

Supplementary Material: Recovery of Extracellular Polymeric Substances from Excess Sludge Using High-Flux Electrospun Nanofiber Membranes

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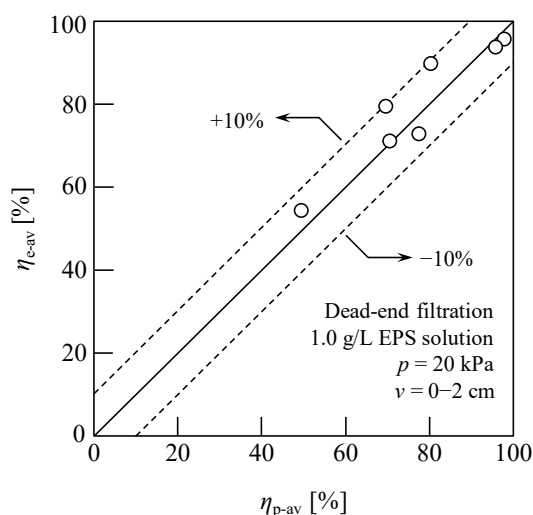


Figure S1. Average EPS recovery rates obtained via the UV method (η_{p-av}) compared with those obtained via the weighing method (η_{e-av}), wherein the evaluated data were based on for the cumulative filtrate volume per unit membrane area, $v = 2$ cm.

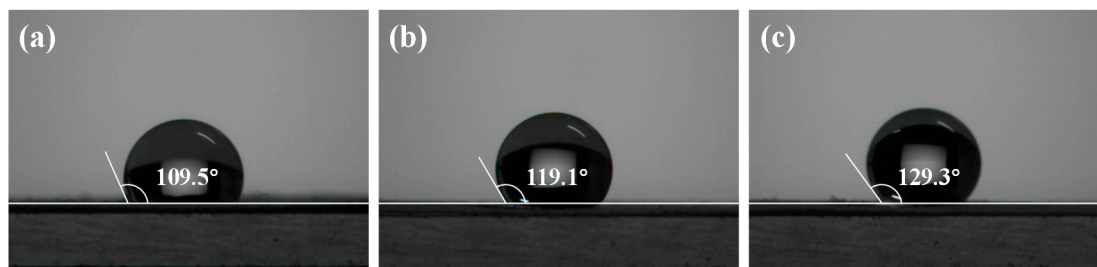


Figure. S2. Typical images of the water contact angles of the ENMs prepared using PVDF at different mass fractions of (a) 14 wt%, (b) 18 wt%, and (c) 22 wt%.

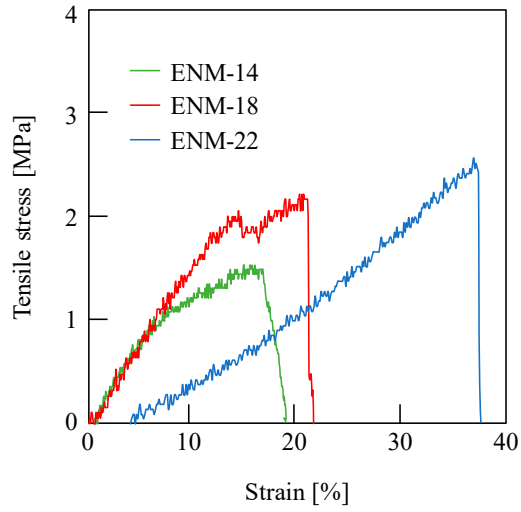


Figure S3. Tensile stress–strain curves of the fabricated ENMs.

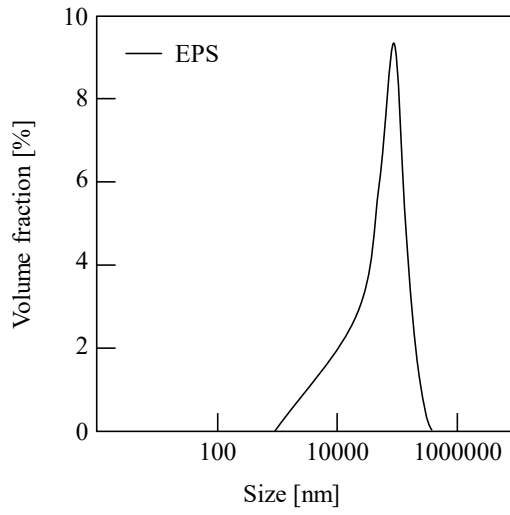


Figure S4. Typical size distributions of the colloids present in the EPS solutions.

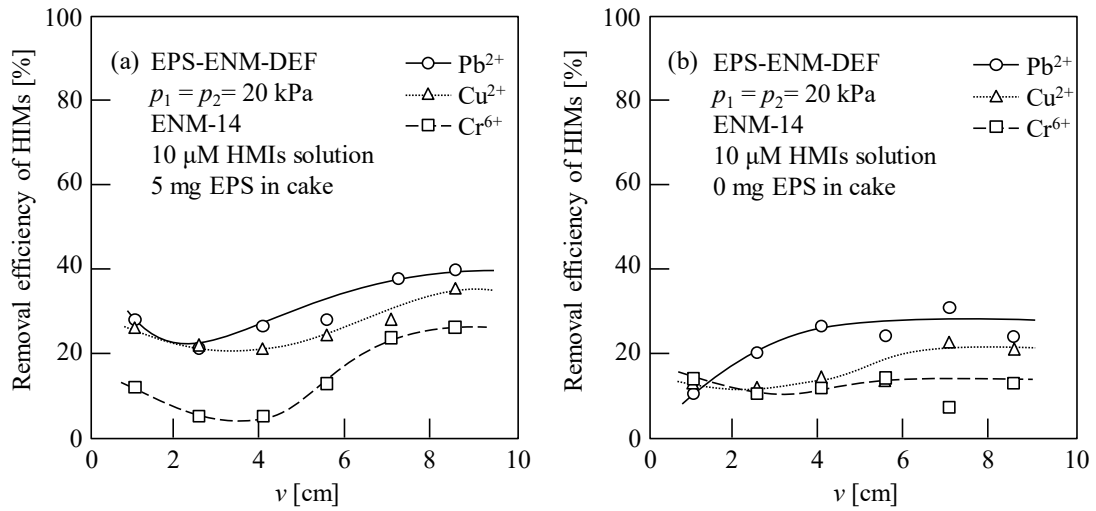


Figure S5. HIM removal efficiencies during the EPS-ENM-DEF process on ENM-14 for (a) 5 mg and (b) 0 mg EPS filter cakes. 1st stage: Concentration and recovery filtration of 0.1 and 0 g/L EPS solutions (50 mL) at $p_1 = 20$ kPa to give EPS filter cakes with masses of 5 and 0 mg, respectively. 2nd stage: Filtration of 10 μ M solutions (180 mL) of the desired HIM (Pb^{2+} , Cu^{2+} , or Cr^{6+} , pH 6.2–6.7) at $p_2 = 20$ kPa. v is the cumulative filtrate volume per unit membrane area.