

Table S1. Result of the Principal Component Analysis (PCA) and the two uncorrelated factors obtained.

Variable	PC1- closed habitats	PC2-watercourse habitats
Herbaceous grassland	-0.856	-0.507
Bare land	0.259	-0.098
Watercourse vegetation	-0.096	0.991
Woodland, dense and low-clear shrubland	0.866	-0.362
Standard deviation	1.56	1.38
Explained variance	38.96	34.48
Cumulative variance	38.96	73.44

Table S2. Summary of the stepwise model selection procedure, based on the corrected Akaike's information criterion (cAIC), used to explain the serological status against HEV. Full model comprises the age class, sex, straight-line distance to the nearest: ecotone (DE), water point (DWAT), small human settlements (DHS), the marshland (DMARSH), stagnant water source (DSW), and the Guadalquivir river (DRIVER), rainfall (rainfall) and temperature (temperature) of the previous sampling period, cover of closed habitats (closed_ha), coverage of watercourse habitats (water_ha), annual density of fallow deer (FD_den) and cattle (cattle_den), relative abundance of red deer (RD_KAI) and wild boar (WB_KAI), intra-specific seroprevalence of HEV (seroprev_intrasp), and some interaction among them (*). In bold type is shown the variable which was removed between steps.

Model	cAIC
Full model:	856.49
age + sex + DE + DWAT + DHS + DMARSH + DSW + DRIVER + rainfall + temperature + closed_ha + water_ha + FD_den + cattle_den + RD_KAI + WB_KAI + seroprev_intrasp + sex*age + age*WB_KAI + sex*WB_KAI + rainfall*WB_KAI + rainfall*sex + rainfall*age + rainfall*temperature [M1]	
age + sex + DE + DWAT + DHS + DMARSH + DSW + DRIVER + rainfall + temperature + closed_ha + water_ha + FD_den + cattle_den + RD_KAI + WB_KAI + seroprev_intrasp + sex*age + sex*WB_KAI + rainfall*WB_KAI + rainfall*sex + rainfall*age + rainfall*temperature [M2]	853.25
age + sex + DE + DWAT + DHS + DMARSH + DSW + DRIVER + rainfall + temperature + closed_ha + water_ha + FD_den + cattle_den + RD_KAI + WB_KAI + seroprev_intrasp + sex*age + sex*WB_KAI + rainfall*WB_KAI + rainfall*sex + rainfall*temperature [M3]	850.41
age + sex + DE + DWAT + DHS + DMARSH + DSW + DRIVER + rainfall + temperature + closed_ha + water_ha + FD_den + cattle_den + RD_KAI + WB_KAI + seroprev_intrasp + sex*WB_KAI + rainfall*WB_KAI + rainfall*sex + rainfall*temperature [M4]	847.89
age + sex + DE + DWAT + DHS + DMARSH + DSW + DRIVER + rainfall + temperature + closed_ha + water_ha + FD_den + cattle_den + WB_KAI + seroprev_intrasp + sex*WB_KAI + rainfall*WB_KAI + rainfall*sex + rainfall*temperature [M5]	845.89
age + sex + DE + DWAT + DHS + DMARSH + DSW + DRIVER + rainfall + temperature + closed_ha + water_ha + cattle_den + WB_KAI + seroprev_intrasp + sex*WB_KAI + rainfall*WB_KAI + rainfall*sex + rainfall*temperature [M6]	843.91

age + sex + DE + DWAT + DHS + DMARSH + DSW + DRIVER + rainfall + temperature + closed_ha + water_ha + cattle_den + WB_KAI + seroprev_intrasp + sex*WB_KAI + rainfall*WB_KAI + rainfall*temperature [M7]	841.95
age + sex + DE + DWAT + DHS + DMARSH + DSW + DRIVER + rainfall + temperature + closed_ha + water_ha + WB_KAI + seroprev_intrasp + sex*WB_KAI + rainfall*WB_KAI + rainfall*temperature [M8]	839.99
age + sex + DE + DWAT + DHS + DMARSH + DSW + rainfall + temperature + closed_ha + water_ha + WB_KAI + seroprev_intrasp + sex*WB_KAI + rainfall*WB_KAI + rainfall*temperature [M9]	838.05
age + sex + DE + DWAT + DMARSH + DSW + rainfall + temperature + closed_ha + water_ha + WB_KAI + seroprev_intrasp + sex*WB_KAI + rainfall*WB_KAI + rainfall*temperature [M10]	836.16
age + sex + DE + DMARSH + DSW + rainfall + temperature + closed_ha + water_ha + WB_KAI + seroprev_intrasp + sex*WB_KAI + rainfall*WB_KAI + rainfall*temperature [M11]	834.40
age + sex + DE + DMARSH + rainfall + temperature + closed_ha + water_ha + WB_KAI + seroprev_intrasp + sex*WB_KAI + rainfall*WB_KAI + rainfall*temperature [M12]	832.53
age + sex + DE + DMARSH + rainfall + temperature + closed_ha + water_ha + WB_KAI + seroprev_intrasp + sex*WB_KAI + rainfall*WB_KAI + rainfall*temperature [M13]	830.74
age + sex + DE + DMARSH + rainfall + temperature + closed_ha + WB_KAI + seroprev_intrasp + sex*WB_KAI + rainfall*WB_KAI [M14]	828.93
age + sex + DMARSH + rainfall + temperature + closed_ha + WB_KAI + seroprev_intrasp + sex*WB_KAI + rainfall*WB_KAI [M15]	827.22
age + sex + DMARSH + rainfall + closed_ha + WB_KAI + seroprev_intrasp + sex*WB_KAI + rainfall*WB_KAI [M16]	826.07
age + sex + DMARSH + rainfall + closed_ha + WB_KAI + seroprev_intrasp + rainfall*WB_KAI [M17]	826.06
age + DMARSH + rainfall + closed_ha + WB_KAI + seroprev_intrasp + rainfall*WB_KAI [M18]	824.59
age + DMARSH + rainfall + WB_KAI + seroprev_intrasp + rainfall*WB_KAI [M19]	824.50

Table S3. Parameters from the other potential best GzLMMs for the serological status against HEV in wild boar related to age class, relative abundance (KAI), straight-line distance to the marshland (DMARSH), the rainfall of the previous sampling period (rainfall), the interaction between rainfall and KAI, the intra-specific seroprevalence of HEV, the cover of closed habitats (closed_ha), and sex.

Variables	Model 18 cAIC=824.59 R ² =0.270			Model 17 cAIC=826.06 R ² =0.271			Model 16 cAIC=826.07 R ² =0.274		
	F df (x,y)	Estimate ±SD ³	p	F df (x,y)	Estimate ±SD	p	F df (x,y)	Estimate ±SD	p
Age class ¹	5.31 (2, 689)	1-2 years:0.45±0.25 > 2 years: 0.77±0.21	<0.01	5.23 (2, 688)	1-2 years:0.44±0.25 > 2 years: 0.78±0.21	<0.01	5.23 (2, 687)	1-2 years:0.43±0.25 > 2 years: 0.78±0.21	<0.01
DMARSH	5.38 (1, 689)	-0.0002±0.00006	0.01	5.41 (1, 688)	-0.0002±0.0001	0.01	5.39 (1, 687)	-0.0002±0.0001	<0.01
Abundance of wild boar (KAI)	3.91 (1, 689)	-0.75±0.73	0.31	4.04 (1, 688)	-0.52±0.76	0.32	3.97 (1, 687)	-0.52±0.76	0.49
Rainfall	0.02 (1, 689)	-0.002±0.001	0.06	0.003 (1, 688)	-0.001±0.001	0.07	0.004 (1, 687)	-0.001±0.001	0.06
Rainfall* abundance of wild boar	2.99 (1, 689)	0.002±0.001	0.08	2.94 (1, 688)	0.002±0.001	0.08	2.86 (1, 687)	0.002±0.001	0.07
Intra-specific seroprevalence	102.47 (1, 689)	0.04±0.01	<0.01	101.91 (1, 688)	0.04±0.01	<0.01	101.04 (1, 687)	0.04±0.01	<0.01
Closed_ha	0.05 (1, 689)	0.14±0.09	0.15	0.66 (1, 688)	0.14±0.09	0.14	0.63 (1, 687)	0.14±0.09	0.14
Sex ²				0.29 (1, 688)	Female: -0.12±0.17	0.51	0.30 (1, 687)	Female: -0.28±0.33	0.40
Sex ² *abundance of wild boar							1.98 (1, 687)	Female: -0.56±0.40	0.16

The model was fitted using the sampling period and livestock management area as random effect factors. Parameter estimates for the ¹age class were calculated using <6 months old animal as the reference and the male level in the variable sex². ³Standard deviation.