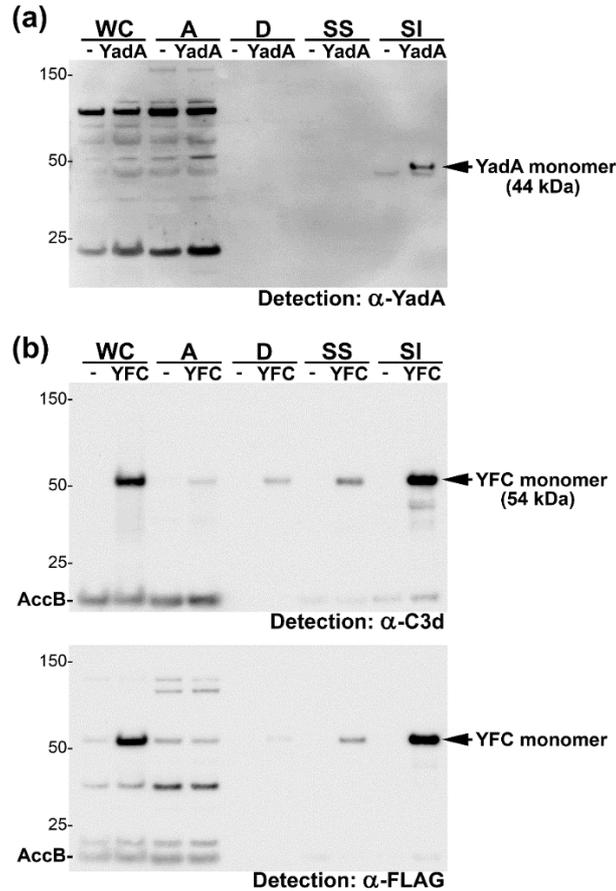


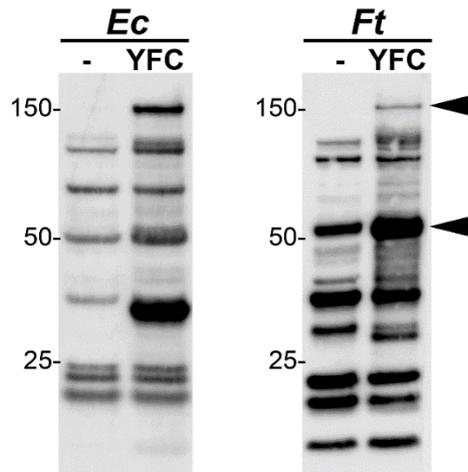
**Supplementary Materials:**

**Table S1.** DNAs, bacteria, and primers used in this study.

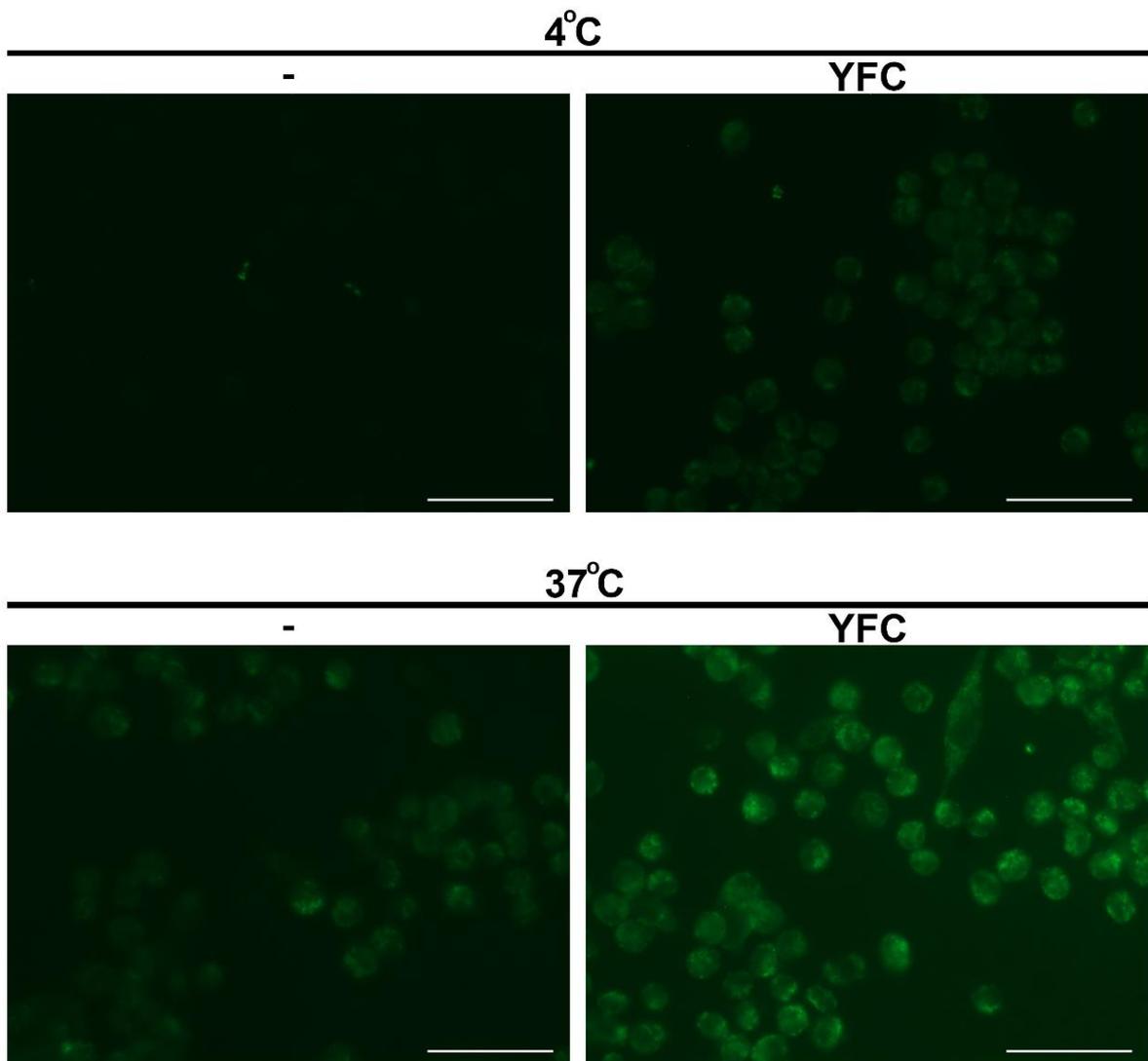
<b>DNAs</b>	<b>Source</b>
pCR 2.1-TOPO	Invitrogen
pF / pF2	Reference [1]
<i>Yersinia enterocolitica</i> ATCC 27729 DNA	Jr-Shiuan Lin, PhD. Trudeau Institute
TOPO: C3d rvs BglIII BSSB	USPTO # 9475853
pF/F2 expressing YadA, YFC, or YFP	This study
<b>Bacteria</b>	<b>Source</b>
<i>Escherichia coli</i> TOP10	Invitrogen
<i>Francisella tularensis</i> LVS (NR646)	BEI Resources
<i>Francisella tularensis</i> LVS (RML)	Douglas Reed, PhD
<i>Klebsiella pneumoniae</i> ATCC 13883	Robert K. Ernst, PhD.
<b>Primers</b>	<b>Sequence</b>
Ye YadA 5EcoRI	5' - <u>GAA TTC</u> ACT AAA GAA ATA TAA AAG GTG CTT ACA
Ye YadA 3Stop_PmeI	5' - <u>GT TTA AAC CTA</u> TTA CCA CTC GAT ATT AAA TGA TGC ATT
3' YadA SS_SacI	5' - <u>GAG CTC</u> GTC ATT ATT GGC AAA TGC
5' SacI_FLAG_YadA C term	5' - <u>GAG CTC</u> GAC TAT AAG GAC GAT GAT GAC AAA TTG GAT ATG GCA AAA AAA CAC TCA AAT AG
5' C3d w/linker AgeI	5' - <u>ACC GGT</u> GGG GGG GAA CAG AAC ATG ATT GGC ATG
3' C3d w/linker XmaI_SalI	5' - <u>GTC GAC</u> GGA <u>CCC GGG</u> ACC TCC GTT CAA GTC CTT ATG GTC
5' Mut. Destroy SacI in C3d	5' - G CAA GAG GCC CTG GAG CTG ATC AAG AAA GGG TAC
3' Mut. Destroy SacI in C3d	5' - GTA CCC TTT CTT GAT <u>CAG</u> CTC CAG GGC CTC TTG C
5' SacI_C3d	5' - <u>GAG CTC</u> GGG GGG GAA CAG AAC ATG ATT GG
3' C3d_SacI	5' - <u>GAG CTC</u> ACC TCC GTT CAA GTC CTT ATG GTC
P28 FWD SacI (for YadA)	5' - TTG <u>GAG CTC</u> AAG TTT CTG AAC ACA GCC AAA GAT CGG AAC CGC TGG GAG GAG CCT GAC <u>CAG CAG CTC TAC AAC GTA GAG GC</u>
P28 RVS SacI (for YadA)	5' - TCC <u>GAG CTC</u> GCT GCT GCC ACC TCC TCC GCT GCT CCC ACC TCC CCC GGC GTA GGA TGT <u>GCC CTC TAC GTT GTA GAG CTG CTG</u>



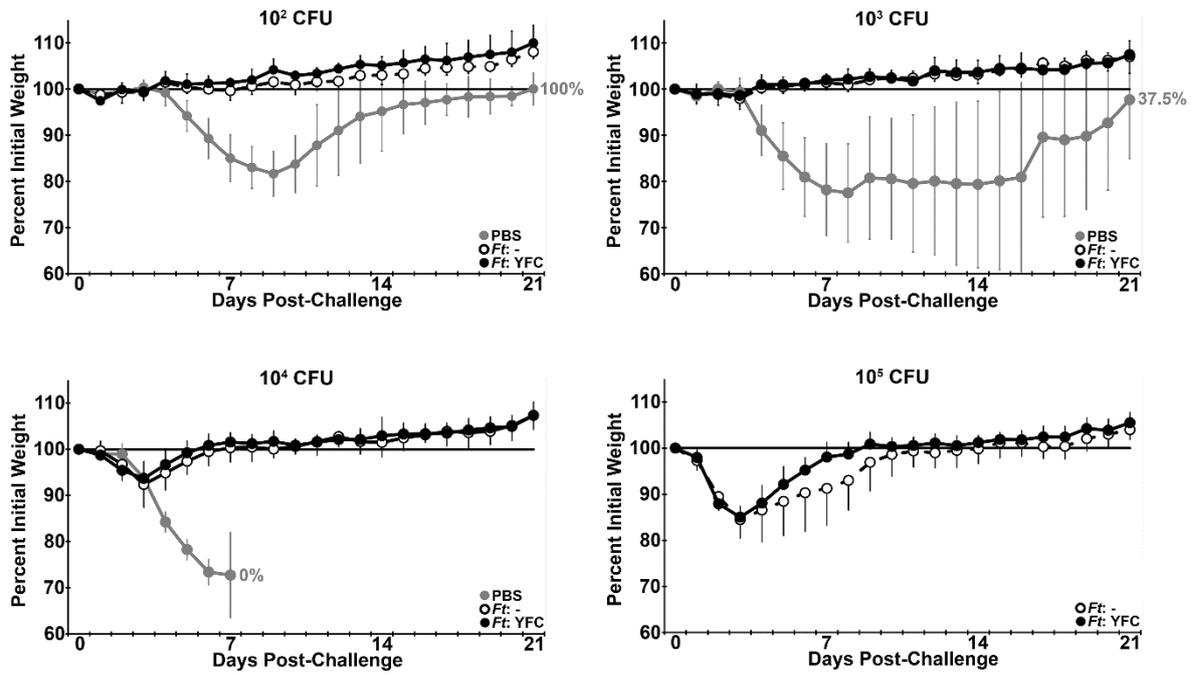
**Figure S1. YadA and YFC are outer membrane proteins in *Ft*.** *Ft*:*-Ft*:YadA, and *Ft*:YFC whole cell (WC) lysates were partitioned into aqueous (A), detergent (D), sarkosyl soluble (SS), and sarkosyl insoluble (SI) phases which were resolved via SDS-PAGE and probed by western blot. (a) Primary: rabbit  $\alpha$ -YadA detected with goat  $\alpha$ -rabbit HRP. (b) Top, primary: goat  $\alpha$ -C3d detected with biotinylated donkey  $\alpha$ -goat and SA-HRP. Bottom, primary: mouse  $\alpha$ -FLAG detected with biotinylated goat  $\alpha$ -mouse and SA-HRP. The ~18 kDa band in the WC and A phases is an endogenously biotinylated bacterial *Ft* protein, AccB, detected by the streptavidin-HRP conjugate.



**Figure S2. Detection of YFC trimers in *Ec* and *Ft*.** Expression of plasmid-borne YFC by *Ec* and *Ft* detected by western blot with  $\alpha$ -FLAG, followed by biotinylated secondary and streptavidin-HRP conjugate. Strains bearing an empty vector are denoted by "-". *Ec* strains were grown at room temperature, *Ft* at 37 °C. Arrows indicate the 154 kDa trimer and the 51 kDa monomer of YFC.



**Figure S3. Expanded Figure 2a,b inset images: YFC enhances association of *Ft* to RAW 264.7 cells.** SYTO-stained *Ft* strains were incubated with RAW 264.7 cells at an MOI of 100. Scale bars (bottom right) are 50  $\mu\text{m}$ .



**Figure S4. Weight loss following RML challenge.** Mice vaccinated with *Ft*:-, *Ft*:YFC, or PBS were challenged on d 28 PV with either  $10^2$ ,  $10^3$ ,  $10^4$ , or  $10^5$  CFU of *Ft* LVS RML and their individual weights were recorded daily. All *Ft*:- and *Ft*:YFC vaccinated mice survived all challenge doses. 100% of PBS control mice challenged with  $10^2$  CFU survived, 37.5% of PBS control mice survived a  $10^3$  CFU challenge, and all PBS control mice succumbed to the  $10^4$  CFU challenge. 5-8 mice per group.

## References

1. Charity, J.C.; Costante-Hamm, M.M.; Balon, E.L.; Boyd, D.H.; Rubin, E.J.; Dove, S.L. Twin RNA polymerase-associated proteins control virulence gene expression in *Francisella tularensis*. *PLoS. Pathog.* 2007, 3, e84.