Supplementary Information Mechanistic studies of hydrogen evolution reaction on donor-acceptor conjugated polymer photocatalysts.

Yves Ira A. Reyes^{1, 2}, Li-Yu Ting³, Xin Tu², Hsin-Yi Tiffany Chen^{1,*}, Ho-Hsiu Chou^{3,*} and Carmine Coluccini^{4,*}



Figure S1. UV-vis absorption spectra of PCzPO and PNoFPO D-A polymers, measured in Dichloromethane.



Time (h)

Figure S2. Hydrogen evolution profile of PCzPO and PNoFPO using visible light for polymers (5 mg catalyst in 10 mL mixture (water : MeOH : triethylamine = 1:1:1), 1000 W/m², 380 nm – 780 nm, 90 μ L H₂PtCl₆ (1M) was added).



Figure S3. Energy diagram of intramolecular H₂ formation using the PCzPO (left) and PNoFPO (right) D-A moiety models, computed by DFT.



Figure 4. Formation of a phosphorous-phosphorous bond (P atoms are shown as orange spheres and the bond is shown as an orange line) preventing the interaction of bound H atoms (highlighted in light blue) for a complete hydrogen evolution, computed by DFT.