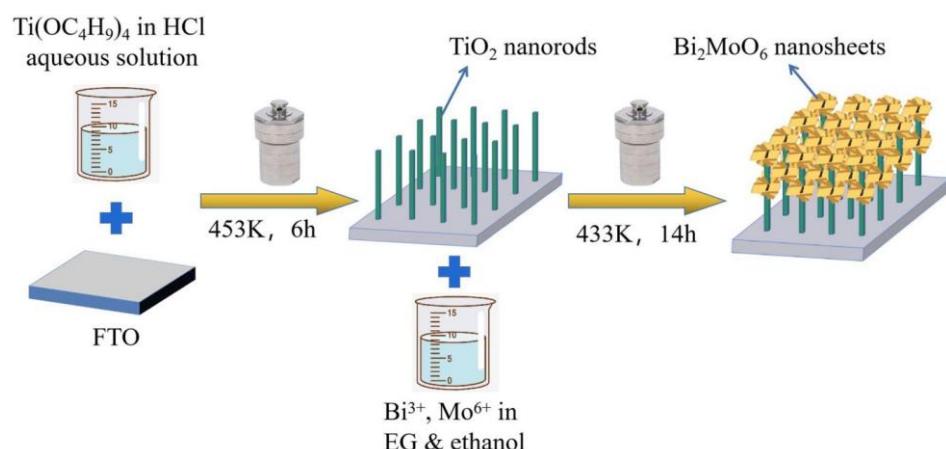


Figure S1. Stepwise synthesis protocol of TiO₂ nanorod arrays and Bi₂MoO₆/TiO₂ HSSs.

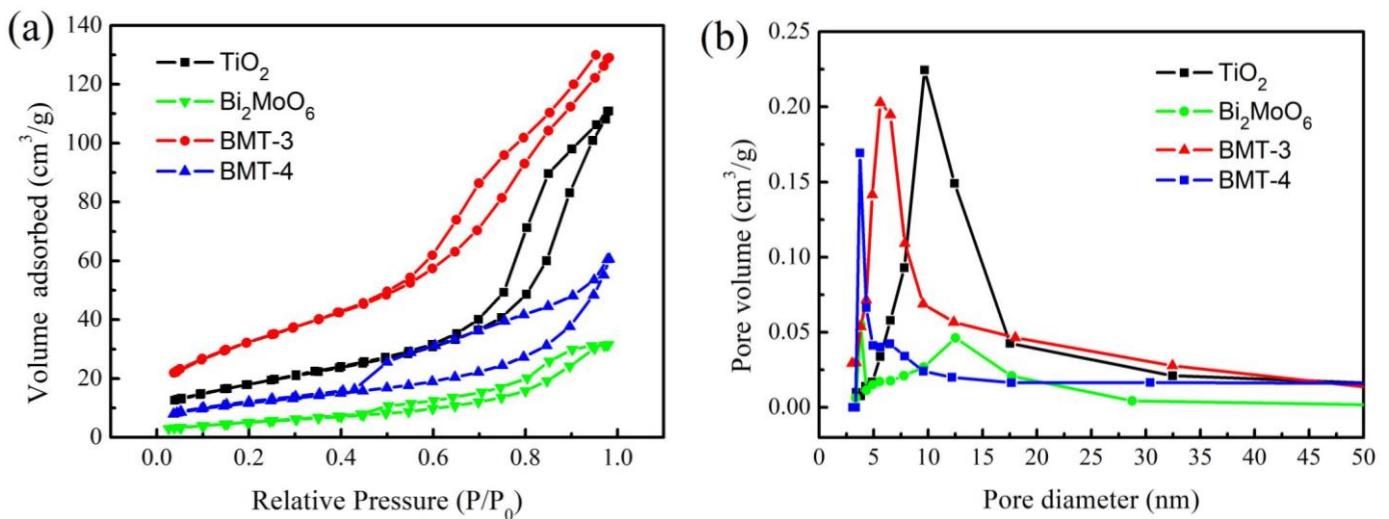


Figure S2. N₂ adsorption–desorption isotherms (a) and the corresponding pore-size distribution curves (b) of TiO₂, Bi₂MoO₆, BMT-3 and BMT-4 samples.

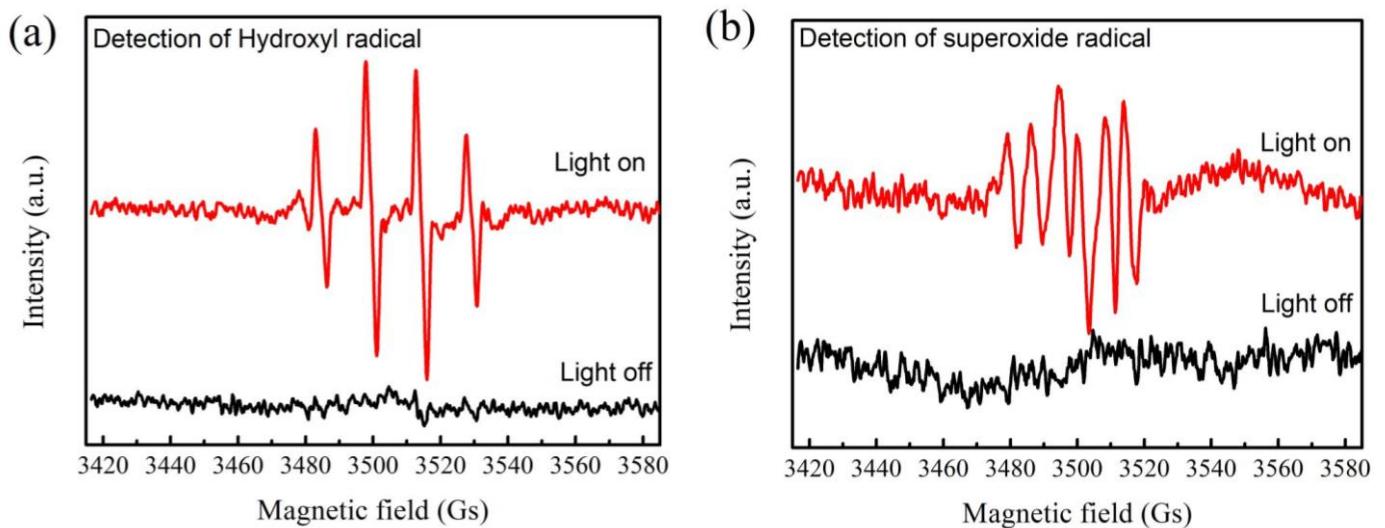


Figure S3. The ESR signals of •OH (a) and •O₂⁻ radicals (b) of BMT-3 photocatalysts.

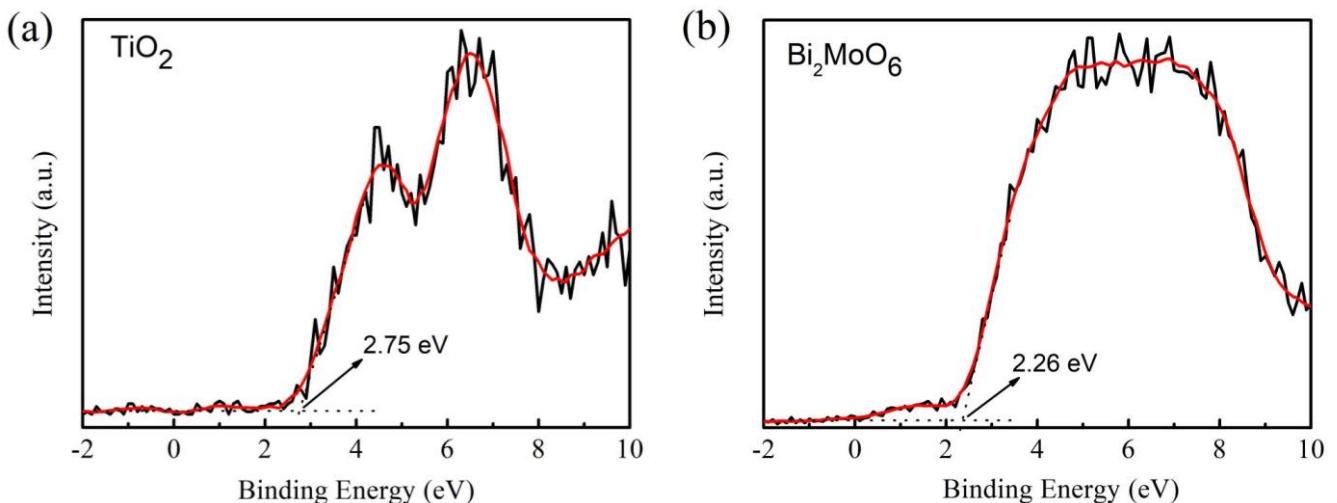


Figure S4. XPS valence band spectra of TiO₂ and Bi₂MoO₆.