

Table S1. Cox regression analysis for the total study cohort.

Variable	Crude hazard ratio	95% Confidence interval	<i>P</i> value	Adjusted hazard ratio	95% Confidence interval	<i>P</i> value
Univariable regression			Multivariable regression			
Clinical parameters						
Age, years	0.966	0.931–1.003	0.072	0.958	0.924–0.993	0.020
Sex, male gender	0.525	0.255–1.083	0.081	0.277	0.122–0.628	0.002
NYHA functional class ≥ III	4.807	1.901–12.155	0.001	3.214	1.211–8.529	0.019
Systolic blood pressure, mmHg	0.979	0.961–0.998	0.026	0.989	0.971–1.008	0.250
Diastolic blood pressure, mmHg	0.985	0.952–1.019	0.368	0.988	0.959–1.018	0.421
NT-proBNP, pg/mL*	2.103	1.452–3.047	<0.001	1.940	1.327–2.838	0.001
Troponin t, ng/mL†	1.694	1.213–2.365	0.002	1.558	1.073–2.264	0.020
eGFR, mL/min/1.73m ²	0.995	0.980–1.012	0.584	1.005	0.989–1.022	0.527
Concomitant medication						
Beta Blocker	0.928	0.446–1.931	0.841	0.777	0.356–1.697	0.527
ACE inhibitor	1.125	0.477–2.653	0.788	1.123	0.469–2.690	0.794
Angiotensin receptor blocker	0.711	0.304–1.665	0.432	0.693	0.294–1.634	0.402
Number of diuretic agents	1.351	0.924–1.976	0.121	1.501	0.923–2.440	0.101
Invasive hemodynamic parameters						
Mean pulmonary arterial pressure, mmHg	1.058	1.025–1.092	<0.001	1.034	1.001–1.069	0.045
Right atrial pressure, mmHg	1.065	1.010–1.122	0.020	1.048	0.987–1.112	0.125
Pulmonary artery wedge pressure, mmHg	1.101	1.038–1.166	0.001	1.073	1.011–1.139	0.021
Cardiac index, L/min/m ²	0.781	0.460–1.326	0.359	1.017	0.618–1.676	0.946
Stroke volume index, mL/m ²	0.972	0.943–1.002	0.070	0.984	0.955–1.014	0.288
Pulmonary vascular resistance, dyn·s·cm ⁻⁵	1.002	1.000–1.003	0.050	1.001	0.999–1.002	0.533
Diastolic pressure gradient, mmHg	1.004	0.917–1.099	0.930	0.984	0.905–1.070	0.711
Cardiac magnetic resonance imaging parameters						
MOLLI-ECV, %	1.051	1.022–1.080	0.001	1.018	0.987–1.049	0.261
Left atrial area, cm ²	0.992	0.946–1.040	0.734	0.993	0.936–1.053	0.806
Right atrial area, cm ²	0.952	0.904–1.002	0.058	0.950	0.899–1.003	0.065
Left ventricular ejection fraction, %	1.015	0.982–1.049	0.389	1.032	0.998–1.069	0.068
Left ventricular end-diastolic volume index, mL/m ² (IQR)	0.977	0.959–0.995	0.012	0.972	0.952–0.992	0.007

Interventricular septum, mm	1.039	0.951–1.136	0.398	0.976	0.895–1.066	0.594
Right ventricular ejection fraction, %	0.995	0.966–1.025	0.764	1.020	0.986–1.056	0.245
Right ventricular end-diastolic volume index, mL/m ² (IQR)	0.994	0.976–1.012	0.518	0.995	0.974–1.016	0.624
Transthoracic echocardiography parameters						
Significant aortic valve stenosis	1.072	0.142–8.109	0.946	6.110	0.628–59.402	0.119
Significant aortic valve regurgitation	1.072	0.142–8.109	0.946	6.110	0.628–59.402	0.119
Significant mitral valve regurgitation	1.116	0.529–2.353	0.773	0.549	0.249–1.212	0.138

NYHA indicates New York Heart Association; NT-proBNP, N-terminal prohormone of brain natriuretic peptide; eGFR, estimated glomerular filtration rate; ACE, angiotensin converting enzyme; MOLLI-ECV, modified Look-Locker inversion recovery sequence derived extracellular volume. Valvular stenosis or regurgitation $\geq$ moderate was considered significant. *NT-proBNP was graded into quartiles. †Troponin T was graded into quartiles. **Bold** indicates statistical significance.

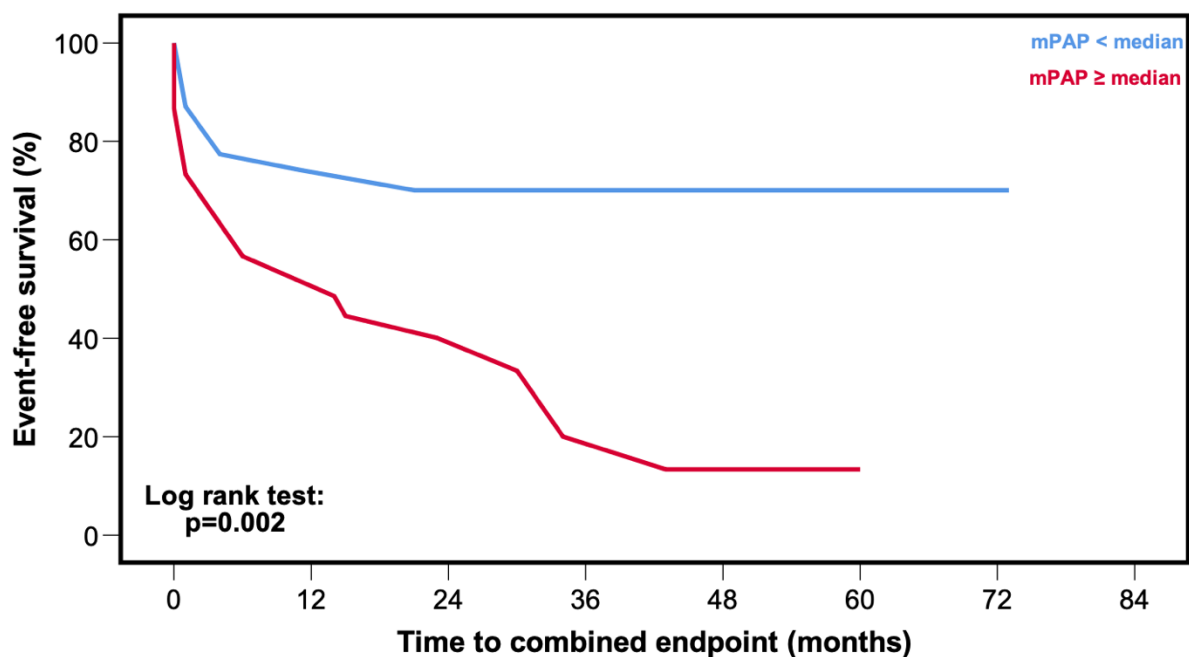


Figure S1. Kaplan-Meier curves for event-free survival stratified by median mean pulmonary arterial pressure (mPAP) for the total cardiac amyloidosis cohort.