

Supplementary Materials: Geochemical Characterization of Rock Samples from Selected Fiji Mine Sites to Evaluate on-Site Environmental Vulnerabilities

Summary

This supplementary information provides additional information on rock types, quality assurance, and quality control (QA/QC) protocols, microscopic observation, X-ray powder diffraction (XRD) percentages abundance for each mineral, leachate characteristics, saturation indices, and the principal component analysis (PCA) graph.

Table S1. Rock sample details.

Table S2. Quality assurance (QA) and quality control (QC).

Figure S1. Microscopic observation of rock samples M2, N1,T3, V1, V4, and W1.

Table S3. XRD diffraction percentage mineralogical abundances (%) of the rock samples.

Table S4. The EC, Eh, ORP, pe, and mean concentrations of co-existing elements, Al, Na, and Si, of the rock samples.

Table S5. Saturation indices (SIs) of selected mineral phases in the leachates of the rock samples.

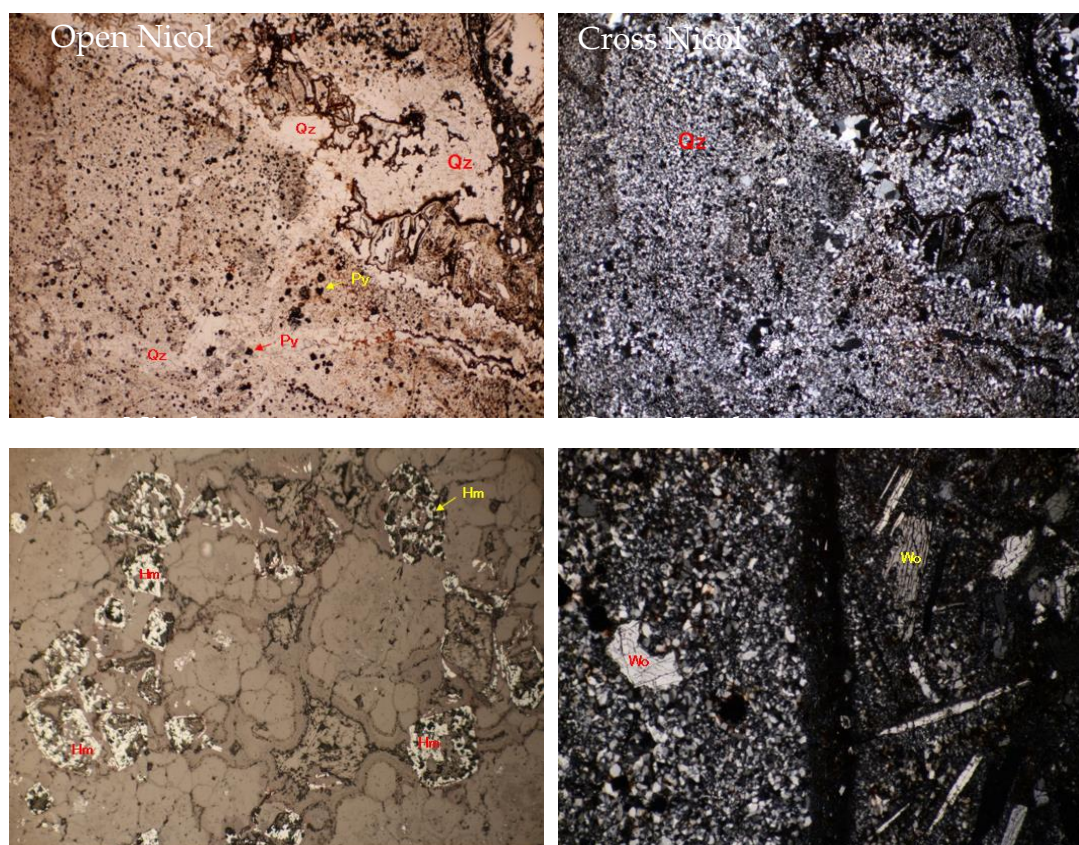
Figure S2. Graphical presentation of the PCA showing the first 3 components with significant inter-correlated dependent variables.

Table S1. Rock sample details.

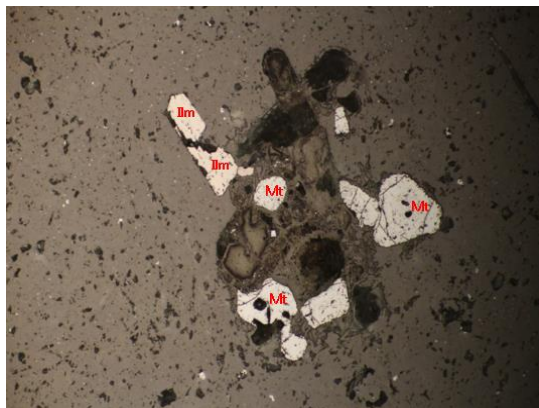
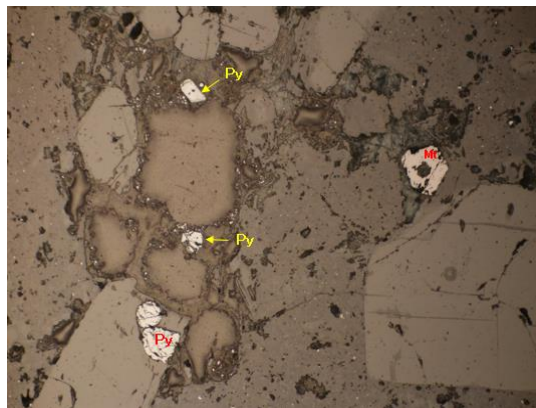
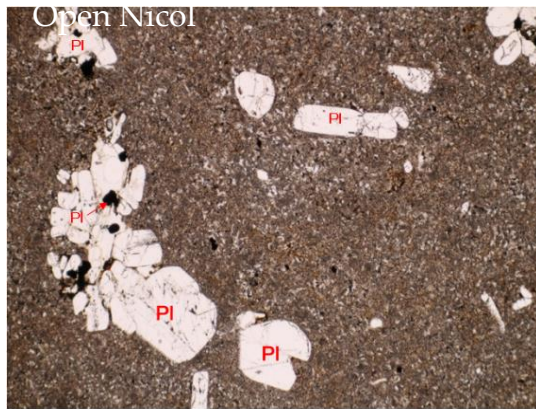
Mine Site	Rock Samples and Rock Type	Deposit Type	Site Condition
Mt Kasi	Three samples; M1 – volcanic breccia, M2 – silicified ore, M3 – andesitic rock	High-sulfidation epithermal vein	Abandoned but under further exploration
Nukudamu	Four samples; N1, N2 – oxidized andesitic rock, N3 – oxidized obsidian rock, N4 – pyritic pumice	Kuroko	Completely abandoned
Tuvatu	Four samples; T1 – andesite, T2 – biotite, T3 – micro monazite, T4 – mod blended monzonite	Low-sulfidation epithermal gold vein	Active mining lease, development stage
Vatukoula	Four samples; V1 – aphanitic basalt, V2 – porphyritic andesite, V3 – basalt, V4 medium coarse grained monzonite	Low-sulfidation, epithermal gold veins, porphyry Cu-style mineralization	Active mining lease, full operation
Wainivesi	One composite sample; W1 – silicified andesites, pyritic andesite and dacitic ore	Volcanic massive sulfidation vein	Active and under exploration license

Table S2. Quality assurance (QA) and quality control (QC).

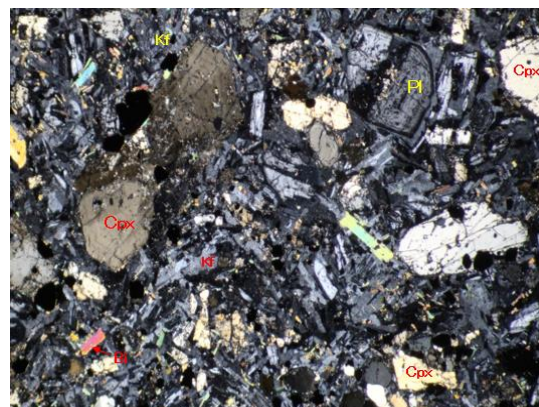
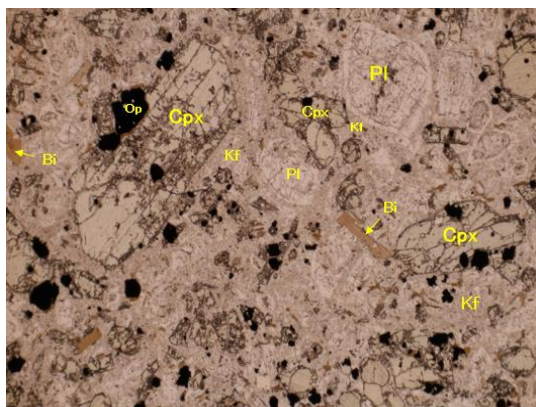
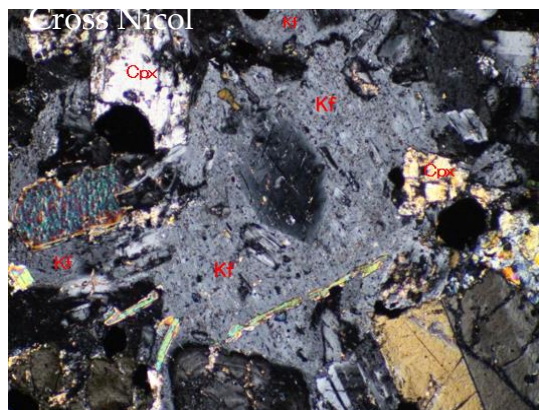
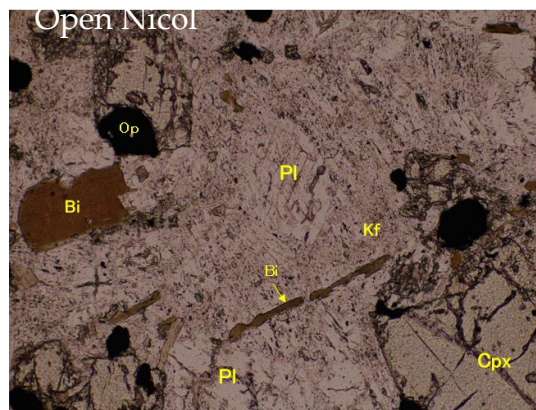
Calibration Standard for ICP-AES										
Mass concentration (w/v) ± expanded measurement uncertainty										
Elements	Certified value (mg/L)	Uncertainty	Measured value						Traceable to SRM	
			Multi Standard				SO ₄ ²⁻ Standard			
			Std 1	Std 5	Std 10	Std 20	Std 1	Std 5		Std 10
Ca	1009	±10	1002	996	992	1005				SRM 3109a
Cu	998	±10	970	1002	1002	997				SRM 3114a
Fe	998	±10	996	992	989	1002				SRM 3126a
Mg	999	±10	985	982	995	993				SRM 3131a
Na	1001	±10								SRM 3152a
K	1002	±10	1010	1004	1000	1005				SRM 3141a
Pb	999	±10	987	980	979	990				SRM 3128
Zn	997	±10	978	982	986	1015				SRM 3168a
	1000						1020	996	1005	
SO ₄ ²⁻	0.8% (coverage factor <i>k</i> =2 level of confidence approximately 95% (sulfate ion standard solution SO ₄ ²⁻ 1,000) (ISO/IEC 17025:2017 and ISO 17034:2018))									



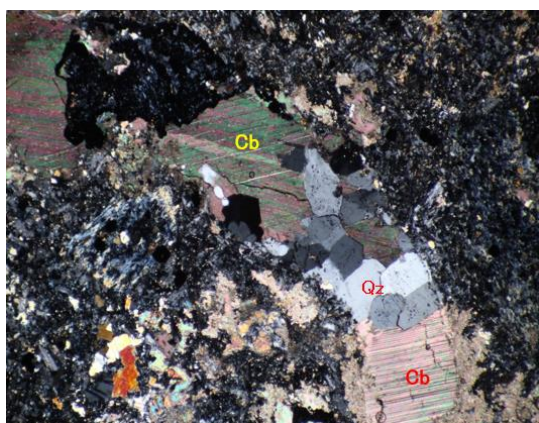
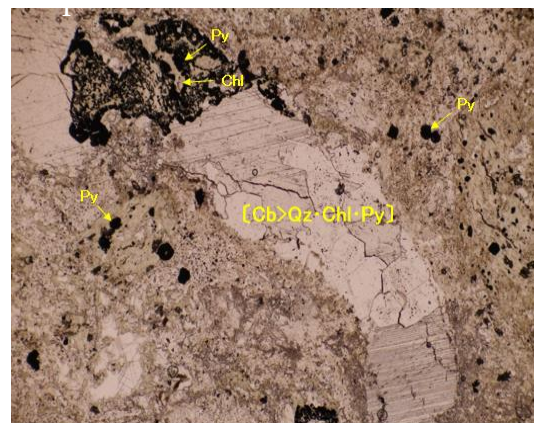
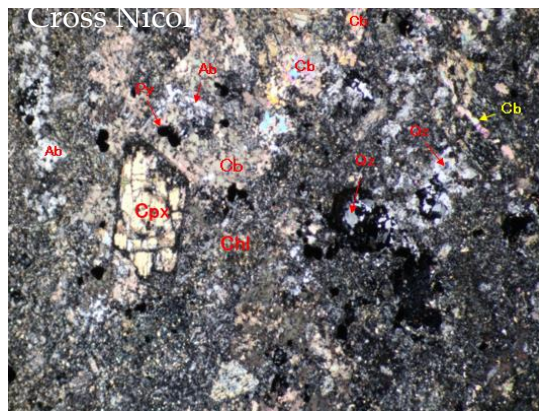
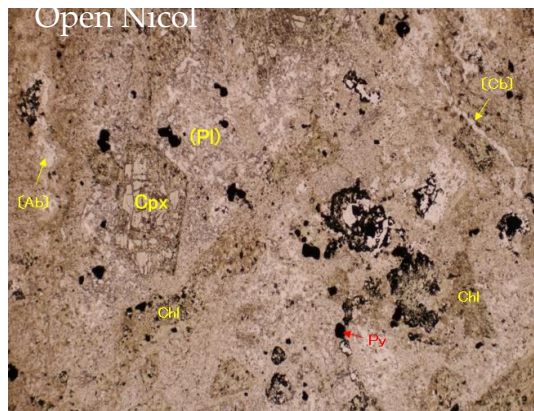
(a) M2—Qz: quartz, Py: pyritic minerals, Hm: hematite, and Wo: wollastonite.



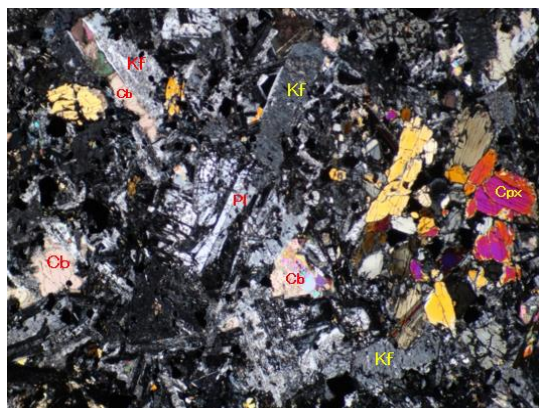
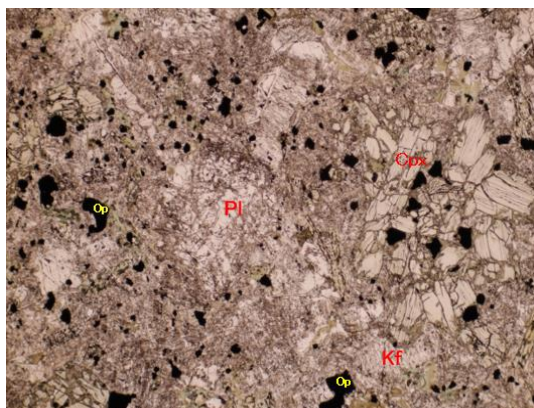
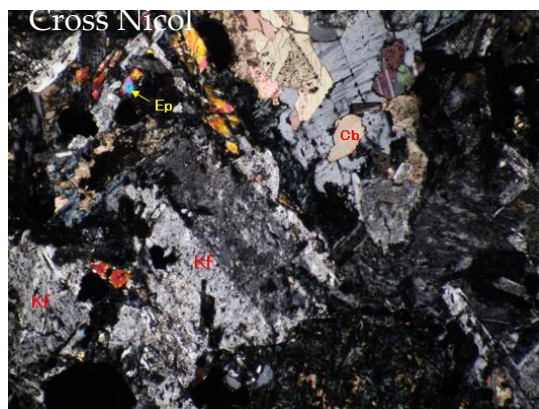
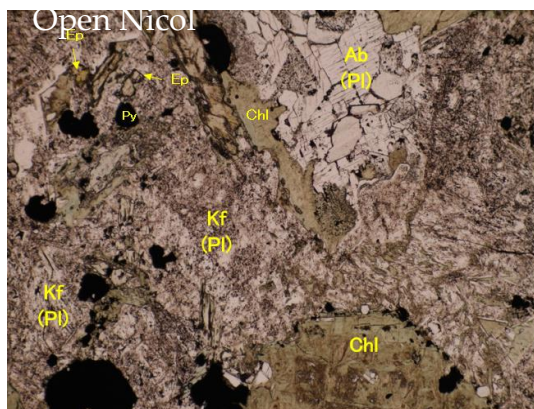
(b) N1—Pl: plagioclase, Py: pyritic minerals, Mt: magnetite, and Ilm: ilmenite.



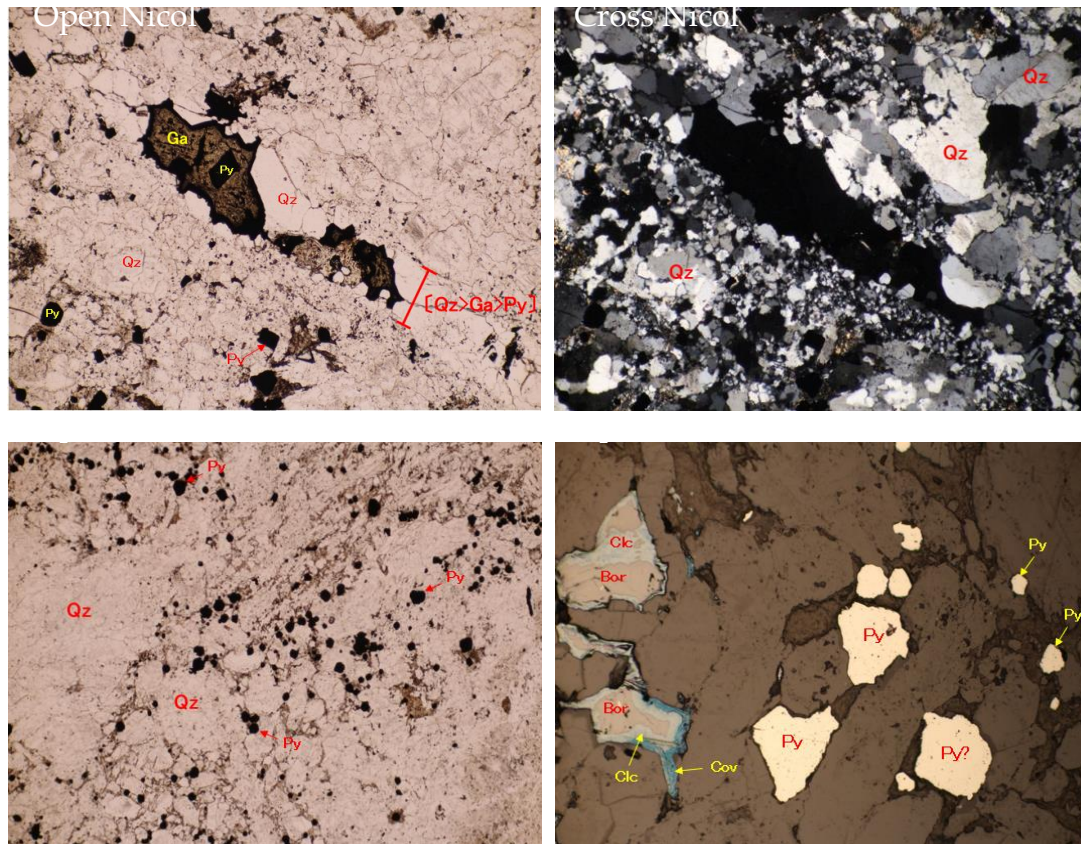
(c) T3—Bi: bismuth, Pl: plagioclase, Op: opaque minerals, Kf: potassium feldspar, Cpx: clinopyroxene, Mt: magnetite, Py: pyritic minerals, and Bi: biotite.



(d) V1—Ab: albite, Pl: plagioclase, Cpx: clinoaugite, Opx: orthopyroxene, Py: pyritic minerals, Cb: carbonate minerals, Chl: chlorite, Qz: quartz, and Mt: magnetite.



(e) V4—Ep: epidote, Py: pyritic minerals, Kf: potassium feldspar, Ab: albite, Pl: plagioclase, Chl: chlorite, Cb: carbonate minerals, Op: opaque minerals, and Cpx: clinopyroxene.



(f) W1—Ga: gallium, Qz: quartz, and Py: pyritic minerals.

Figure S1. Microscopic observation of rock samples M2, N1, T3, V1, V4, and W1, under open and cross Nicol.

Table S3. XRD diffraction percentage mineralogical abundances (%) of the rock samples.

Sample / Mineral	M1	M2	M3	N1	N2	N3	N4	T1	T2	T3	T4	V1	V2	V3	V4	W1
Quartz	77.5	85.9	87.6	13.8	6.4	58.8	-	23.7	14.6	-	12.3	23.2	9.8	23.7	17.2	30.8
Nacrite	17.5	11.9	8.9	-	-	-	2.4	-	-	-	-	14.8	-	19.2	-	-
Augite	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.0	46.9	21.3	2.2	35.9	20.5	-	-	-
Pyrite	5.0	-	3.5	-	4.3	-	94.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.7
Anorthite	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	64.6	32.0	48.8	54.8	-	-	-	37.3	-
Orthoclase	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25.2	30.93	-	44.1	-	41.2	-
Calcite	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8.8	-	-	-	26.1	22.7	17.3	-	-
Goethite	-	-	-	-	8.9	34.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Albite	-	-	-	47.5	-	-	3.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cristobalite	-	-	-	38.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chalcopyrite	-	-	-	-	2.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.3
Hematite	-	-	-	-	72.4	4.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dolomite	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.4	-	-	-	-	4.3	-

