

Composite Based on Multi-Walled Carbon Nanotubes and Manganese Oxide with Rhenium Additive for Supercapacitors: Structural and Electrochemical Studies

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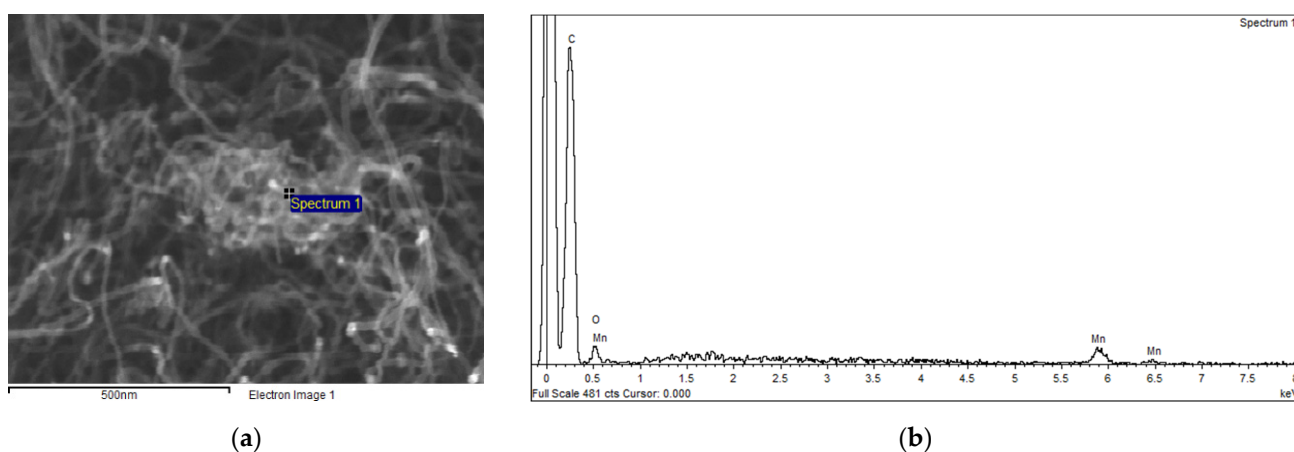


Figure S1. SEM image of Mn-0 composite (a) and the EDX spectrum recorded in the selected area (b).

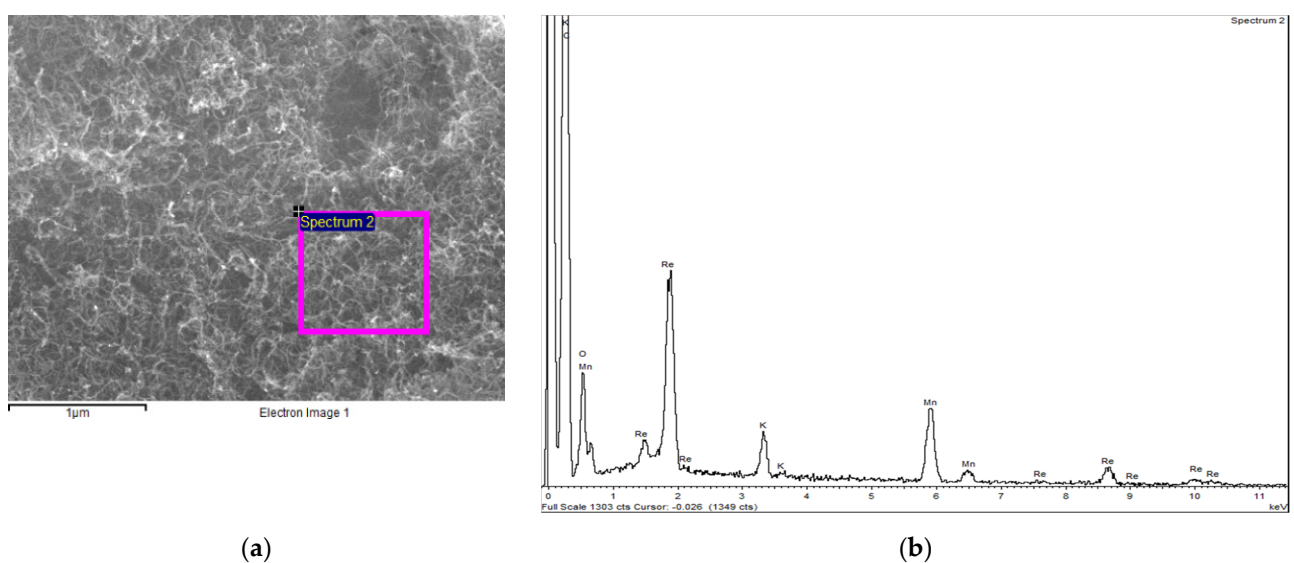


Figure S2. SEM image of Mn-580+Re composite (a) and the EDX spectrum recorded in the selected area (b).

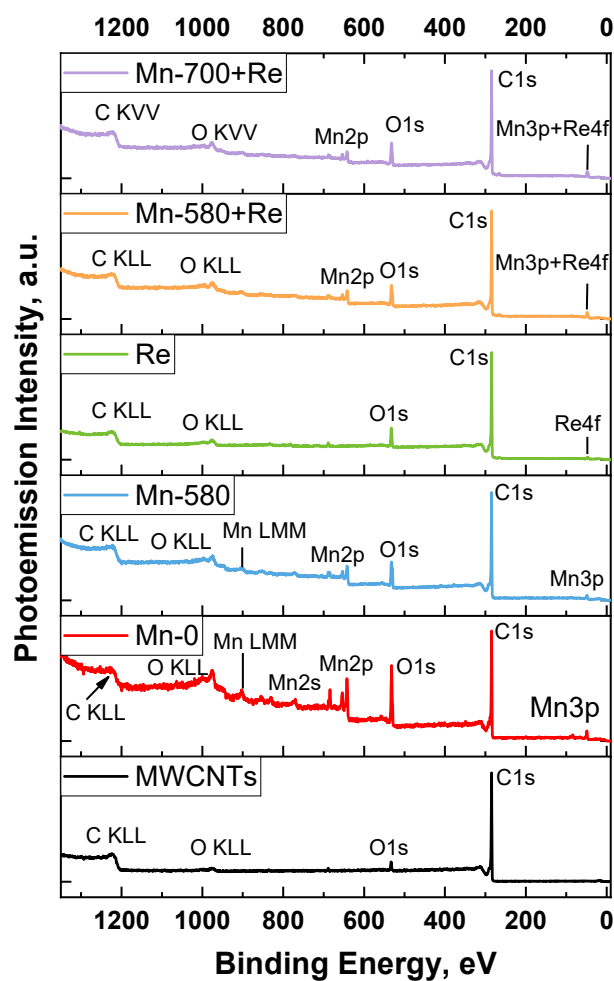


Figure S3. Overview spectra of MWCNTs and composites.

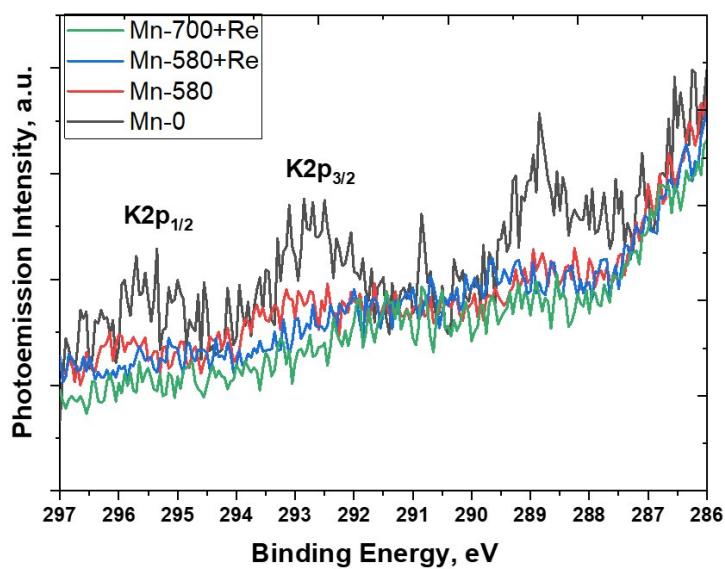


Figure S4. K_{2p} photoemission spectra for different composites.

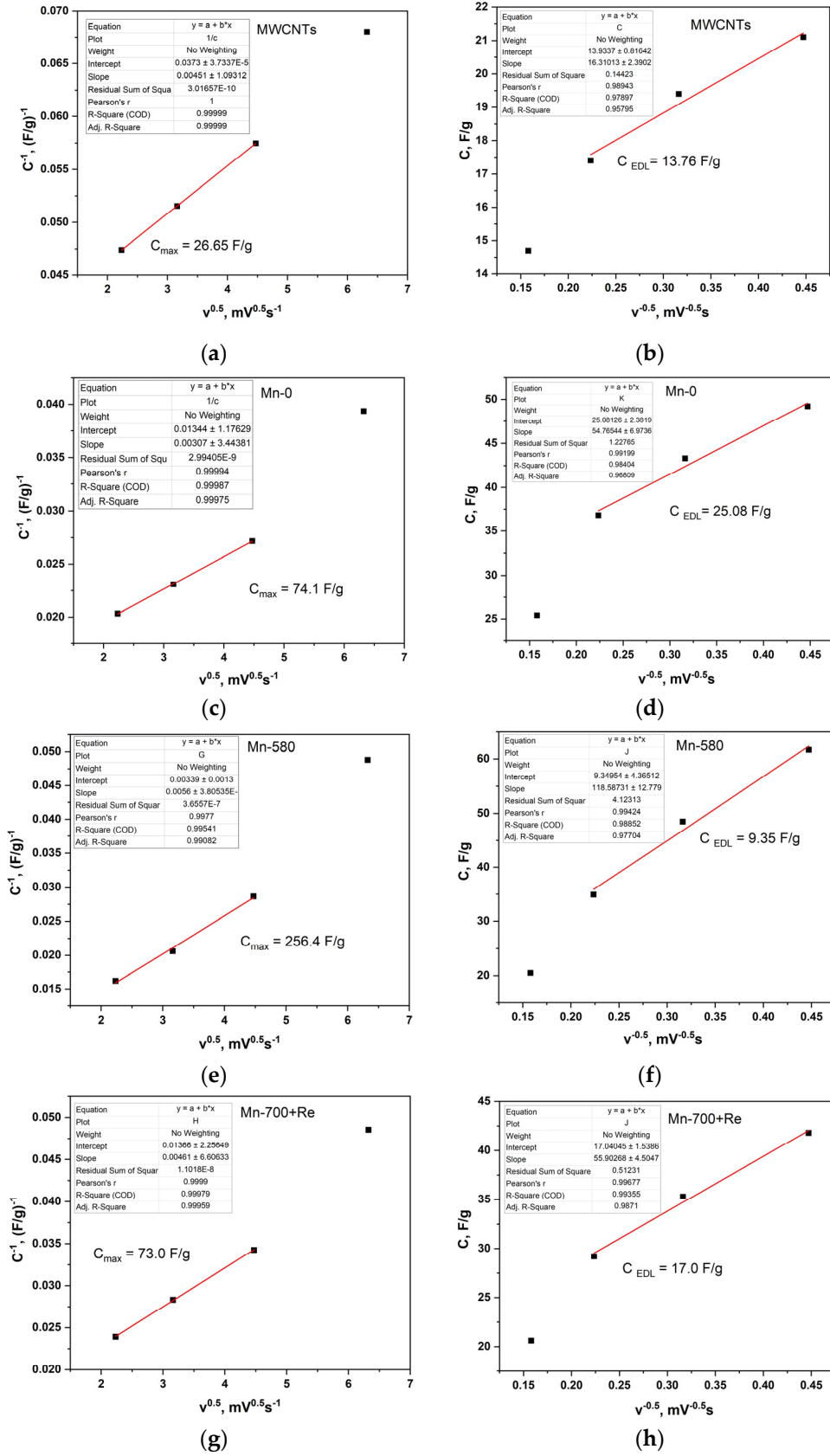
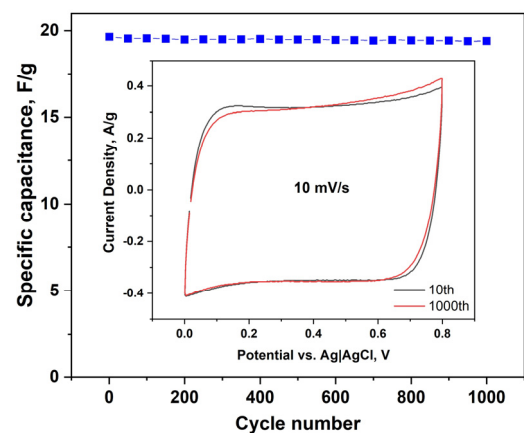
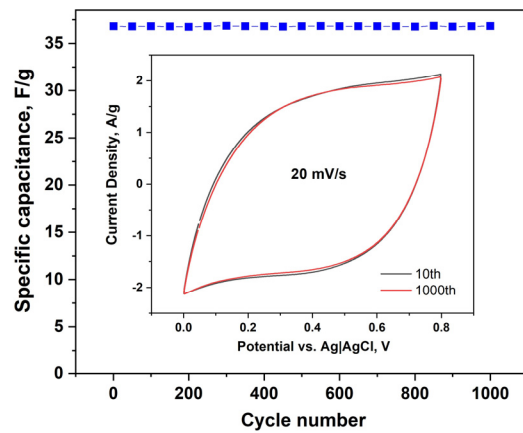


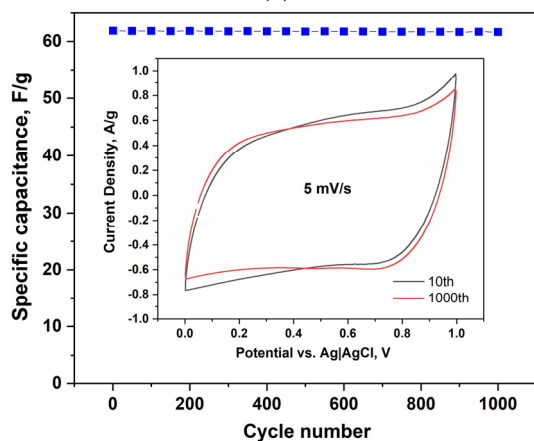
Figure S5. The dependence of the reciprocal of the total capacitance (C^{-1} , $(F/g)^{-1}$) on the square root of the scan rate ($v^{0.5}$, $mV^{0.5} \cdot s^{-0.5}$) and the total capacitance (C , F/g) on the reciprocal of the square root of the scan rate ($v^{-0.5}$, $mV^{-0.5} \cdot s^{0.5}$), respectively for the electrodes: MWCNTs (a) and (b), Mn-0 (c) and (d), Mn-580 (e) and (f), Mn-700+Re (g) and (h).



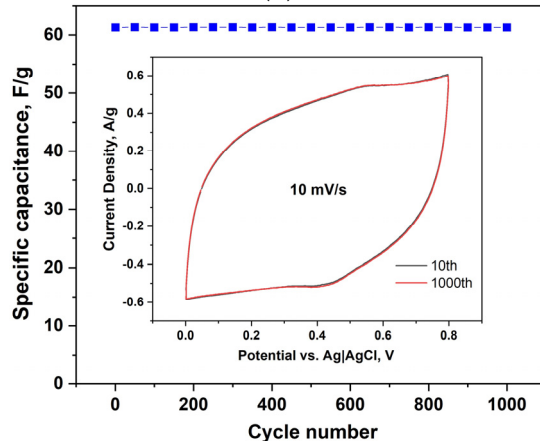
(a)



(b)



(c)



(d)

Figure S6. Change in specific capacitance depending on the number of cycles for electrodes based on MWCNTs (a) Mn-0 (b), Mn-580 (c) and Mn-580+Re (d).