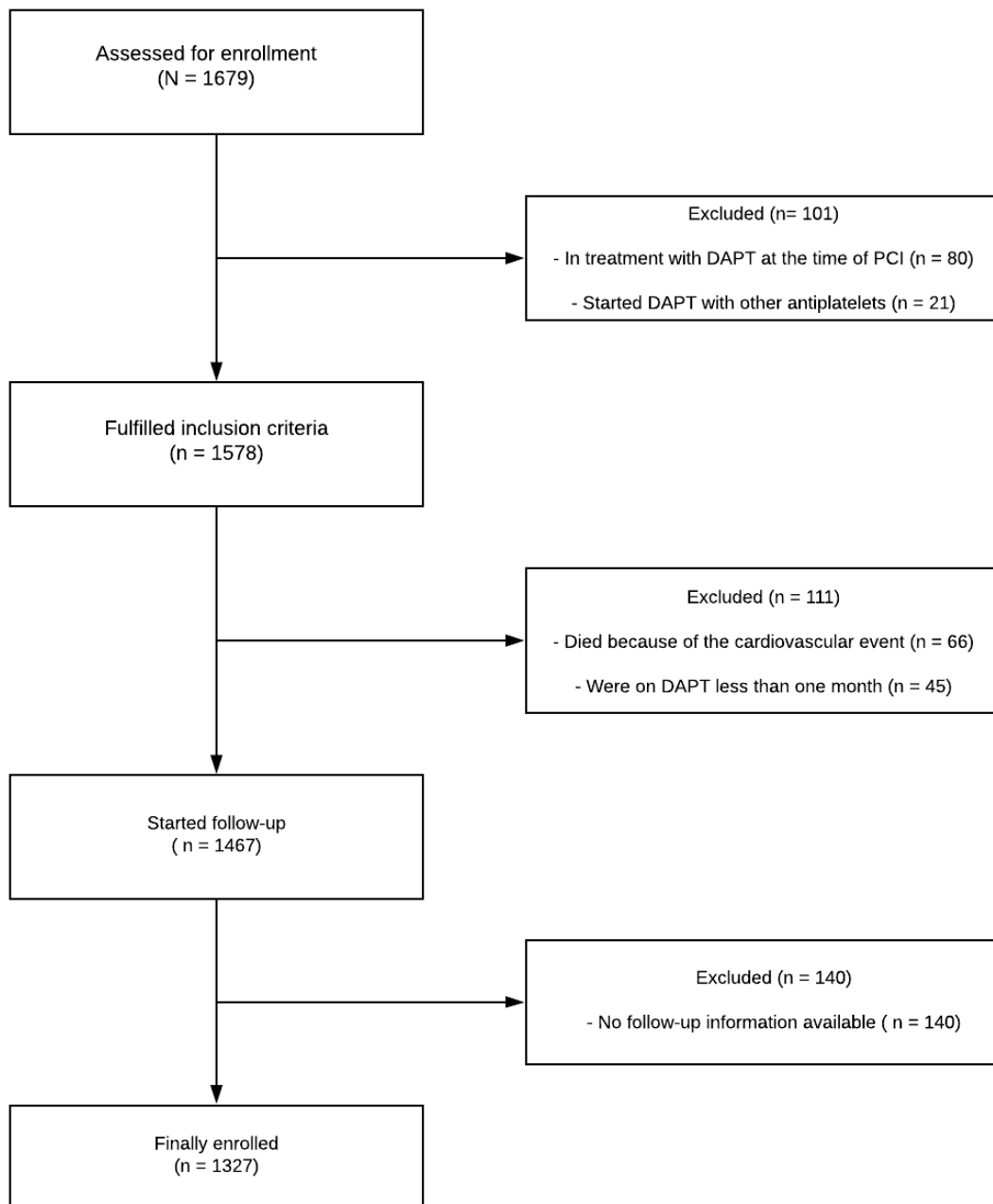


**Figure S1: Study flowchart**



**Table S1: STROBE Statement—checklist of items that should be included in reports of observational studies [37]**

	Item No.	Recommendation	Page No.	Relevant text from manuscript
Title and abstract	1	(a) Indicate the study's design with a commonly used term in the title or the abstract	1	Abstract
		(b) Provide in the abstract an informative and balanced summary of what was done and what was found	1	Abstract
<b>Introduction</b>				
Background/rationale	2	Explain the scientific background and rationale for the investigation being reported	1-2	Introduction (paragraphs 1-3)
Objectives	3	State specific objectives, including any prespecified hypotheses	2	Introduction (paragraph 4)
<b>Methods</b>				
Study design	4	Present key elements of study design early in the paper	2	Material and Methods
Setting	5	Describe the setting, locations, and relevant dates, including periods of recruitment, exposure, follow-up, and data collection	2	Material and Methods (paragraphs 1-2)
Participants	6	<p>(a) <i>Cohort study</i>—Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of selection of participants. Describe methods of follow-up</p> <p><i>Case-control study</i>—Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of case ascertainment and control selection. Give the rationale for the choice of cases and controls</p> <p><i>Cross-sectional study</i>—Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of selection of participants</p> <p>(b) <i>Cohort study</i>—For matched studies, give matching criteria and number of exposed and unexposed</p> <p><i>Case-control study</i>—For matched studies, give matching criteria and the number of controls per case</p>	2	Material and Methods (paragraphs 1-2)
Variables	7	Clearly define all outcomes, exposures, predictors, potential confounders, and effect modifiers. Give diagnostic criteria, if applicable	2	Material and Methods

Data sources/ measurement	8*	For each variable of interest, give sources of data and details of methods of assessment (measurement). Describe comparability of assessment methods if there is more than one group	2	Material and Methods (paragraphs 2-4)
Bias	9	Describe any efforts to address potential sources of bias	3	Material and Methods: section 2.1. Statistical Analysis
Study size	10	Explain how the study size was arrived at		Supplementary material: Figure S1
Quantitative variables	11	Explain how quantitative variables were handled in the analyses. If applicable, describe which groupings were chosen and why	3	Material and Methods: section 2.1. Statistical Analysis (lines 97-98)
Statistical methods	12	(a) Describe all statistical methods, including those used to control for confounding	3	Material and Methods: section 2.1. Statistical Analysis (lines 101-104)
		(b) Describe any methods used to examine subgroups and interactions	3	Material and Methods: section 2.1. Statistical Analysis
		(c) Explain how missing data were addressed		Supplementary material: Figure S1
		(d) Cohort study—If applicable, explain how loss to follow-up was addressed Case-control study—If applicable, explain how matching of cases and controls was addressed Cross-sectional study—If applicable, describe analytical methods taking account of sampling strategy		
		(e) Describe any sensitivity analyses		Not applicable
Results				
Participants	13*	(a) Report numbers of individuals at each stage of study—eg numbers potentially eligible, examined for eligibility, confirmed eligible, included in the study, completing follow-up, and analysed (b) Give reasons for non-participation at each stage (c) Consider use of a flow diagram		Supplementary material: Figure S1
Descriptive data	14*	(a) Give characteristics of study participants (eg demographic, clinical, social) and	3	Results (Table 1)

		information on exposures and potential confounders		
		(b) Indicate number of participants with missing data for each variable of interest	4	Results (Table 3)
		(c) <i>Cohort study</i> —Summarise follow-up time (eg, average and total amount)	6	Results (lines 173-174)
Outcome data	15*	<i>Cohort study</i> —Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures over time	5	Results (Table 4)
		<i>Case-control study</i> —Report numbers in each exposure category, or summary measures of exposure		
		<i>Cross-sectional study</i> —Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures		
Main results	16	(a) Give unadjusted estimates and, if applicable, confounder-adjusted estimates and their precision (eg, 95% confidence interval). Make clear which confounders were adjusted for and why they were included	4	Results (Table 2)
		(b) Report category boundaries when continuous variables were categorized		Not applicable
		(c) If relevant, consider translating estimates of relative risk into absolute risk for a meaningful time period		Not applicable
Other analyses	17	Report other analyses done—eg analyses of subgroups and interactions, and sensitivity analyses		Not applicable
<b>Discussion</b>				
Key results	18	Summarise key results with reference to study objectives	6-8	Discussion
Limitations	19	Discuss limitations of the study, taking into account sources of potential bias or imprecision. Discuss both direction and magnitude of any potential bias	7-8	Discussion (last paragraph)
Interpretation	20	Give a cautious overall interpretation of results considering objectives, limitations, multiplicity of analyses, results from similar studies, and other relevant evidence	6-8	Discussion
Generalisability	21	Discuss the generalisability (external validity) of the study results	6-8	Discussion (paragraphs 1,6,7)
<b>Other information</b>				
Funding	22	Give the source of funding and the role of the funders for the present study and, if applicable, for the original study on which the present article is based	8	Funding

\*Give information separately for cases and controls in case-control studies and, if applicable, for exposed and unexposed groups in cohort and cross-sectional studies.

**Note:** An Explanation and Elaboration article discusses each checklist item and gives methodological background and published examples of transparent reporting. The STROBE checklist is best used in conjunction with this article (freely available on the Web sites of PLoS Medicine at <http://www.plosmedicine.org/>, Annals of Internal Medicine at <http://www.annals.org/>, and Epidemiology at <http://www.epidem.com/>). Information on the STROBE Initiative is available at [www.strobe-statement.org](http://www.strobe-statement.org).