## Bioelectrocatalysis of Hemoglobin on electrodeposited Ag Nanoflowers toward H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> Detection



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**Figure 1.** Nyquist plot for bare ITO and AgNF/ITO electrodes, 3-MPA SAM formation, EDC-NHS activation, and Hb binding. Measurements were performed in 10 mM ( $Fe(CN)_6$ )<sup>3-/4-</sup> with 0.1 M KCl as background electrolyte. Inset is Randles equivalent circuit used to fit the experimental data to extrapolate impedance parameters. Here,  $R_s$  is the solution resistance,  $R_{ct}$  is the charge transfer resistance, CPE is the constant phase element, and  $W_s$  is the Warburg diffusion impedance.



**Figure S2.** CVs of AgNF/ITO electrode in absence and in presence of H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> at a scan rate of 50 mV/s in 5 mL solution of 10 mM PBS (pH 7.0).



**Figure S3.** (a) CV and (b) plot of peak currents vs. scan rate v of Hb/AgNF/ITO in the presence of 10 mM H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> in 10 mM (Fe(CN)<sub>6</sub>)<sup>3-</sup> with 0.1 M KCl at different scan rate v from 50 to 175 mV/s.



Figure 4. Lineweaver-Burk plot of  $1/\mathcal{C}_{H_{\mathbb{Z}}\mathcal{Q}_{\mathbb{Z}}}$  (mM<sup>-1</sup>) vs. 1/I (mA<sup>-1</sup>).