



Supplementary Materials: Reestablishment of Social Hierarchies in Weaned Pigs after Mixing

Xian Tong ¹, Chunyan Shen ¹, Ruonan Chen ¹, Siyuan Gao ¹, Xinpeng Liu ¹, Allan P. Schinckel ² and Bo Zhou ^{1,*}

¹ College of Animal Science and Technology, Nanjing Agricultural University, Nanjing 210095, China; 2017105081@njau.edu.cn (X.T.); 2016105082@njau.edu.cn (C.S.); 2016105033@njau.edu.cn (R.C.); 2018105082@njau.edu.cn (S.G.); 2018805122@njau.edu.cn (X.L.)

² Department of Animal Sciences, Purdue University, West Lafayette, IN 47907-2054, USA; aschinck@purdue.edu

* Corresponding: zhoubo@njau.edu.cn

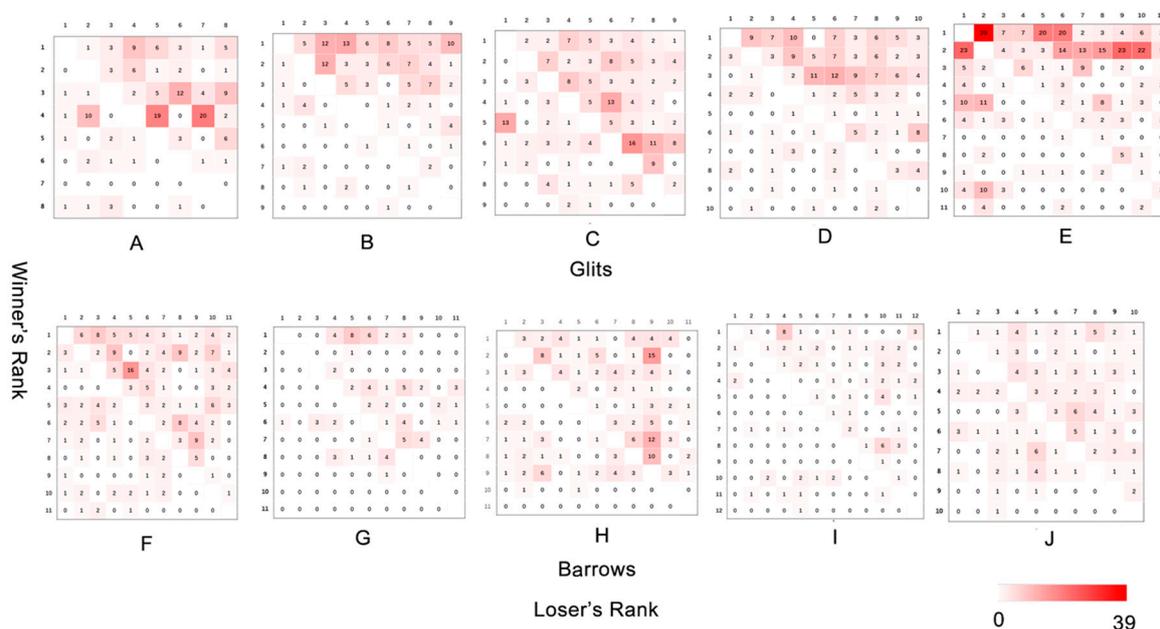


Figure S1. Frequency Win-Loss Sociomatrices. Total frequency of agonistic interactions that occurred between all pairs of individuals across all pens (A-J) over the entire observation period. Winners of each pens are listed in rows and losers are listed in columns. Ranks were calculated using the I&SI method. Cells of each matrix are colored on a gradient from white (lowest value in total matrix) to red (highest value in total matrix).

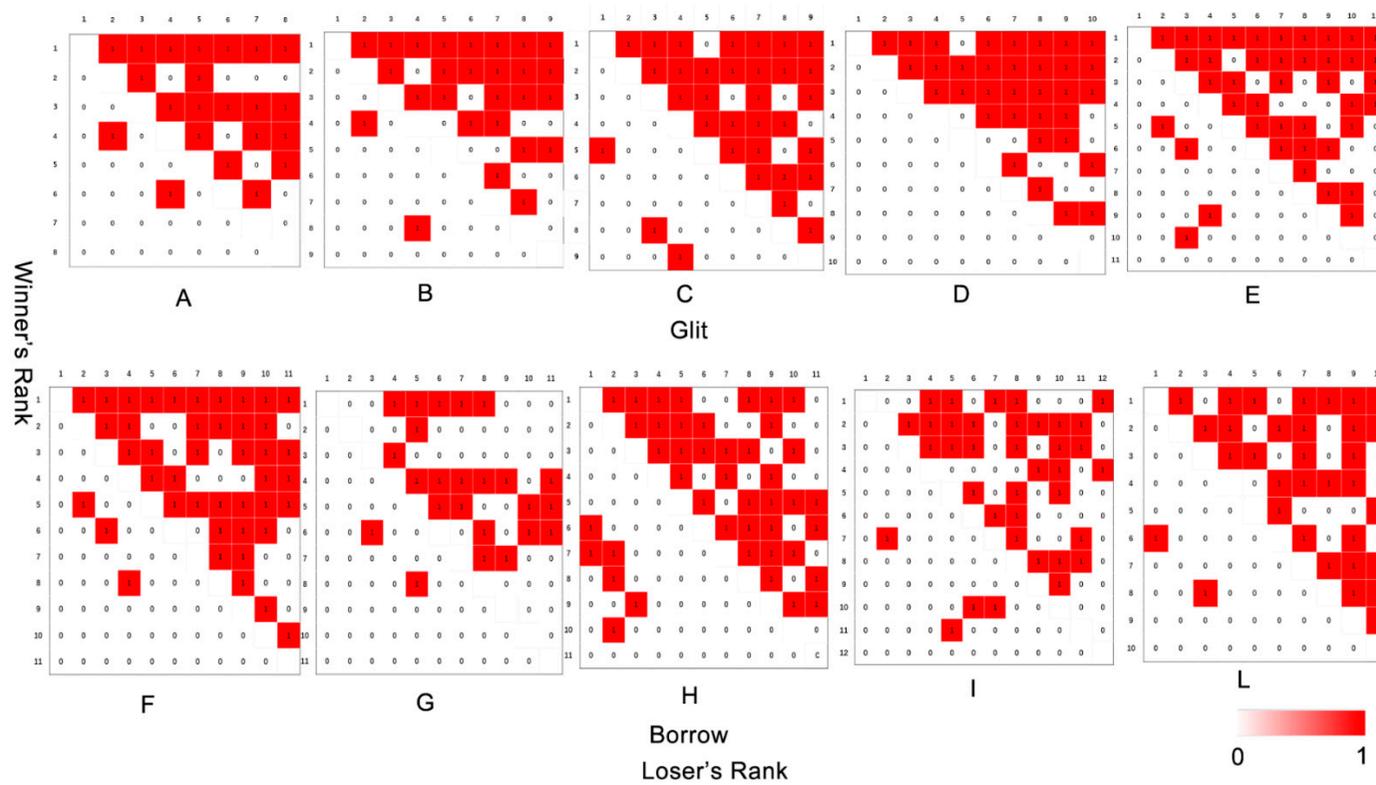


Figure S2. Binarized Win-Loss Sociomatrices. For each relationship within each pen, the winner and loser were calculated by determining which individual had the most wins over all observations. Winners of each pen (A-J) are listed in rows and assigned a value of 1. Losers are listed in columns. Ranks were calculated using the I&SI method.