

Supplementary material for Babushkin *et al.*, *The “minor waterbodies” and their malacofauna. Are freshwater gastropod communities usable for habitat classification?*

**Table S3**

**Eigenvalues, the proportion of the explained variance and the achieved significance level (determined by the Monte Carlo method) for each of the CCA ordination axes**

Axe	Eigenvalues	Explained variance, %	<i>p-level</i>
1	0.89579	36.78	0.001
2	0.63142	25.93	0.009
3	0.31636	12.99	0.496
4	0.26888	11.04	0.133
5	0.18367	7.542	0.113
6	0.11526	4.733	0.078
7	0.020183	0.8287	0.879
8	0.0038934	0.1599	0.880
9	8.5752E-17	3.521E-15	0.073

Table S4

Pearson correlation coefficients (r) between environmental variables with factor loads

(r > ±0.45 are in bold)

Variables	Axe 1	Axe 2
Depth at sampling site	<b>0.775703</b>	-0.358356
Water current and its velocity	0.0119308	<b>0.528349</b>
The content in the substrate of:		
Detritus	-0.183854	0.0774544
Silt	<b>-0.664224</b>	<b>0.645261</b>
Sand	<b>-0.473113</b>	0.265786
Clay	<b>-0.455256</b>	<b>0.506972</b>
The percentage in the substrate of submerged:		
Plants	<b>0.621334</b>	-0.416374
Wood	0.0324447	-0.0901161
Forest litter	0.220843	-0.254999

Table S5

**Species composition, number of specimens, proportion in the collection and occurrence of gastropods in various types of minor waterbodies of the Bolshoy Yugan river basin**

Species		Above the lines – no. of specimens (portion in the whole collection, %); below the lines – abundance, in %		
		Minor waterbodies		
		temporary	madide	swamp
1	<i>Valvata confusa</i>	<u>4(0.2)</u> 3.6	–	–
2	<i>Valvata frigida</i>	<u>155(8.4)</u> 10.7	–	<u>22(1.2)</u> 9.1
3	<i>Valvata sibirica</i>	<u>26(1.4)</u> 14.3	–	<u>151(8.2)</u> 27.3
4	<i>Acroloxus lacustris</i>	<u>1(0.1)</u> 3.6	–	–
5	<i>Stagnicola saridalensis</i>	<u>9(0.5)</u> 7.1	–	–
6	<i>Ladislavella terebra</i>	<u>14(0.8)</u> 14.3	–	–
7	<i>Galba truncatula</i>	<u>9(0.5)</u> 7.1	<u>331(17.9)</u> 44.4	–
8	<i>Ampullaceana balthica</i>	–	<u>4(0.2)</u> 5.6	–
9	<i>Ampullaceana fontinalis</i>	–	<u>26(1.4)</u> 13.9	–
10	<i>Ampullaceana intermedia</i>	<u>3(0.2)</u> 3.6	<u>221(11.9)</u> 22.2	–
11	<i>Ampullaceana lagotis</i>	<u>1(0.1)</u> 3.6	<u>147(7.9)</u> 16.7	–
12	<i>Peregriana dolgini</i>	<u>41(2.2)</u> 21.4	<u>109(5.9)</u> 38.9	–
13	<i>Aplexa hypnorum</i>	<u>47(2.5)</u> 21.4	–	–
14	<i>Bathyomphalus contortus</i>	<u>28(1.5)</u> 10.7	–	<u>44(2.4)</u> 27.3
15	<i>Gyraulus acronicus</i>	<u>5(0.3)</u> 3.6	–	–
16	<i>Gyraulus borealis</i>	<u>353(19.1)</u> 64.3	<u>2(0.1)</u> 2.8	–
17	<i>Gyraulus stroemi</i>	<u>25(1.4)</u> 14.3	<u>1(0.1)</u> 2.8	<u>3(0.2)</u> 9.1
18	<i>Oxyloma</i> spp.	<u>12(0.6)</u> 17.9	<u>56(3.0)</u> 22.2	<u>1(0.1)</u> 4.5
In total:		<u>733(39.6)</u> 85.7	<u>897(48.5)</u> 77.8	<u>221(11.9)</u> 27.3
Number of taxa:		16	9	5