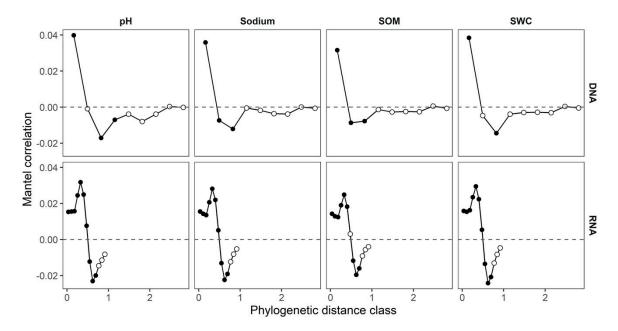


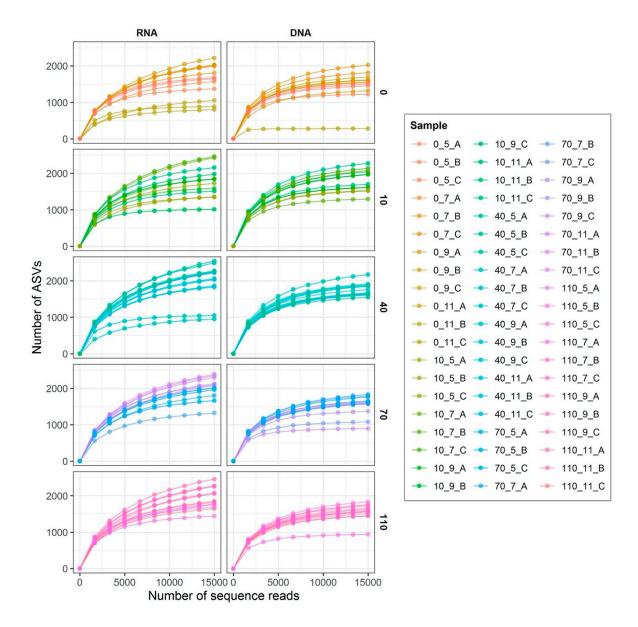


## Appendix A. Supplementary data

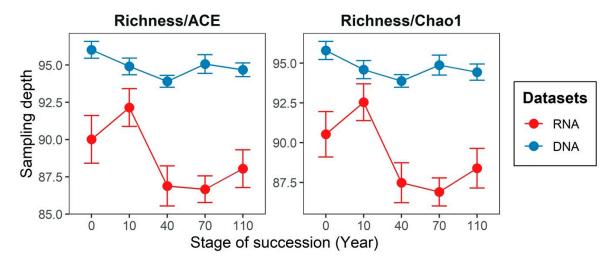
The following is the supplementary data related to the article: *Comparing the influence of assembly processes governing bacterial community succession based on DNA and RNA data,* authored by Xiu Jia, Francisco Dini-Andreote and Joana Falcão Salles



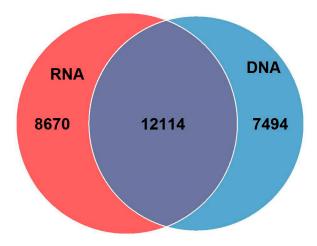
**Figure S1** Mantel correlogram showing the correlation between phylogenetic distances Amplicon Sequence Variants (ASVs) and the environmental optima of ASVs, which was based on pH, sodium concentration (Sodium), soil organic matter (SOM) and soil water content (SWC). Correlograms were presented for the DNA (upper panel) and RNA (lower panel) datasets, respectively. Solid symbols indicate significant correlations (P < 0.01), and open circles indicate non-significant.



**Figure S2** Line plots showing the rarefaction curves of communities profiled by (left column) RNA-and (right column) DNA-based sequencing. Colors represent samples, and distinct successional stages, sampling months, and replicates are separated by underscores in the legend panel.



**Figure S3** Sampling depths for both RNA- and DNA-based approaches. Sampling depths are indicated by the ratio between the observed richness and the estimated richness, i.e. ACE and Chao1 indexes.



 $\textbf{Figure S4} \ \text{Venn diagram showing the overlaps of unique ASVs across RNA- and DNA-based datasets}.$ 

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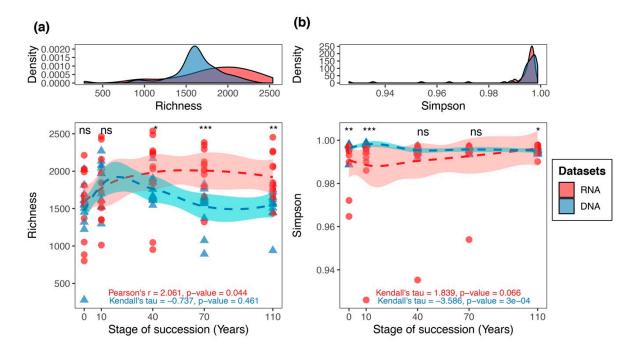


Figure S5 Changes in  $\alpha$ -diversity along successional stages as indicated for both RNA- and DNA-based approaches; (a) observed richness and (b) Simpson index. Colors indicate the RNA- and DNA-based samples.

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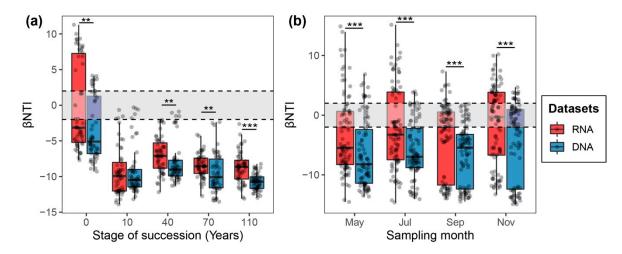
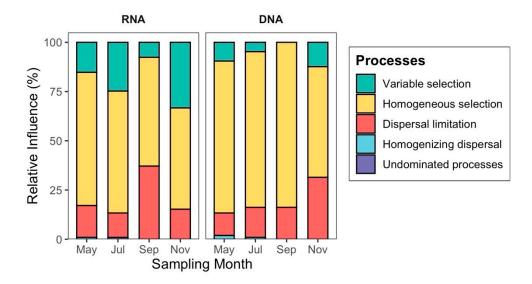


Figure S6  $\beta$ -nearest taxon indexes ( $\beta$ NTI) between bacterial communities in (a) each successional stage and (b) each sampling month based on both RNA-based and DNA-based approaches. \*\*\* and \*\* indicate P < 0.001 and P < 0.01 in Wilcoxon signed-rank test, respectively.



**Figure S7** Stacked-bar plots showing the relative influence of distinct assembly processes structuring the spatial variation of bacterial communities in each sampling month, based on both RNA- and DNA-based approaches.

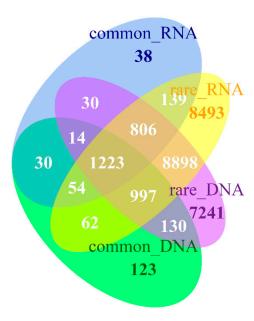


Figure S8 Venn diagram showing the overlaps of ASVs across the rare and common biospheres characterized by RNA- and DNA-based approaches. The rare biosphere was defined as a collection of taxa with relative frequencies  $\leq$  0.1% of the total relative abundance within a community, while the common biosphere was defined as a collection of taxa with relative frequencies > 0.1%.

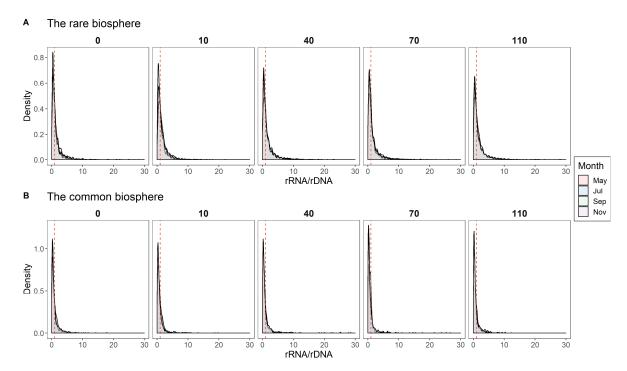


Figure S9 Density plot showing the distribution of RNA:DNA ratio in the rare and common biospheres. The rare biosphere was defined as a collection of taxa with relative frequencies  $\leq 0.1\%$  of the total relative abundance within a community, while the common biosphere was defined as a collection of taxa with relative frequencies > 0.1%.

**Table S1** Coefficient of variation (cv) of  $\alpha$ -diversity metrics (i.e. richness, Shannon index, phylogenetic diversity and Pielou's evenness) in each successional stage based on both DNA and RNA datasets. The 'Year' column indicates the successional stages (i.e., 0, 10, 40, 70 and 110 years of succession).

	V	RNA		DNA		
α-diversity indexes	Year	mean + se	cv	mean + se	cv	
	0	1589 ± 136	29.68	1471 ± 124	29.27	
	10	1771 ± 128	24.96	$1813 \pm 88$	16.76	
Richness	40	$1982 \pm 146$	25.57	$1765 \pm 51$	10.05	
	70	$2008 \pm 87$	15.05	$1530 \pm 82$	18.62	
	110	1922 ± 87	15.61	1552 ± 65	14.56	
	0	$6.25 \pm 0.19$	10.49	$6.57 \pm 0.15$	7.85	
	10	$6.52 \pm 0.13$	6.84	$6.94 \pm 0.06$	2.99	
Shannon	40	$6.51 \pm 0.19$	10.15	$6.72 \pm 0.05$	2.55	
	70	$6.59 \pm 0.11$	6.04	$6.57 \pm 0.06$	3.35	
	110	$6.67 \pm 0.05$	2.84	$6.54 \pm 0.05$	2.81	
	0	$103.62 \pm 6.67$	22.29	$112 \pm 7.93$	24.53	
	10	$101.1 \pm 4.3$	14.72	121.36 ± 4.31	12.29	
Phylogenetic diversity	40	$105.19 \pm 5.23$	17.23	113.22 ± 2.57	7.87	
	70	$105.18 \pm 3.75$	12.34	$91.15 \pm 3.15$	11.99	
	110	$102.09 \pm 2.89$	9.82	$97.24 \pm 2.68$	9.55	
Pielou's evenness	0	$0.851 \pm 0.018$	7.43	$0.911 \pm 0.007$	2.57	
	10	$0.875 \pm 0.013$	5.34	$0.927 \pm 0.003$	1.04	
	40	$0.861 \pm 0.019$	7.53	$0.899 \pm 0.005$	1.75	
	70	$0.867 \pm 0.011$	4.2	$0.899 \pm 0.003$	0.97	
	110	$0.883 \pm 0.005$	2.02	$0.892 \pm 0.002$	0.77	

Table S2 Three-way permutational multivariate analysis of variance (PERMANOVA) showing the influence of different factors on  $\beta$ -diversity of bacterial communities based on unweighted UniFrac distances. The rows 'Dataset', 'Year' and 'Month' correspond to RNA- or DNA-based datasets, successional stages, and sampling time points, respectively.

Groups	$\mathbf{Df}^*$	$SumSqs^*$	$\mathbf{MeanSqs}^*$	F.Model*	$R^{2*}$	P-values <sup>†</sup>
Dataset	1	1.894678	1.894678	19.50067	0.068356	<0.001
Year	4	11.41465	2.853663	29.37085	0.411816	<0.001
Month	3	0.804883	0.268294	2.761375	0.029038	< 0.001
Dataset:Year	4	1.691929	0.422982	4.353476	0.061041	< 0.001
Dataset:Month	3	0.352236	0.117412	1.208444	0.012708	0.1631
Year:Month	12	2.527413	0.210618	2.167748	0.091184	<0.001
Dataset:Year:Month	12	1.259296	0.104941	1.080091	0.045433	0.2492
Residuals	80	7.772774	0.09716		0.280425	
Total	119	27.71786			1	

<sup>\*</sup> Df - degrees of freedom; SumSq - sum of squares; MeanSqs - mean of squares; F.Model - F value by permutation;  $R^2$  - explained variation; P-values based on 9999 permutations. † significant P-values (P < 0.001) are shown in bold.

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**Table S3** Permutational multivariate analysis of variance showing the influence of successional stages (Year) and sampling time (Month) on the turnover of RNA- and DNA-based datasets (based on weighted UniFrac distances).

Datasets	Groups	$\mathbf{Df}^*$	SumSqs*	MeanSqs*	F.Model*	$R^{2*}$	P-values <sup>†</sup>
RNA	Month	3	0.661255	0.220418	2.461365	0.051627	0.0011
	Year	4	6.501652	1.625413	18.15064	0.507609	< 0.001
	Month:Year	12	2.063418	0.171951	1.920145	0.161099	< 0.001
	Residuals	40	3.582052	0.089551		0.279665	
	Total	59	12.80838			1	
DNA	Month	3	0.495864	0.165288	1.577657	0.0381	0.0387
	Year	4	6.604928	1.651232	15.76083	0.507493	< 0.001
	Month:Year	12	1.723291	0.143608	1.370719	0.13241	0.0192
	Residuals	40	4.190723	0.104768	0.104768 0.321997		
	Total	59	13.01481			1	

<sup>\*</sup> Df - degrees of freedom; SumSq - sum of squares; MeanSqs - mean of squares; F.Model - F value by permutation;  $R^2$  - explained variation; P-values based on 9999 permutations. † significant P-values (P < 0.01) are shown in bold.

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**Table S4** Permutational multivariate analysis of variance showing the influence of RNA- and DNA-based dataset and sampling month on the variation of bacterial communities at each successional stage (based on weighted UniFrac distances).

Year	Groups	Df*	SumSqs*	MeanSqs*	F.Model*	$R^{2*}$	P-values <sup>†</sup>
0	Dataset	1	0.45	0.45	3.93	0.11	< 0.001
	Month	3	1.28	0.43	3.70	0.32	< 0.001
	Dataset:Month	3	0.47	0.16	1.37	0.12	0.0339
	Residuals	16	1.84	0.12		0.46	
	Total	23	4.04			1	
	Dataset	1	0.56	0.56	5.05	0.16	< 0.001
	Month	3	0.75	0.25	2.28	0.22	< 0.001
10	Dataset:Month	3	0.31	0.10	0.93	0.09	0.6406
	Residuals	16	1.76	0.11		0.52	
	Total	23	3.38			1	
40	Dataset	1	0.94	0.94	10.10	0.30	< 0.001
	Month	3	0.39	0.13	1.39	0.12	0.0926
	Dataset:Month	3	0.29	0.10	1.05	0.09	0.3457
	Residuals	16	1.48	0.09		0.48	
	Total	23	3.10			1	
70	Dataset	1	0.75	0.75	8.58	0.26	< 0.001
	Month	3	0.44	0.15	1.68	0.15	0.0232
	Dataset:Month	3	0.28	0.09	1.06	0.10	0.3486
	Residuals	16	1.40	0.09		0.49	
	Total	23	2.87			1	
110	Dataset	1	0.89	0.89	11.09	0.31	< 0.001
	Month	3	0.47	0.16	1.97	0.16	0.0083
	Dataset:Month	3	0.26	0.09	1.08	0.09	0.3144
	Residuals	16	1.29	0.08		0.44	
	Total	23	2.91			1	

<sup>\*</sup> Df - degrees of freedom; SumSq - sum of squares; MeanSqs - mean of squares; F.Model - F value by permutation;  $R^2$  - explained variation; P-values based on 9999 permutations. † significant P-values (P < 0.001) are shown in bold.



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