

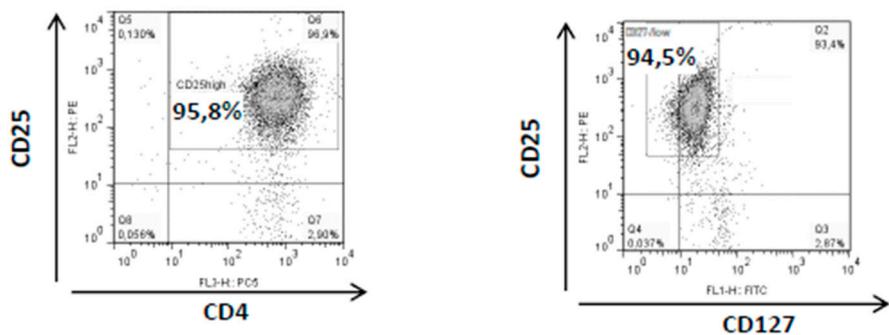
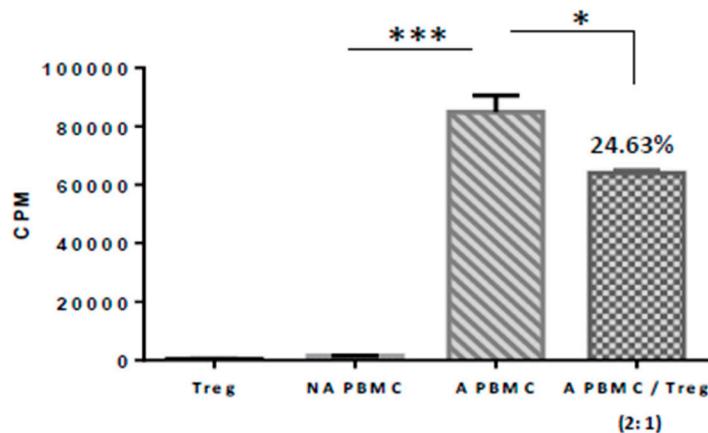
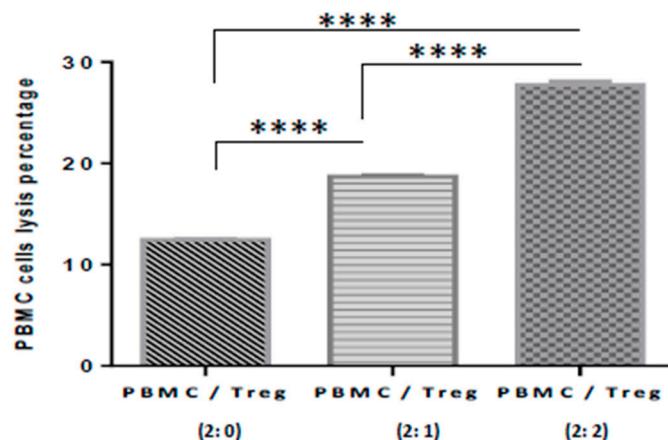
A**B****C**

Figure S1. Phenotypic and functional characterization of freshly isolated natural regulatory T cells. Representative dot plot of triple stained CD4+CD25+/highCD127-/low Tregs after magnetic bead-isolation of 10 independent experiments (A). Based on CD4 and CD25 protein expression, the number in the upper-right quadrant indicates the percentage of CD4+CD25high Tregs which is superior to 95%. More than 94% of these freshly isolated Tregs are CD25highCD127-/low (upper-left quadrant). The suppressive activity of Tregs was addressed by using a model of lymphocyte reaction (MLR) by co-culture of autologous PBMC and Tregs at a 2:1 ratio in activated condition in the presence of plate-bound anti-human CD3 mAb (1 μ g/mL) and soluble mouse anti-human CD28 mAb (100ng/mL). Proliferation was

measured using [³H]-thymidin incorporation assays during the last 18 hours and values were obtained as counts per minute (cpm). Assays were performed after 48h and results revealed that isolated Tregs possess immunosuppressive capacity and significantly decrease of PBMC proliferation for around 24% (B). These representative results of 10 independent experiments are expressed as mean of cpm values of triplicate \pm standard error of the mean (SEM) bars. The ability of Tregs to induce PBMC cells lysis was assessed by using a metabolic assay by co-culture of autologous PBMC and Tregs at 2:0, 2:1 and 2:2 ratios in activated condition (C). PBMC lysis percentage was measured by luminescence and normalized with the plate background value. Assays were performed after 48h of PBMC culture with Tregs. Tests were performed in duplicate in 3 independent experiments and results were expressed as percentage of PBMC cell lysis \pm SEM bars.

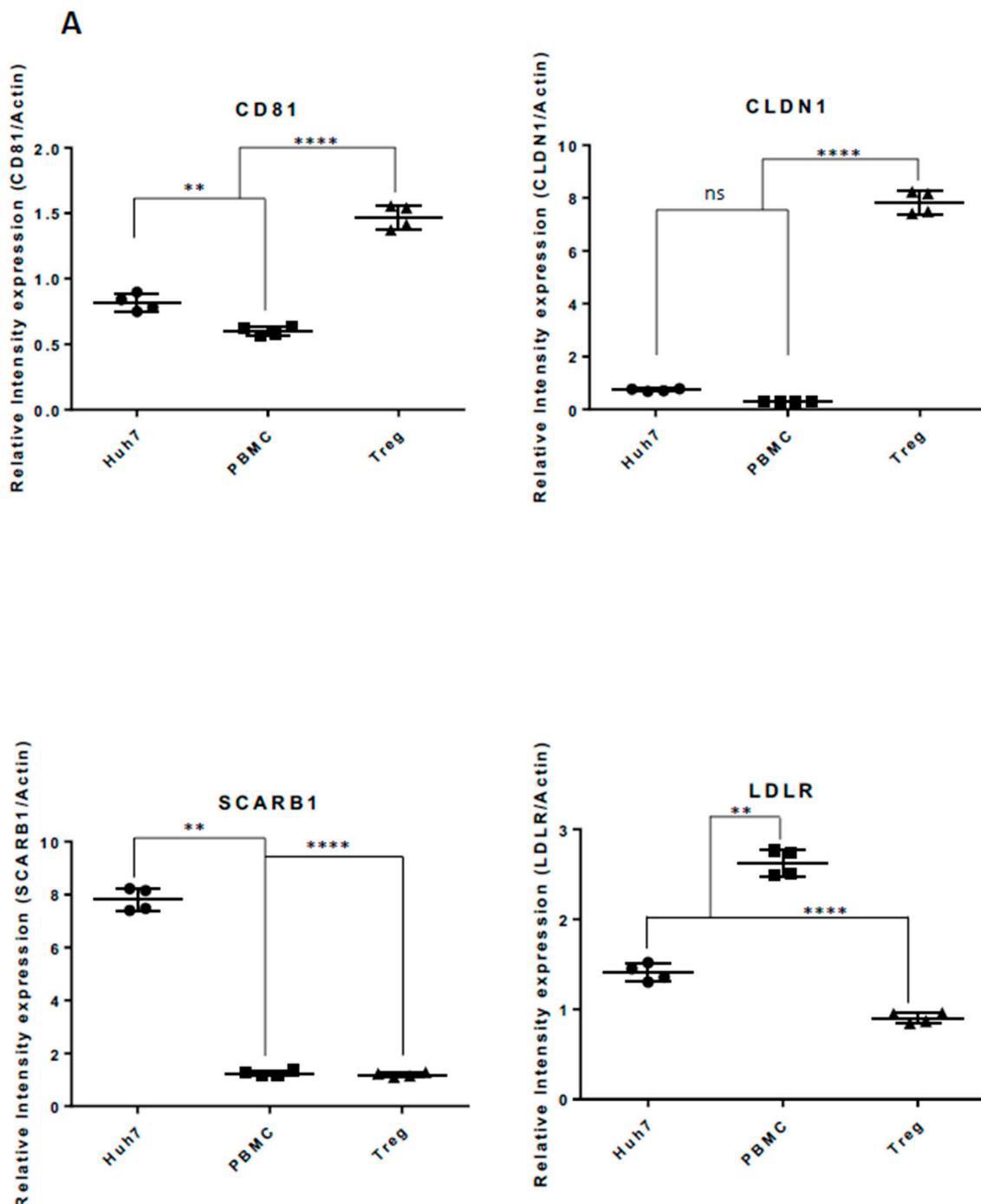


Figure S2. Tregs possess the classical HCV entry receptors: CD81, CLDN1 and LDLR. Relative total protein expression of HCV receptors detected by western-blot (**A**) and relative membranous protein expression of HCV receptors detected by FACS (**B**) on Huh7, PBMCs and Tregs. Results are the mean of four independent experiments \pm SEM, statistical analysis represent the comparison in between Huh7 and either PBMCs or Tregs. ns = non-significant.

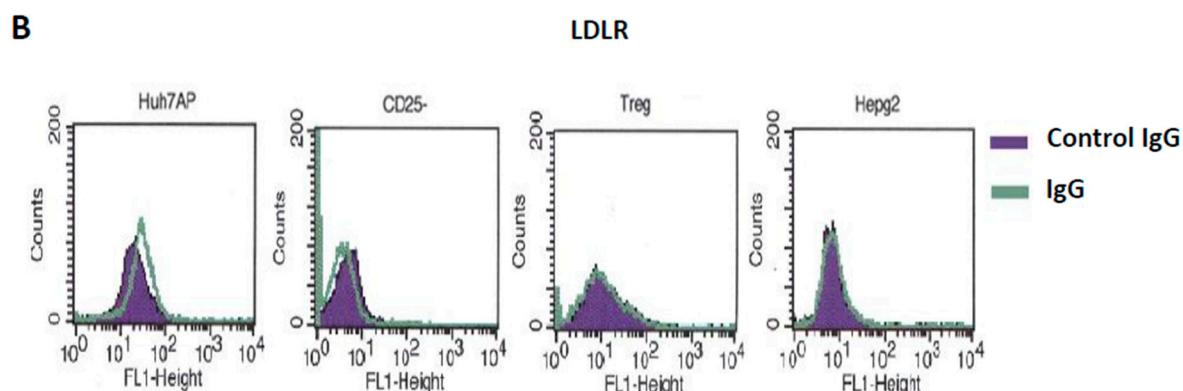
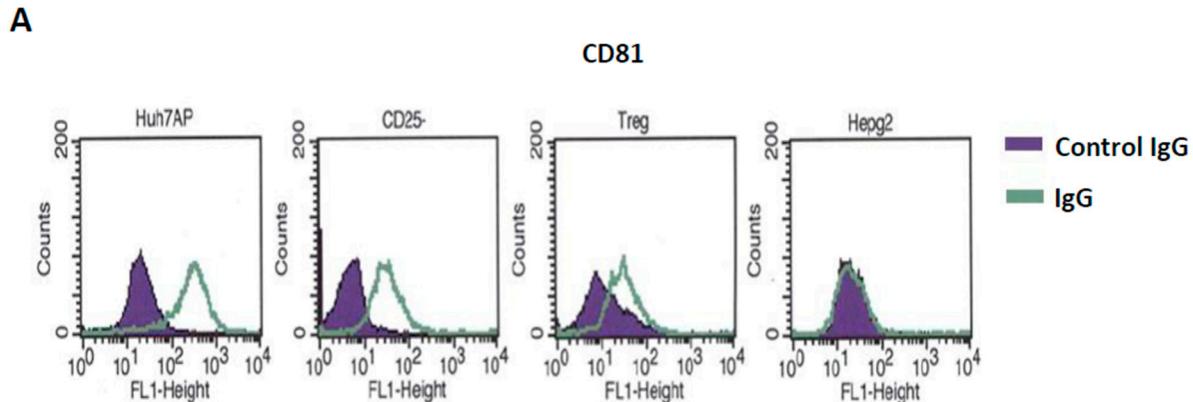


Figure S3. HepG2 cells do not express the HCV receptors CD81 and LDLR. Facs analyses were performed to evaluate the expression of HCV receptors CD81 (**A**) and LDLR (**B**) on Huh7 (HuhAP), Tconv (CD25-), Treg and HepG2 cells used as negative controls. Cells were labeled with either a specific antibody (IgG) or a relative isotype control (Control IgG). Results are representative of at least 5 independent experiments and are expressed in histograms displaying the percentage of cells positive for protein labeling compared to isotype control.

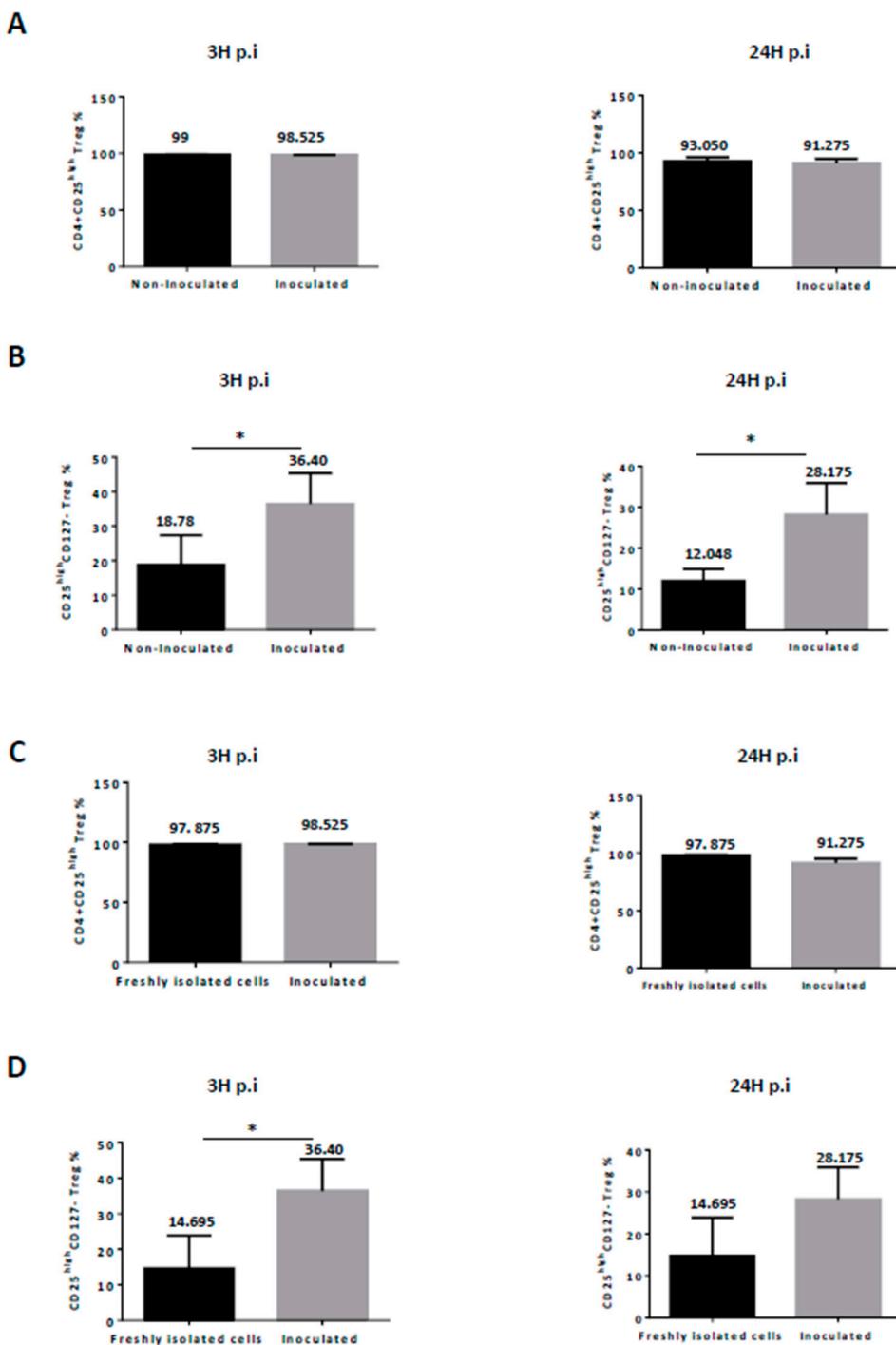


Figure S4. Impact of HCV inoculation on the frequency of suppressive Treg phenotype. FACS analyses were performed to evaluate the impact of HCV inoculation on the frequency of suppressive Tregs. CD4 + CD25^{high} and CD25^{high}CD127⁻ T cells subsets were quantified between inoculated Tregs (light grey bars) vs non-inoculated Tregs (black bars) at both 3H p.i and 24H p.i (**A,B**). We also quantify these subsets between inoculated Tregs (light grey bars) versus freshly isolated cells (black bars) at both 3H p.i and 24H p.i (**C,D**). Results are expressed as means of percentage of the double stained population of 4 independent experiments ± SEM bars.

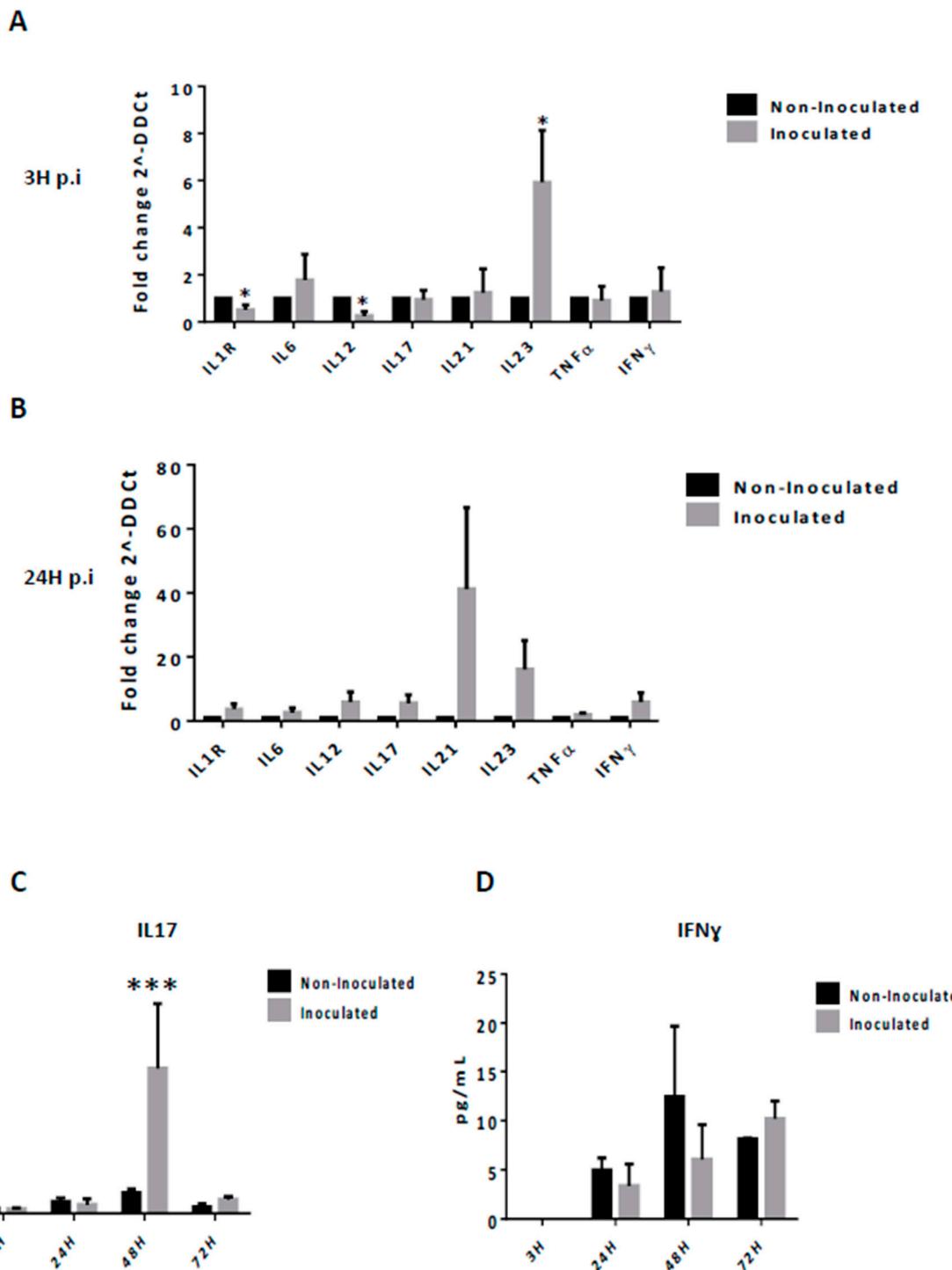


Figure S5. Impact of Tregs on the secretion of inflammatory cytokines afetr HCVcc inoculation. Tregs were handled in activated condition and were cultured in the presence or in the absence of HCV particles. Gene expression of inflammatory factors IL-1R, IL-6, IL-12, IL-16, IL-21, IL-23, TNF α and IFN γ are expressed as means of 3 and 5 independent experiments (respectively 3H p.i and 24H p.i) (A,B). These gene expressions are normalized by using GADPH, β -actin, 18s and HPRT mRNA as housekeeping-gene before being reported to control and results are presented as fold change ($2^{-\Delta\Delta C_t}$) \pm SEM bars comparing inoculated Tregs (light grey bars) versus non-inoculated Tregs (dark bars). Secretion of inflammatory cytokine IL-17 (C) and IFN γ (D) were investigated by ELISA assays. Results are expressed as

mean of 3 independent experiment and presented in pg/mL ± SEM bars comparing secretion by inoculated Tregs (light grey bars) versus non-inoculated Tregs (dark bars).

Table 1. RT-Q-PCR Primers sequences.

Genes	primer sequences	
	Forward	Reverse
CD81	TGTATCTGGAGCTGGGAGACAAG	CCAGGAAGCCAACGAACATC
SCARB1	ATGGAACCTCTGGCAAAG	CTTCAAACACCCCTGACTCC
CLDN1	GGTCAGGCTCTTCATCGG	GTTTGGATAGGCCCTGGT
LDLR	ACTGGTGTAGAGGACCACC	CAAAGGAAGACGAGGAGCAC
OCLN	GGCCTCTGAAAGTCCACCTC	CGAACATGCATCTCCACCA
EGFR	AGCTCTCGGGAGCAGCGA	ACTCGTGCCTGGCAAACCTTCT
CD5	GAGCTCAATCATCTGCTACCGA	TTGTCGTTGGAGGTGTTGTCTT
CD4	GGGAAATCAGGCTCCTCTTA	TGGTCCCAAAGGCTTCTTCTT
IL2RA (CD25)	GGGACTGTCACGTTCATCA	TTCAACATGGTCCTTCCTGTAG
IL7R (CD127)	GCAAGATACTGTTCTCAGAAC	TCCAAGCTTCTGGAGTGATGA
FOXP3	TCACCTACGCCACGGTCA	CACAAAGCACTGTGCAG
CTLA4	TTCTCTCTCATCCCTGTCTCT	GAGATGCATACTCACACACAAAGCT
LAG3	TGGCTCAACGTCATCCATCA	CCCACCCCTGGAACCTGCT
IL2	ACCAGGATGTCACATTAAAGTTTAC	TCCAGAGGTTGAGTTCTCTCTAGA
IL4	CACAAGCAGCTGATCCGATT	TTCCAAGAAGTTTCAACGTACTC
PRDM1 (BLIMP1)	GACGGGGTACTCTGTTCA	GGCATTCTGGAACTGTGT
BCL6	CTGCAGATGGAGCATGTTGT	CACCCGGGAGTATTCTCAG
IL15	TTTCCATCCAGTGTACTTGTGTT	CATTACCCAGTTGGCTCTGT
IL10	GAGAACCAAGACCCAGACATCAA	CCACGGCTTGCTCTGT
IL24	AAGCCTCTGGGCTGTAAA	TGTGGACAAGGTAACAGCTCTCA
IL12A (p35)	CCTTCACCACTCCAAAACCT	TGGTAAACAGGCCTCCACTGT
EBI3	CCCCGCCACTGCCACAATGA	GCCCTCCAACAGGTGTCCCG
GZMB	CGCCCCATATGGCTTATCTT	CCCCCAAGGTGACATTATGG
TGFB1	CGAGCTGAGGCCGACTAC	CGGAGCTCTGATGTGTTGAAGA
IL1R(1)	CCACAAGGCCTGTGATTGTG	TCAACTGCCGGTGACATTA
IL6	ATGTAGCCGCCCCACACA	CCAGTGCCTCTTGCTGCTT
IL12B (p40)	CTTTCTAAAGATGCGAGGCCAAG	AGAGGTGTAGCACTCCGCAC
IL17(A)	TCCTGGGAAGACCTCATTGG	AGAATTGGCATCTGGATT
IL21	GATGCCACATGATTAGAATGC	AGAAAAAAGCTGACCACTCACAGT
IL23(A)	GTGGGACACATGGATCTAAGAGAA	AAATCAGACCCCTGGGATCCT
IFNG	ATGTAGCGGATAATGGAACTC	GACATTCAAGTCAGTTACC
TNFA	ATCTTCTCGAACCCGAGTGA	GGAGCTGCCCTCAGCTT
CCL2	GCTCATAGCAGCCACCTTCATT	ACTTGCTGCTGGTGATTCTCTATA
CCL3	ATGGCTCTTGCAACCAGTTCT	CGTCTCAAAGTAGTCAGCTATGAAATT
CCL 4	GACTGTCCTGTCTCCTCATGCTA	AAGCTCCCTCGCGGTGTAAGA
CCL7	ATGGCTCTTGCAACCAAGTTGT	CGTCTCAAAGTAGTCAGCTATGAA
CCL17	GGGCTTCTTGCAAGCACATC	GGTACCAAGCTTCAGCTTCTAA
CCL20	GGGCTTCTCCTGGCTGTTTG	GAATACGGTCTGTATCCAAGACA
CCL22	TTGCTGTGGCGCTTCAAG	CAGACGGTAACGGACGTAATCAC
CXCL9	GGCATCATTTGCTGGTTCTG	GGTGGATAGCTCCCTGGTTGGT
CXCL11	TTGGCTGTGATATTGTGCTACA	TGCCACTTCACTGCTTTTAC
CXCL16	ACACCGAGGTTCCAGCTCCTT	CAATCCCCAGTAAGCATGTC
CCR2	GATCTGCTTTCTTATTACTCTCCA	TCCGCCAAAATAACCGATGT
CCR3	GGTACCACTCTACTATGATGACGT	CCACAGTGAACACCAGGGAGT
CCR4	CCACCTCGATGAAAGCATATAC	TGCCCTGATGCCTCTTTGG
CCR5	GTCAAGTCCAATCTATGACATCAATTATT	CGGGCTCGGATTGCTT
CCR6	GTCAAGTCCAATCTATGACATCAATTATT	-CGGGCTCGGATTGCTT
CXCR3	TCTTCCTATGACTATGGAGAAAACGA	CGGTGAGTTCAAGGCTGAA
CXCR4	TCATGGGTTACCAGAAGAAACTGA	GAAGTCCCAAAGTACCAAGTTGC

CXCR6	ACTATGGGTTCAGCAGTTCAATG	CAGGTACATGCAGGGCAGAA
ACTB	CACGGCATCGTCACCAACT	GCCTGCTTCACCACCTTCTTGATGTC
GAPDH	GCCAAGGTCACTCCATGACAACCTTGG	GCCTGCTTCACCACCTTCTTGATGTC
HRPT	CCCTGGCGTCGTGATTAG	ATGGCCTCCCACATCTCCTT
UFD1 (ubiquitin)	CCGACCACAGTGGCTATGC	CCTCTTTAATATCTCCAGGCTTGA
RNA 18S	TCAAGAACGAAAGTCGGAGG	GGACATCTAAGGGCATCACA

Table S2. Western Blot Density Analysis (A) and protein expression of HCV receptor in Huh7 to the expression within PBMC and Treg (B) ($n = 4$ donors).

A. Ratio = Net loading x protein/Net loaded Actin.				
	RUN 1*	RUN 2	RUN 3	RUN 4
CD81	Huh7	0,7810	0,8408	0,7498
	PBMC	0,5748	0,6257	0,5690
	Treg	1,4130	1,5402	1,3706
CLDN1	Huh7	0,0318	0,0350	0,0309
	PBMC	0,7146	0,7718	0,6860
	Treg	0,2823	0,2992	0,2794
SCARB1	Huh7	7,4816	8,1549	7,4068
	PBMC	1,1819	1,3000	1,1465
	Treg	1,1422	1,2222	1,0965
LDLR	Huh7	1,3569	1,4519	1,3026
	PBMC	2,5115	2,7375	2,4864
	Treg	0,8690	0,9559	0,8430

*data used as the representative one for figure1.

B. Statistical Analysis ONE WAY ANOVA, Tukey's multiple comparisons test					
	Mean Diff	95% CI of diff,	Significant Status	Summary	COMPARISON
CD81	0,2156	0,1464 to 0,2848	Yes	**	Huh7 vs. PBMC
	-0,6521	-0,7248 to -0,5793	Yes	****	Huh7 vs. Treg
	-0,8677	-0,9870 to -0,7483	Yes	****	PBMC vs. Treg
CLDN1	0,4432	-0,05502 to 0,9415	No	ns	Huh7 vs. PBMC
	-7,079	-7,577 to -6,580	Yes	****	Huh7 vs. Treg
	-7,522	-8,020 to -7,024	Yes	****	PBMC vs. Treg
SCARB1	6,571	6,056 to 7,087	Yes	****	Huh7 vs. PBMC
	6,636	6,121 to 7,151	Yes	****	Huh7 vs. Treg
	0,06472	-0,4505 to 0,5799	No	ns	PBMC vs. Treg
LDLR	-1,217	-1,426 to -1,007	Yes	****	Huh7 vs. PBMC
	0,504	0,2945 to 0,7135	Yes	***	Huh7 vs. Treg
	1,721	1,511 to 1,930	Yes	****	PBMC vs. Treg

Diff: difference; CI: confident interval; ns: non-significant, * indicate $p \leq 0,05$, ** indicate $p \leq 0,01$ ***, indicate $p \leq 0,001$, **** indicate $p \leq 0,0001$.

Table S3. FACS Analysis of the expression of HCV entry receptors (**A**), statistical analysis of protein expression in Huh7 vs. expression within PBMC and Treg (**B**) ($n = 4$ donors).

		A. Percentage of Marked Cells within population			
		RUN 1*	RUN 2	RUN 3	RUN 4
CD81	<i>Huh7</i>	57,60	63,36	55,30	66,24
	<i>PBMC</i>	28,00	29,96	27,72	31,08
	<i>Treg</i>	47,60	51,88	46,17	52,36
CLDN1	<i>Huh7</i>	54,20	59,62	52,57	60,16
	<i>PBMC</i>	65,50	70,74	64,85	72,05
	<i>Treg</i>	89,70	95,08	88,80	103,16
SCARB1	<i>Huh7</i>	1,50	1,64	1,49	1,65
	<i>PBMC</i>	4,20	4,62	4,07	4,83
	<i>Treg</i>	2,33	2,49	2,24	2,59
LDLR	<i>Huh7</i>	2,08	2,23	2,00	2,33
	<i>PBMC</i>	2,74	2,99	2,66	3,01
	<i>Treg</i>	2,16	2,38	2,14	2,35

*data used as the representative one for figure 1.

B. Statistical Analysis ONE WAY ANOVA , Tukey's multiple comparisons test					
	Mean Diff.	95% CI of diff.	Significant Status	Summary	COMPARISON
CD81	<i>Huh7</i>	0,4432	-0,05502 to 0,9415	No	ns <i>Huh7 vs. PBMC</i>
	<i>PBMC</i>	-7,079	-7,577 to -6,580	Yes	**** <i>Huh7 vs. Treg</i>
	<i>Treg</i>	-7,522	-8,020 to -7,024	Yes	**** <i>PBMC vs. Treg</i>
CLDN1	<i>Huh7</i>	-11,64	-21,27 to -2,020	Yes	* <i>Huh7 vs. PBMC</i>
	<i>PBMC</i>	-37,55	-47,17 to -27,92	Yes	**** <i>Huh7 vs. Treg</i>
	<i>Treg</i>	-25,9	-35,53 to -16,28	Yes	**** <i>PBMC vs. Treg</i>
SCARB1	<i>Huh7</i>	-2,864	-3,316 to -2,411	Yes	**** <i>Huh7 vs. PBMC</i>
	<i>PBMC</i>	-0,844	-1,297 to -0,3915	Yes	** <i>Huh7 vs. Treg</i>
	<i>Treg</i>	2,019	1,567 to 2,472	Yes	**** <i>PBMC vs. Treg</i>
LDLR	<i>Huh7</i>	-0,692	-0,9916 to -0,3916	Yes	*** <i>Huh7 vs. PBMC</i>
	<i>PBMC</i>	-0,099	-0,3992 to 0,2008	No	ns <i>Huh7 vs. Treg</i>
	<i>Treg</i>	0,5924	0,2924 to 0,8924	Yes	*** <i>PBMC vs. Treg</i>

Diff: difference; CI: confident interval; ns: non-significant. * indicate $p \leq 0.05$, ** indicate $p \leq 0.01$, *** indicate $p \leq 0.001$, **** indicate $p \leq 0.0001$.

Table S4. Analysis of the ratio comparing expression levels of Tregs either to PBMCs or Huh7 for each employed technique of detection.

	Ratio Treg/PBMC		Ratio Treg/Huh7		
	FACS	WB	FACS	WB	RT-QPCR
CD81	1,70	2,44	0,82	1,80	2,09
CLDN1	1,38	0,40	1,66	8,91	1,02
SCARB1	0,54	0,95	1,54	0,15	0,08
LDLR	0,79	0,34	1,05	0,64	3,19

Table 5. Ranking levels of expression in Huh7, PBMC and Treg. (1 is the strongest and 3 the lowest).

	CD81		CLDN1		SCARB1		LDLR	
	WB	FACS	WB	FACS	WB	FACS	WB	FACS
Huh7	2	1	3	3	1	3	2	3
PBMC	3	3	1	2	2	2	1	1
Treg	1	2	2	1	3	1	3	3

WB: western blot, FACS: flow cytometry, Treg: regulatory T cells, PBMC: peripheral blood mononuclear cells.