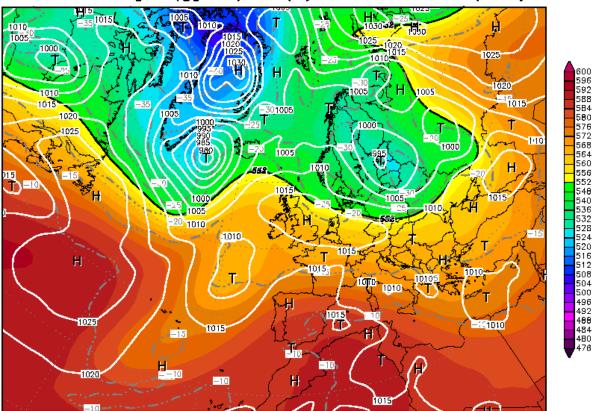




- 1 Article
- 2 Supplementary Materials for the Paper
- 3 "High-resolution COSMO-CLM Modeling and an
- 4 Assessment of Mesoscale Features Caused by Coastal
- 5 Parameters at near-shore Arctic Zones (Kara Sea)"
- 6 Vladimir Platonov and Alexander Kislov

7

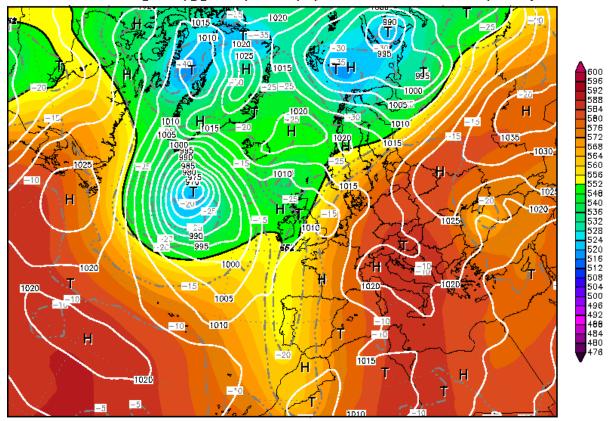
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Daten: GFS—Modell des amerikanischen Wetterdienstes (C) Wetterzentrale www.wetterzentrale.de

**Figure S1.** Surface analysis and AT500 map on 10 October, 2012, at 0000 GMT, source: GFS. Color represents the 500 mb geopotential height (gpdam), white lines are isobars of surface pressure (hPa).

## Init: Sat,200CT2012 00Z Valid: Sat,200CT2012 00Z $500\ hPa\ Geopot.(gpdm),\ T\ (C)\ und\ Bodendr.\ (hPa)$



Daten: GFS-Modell des amerikanischen Wetterdienstes (C) Wetterzentrale www.wetterzentrale.de

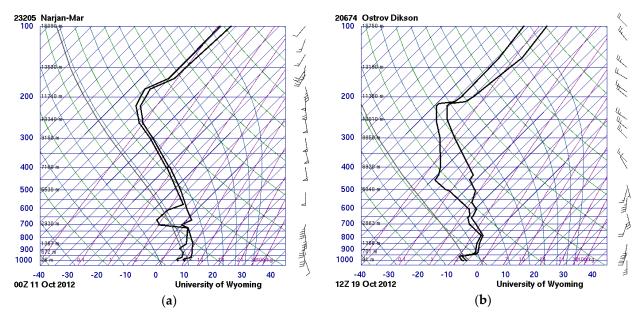
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**Figure S2.** Surface analysis and AT500 map on 20 October, 2012, at 0000 GMT, source: GFS. Color represents the 500 mb geopotential height (gpdam), white lines are isobars of surface pressure (hPa).



**Figure S3.** Atmospheric soundings: (a) at Naryan-Mar on 11 October, 2012, at 0000 GMT; (b) at Dikson Island on 19 October, 2012, at 1200 GMT. Source: University of Wyoming.

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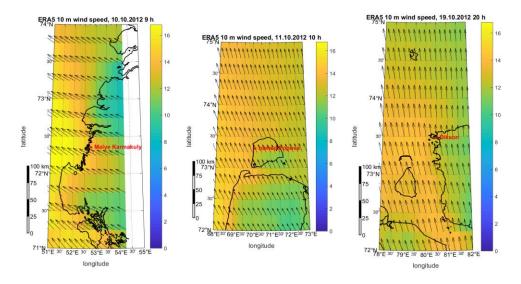


Figure S4. Wind speed (m/s) and direction based on the ERA5 data over three regions.

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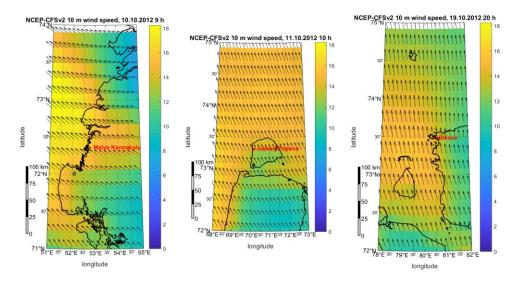


Figure S5. Wind speed (m/s) and direction based on the NCEP-CFSv2 data over three regions.