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Correction

Correction: Nezhat et al. The Revolution in Surgery That Saves Millions of Lives. *J. Clin. Med.* 2026, *15*, 4476

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Text Correction

There was an error in the original publication [1]. The original text contained inaccuracies regarding the historical chronology, surgeons involved, and dates and locations of the first laparoscopic cholecystectomies performed in the United States.

A correction has been made to 2. The Revolution in Surgery That Saves Millions of Lives, 2.4. Academic Resistance, Early Validation, and International Dissemination, Paragraphs 10–13:

By that time, Dr. Mouret had begun performing video-assisted laparoscopic cholecystectomies, having initiated the procedure in 1987. Following his presentation in Vichy, Dr. Mouret shared video recordings of these operations with attendees, including Dr. Nezhat and several other American colleagues such as Drs. Harry Reich, James Daniell, and Donald Chatman.

Upon returning to Atlanta, Dr. Nezhat and his team presented the cholecystectomy videos during their postgraduate courses to general surgeons, gynecologists, urologists, and other specialists. Although Dr. John Harvey, a general surgeon, sought to perform the procedure at Northside Hospital, institutional approval was initially denied. Thus, Dr. William Saye and Dr. Barry McKernan—who had studied the recordings, observed Dr. Nezhat's cases, and attended his courses—were the first to successfully perform a videolaparoscopic cholecystectomy in the United States on 22 June 1988, at Dr. Saye's outpatient surgery center.

Momentum grew rapidly following this milestone. In September 1988, Drs. Eddie Reddick and Douglas O. Olsen performed the procedure in Nashville, Tennessee. Months later, Dr. Nezhat and Dr. Harvey performed their first videolaparoscopic cholecystectomy together at Northside Hospital. Recognizing the procedure's clear clinical advantages—including smaller incisions, reduced post-operative pain, and faster recovery—surgeons quickly embraced videolaparoscopic techniques across surgical disciplines.

The authors state that the scientific conclusions are unaffected. This correction was approved by the Academic Editor. The original publication has also been updated.

Reference

1. Nezhat, C.; Page, B.; Pennington, Z.; Khaloghli, R.; Niehaus, L.; Najmi, Z. The Revolution in Surgery That Saves Millions of Lives. *J. Clin. Med.* **2026**, *15*, 4476. [CrossRef] [PubMed]

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