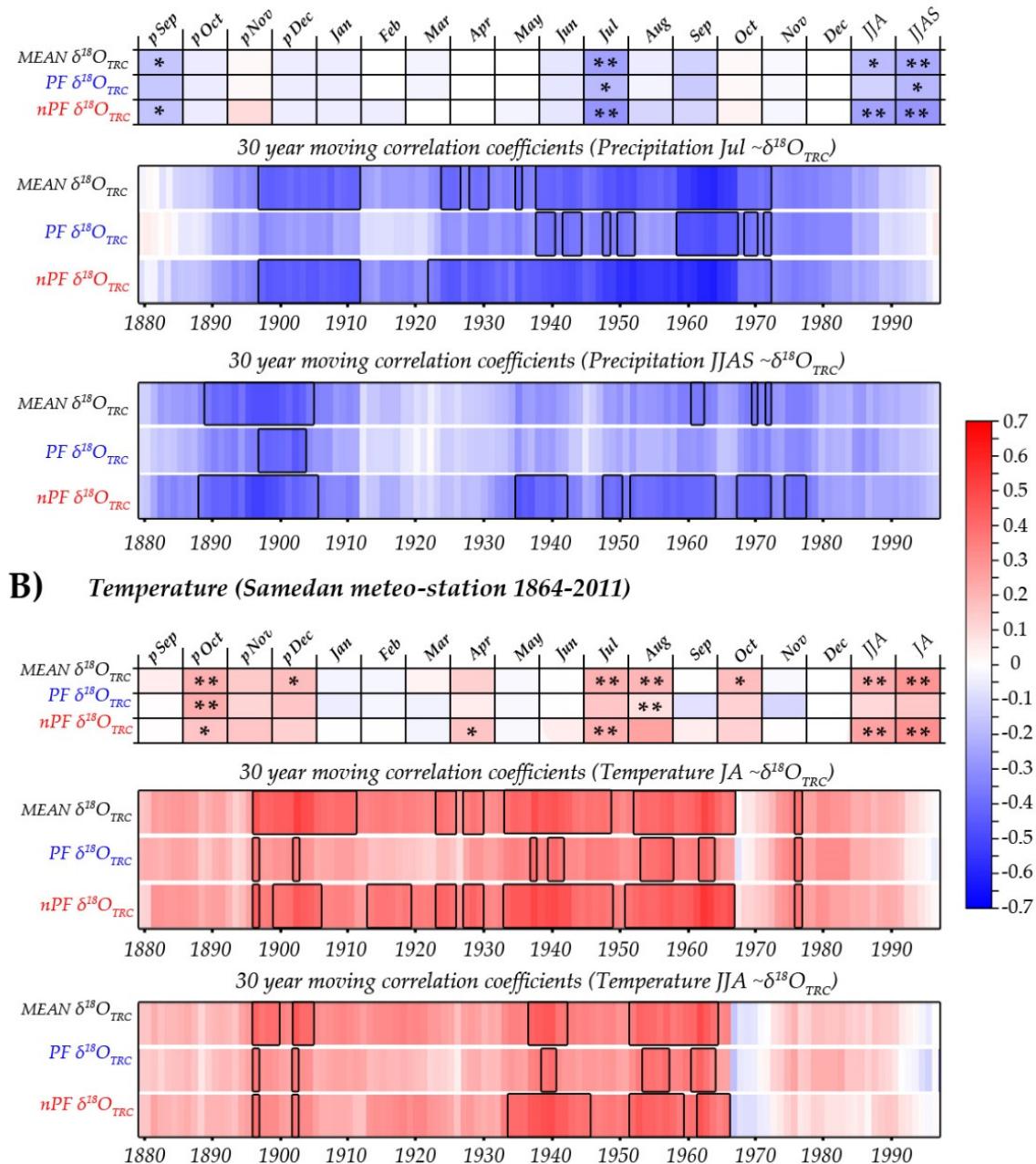
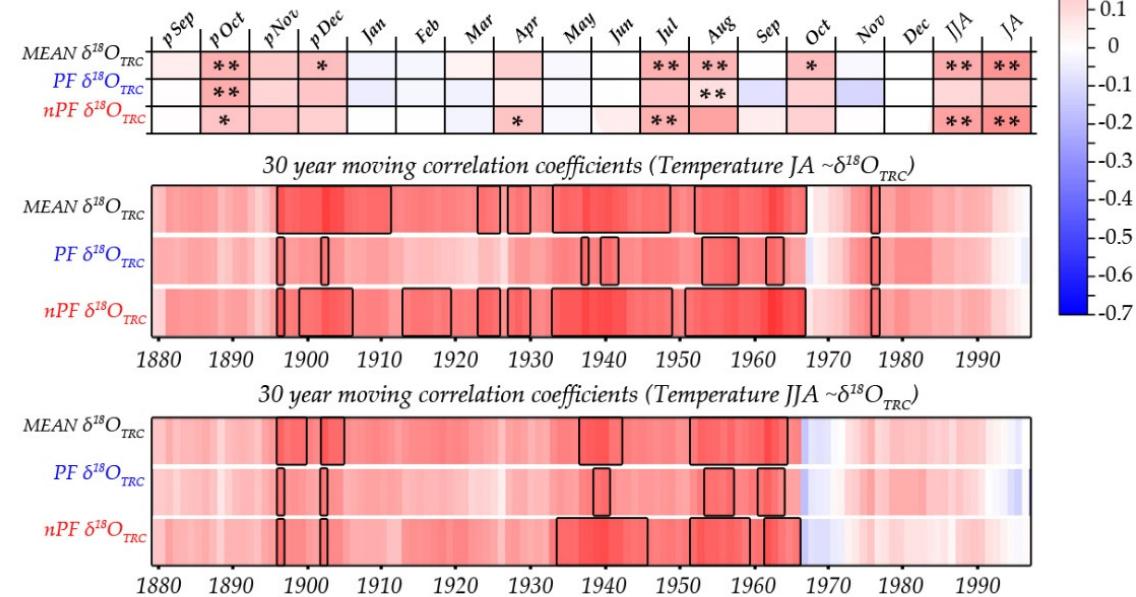


Supplementary Materials:

A) Precipitation (Samedan meteo-station: 1864-2011)



B) Temperature (Samedan meteo-station 1864-2011)



C) Cloud Cover (Samedan meteo-station: 1980-2011)



Figure 1. Climate sensitivities derived for the MEAN- $\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{TRC}}$ chronology and from tree stands growing on permafrost (PF) and non-permafrost (nPF) sites for monthly precipitation (A) and temperature (B). For the monthly correlation analysis, one or two asterisks mark the level of significance of $p<0.05$ and $p<0.01$, respectively. For the moving correlations, significant periods ($p<0.05$) are marked by a black frame. The abscissas axis represents the mid-year of the 30 years moving window. Samedan meteorological station data (1864-2020) are provided by the Federal Office of Meteorology and Climatology/MeteoSwiss.

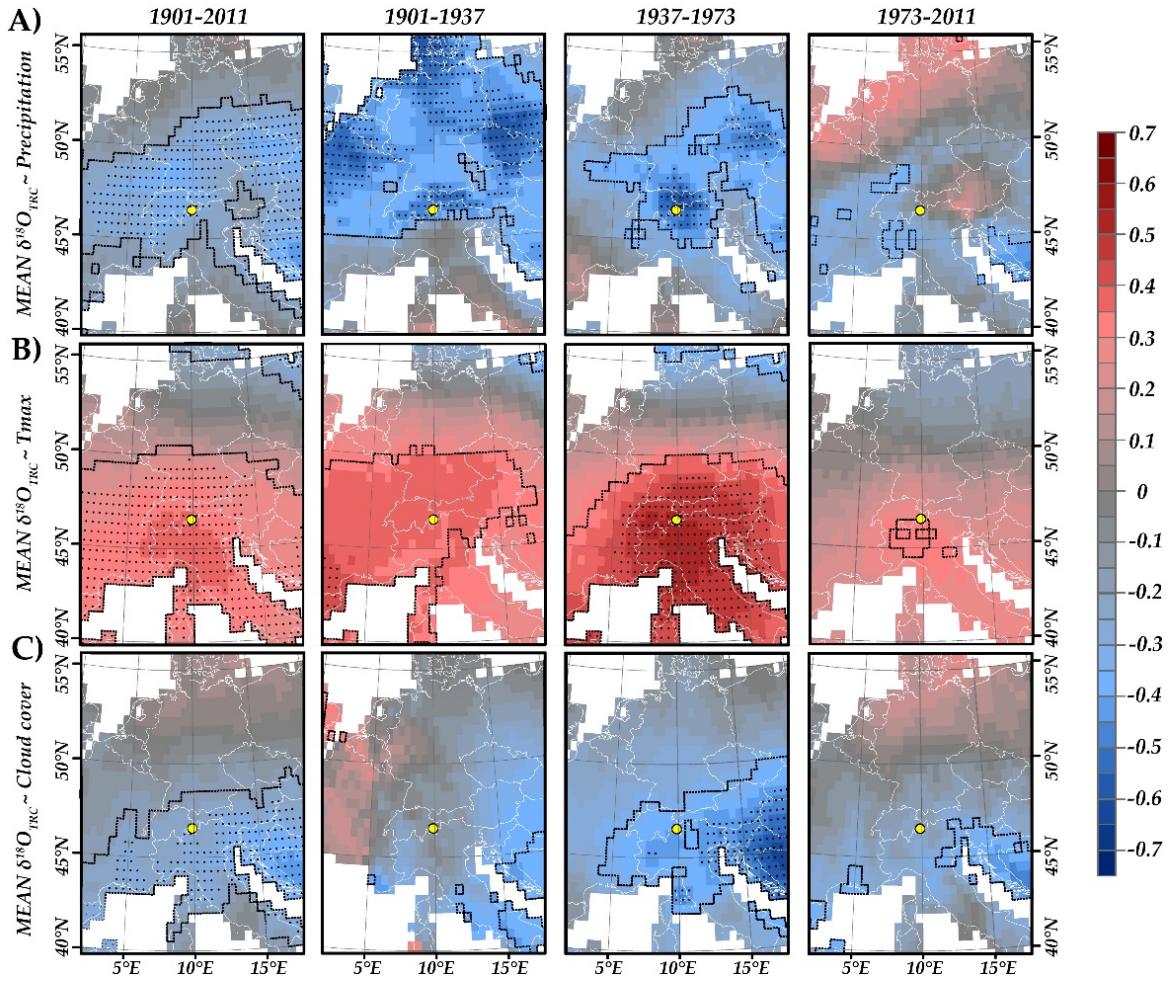


Figure S2. Spatial correlations between CRU TS v 4.04 and the MEAN- $\delta^{18}\text{O}_{\text{TRC}}$ for A) precipitation (July), B) maximum temperature (July-August), and C) cloud cover (July) for the whole observation period (1901-2011) and intervals of 37 years. Dashed black polygons and black points indicate 95% and 99% level of significance, respectively. The yellow dot marks the Val Bever study site.

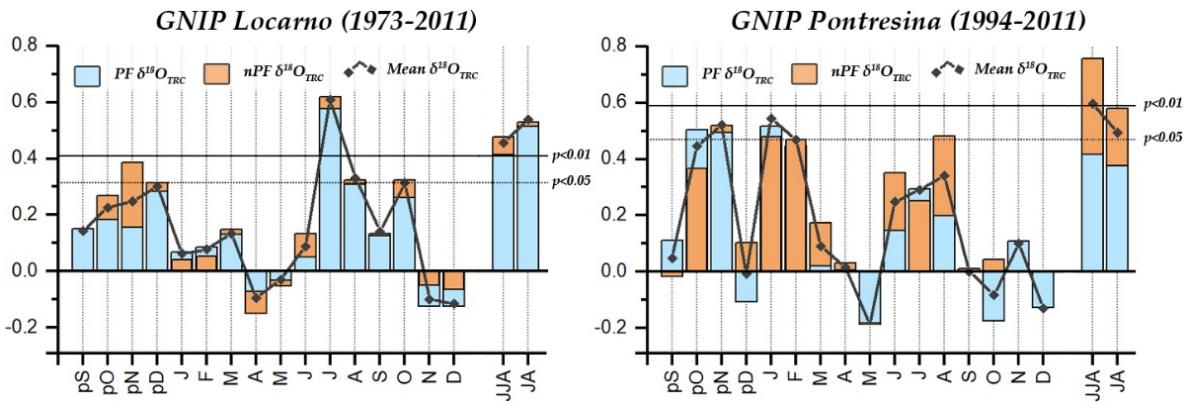


Figure S3. Correlation patterns between the three isotope time series and the adjacent Global Network of Isotopes in Precipitation (GNIP) stations Locarno (1973-2011) and Pontresina (1994-2011). Solid and dashed horizontal lines represent the 99% and 95% level of significance, respectively.