Supplementary Table S1. Age-based differences in body composition

| Age group <br> $(\mathrm{yr})$ | $n$ | Weight <br> $(\mathrm{kg})$ | TBM <br> $(\mathrm{kg})$ | TFM <br> $(\mathrm{kg})$ | TLM <br> $(\mathrm{kg})$ | ASM <br> $(\mathrm{kg})$ | hSMI <br> $\left(\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{m}^{2}\right)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Men | 3028 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $20-29$ | 77 | $73.08(11.20)$ | $3.07(0.43)$ | $17.89(7.74)$ | $52.17(5.03)$ | $24.32(2.68)$ | $8.04(0.82)$ |
| $30-39$ | 492 | $75.16(12.78)$ | $2.95(0.43)$ | $20.61(7.71)$ | $51.59(6.32)$ | $23.67(3.11)$ | $7.94(0.86)$ |
| $40-49$ | 840 | $73.70(10.49)$ | $2.88(0.39)$ | $19.41(6.58)$ | $51.44(5.37)$ | $23.36(2.90)$ | $7.95(0.83)$ |
| $50-59$ | 1014 | $71.73(9.71)$ | $2.81(0.41)$ | $18.69(5.79)$ | $50.26(5.29)$ | $22.33(2.76)$ | $7.79(0.79)$ |
| $60-69$ | 481 | $70.01(10.40)$ | $2.77(0.41)$ | $18.32(6.14)$ | $48.86(5.59)$ | $21.47(2.85)$ | $7.62(0.81)$ |
| $70+$ | 124 | $66.32(8.74)$ | $2.61(0.43)$ | $18.11(5.53)$ | $45.42(4.77)$ | $19.40(2.52)$ | $7.09(0.72)$ |
| Women | 2853 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $20-29$ | 134 | $55.70(10.78)$ | $2.30(0.29)$ | $18.24(7.20)$ | $35.02(4.58)$ | $15.28(2.33)$ | $5.92(0.80)$ |
| $30-39$ | 556 | $55.47(8.89)$ | $2.30(0.32)$ | $18.38(6.30)$ | $34.64(3.79)$ | $14.82(2.09)$ | $5.73(0.68)$ |
| $40-49$ | 822 | $57.15(8.60)$ | $2.29(0.31)$ | $19.65(5.86)$ | $34.91(3.78)$ | $14.78(1.87)$ | $5.83(0.65)$ |
| $50-59$ | 889 | $57.86(9.10)$ | $2.14(0.32)$ | $20.84(6.31)$ | $34.53(3.93)$ | $14.37(1.92)$ | $5.83(0.69)$ |
| $60-69$ | 347 | $57.61(9.12)$ | $1.97(0.32)$ | $21.08(6.22)$ | $34.11(4.06)$ | $14.10(2.00)$ | $5.89(0.70)$ |
| $70+$ | 105 | $58.01(8.81)$ | $1.90(0.34)$ | $21.69(6.19)$ | $33.95(3.80)$ | $13.68(1.80)$ | $5.84(0.65)$ |

continued
wSMI
(\%)

```
33.65 (3.57)
31.82 (3.31)
31.93 (3.15)
31.30(2.88)
30.86 (2.82)
29.37(2.72)
```

27.73 (2.92)
26.93 (2.87)
26.08 (2.65)
25.07 (2.86)
24.69 (2.78)
23.81 (2.70)

Except for $n$, values are given as mean (standard deviation). $n$, number; TBM, total bone mass; TFM, total fat mass; TLM, total lean mass; ASM, appendicular skeletal muscle was calculated by summing the lean mass amounts of the four extremities; hSMI, height-adjusted skeletal muscle index; wSMI, weight-adjusted skeletal muscle index.

Supplementary Table S2 Prevalence of low skeletal mass (Class I and Class II) in a healthy population using two adjustment indices

|  | hSMI |  |  | wSMI |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Normal | Class I | Class II | Normal | Class I | Class II |
| Men |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20-29 yr | 87.0\% | 11.7\% | 1.3\% | 84.4\% | 11.7\% | 3.9\% |
| $30-39 \mathrm{yr}$ | 81.3\% | 15.7\% | 3.0\% | 73.0\% | 21.5\% | 5.5\% |
| $40-49 \mathrm{yr}$ | 83.1\% | 14.6\% | 2.3\% | 74.2\% | 22.3\% | 3.6\% |
| $50-59 \mathrm{yr}$ | 76.7\% | 19.7\% | 3.6\% | 67.4\% | 28.2\% | 4.4\% |
| $60-69 \mathrm{yr}$ | 68.6\% | 26.0\% | 5.4\% | 61.3\% | 32.4\% | 6.2\% |
| 70+ yr | 45.2\% | 36.3\% | 18.5\% | 36.3\% | 51.6\% | 12.1\% |
| Women |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20-29 yr | 88.1\% | 11.9\% | 0.0\% | 85.1\% | 11.9\% | 3.0\% |
| 30-39 yr | 83.8\% | 15.5\% | 0.7\% | 77.0\% | 19.2\% | 3.8\% |
| $40-49 \mathrm{yr}$ | 87.8\% | 11.9\% | 0.2\% | 69.3\% | 26.2\% | 4.5\% |
| $50-59 \mathrm{yr}$ | 87.2\% | 11.8\% | 1.0\% | 53.5\% | 36.2\% | 10.2\% |
| 60-69 yr | 85.9\% | 13.5\% | 0.6\% | 49.0\% | 36.6\% | 14.4\% |
| 70+ yr | 91.4\% | 8.6\% | 0.0\% | 32.4\% | 41.9\% | 25.7\% |

hSMI, height-adjusted skeletal muscle index; wSMI, weight-adjusted skeletal muscle index.


Supplementary Figure S1. Age-based differences in two adjustment indices in a healthy control population. hSMI, height-adjusted skeletal muscle index; wSMI, weight-adjusted skeletal muscle index


Supplementary Figure S2. Prevalence of low skeletal mass (Class I and Class II) using two adjustment indices in urban and community-based populations. hSMI, height-adjusted skeletal muscle index; wSMI, weight-adjusted skeletal muscle index

