Spatial variation and trend of extreme precipitation in West Africa and teleconnections with remote indices.

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Supplementary Materials

Table 1.S.	
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Indices	Link
North Atlantic Oscillation	https://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/preci
(NAO)	p/CWlink/pna/norm.nao.monthly.b5001.curren
	t.ascii.table
Madden Julian Oscillation	https://climexp.knmi.nl/dat2nc.cgi?datafile=dat
phase 8 (MJO8)	a/icpc_mjo08_mean12.dat&type=i&station=MI
	O_08&id=someone@somewhere
Atlantic Multidecadal	http://www.esrl.noaa.gov/psd/data/timeseries/
Oscillation (AMO)	AMO/
Atlantic Multidecadal Mode	http://www.esrl.noaa.gov/psd/data/timeseries/
(AMM)	monthly/AMM/

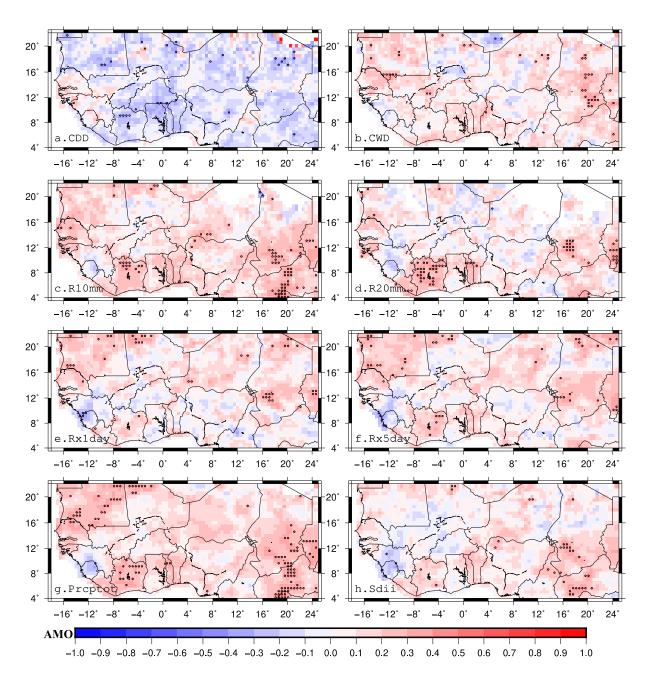


Figure S1: Correlation patterns between AMO and extreme precipitation indices. Tipping points represent significant correlation areas using reduced degree of freedom.

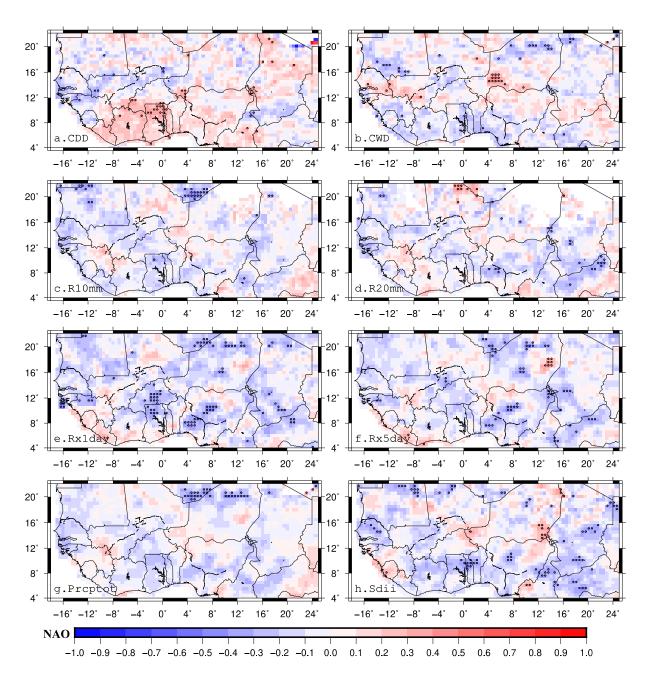


Figure S2: as for figure S1 but for NAO

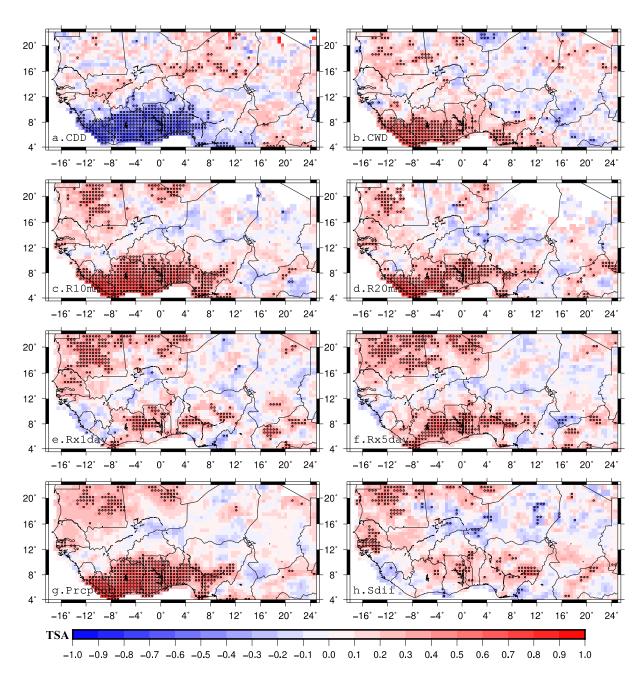


Figure S3: as for figure S1 but for TSA

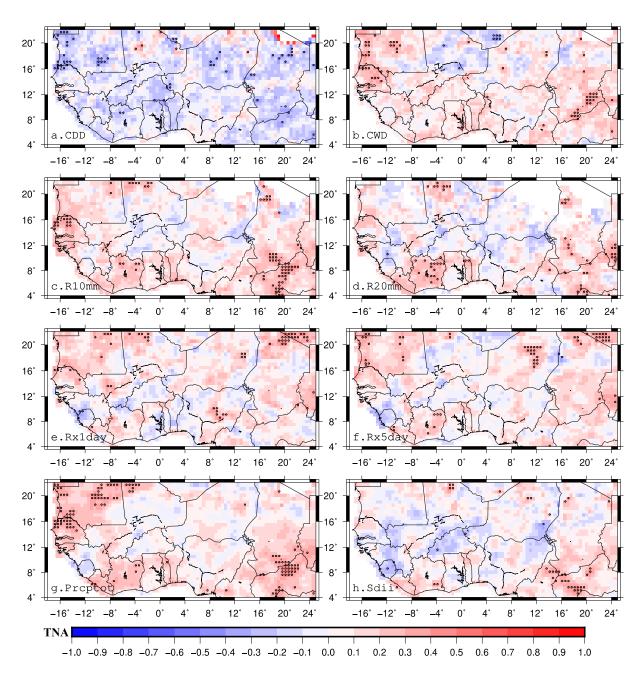


Figure S4: as for figure S1 but for TNA

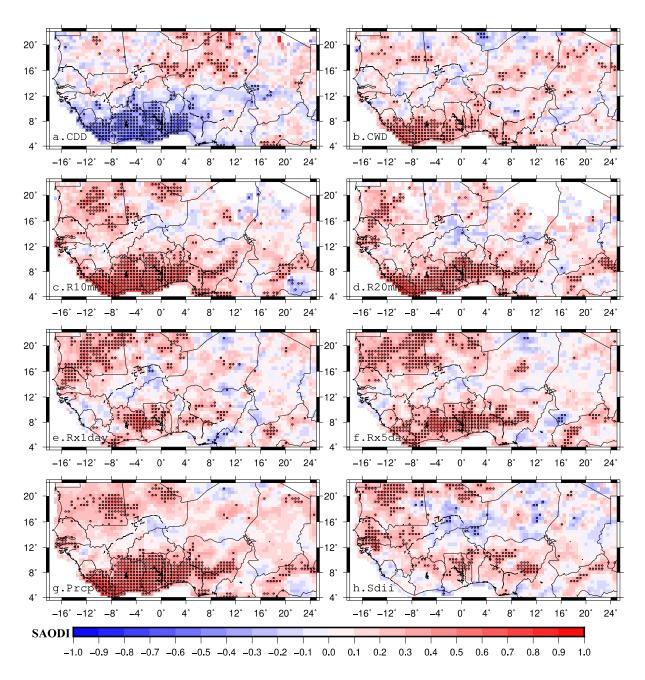


Figure S5: as for figure S1 but for SAODI.