

Covariates	Hypertensive cardiomyopathy					
	OR	95% CI	p-value	OR	95% CI	p-value
Gender	1.17	0.79-1.74	0.430	1.23	0.83-1.83	0.296
Age	1.02	1.00-1.03	0.029	1.02	1.00-1.03	0.022
Smoking habit	2.00	1.36-2.95	<0.001	2.02	1.37-2.98	<0.001
FH of CVD	1.17	0.65-2.02	0.587	1.12	0.62-1.93	0.701
BMI	1.04	1.01-1.08	0.016	1.05	1.01-1.08	0.010
SBP	1.01	0.99-1.02	0.222	1.01	1.00-1.02	0.154
DBP	1.01	0.99-1.04	0.192	1.01	0.99-1.04	0.202
DM	1.65	0.94-2.82	0.074	1.66	0.95-2.84	0.068
No. of antihypertensive drugs	1.40	1.06-1.84	0.015	1.41	1.07-1.85	0.013
ACEi/ARB	1.22	0.73-2.08	0.449	1.21	0.72-2.04	0.483
<i>Normetanephrine</i>	1.09	1.00-1.18	0.035	-	-	-
<i>Metanephrine</i>	-	-	-	1.07	0.85-1.33	0.581

Table S1. Logistic regression analysis on the association of metanephrines and covariates with presence of hypertensive cardiomyopathy, after excluding patients taking drugs acting on the sympathetic system (ORs of normetanephrine and metanephrine are calculated for a unit of increase of 100 µg/die). Abbreviations: ACEi/ARB, angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitors or angiotensin II receptor blockers; BMI, body mass index; CI, confidence interval; CVD, cardiovascular disease; DBP, diastolic blood pressure; DM, diabetes mellitus; FH, family history; OR, odds ratio; SBP, systolic blood pressure.

Covariates	Metabolic syndrome					
	OR	95% CI	p-value	OR	95% CI	p-value
Gender	1.02	0.65-1.59	0.939	1.13	0.72-1.76	0.578
Age	0.99	0.98-1.01	0.445	1.00	0.98-1.01	0.571
Smoking habit	1.26	0.82-1.94	0.293	1.30	0.85-2.00	0.233
FH of CVD	1.32	0.71-2.34	0.363	1.24	0.67-2.20	0.469
No. of antihypertensive drugs	1.33	1.07-1.66	0.010	1.35	1.09-1.68	0.006
eGFR	1.00	0.99-1.01	0.495	1.00	0.99-1.01	0.421
<i>Normetanephrine</i>	1.12	1.01-1.23	0.026	-	-	-
<i>Metanephrine</i>	-	-	-	0.95	0.71-1.22	0.688

Table S2. Logistic regression analysis on the association of metanephrines and covariates with presence of metabolic syndrome, after excluding patients taking drugs acting on the sympathetic system (ORs of normetanephrine and metanephrine are calculated for a unit of increase of 100 µg/die). Abbreviations: CI, confidence interval; CVD, cardiovascular disease; eGFR, estimated glomerular filtration rate; FH, family history; OR, odds ratio.

Covariates	Microalbuminuria					
	OR	95% CI	p-value	OR	95% CI	p-value
Gender	1.71	0.93-3.14	0.084	1.56	0.85-2.89	0.152
Age	1.00	0.98-1.03	0.693	1.00	0.98-1.03	0.710
Smoking habit	1.04	0.56-1.88	0.907	1.00	0.54-1.82	0.998
FH of CVD	1.24	0.45-2.86	0.647	1.30	0.48-3.01	0.573
BMI	0.97	0.91-1.03	0.399	0.97	0.91-1.03	0.423
SBP	0.99	0.97-1.02	0.674	0.99	0.97-1.02	0.599
DBP	1.01	0.98-1.05	0.628	1.01	0.98-1.05	0.635
DM	1.74	0.67-4.00	0.216	1.77	0.68-4.06	0.207
No. of antihypertensive drugs	0.68	0.39-1.13	0.158	0.68	0.38-1.12	0.153
ACEi/ARB	2.00	0.81-5.04	0.135	2.01	0.81-5.12	0.139
<i>Normetanephine</i>	0.97	0.82-1.11	0.714	-	-	-
<i>Metanephine</i>	-	-	-	1.21	0.86-1.63	0.224

Table S3. Logistic regression analysis on the association of covariates with presence of microalbuminuria, after excluding patients taking drugs acting on the sympathetic system (ORs of metanephine are calculated for a unit of increase of 100 µg/die).

Abbreviations: ACEi/ARB, angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitors or angiotensin II receptor blockers; BMI, body mass index; CI, confidence interval; CVD, cardiovascular disease; DBP, diastolic blood pressure; DM, diabetes mellitus; FH, family history; OR, odds ratio; SBP, systolic blood pressure.

Covariates	eGFR<60 mL/min/1.73 m ²					
	OR	95% CI	P-value	OR	95% CI	p-value
Gender	0.76	0.43-1.31	0.328	0.86	0.48-1.49	0.588
Age	1.05	1.03-1.07	<0.001	1.05	1.03-1.07	<0.001
Smoking habit	0.85	0.50-1.45	0.563	0.90	0.52-1.53	0.694
FH of CVD	1.41	0.64-2.87	0.369	1.33	0.60-2.71	0.450
BMI	0.97	0.91-1.02	0.255	0.96	0.91-1.02	0.208
SBP	1.02	1.00-1.04	0.027	1.02	1.00-1.04	0.017
DBP	0.99	0.96-1.01	0.290	0.98	0.96-1.01	0.247
DM	1.56	0.74-3.12	0.223	1.50	0.70-3.00	0.274
No. of antihypertensive drugs	1.34	1.02-1.75	0.032	1.36	1.04-1.78	0.026
<i>Normetanephrine</i>	1.02	0.90-1.14	0.696	-	-	-
<i>Metanephrine</i>	-	-	-	0.73	0.47-1.05	0.120

Table S4. Logistic regression analysis on the association of metanephrines and covariates with presence of eGFR<60 mL/min/1.73 m², after excluding patients taking drugs acting on the sympathetic system (ORs of normetanephrine and metanephrine are calculated for a unit of increase of 100 µg/die). Abbreviations: BMI, body mass index; CI, confidence interval; CVD, cardiovascular disease; DBP, diastolic blood pressure; DM, diabetes mellitus; eGFR, estimated glomerular filtration rate; FH, family history; OR, odds ratio; SBP, systolic blood pressure.