Supplementary Material

Table S1: Moisture, organic acids and phenolic compounds composition of *Aloe vera* leaf (fillet, mucilage, and rind) and flower.

	Fillet	Mucilage	Rind	Flower	\mathbf{H}^{1}	<i>p</i> -value ²
Moisture (g/100 g)	98 ± 1 ª	98 ± 1 ^a	87 ± 1 ^b	84 ± 1 ^b	0.320	< 0.001
Organic acids (mg/100 g fresh weight)						
Oxalic acid	2.39 ± 0.04 a	0.23 ± 0.01 c	0.76 ± 0.03 ^b	2.3 ± 0.1 $^{\rm a}$	0.172	< 0.001
Quinic acid	11.63 ± 0.07	10.3 ± 0.2	-	-	0.354	0.001
Malic acid	97 ± 1 b	101 ± 2^{a}	58 ± 1 °	-	0.852	< 0.001
Ascorbic acid	-	-	0.874 ± 0.007	-	-	-
Citric acid	-	-	11.2 ± 0.2	-	-	-
Fumaric acid	-	-	0.051 ± 0.004	0.540 ± 0.005	0.662	< 0.001
Total organic acids	111 ± 1 a	111 ± 2 ª	71 ± 2 ^b	2.9 ± 0.1 °	0.394	< 0.001
Organic acids (mg/100 g dry weight)						
Oxalic acid	142 ± 2 ^a	13.7 ± 0.6 ^c	45 ± 2 b	139 ± 6^{a}	0.172	< 0.001
Quinic acid	689 ± 4	610 ± 9	-	-	0.354	0.001
Malic acid	5750 ± 66 ^b	5979 ± 100 a	3462 ± 82 °	-	0.852	< 0.001
Ascorbic acid	-	-	51.8 ± 0.4	-	-	-
Citric acid	-	-	659 ± 12	-	-	-
Fumaric acid	-	-	3.1 ± 0.2	32.1 ± 0.3	0.662	< 0.001
Total organic acids	6581 ± 73 ª	6603 ± 92 a	4221 ± 92 b	171 ± 8 ^c	0.394	< 0.001
Extraction yield (%)	36.66	59.98	34.25	44.32	-	-
Phenolic compounds ($\mu g/g$ fresh weight)						
Phenolic acids	1.97 ± 0.06 ^d	53 ± 3^{a}	13.8 ± 0.6 c	20.9 ± 0.5 $^{\rm b}$	0.102	< 0.001
Flavonoids	-	-	523 ± 5	309 ± 4	0.736	< 0.001
Anthrones	32 ± 2 °	$1010 \pm 12 \text{ b}$	2120 ± 75 a	-	0.109	< 0.001
Chromones	34 ± 3 °	563 ± 34 ^b	1856 ± 48 $^{\rm a}$	-	0.238	< 0.001
Phenolic compounds	68 ± 1 ^d	1626 ± 43 ^b	4513 ± 127 a	330 ± 3 °	0.091	< 0.001
Phenolic compounds (mg/g dry weight)						
Phenolic acids	0.119 ± 0.004 ^b	2.6 ± 0.1 $^{\rm a}$	0.105 ± 0.005 ^b	0.134 ± 0.003 ^b	0.059	< 0.001
Flavonoids	-	-	3.99 ± 0.04	1.98 ± 0.02	0.578	< 0.001
Anthrones	2.0 ± 0.1 ^c	48.8 ± 0.6 a	16.2 ± 0.6 ^b	-	0.332	< 0.001
Chromones	2.0 ± 0.2 °	27 ± 2^{a}	14.1 ± 0.4 $^{\rm b}$	-	0.146	< 0.001
Phenolic compounds	4.11 ± 0.07 c	79 ± 2 a	34 ± 1 b	2.12 ± 0.02 c	0.105	< 0.001

¹ Homoscedasticity (H) was tested by the Levene's test: p > 0.05 indicates homoscedasticity and p < 0.05 indicates heteroscedasticity. ² Statistically significant differences (p < 0.05) among two samples were assessed by a Student's T-Test and among more than two samples were assessed by a one-way ANOVA, using Tukey's honestly significant difference (HSD) or Tamhane's T2 multiple comparison tests, when homoscedasticity was verified or not, respectively.