## Supplementary Materials:

## **Regional Differences of Primary Meteorological Factors Impacting O<sub>3</sub> Variability in South Korea**

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**Table S1.** The multiple linear regression analysis results using O<sub>3</sub> as a dependent variable and meteorological factors as an independent variable in in PRD1 (Backward elimination regression method was used).

| Dependent | Predictors | Std.   | Beta                  | t        | Sig.                    | Tolerance | VIF   |
|-----------|------------|--------|-----------------------|----------|-------------------------|-----------|-------|
| Variable  |            | Error  | (Standardization      |          |                         |           |       |
|           |            |        | Coefficients)         |          |                         |           |       |
| Ozone     | (Const.)   | 62.904 |                       | 3.734    | .010                    |           |       |
|           | RH         | .724   | -1.648                | -3.047   | .023*                   | .186      | 5.366 |
|           | SR         | .007   | -1.895                | -3.503   | .013*                   | .186      | 5.366 |
|           |            | R      | $= .820, R^2 = .673,$ | Adjust   | ed R <sup>2</sup> = .56 | 54,       |       |
|           |            | F= 6   | 5.170, p= .035,       | Durbin-V | Vatson= 1               | .690      |       |
|           |            |        | *p<.05, **p<.01       | 1        |                         |           |       |

**Table S2.** The multiple linear regression analysis results using O<sub>3</sub> as a dependent variable and meteorological factors as an independent variable in PRD2 (Backward elimination regression method was used).

| Dependent | Predictors | Std.  | Beta                          | t        | Sig.                     | Tolerance | VIF     |
|-----------|------------|-------|-------------------------------|----------|--------------------------|-----------|---------|
| Variable  |            | Error | (Standardization              |          |                          |           |         |
|           |            |       | Coefficients)                 |          |                          |           |         |
| Ozone     | (Const.)   | 6.489 |                               | 7.824    | .001                     |           |         |
|           | SR         | .001  | .565                          | 7.166    | .001**                   | .646      | 1.548   |
|           | WS         | 2.125 | 544                           | -6.904   | .001**                   | .646      | 1.548   |
|           |            |       | R=.990, R <sup>2</sup> =.980, | Adjuste  | d R <sup>2</sup> = .972, |           |         |
|           |            | F=    | 122.169, p= .000,             | Durbin-W | Watson= 2.               | 862       |         |
|           |            |       |                               |          |                          |           | *p<.05, |

**Table S3.** The mean and standard deviation of WNPSH during PRD1 and PRD2 (calculated using the850-hPa geopotential height anomalies of ERA-Interim reanalysis data).

|      | Mean   | Standard deviation |
|------|--------|--------------------|
| PRD1 | 89.80  | 332.69             |
| PRD2 | 220.47 | 340.99             |



Standard Normal Homogeneity Test

Figure S1. The result of Standard Normal Homogeneity Test