

Table S1. Results of univariable and multivariable analysis using Poisson regression for notified invasive infections with Methicillin-resistant *S. aureus* (MRSA), 2010-2019, and infections or colonisations with carbapenem-non-susceptible *Acinetobacter spp.* (CRA) and Enterobacterales (CRE), 2017-2019

Variable	Value	MRSA (n = 34,551)		CRA (n = 2,278)		CRE (n = 12,055)	
		Univariable analysis	Multivariable analysis	Univariable analysis	Multivariable analysis	Univariable analysis	Multivariable analysis
		Crude IRR (95%CI)	Adj. IRR* (95%CI)	Crude IRR (95%CI)	Adj. IRR* (95%CI)	Crude IRR (95%CI)	Adj. IRR* (95%CI)
Gender	Female	ref.	ref.	ref.	ref.	ref.	ref.
	Male	1.8 (1.7-1.8)	2.3 (2.2-2.3)	1.9 (1.8-2.1)	2.2 (2.0-2.4)	1.6 (1.6-1.7)	1.9 (1.8-2.0)
Age group	< 1	13 (10-17)	13 (10-17)	4.7 (2.5-8.8)	4.6 (2.5-8.7)	15 (13-18)	15 (13-18)
	1 – 9	ref.	ref.	ref.	ref.	ref.	ref.
	10 – 19	0.82 (0.63-1.1)	0.81 (0.62-1.1)	1.3 (0.78-2.0)	1.3 (0.79-2.1)	0.67 (0.55-0.83)	0.68 (0.55-0.84)
	20 – 29	1.9 (1.5-2.4)	1.9 (1.5-2.3)	2.9 (1.9-4.4)	2.9 (1.9-4.3)	1.5 (1.3-1.8)	1.5 (1.2-1.7)
	30 – 39	3.2 (2.6-3.9)	3.2 (2.6-3.9)	2.9 (1.9-4.4)	2.8 (1.9-4.3)	1.7 (1.4-2.0)	1.7 (1.4-2.0)
	40 – 49	6.6 (5.4-8.0)	6.4 (5.3-7.8)	3.7 (2.5-5.5)	3.7 (2.5-5.5)	2.1 (1.8-2.5)	2.1 (1.8-2.5)
	50 – 59	17 (14-20)	17 (14-20)	6.2 (4.2-9.1)	6.4 (4.3-9.4)	4.0 (3.4-4.6)	4.0 (3.5-4.7)
	60 – 69	41 (34-49)	42 (34-50)	12 (8.0-17)	13 (8.6-18)	8.6 (7.4-9.9)	9.0 (7.8-10)
	70 – 79	87 (72-100)	88 (73-110)	20 (14-29)	22 (15-32)	14 (12-17)	15 (13-18)
	80 +	120 (100-150)	140 (120-170)	14 (9.6-21)	16 (11-24)	14 (12-16)	16 (13-18)
Federal state of residence	Baden-Württemberg	1.1 (0.93-1.2)	1.4 (1.2-1.6)	2.1 (1.2-3.6)	2.8 (1.6-4.8)	2.2 (1.7-2.7)	2.8 (2.2-3.5)
	Bavaria	1.3 (1.2-1.5)	1.8 (1.6-2.0)	2.5 (1.4-4.2)	3.2 (1.9-5.5)	2.2 (1.8-2.7)	2.8 (2.2-3.5)
	Berlin	4.2 (3.7-4.8)	5.9 (5.2-6.8)	8.2 (4.8-14)	11 (6.5-19)	4.9 (4.0-6.1)	6.7 (5.3-8.3)
	Brandenburg	3.1 (2.7-3.6)	3.6 (3.2-4.1)	2.1 (1.1-3.8)	2.4 (1.3-4.4)	1.9 (1.5-2.4)	2.1 (1.7-2.7)

Bremen	ref.	ref.	ref.	ref.	ref.	ref.
Hamburg	1.5 (1.3-1.7)	2.1 (1.8-2.5)	7.1 (4.1-12)	10 (5.8-17)	3.7 (3.0-4.7)	5.2 (4.1-6.5)
Hessen	1.9 (1.7-2.1)	2.5 (2.2-2.8)	5.4 (3.2-9.3)	7.1 (4.1-12)	4.7 (3.8-5.8)	6.0 (4.8-7.4)
Lower Saxony	3.5 (3.0-3.9)	4.3 (3.8-4.9)	1.9 (1.1-3.3)	2.4 (1.4-4.1)	1.4 (1.1-1.7)	1.7 (1.4-2.2)
Mecklenburg-Vorpommern	4.3 (3.7-4.9)	5.0 (4.4-5.7)	1.3 (0.63-2.5)	1.5 (0.74-3.0)	1.2 (0.93-1.6)	1.4 (1.1-1.9)
North Rhine-Westphalia	3.7 (3.3-4.2)	4.8 (4.2-5.4)	3.7 (2.2-6.3)	4.8 (2.8-8.1)	2.9 (2.3-3.5)	3.6 (2.9-4.5)
Rhineland-Palatinate	1.6 (1.4-1.9)	2.1 (1.8-2.4)	2.2 (1.2-3.9)	2.7 (1.5-4.8)	2.6 (2.1-3.2)	3.1 (2.5-3.9)
Saarland	1.8 (1.5-2.1)	2.1 (1.8-2.5)	0.80 (0.32-2.0)	0.96 (0.39-2.4)	2.3 (1.7-3.0)	2.6 (2.0-3.4)
Saxony	3.5 (3.1-4.0)	3.9 (3.4-4.4)	2.6 (1.5-4.6)	3.0 (1.7-5.3)	2.6 (2.1-3.3)	2.9 (2.3-3.7)
Saxony-Anhalt	4.3 (3.8-4.9)	4.8 (4.2-5.4)	1.6 (0.84-3.0)	1.8 (0.96-3.4)	3.2 (2.5-4.0)	3.5 (2.8-4.5)
Schleswig-Holstein	2.8 (2.4-3.2)	3.4 (3.0-3.9)	1.9 (1.0-3.4)	2.3 (1.3-4.2)	1.7 (1.3-2.1)	2.0 (1.6-2.5)
Thuringia	2.7 (2.3-3.1)	3.0 (2.6-3.5)	2.4 (1.4-4.5)	2.9 (1.6-5.2)	2.9 (2.3-3.7)	3.3 (2.6-4.1)

Year of notification	2010	ref.	ref.			
	2011	1.1 (1.1-1.2)	1.1 (1.1-1.2)			
	2012	1.2 (1.2-1.3)	1.2 (1.1-1.2)			
	2013	1.2 (1.1-1.2)	1.1 (1.1-1.2)			
	2014	1.0 (0.99-1.1)	0.98 (0.94-1.0)			
	2015	0.96 (0.91-1.0)	0.91 (0.87-0.95)			
	2016	0.84 (0.80-0.88)	0.79 (0.76-0.83)			
	2017	0.74 (0.71-0.78)	0.70 (0.66-0.73)	ref.	ref.	ref.
	2018	0.64 (0.61-0.67)	0.59 (0.56-0.62)	0.99 (0.90-1.1)	0.99 (0.81-1.1)	1.1 (1.1-1.2)
	2019	0.47 (0.45-0.50)	0.43 (0.40-0.46)	0.90 (0.81-1.0)	0.90 (0.81-0.99)	1.4 (1.3-1.4)

CI: confidence interval, CRA: carbapenem-non-susceptible *Acinetobacter* spp., CRE: Carbapenem-non-susceptible Enterobacterales, IRR: incidence rate ratio, MRSA: Methicillin-resistant *S. aureus*

* adjusted for age group, federal state of residence and year of notification

Table S2: Results of age-stratified univariable analysis of infection/colonisation of men compared to women in the German population (pop.) vs the German hospitalised population (hosp.) of 2018

Age group	MRSA		CRA		CRE	
	Pop. IRR (95%CI)	Hosp. IRR (95%CI)	Pop. IRR (95%CI)	Hosp. IRR (95%CI)	Pop. IRR (95%CI)	Hosp. IRR (95%CI)
< 1	1.2 (0.88-1.6)	1.2 (0.84-1.6)	1.9 (0.64-5.5)	1.8 (0.61-5.3)	1.1 (0.87-1.3)	1.0 (0.85-1.3)
1 – 9	1.2 (0.81-1.7)	0.93 (0.64-1.4)	0.60 (0.28-1.3)	0.48 (0.22-1.0)	0.94 (0.71-1.2)	0.74 (0.56-0.98)
10 – 19	1.3 (0.88-1.9)	1.5 (1.0-2.2)	1.2 (0.66-2.3)	1.5 (0.78-2.7)	1.1 (0.77-1.5)	1.3 (0.91-1.7)
20 – 29	1.6 (1.3-2.0)	1.6 (1.2-2.0)	2.8 (1.8-4.2)	2.8 (1.8-4.2)	1.4 (1.1-1.6)	1.4 (1.1-1.6)
30 – 39	1.3 (1.1-1.5)	1.2 (1.0-1.4)	1.9 (1.3-2.7)	1.8 (1.2-2.6)	1.4 (1.2-1.7)	1.4 (1.1-1.6)
40 – 49	1.7 (1.5-1.8)	1.6 (1.4-1.8)	1.6 (1.2-2.2)	1.6 (1.1-2.2)	1.5 (1.3-1.8)	1.5 (1.3-1.7)
50 – 59	2.1 (1.9-2.2)	1.7 (1.6-1.9)	2.4 (1.9-3.1)	2.1 (1.6-2.6)	1.7 (1.6-1.9)	1.5 (1.3-1.6)
60 – 69	2.4 (2.3-2.5)	1.8 (1.8-1.9)	2.2 (1.8-2.7)	1.7 (1.4-2.0)	2.2 (2.0-2.4)	1.7 (1.6-1.8)
70 – 79	2.2 (2.1-2.3)	1.8 (1.7-1.9)	2.4 (2.1-2.9)	2.0 (1.7-2.3)	2.0 (1.9-2.2)	1.6 (1.5-1.7)
80 +	2.3 (2.2-2.4)	1.9 (1.8-2.0)	1.8 (1.4-2.2)	1.6 (1.3-2.0)	2.0 (1.8-2.2)	1.8 (1.6-1.9)
Overall*	2.2 (2.2-2.2)	1.8 (1.8-1.8)	2.1 (1.9-2.3)	1.8 (1.7-2.0)	1.8 (1.8-1.9)	1.6 (1.5-1.6)

CI: Confidence interval, CRA: Carbapenem-non-susceptible *Acinetobacter* spp., CRE: Carbapenem-non-susceptible Enterobacterales, IRR: incidence rate ratio, MRSA: Methicillin-resistant *S. aureus*

* Pooled Mantel-Haenszel estimates using weights proportional to the number of individuals in each stratum

Table S3. Incidence rate ratios (IRR) from univariable analysis of infection/colonisation with Methicillin-resistant *S. aureus* (MRSA), *Acinetobacter* spp. (CRA) and Enterobacterales (CRE) in 20 districts with highest pig density vs 381 remaining German districts, 20 most rural vs. 20 most urban districts and 20 highest vs. 20 least deprived districts (according to the German Index of Social Deprivation, GISD).

Districts (n)	MRSA		CRA	CRE
	IRR (95%CI)	IRR (95%CI)	IRR (95%CI)	IRR (95%CI)
Highest pig density (20)	1.8 (1.7-2.0)		1.9 (1.2-3.1)	1.4 (1.2-1.7)
Other districts (381)	1.8 (1.8-1.9)		2.0 (1.8-2.2)	1.7 (1.6-1.8)
Most rural (20)	2.0 (1.8-2.2)		1.1 (0.6-2.1)	2.3 (1.7-3.0)
Most urban (20)	1.7 (1.7-1.8)		2.2 (1.9-2.5)	1.7 (1.6-1.8)
High deprivation (20)	1.9 (1.7-2.0)		1.3 (0.8-2.0)	1.8 (1.5-2.2)
Low deprivation (20)	1.9 (1.7-2.1)		2.1 (1.7-2.7)	1.7 (1.6-1.9)

CI: Confidence interval, CRA: Carbapenem-non-susceptible *Acinetobacter* spp., CRE: Carbapenem-non-susceptible Enterobacterales, IRR: incidence rate ratio, MRSA: Methicillin-resistant *S. aureus*