

Supplementary Materials:

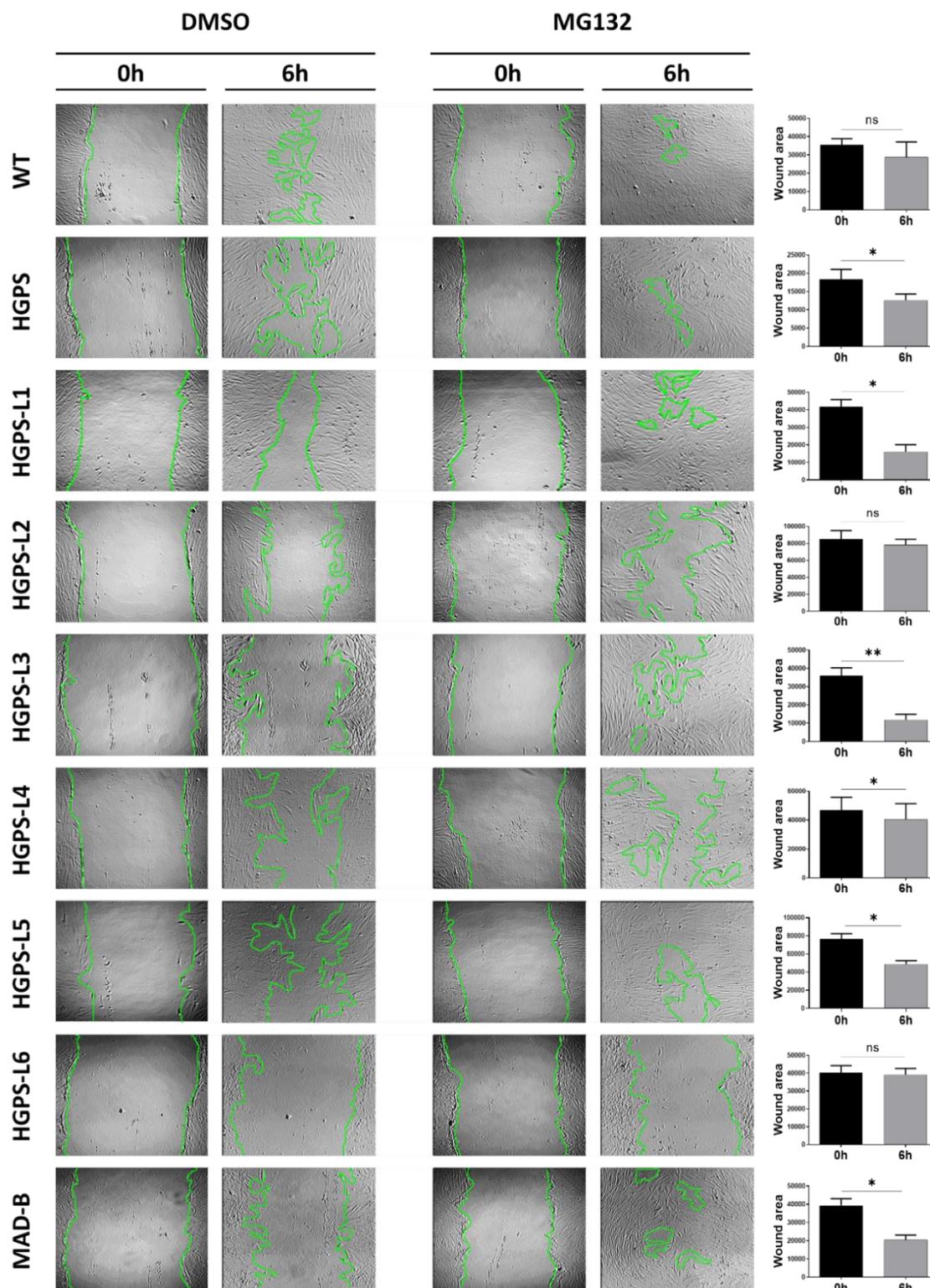
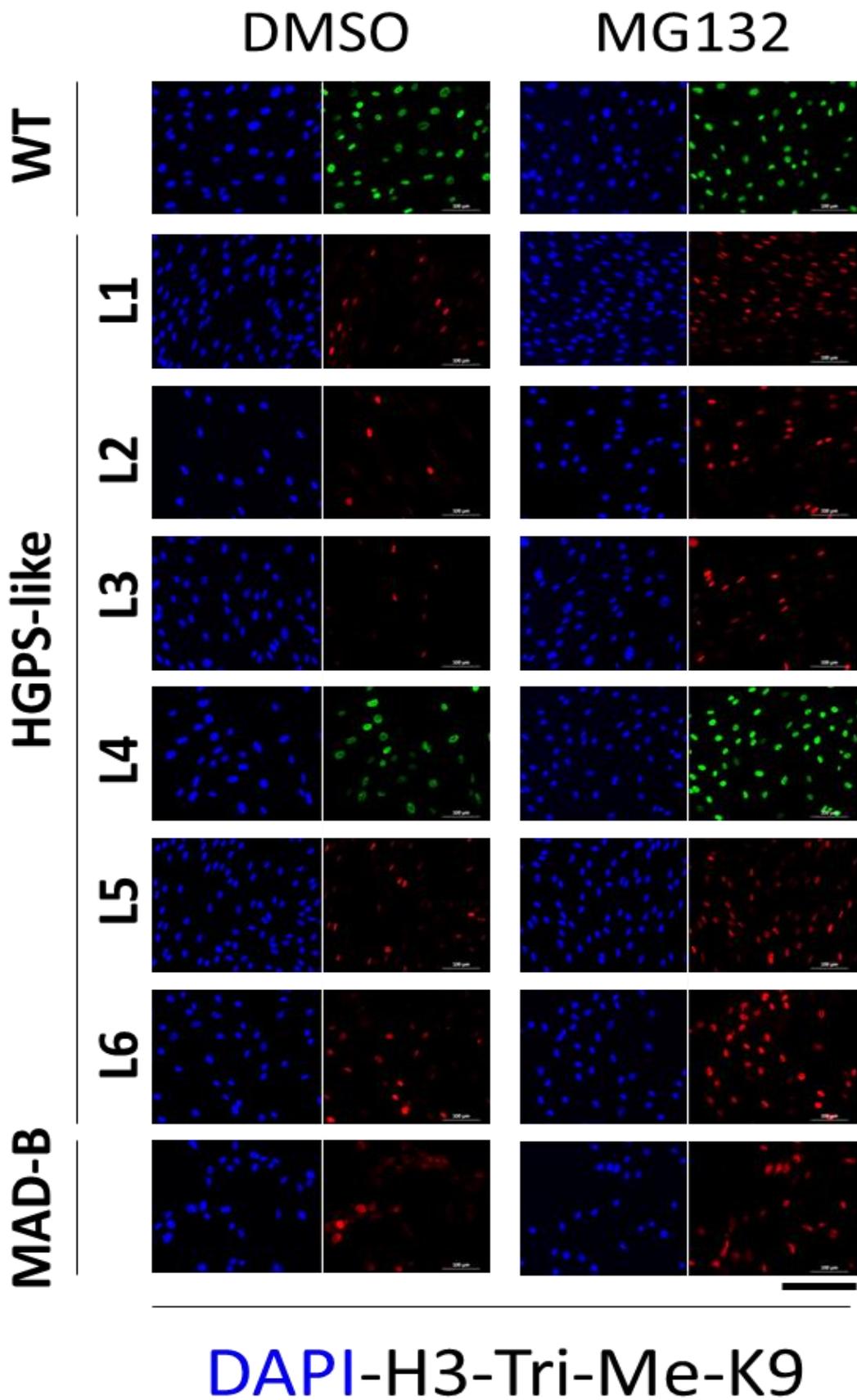
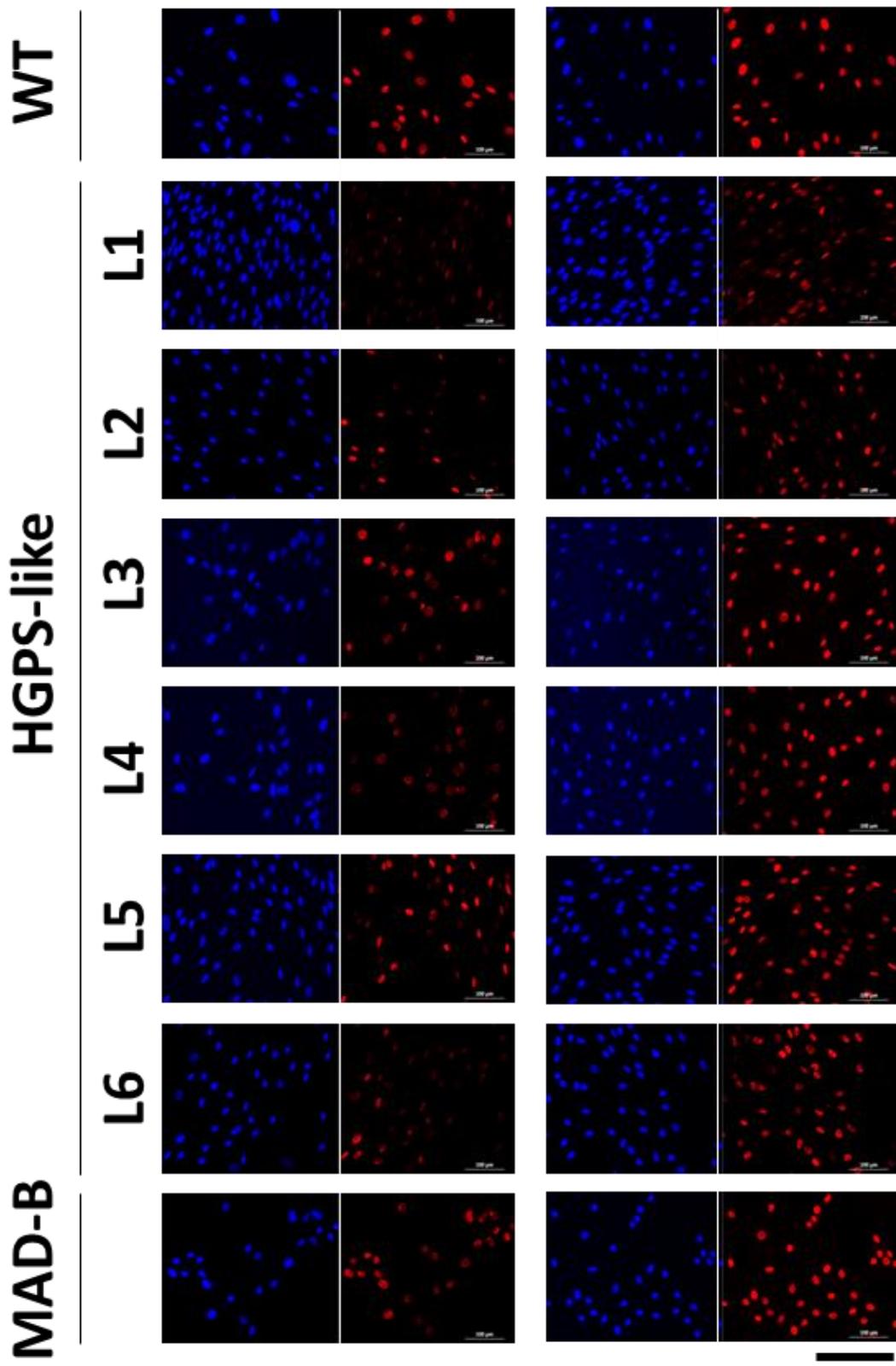


Figure S1. MG132 promotes HGPS-like and MAD-B fibroblasts migration. Wound healing assay performed on WT, HGPS, HGPS-like and MAD-B fibroblasts treated for 6 h with DMSO or MG132 (500 nM). After subtracting the DMSO-induced wound repair during 6 h (control), results were expressed as the wound area following MG132 treatment (6 h) compared to the original wound (0 h). (mean \pm SEM, $n = 3$, Student's t-test, * $p < 0.05$, ** $p < 0.01$). Scale bar, 100 μ m.





DAPI-Lamin B1

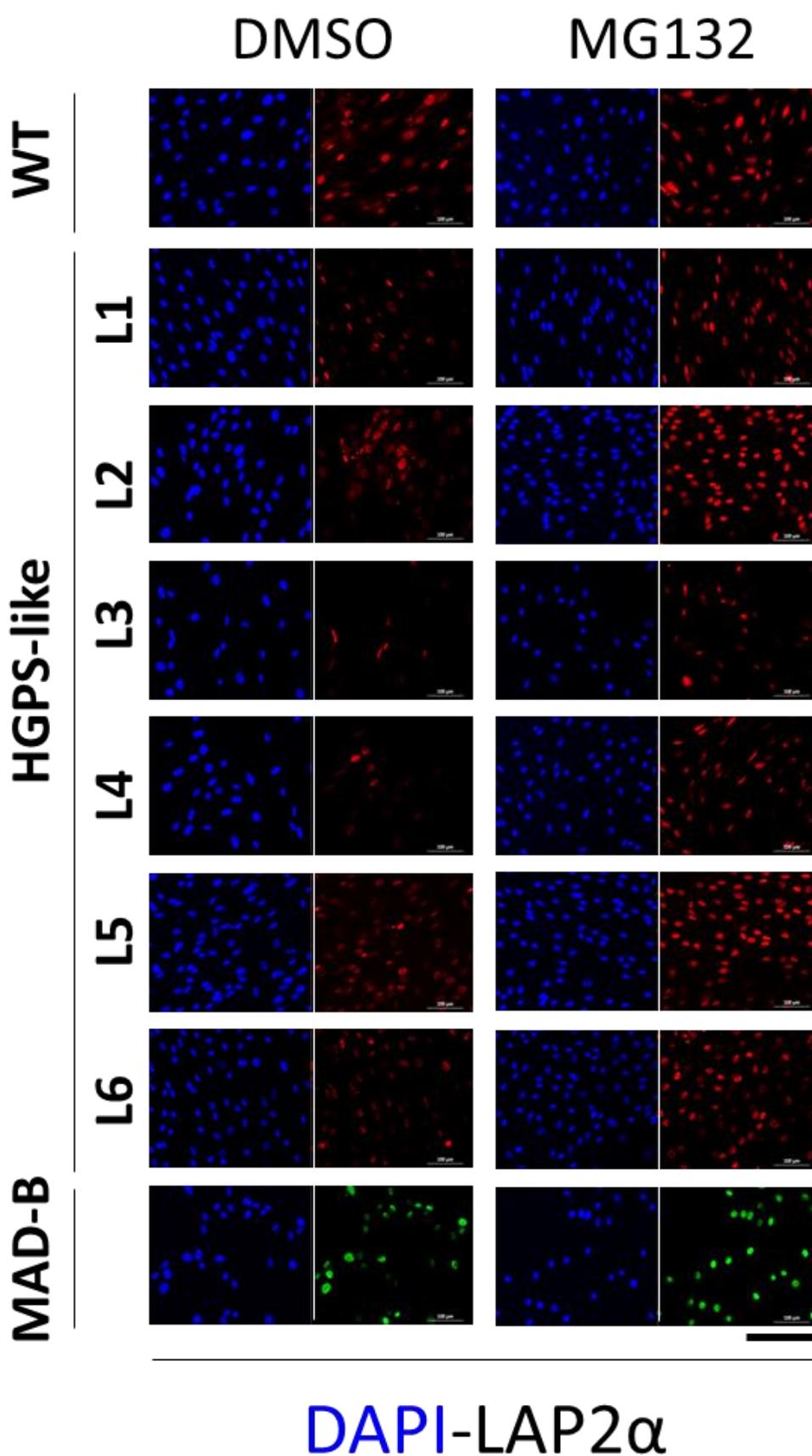
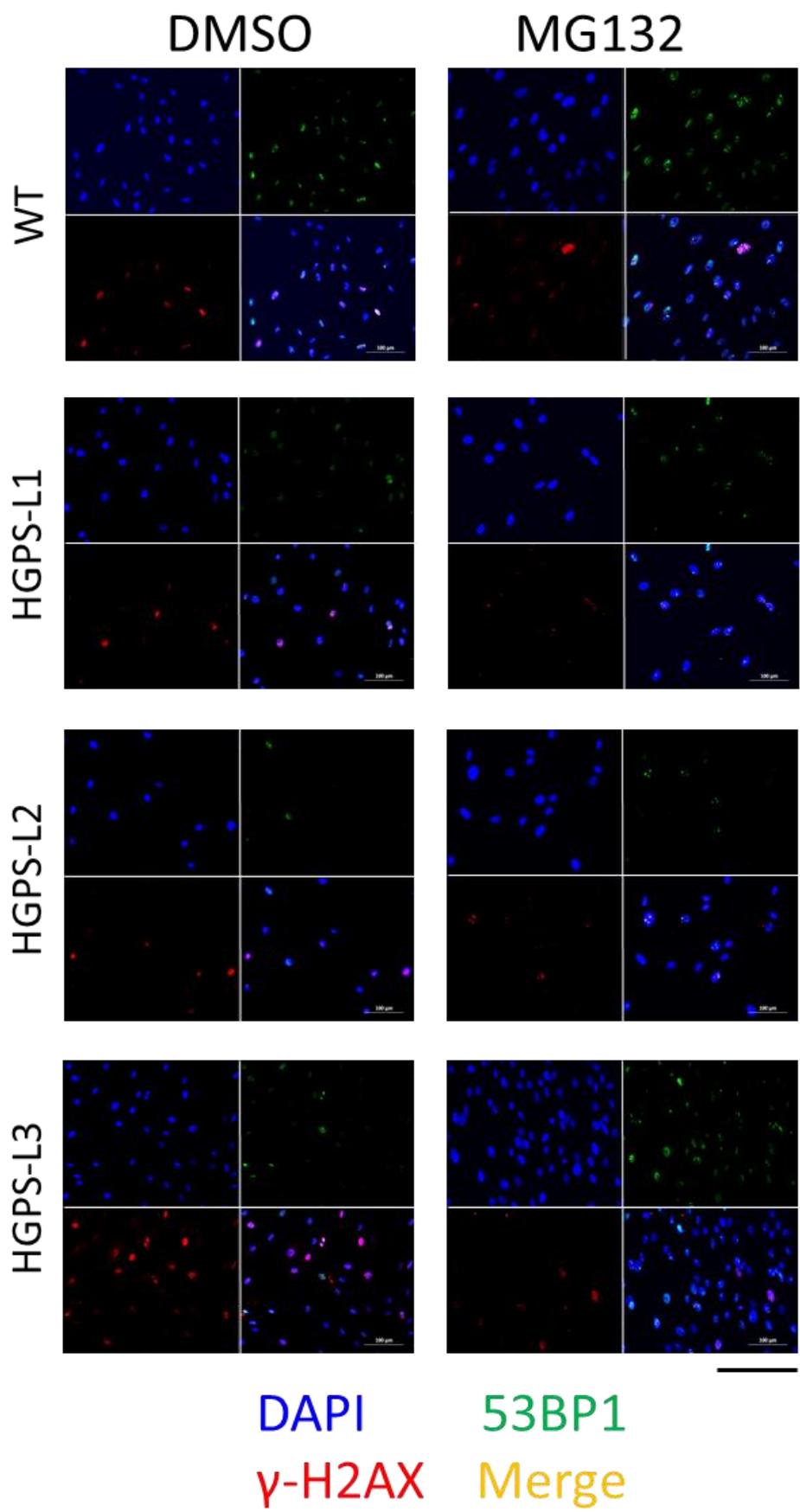


Figure S2. Larger images of Figure 4



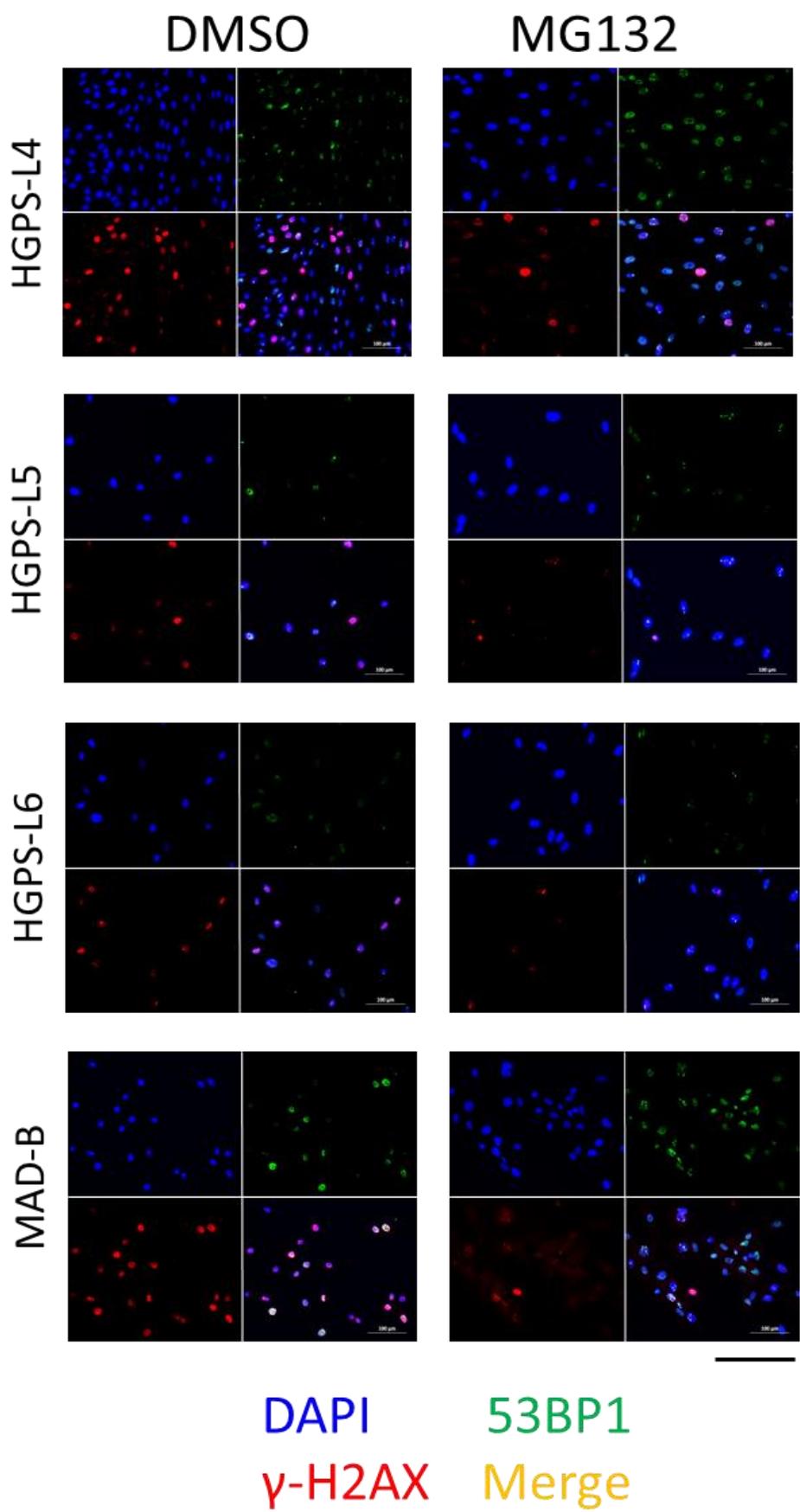


Figure S3. Larger images of Figure 5

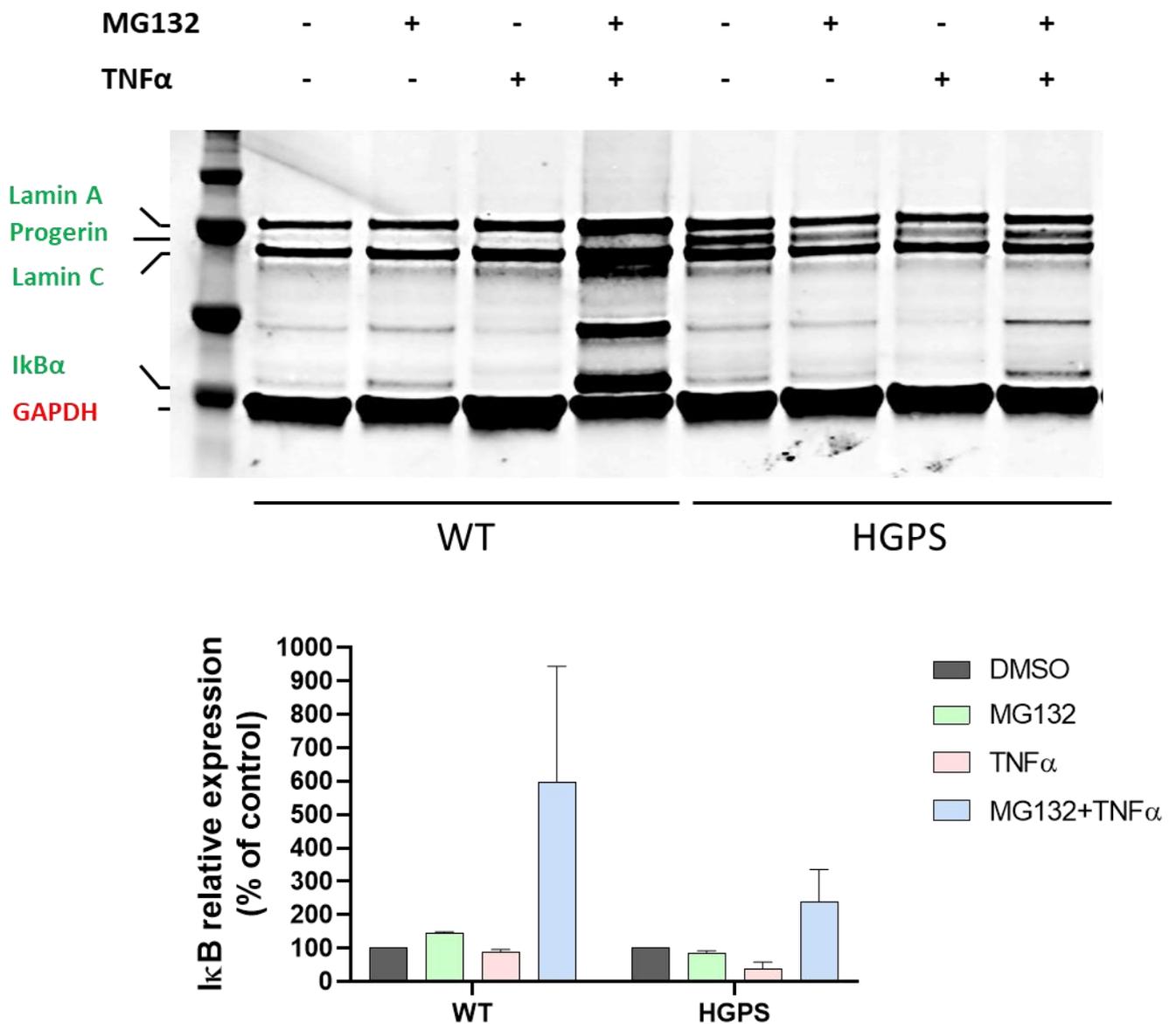


Figure S4. MG132 blocks the degradation of NF- κ B inhibitor, I- κ B. Upper panel: Western blotting evaluation of Lamin A/C and I- κ B in whole cell lysates from WT and HGPS fibroblasts treated with DMSO (-), 500 nM MG132 for 48 h (+), 10 ng/ml TNF α for 48 h (+) alone or in combination. Lower panel: I- κ B expression levels were normalized to GAPDH values using ImageJ software.

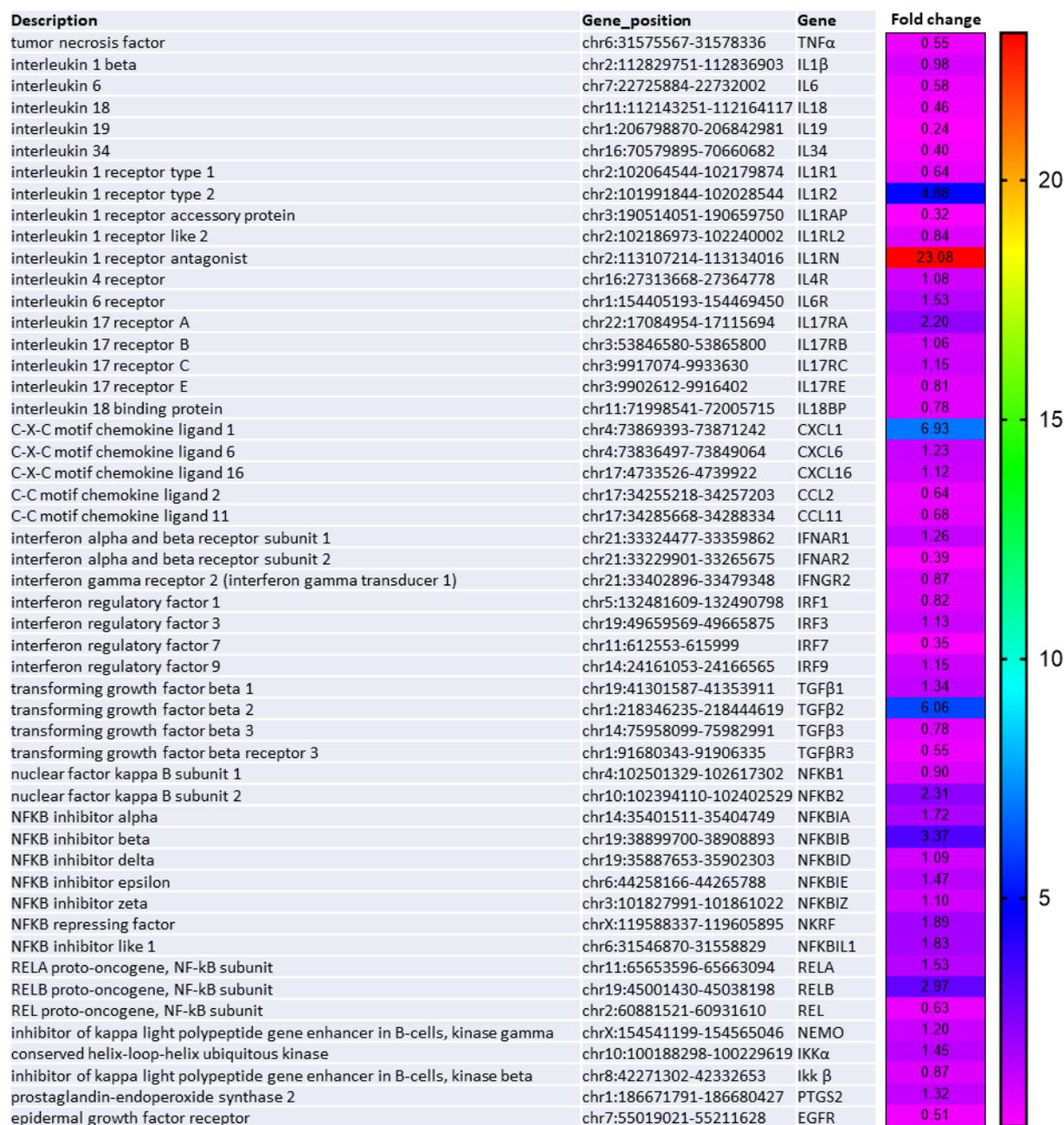


Figure S5. Transcriptional attenuation of inflammatory response to MG132 in classical HGPS fibroblasts. Heatmap of RNAseq data (ArrayExpress accession number: E-MTAB-5807) from HGPS fibroblasts treated with DMSO (vehicle control) or with 5 μ M MG132 for 6 h. This analysis represents the fold change, in MG132-treated relative to DMSO-treated HGPS fibroblasts, of the most characteristic transcripts of the NF- κ B pathway. ($n = 2$).

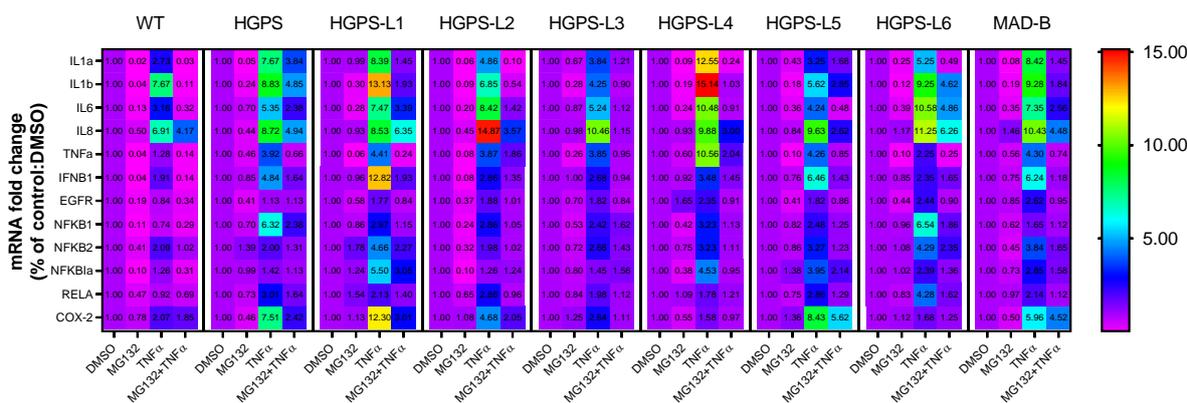


Figure S6. MG132 reduces the transcript levels of proinflammatory mediators and counteracts TNF α -induced inflammation. Quantitative real-time PCR using selected inflammatory genes expression arrays in culture supernatants of WT, HGPS, HGPS-like and MAD-B fibroblasts treated for 6 h with MG132 (500 nM), TNF α (10 ng/ml) alone and in combination or DMSO as a vehicle control.

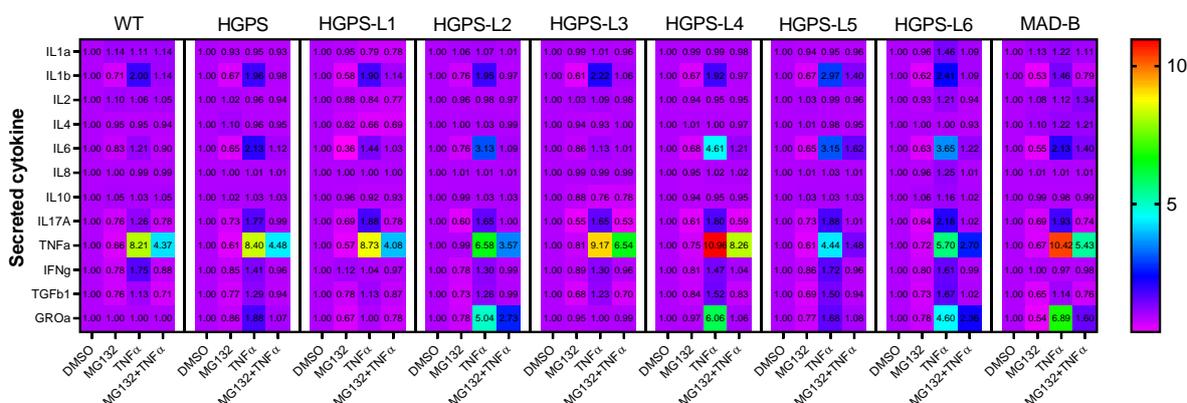


Figure S7. MG132 reduces the secretion of proinflammatory cytokines and alleviates TNF α -induced inflammation. Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (ELISA) using multi-analyte ELISA arrays to measure inflammatory cytokines in culture supernatants of WT, HGPS, HGPS-like and MAD-B fibroblasts treated for 24 h with MG132 (500 nM), TNF α (10 ng/ml) alone and in combination or DMSO as a vehicle control.