Supporting Information for

Age as a Diagnosis of Steady-state Flows in Shallow Rectangular Reservoirs

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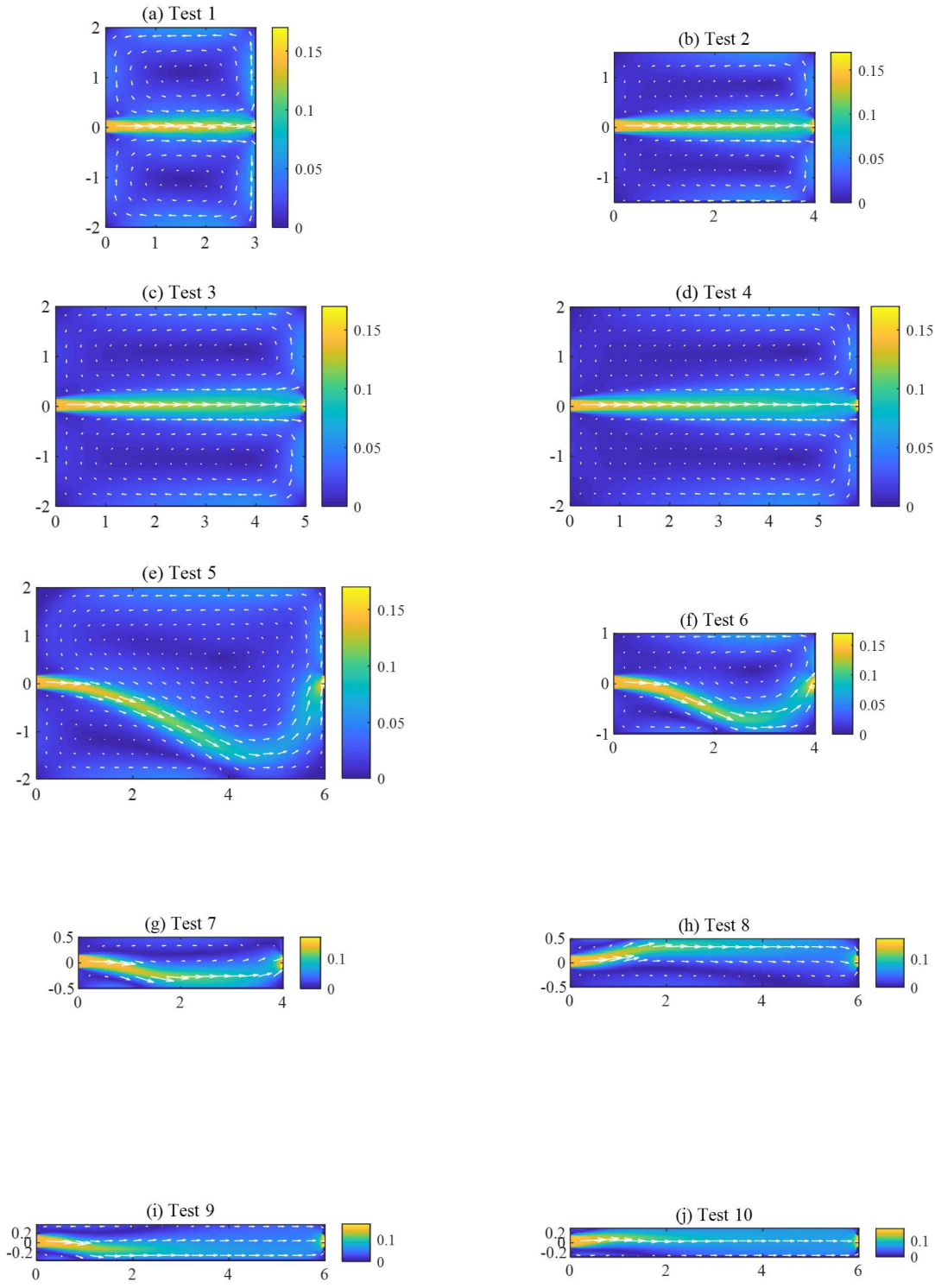

Figure S1. Flow fields computed by Camnasio et al. (2014). The colour scale represents the flow velocity magnitude (m/s).

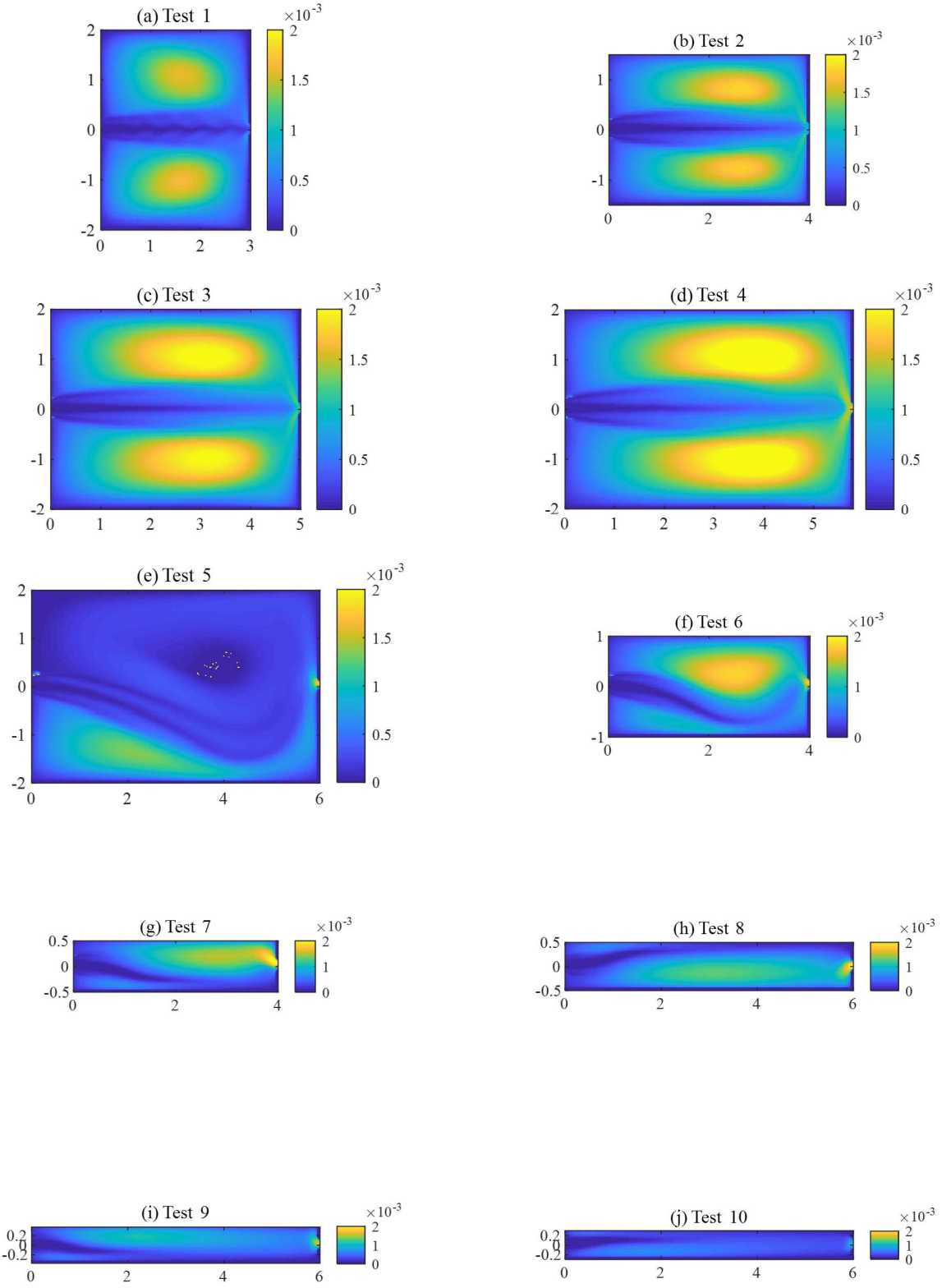

Figure S2. Fields of eddy viscosity (m^2s^{-1}) computed by Camnasio et al. (2014).

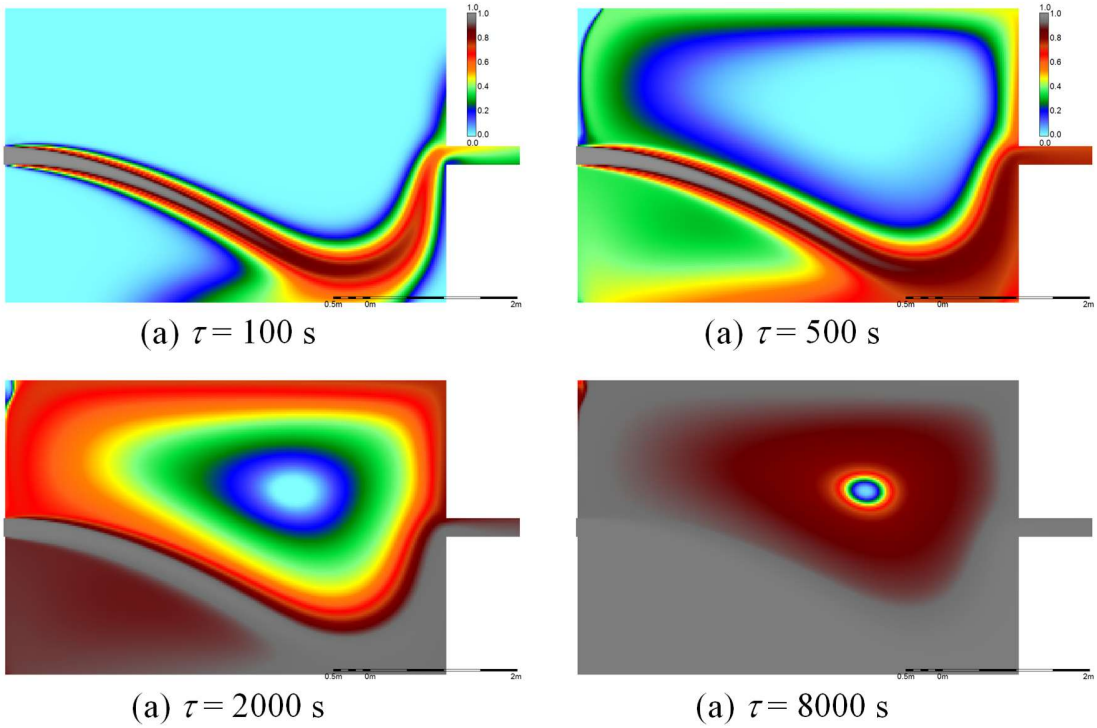

Figure S3. Step response $b(\mathbf{x},\tau)$ computed for various values of τ in the reservoir corresponding to Test 5.

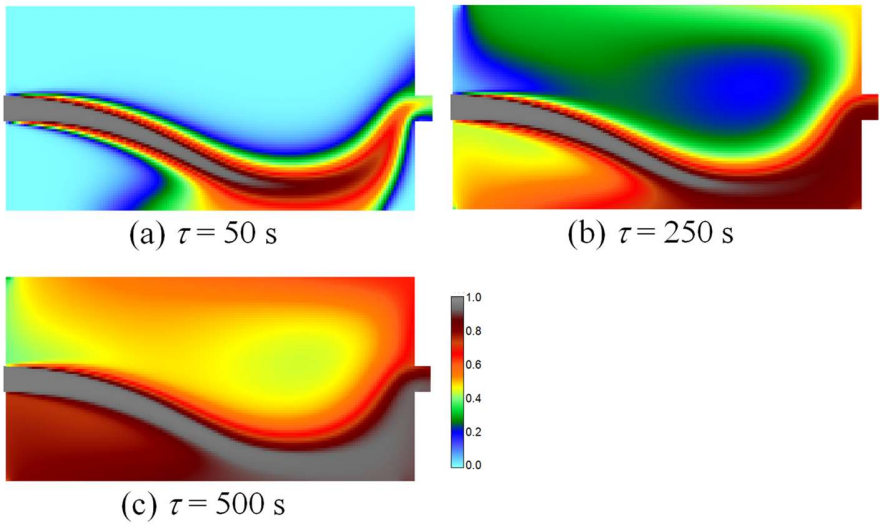

Figure S4. Step response $b(\mathbf{x}, \tau)$ computed for various values of τ in the reservoir corresponding to Test 6.

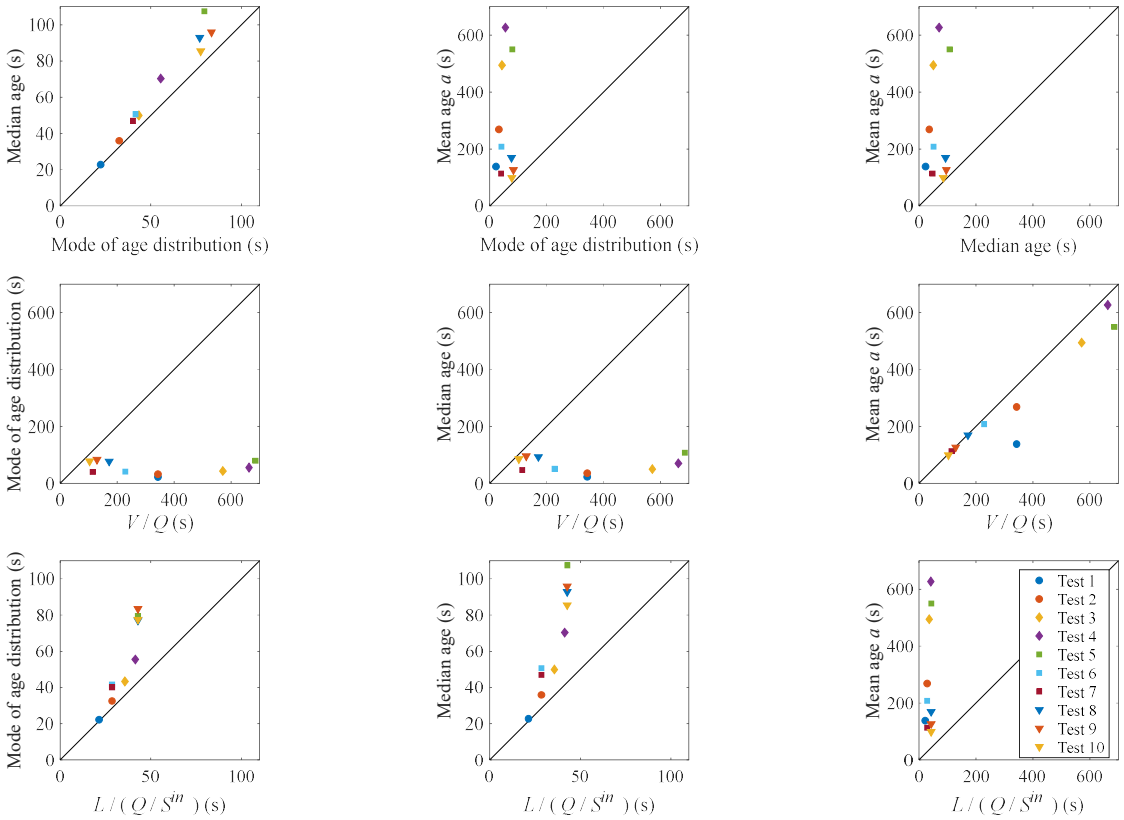

Figure S5. Comparison of age statistics and characteristic times (linear scale).

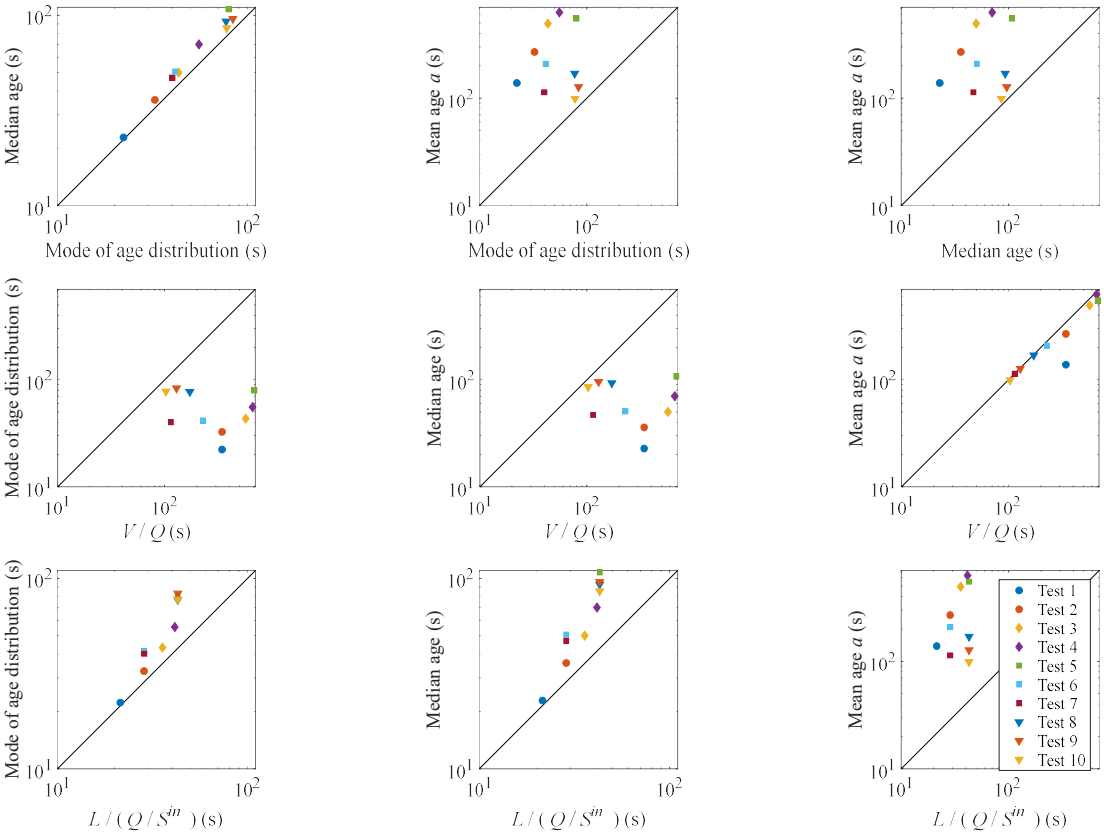

Figure S6. Comparison of age statistics and characteristic times (log scale).

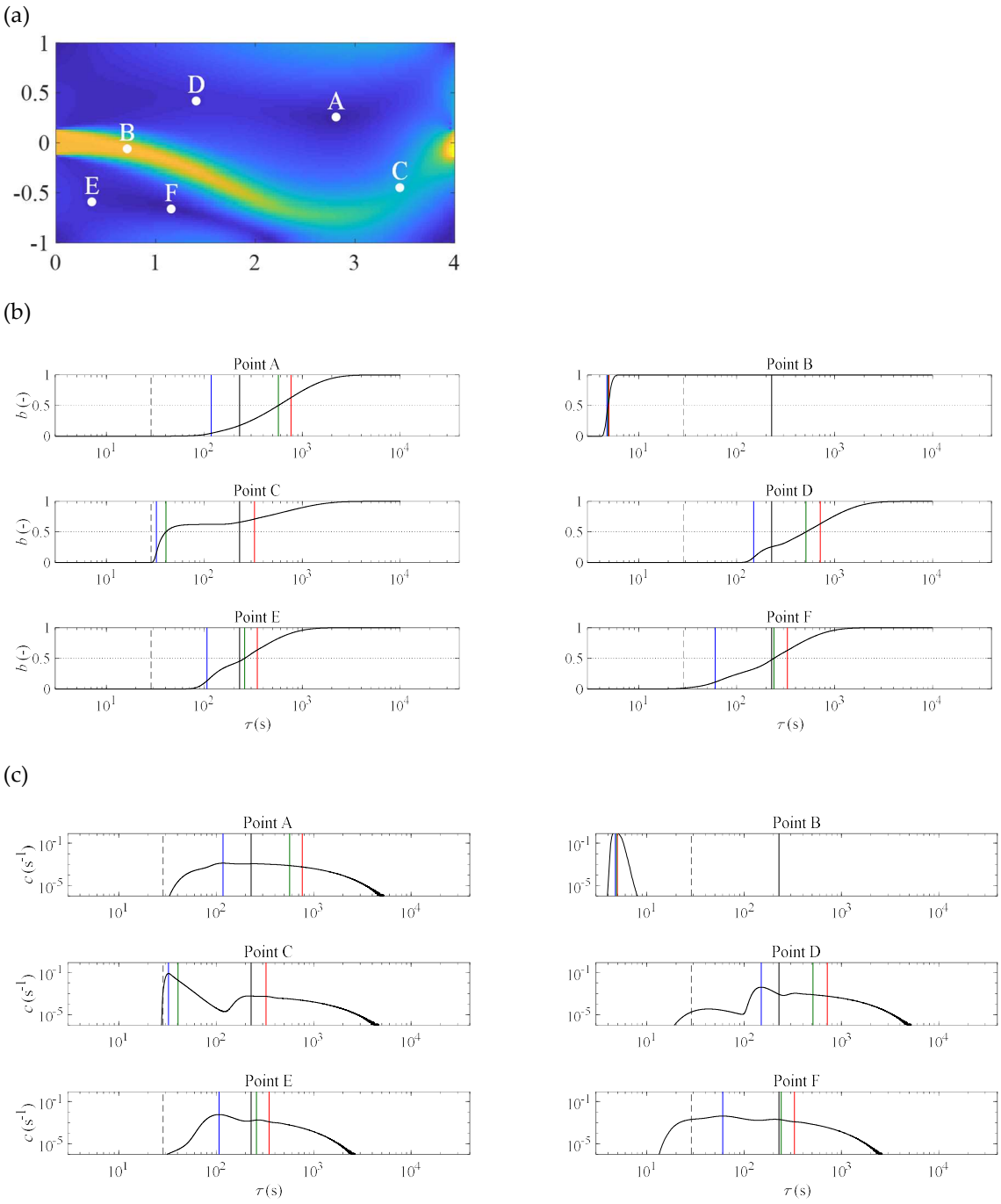

Figure S7. Water age distribution at six locations in the reservoir for Test 7: (a) considered locations A, B, C, D, E and F, (b) cumulated distributions b and (c) water age distributions c. The blue (–), green (–) and red (–) vertical lines show the mode, median and mean of the age distribution, respectively. The plain (–) and dashed (--) black vertical lines represent the characteristic times V/Q and $L/(Q/S^{in})$, respectively.